

**REPORT OF THE AUDIT OF THE
FORMER MORGAN COUNTY
SHERIFF'S SETTLEMENT - 2018 TAXES**

**For The Period
April 17, 2018 Through December 31, 2018**



**MIKE HARMON
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MIKE HARMON
AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS

To the People of Kentucky
The Honorable Andy Beshear, Governor
Holly M. Johnson, Secretary
Finance and Administration Cabinet
The Honorable John Will Stacy, Morgan County Judge/Executive
The Honorable Anthony Gullett, Former Morgan County Sheriff
The Honorable Greg Motley, Morgan County Sheriff
Members of the Morgan County Fiscal Court

Independent Auditor's Report

Report on the Financial Statement

We have audited the former Morgan County Sheriff's Settlement - 2018 Taxes for the period April 17, 2018 through December 31, 2018 - Regulatory Basis, and the related notes to the financial statement.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statement

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statement in accordance with accounting practices prescribed or permitted by the laws of Kentucky to demonstrate compliance with the Commonwealth of Kentucky's regulatory basis of accounting as described in Note 1. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of a financial statement that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial statement based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the *Audit Guide for Sheriff's Tax Settlements*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts, Commonwealth of Kentucky. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statement is free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statement. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statement, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statement in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statement.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

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Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

As described in Note 1 of the financial statement, the financial statement is prepared by the former Morgan County Sheriff on the basis of accounting practices prescribed or permitted by the laws of Kentucky to demonstrate compliance with the Commonwealth of Kentucky's regulatory basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The effects on the financial statement of the variances between the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note 1 and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, although not reasonably determinable, are presumed to be material.

Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

In our opinion, because of the significance of the matter discussed in the Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles paragraph, the financial statement referred to above does not present fairly, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the taxes charged, credited, and paid of the former Morgan County Sheriff, for the period April 17, 2018 through December 31, 2018.

Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting

In our opinion, the financial statement referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the taxes charged, credited, and paid for the period April 17, 2018 through December 31, 2018 of the former Morgan County Sheriff, in accordance with the basis of accounting practices prescribed or permitted by the Commonwealth of Kentucky as described in Note 1.

Other Reporting Required by *Government Auditing Standards*

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 4, 2020, on our consideration of the former Morgan County Sheriff's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the former Morgan County Sheriff's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

To the People of Kentucky
The Honorable Andy Beshear, Governor
Holly M. Johnson, Secretary
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The Honorable John Will Stacy, Morgan County Judge/Executive
The Honorable Anthony Gullett, Former Morgan County Sheriff
The Honorable Greg Motley, Morgan County Sheriff
Members of the Morgan County Fiscal Court

Other Reporting Required by *Government Auditing Standards* (Continued)

Based on the results of our audit, we have presented the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses, included herein, which discusses the following report comment:

2018-001 The Former Sheriff's Office Lacked Adequate Segregation Of Duties

Respectfully submitted,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Mike Harmon", with a long horizontal line extending to the right.

Mike Harmon
Auditor of Public Accounts

March 4, 2020

MORGAN COUNTY
 ANTHONY GULLETT, FORMER SHERIFF
SHERIFF'S SETTLEMENT - 2018 TAXES

For The Period April 17, 2018 Through December 31, 2018

	Special Taxing			
	County	Districts	School	State
<u>Charges</u>				
Real Estate	\$ 162,974	\$ 1,234,476	\$ 1,689,496	\$ 331,382
Tangible	18,011	151,497	186,714	111,838
Fire Protection	3,426			
Total Per Sheriff's Official Receipt	184,411	1,385,973	1,876,210	443,220
<u>Other Taxes & Charges</u>				
Court Ordered Increases				46
Franchise Taxes	26,735	223,561	276,971	
Additional Billings	21	159	218	43
Bank Franchises	35,757			
Gross Chargeable to Sheriff	246,924	1,609,693	2,153,399	443,309
<u>Credits</u>				
Exonerations	1,850	14,578	19,126	7,739
Discounts	3,403	23,801	31,907	6,756
Transfers To Incoming Sheriff	29,031	217,547	294,796	69,673
Total Credits	34,284	255,926	345,829	84,168
Taxes Collected	212,640	1,353,767	1,807,570	359,141
Less: Sheriff's Commissions*	9,037	56,828	72,303	15,264
Taxes Due Districts	203,603	1,296,939	1,735,267	343,877
Taxes Paid	203,603	1,296,939	1,735,267	343,339
Refunds (Current and Prior Year)				538
Taxes Due Districts	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0

* Commissions:

4.25% on	\$	1,642,774
4% on	\$	2,090,344

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

MORGAN COUNTY
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT

December 31, 2018

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Fund Accounting

The sheriff's office tax collection duties are limited to acting as an agent for assessed property owners and taxing districts. A fund is used to account for the collection and distribution of taxes. A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain government functions or activities.

B. Basis of Accounting

The financial statement has been prepared on a regulatory basis of accounting, which demonstrates compliance with the laws of Kentucky and is a special purpose framework. Basis of accounting refers to when charges, credits, and taxes paid are reported in the settlement statement. It relates to the timing of measurements regardless of the measurement focus.

Charges are sources of revenue which are recognized in the tax period in which they become available and measurable. Credits are reductions of revenue which are recognized when there is proper authorization. Taxes paid are uses of revenue which are recognized when distributions are made to the taxing districts and others.

