# REPORT OF THE AUDIT OF THE PIKE COUNTY FISCAL COURT

For The Year Ended June 30, 2024



# ALLISON BALL AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS auditor.ky.gov

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# ALLISON BALL AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS

Independent Auditor's Report

To the People of Kentucky The Honorable Andy Beshear, Governor Holly M. Johnson, Secretary Finance and Administration Cabinet The Honorable Ray S. Jones II, Pike County Judge/Executive Members of the Pike County Fiscal Court

# **Report on the Audit of the Financial Statement**

# **Opinions**

We have audited the accompanying Statement of Receipts, Disbursements, and Changes in Fund Balances – Regulatory Basis of the Pike County Fiscal Court, for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statement, which collectively comprise the Pike County Fiscal Court's financial statement as listed in the table of contents.

# Unmodified Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statement referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the receipts, disbursements, and changes in fund balances – regulatory basis of the Pike County Fiscal Court, for the year ended June 30, 2024, in accordance with accounting practices prescribed or permitted by the Commonwealth of Kentucky as described in Note 1.

# Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

In our opinion, because of the significance of the matter discussed in the Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles section of our report, the financial statements do not present fairly, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of each fund of the Pike County Fiscal Court, for the year ended June 30, 2024, or the changes in financial position and cash flows thereof for the year then ended.

# **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS), the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the *Fiscal Court Audit Guide* issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts, Commonwealth of Kentucky. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statement section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Pike County Fiscal Court and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

209 ST. CLAIR STREET FRANKFORT, KY 40601-1817 TELEPHONE 502.564.5841 Facsimile 502.564.2912 AUDITOR.KY.GOV To the People of Kentucky The Honorable Andy Beshear, Governor Holly M. Johnson, Secretary Finance and Administration Cabinet The Honorable Ray S. Jones II, Pike County Judge/Executive Members of the Pike County Fiscal Court

# Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

As described in Note 1 of the financial statement, the financial statement is prepared by the Pike County Fiscal Court on the basis of the accounting practices prescribed or permitted by the Department for Local Government to demonstrate compliance with the Commonwealth of Kentucky's regulatory basis of accounting and budget laws, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The effects on the financial statement of the variances between the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note 1 and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, although not reasonably determinable, are presumed to be material and pervasive.

#### **Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statement**

Pike County Fiscal Court's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statement in accordance with accounting practices prescribed or permitted by the Department for Local Government to demonstrate compliance with the Commonwealth of Kentucky's regulatory basis of accounting and budget laws. This includes determining that the regulatory basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statement in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of a financial statement that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Pike County Fiscal Court's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statement

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statement is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statement.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statement, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statement.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Pike County Fiscal Court's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

To the People of Kentucky The Honorable Andy Beshear, Governor Holly M. Johnson, Secretary Finance and Administration Cabinet The Honorable Ray S. Jones II, Pike County Judge/Executive Members of the Pike County Fiscal Court

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statement (Continued)

- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statement.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Pike County Fiscal Court's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

# **Other Matters**

# Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statement taken as a whole of the Pike County Fiscal Court. The Budgetary Comparison Schedules and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance) are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statement; however, they are required to be presented in accordance with accounting practices prescribed or permitted by the Department for Local Government to demonstrate compliance with the Commonwealth of Kentucky's regulatory basis of accounting and budget laws.

The accompanying Budgetary Comparison Schedules and Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statement. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statement and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statement itself, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Budgetary Comparison Schedules and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statement as a whole.

# **Other Information**

Management is responsible for the other information included in this report. The other information is comprised of the schedule of capital assets but does not include the financial statement and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the financial statement do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon. In connection with our audit of the financial statement, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the financial statement, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report. To the People of Kentucky The Honorable Andy Beshear, Governor Holly M. Johnson, Secretary Finance and Administration Cabinet The Honorable Ray S. Jones II, Pike County Judge/Executive Members of the Pike County Fiscal Court

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 18, 2024, on our consideration of the Pike County Fiscal Court's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Pike County Fiscal Court's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Respectfully submitted,

allisa Ball

Allison Ball Auditor of Public Accounts Frankfort, Ky

November 18, 2024

# PIKE COUNTY OFFICIALS

# For The Year Ended June 30, 2024

# **Fiscal Court Members:**

Ray S. Jones II	County Judge/Executive
Ronald Scott	Commissioner
Clinard "Bubby" Adkins	Commissioner
Orville Blackburn (7/1/2023 - 1/26/2024)	Commissioner
Jimmy Abshire (2/14/2024 - Present)	Commissioner

# **Other Elected Officials:**

Paul Howard	County Attorney
Brain Morris	Jailer
Darrell Pugh	County Clerk
Anna Pinson Spears	Circuit Court Clerk
Rodney Scott	Sheriff
Kevin Auton	Property Valuation Administrator
Kevin Hall	Coroner

# **Appointed Personnel:**

Frankie Stacy	County Treasurer
Pam Vanover	Finance Commissioner
William Spears	Deputy Judge/Executive

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# PIKE COUNTY STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - REGULATORY BASIS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2024

# PIKE COUNTY STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - REGULATORY BASIS

# For The Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Budgeted Funds					
	General Fund	Road Fund	Jail Fund	Local Government Economic Assistance Fund		
RECEIPTS						
Taxes	\$ 10,834,550	\$	\$	\$		
In Lieu Tax Payments	53,110					
Excess Fees	595,001					
Licenses and Permits	300,326					
Intergovernmental	5,596,082	20,802,213	4,190,452	3,094,936		
Charges for Services	37,653		5,465	254		
Miscellaneous	1,279,932	1,315,834	384,866	110,555		
Interest	1,061,260					
Total Receipts	19,757,914	22,118,047	4,580,783	3,205,745		
DISBURSEMENTS						
General Government	4,579,191			1,046,130		
Protection to Persons and Property	1,774,558		4,465,837	729,351		
General Health and Sanitation	1,647,918			439,743		
Social Services	315,300			1,217,966		
Recreation and Culture	346,770			739,789		
Roads	97,689	15,695,511				
Airports				115,291		
Other Transportation Facilities and Services	12,488					
Debt Service	94,948	81,010	379,790			
Capital Projects	191,143					
Administration	2,029,553	1,802,847	1,360,675	258,858		
Total Disbursements	11,089,558	17,579,368	6,206,302	4,547,128		
Excess (Deficiency) of Receipts Over Disbursements Before Other						
Adjustments to Cash (Uses)	8,668,356	4,538,679	(1,625,519)	(1,341,383)		
Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)						
Transfers From Other Funds		2,000,000	2,204,000			
Transfers To Other Funds	(6,016,546)	(823,202)	2,201,000			
Total Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)	(6,016,546)	1,176,798	2,204,000			
Net Change in Fund Balance	2,651,810	5,715,477	578,481	(1,341,383)		
Fund Balance - Beginning (Restated)	6,222,028	5,856,826	39,475	3,601,531		
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 8,873,838	\$ 11,572,303	\$ 617,956	\$ 2,260,148		
Composition of Fund Balance						
Bank Balance	\$ 8,953,853	\$ 11,575,300	\$ 665,070	\$ 2,272,354		
Less: Outstanding Checks	(80,015)	(2,997)	\$ 003,070 (47,114)	\$ 2,272,334 (12,206)		
Certificates of Deposit	(00,015)	(2,997)	(47