C. Cash and Investments

KRS 66.480 authorizes the sheriff's office to invest in obligations of the United States and of its agencies and instrumentalities, obligations and contracts for future delivery or purchase of obligations backed by the full faith and credit of the United States, obligations of any corporation of the United States government, bonds or certificates of indebtedness of this state, and certificates of deposit issued by or other interest-bearing accounts of any bank or savings and loan institution which are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or which are collateralized, to the extent uninsured, by any obligation permitted by KRS 41.240(4).

D. Preparation of State Settlement

The Kentucky Department of Revenue conducts the settlement relating to taxes collected for the state under the provision of KRS 134.192(2)(a). This is reported as the "State Taxes" column on the financial statement.

Note 2. Deposits

The former Morgan County Sheriff maintained deposits of public funds with depository institutions insured by the FDIC as required by KRS 66.480(1)(d). According to KRS 41.240, the depository institution should pledge or provide sufficient collateral which, together with FDIC insurance, equals or exceeds the amount of public funds on deposit at all times. In order to be valid against the FDIC in the event of failure or insolvency of the depository institution, this pledge or provision of collateral should be evidenced by an agreement between the sheriff and the depository institution, signed by both parties, that is (a) in writing, (b) approved by the board of directors of the depository institution or its loan committee, which approval must be reflected in the minutes of the board or committee, and (c) an official record of the depository institution.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a depository institution failure, the sheriff's deposits may not be returned. The former Morgan County Sheriff did not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk but rather followed the requirements of KRS 66.480(1)(d) and KRS 41.240. As of December 31, 2018, all deposits were covered by FDIC insurance or a properly executed collateral security agreement.

MORGAN COUNTY
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT
December 31, 2018
(Continued)

Note 3. Tax Collection Period

A. Property Taxes

The real and personal property tax assessments were levied as of January 1, 2018. Property taxes were billed to finance governmental services for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. Liens are effective when the tax bills become delinquent. The collection period for these assessments was October 23, 2018 through December 31, 2018.

B. Franchise Taxes

The franchise tax assessments were levied by the Department of Revenue for various tax years. Franchise taxes are billed to finance governmental services. Liens are effective when the tax bills become delinquent. The collection period for these assessments was April 17, 2018 through December 31, 2018.

Note 4. Interest Income

The former Morgan County Sheriff earned \$100 as interest income on 2018 taxes. As of March 4, 2020, the former sheriff owed \$24 in interest to the school district and \$51 in interest to his fee account.

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND
ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL
STATEMENT PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

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MIKE HARMON
AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS

The Honorable John Will Stacy, Morgan County Judge/Executive
The Honorable Anthony Gullett, Former Morgan County Sheriff
The Honorable Greg Motley, Morgan County Sheriff
Members of the Morgan County Fiscal Court

Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And
On Compliance And Other Matters Based On An Audit Of The Financial
Statement Performed In Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards*

Independent Auditor's Report

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the former Morgan County Sheriff's Settlement - 2018 Taxes for the period April 17, 2018 through December 31, 2018 - Regulatory Basis and the related notes to the financial statement and have issued our report thereon dated March 4, 2020. The former Morgan County Sheriff's financial statement is prepared on a regulatory basis of accounting, which demonstrates compliance with the Commonwealth of Kentucky's regulatory basis of accounting and budget laws, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statement, we considered the former Morgan County Sheriff's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statement, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the former Morgan County Sheriff's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the former Morgan County Sheriff's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses, we identified a certain deficiency in internal control that we consider to be a material weakness.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statement will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We consider the deficiency described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses as item 2018-001 to be a material weakness.

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Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On
Compliance And Other Matters Based On An Audit Of The Financial
Statement Performed In Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards*
(Continued)

Compliance And Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the former Morgan County Sheriff's financial statement is free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Views of Responsible Official and Planned Corrective Action

The former Morgan County Sheriff's views and planned corrective action for the finding identified in our audit are described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses. The former Morgan County Sheriff's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statement and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Respectfully submitted,



Mike Harmon
Auditor of Public Accounts

March 4, 2020

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES

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MORGAN COUNTY
ANTHONY GULLETT, FORMER SHERIFF
SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES

For The Period April 17, 2018 Through December 31, 2018

INTERNAL CONTROL - MATERIAL WEAKNESS:

2018-001 The Former Sheriff's Office Lacked Adequate Segregation Of Duties

This is a repeat finding and was included in the prior year audit report as finding 2017-001. The former sheriff's office lacked adequate segregation of duties. The employees responsible for handling tax receipts also recorded the receipts in the ledger and prepared the bank deposits. The former sheriff was aware of the risk associated with inadequate segregation of duties. However, due to a small staff size and budget constraints, the former sheriff decided to accept these risks and did not implement compensating controls to offset this weakness. Inadequate segregation of duties allowed one person to have a significant role in processing and recording receipts and disbursements which increased the risk of undetected misappropriation of assets and inaccurate financial reporting. Additionally, proper segregation of duties protects employees in the course of performing their daily responsibilities. Good internal controls dictate the same employee should not handle, record, and reconcile receipts and disbursements. If a segregation of duties was not feasible, compensating controls such as strong oversight by the sheriff, should have been implemented.

We recommend the sheriff's office segregate duties or offset a lack of segregation of duties by implementing compensating controls. Compensating controls include the sheriff, or another person not involved in the accounting process, periodically perform surprise cash counts, review the bank reconciliations, and compare daily deposits to the daily collection report and the ledgers for any differences. The sheriff could also sign all checks. Compensating controls should be documented by initialing and dating the bank reconciliations, bank deposits, daily collection reports, receipts and disbursement ledgers, and monthly tax reports.

Former Sheriff's Response: We were a small office with a limited number staff, but we felt that all duties were adequately fulfilled.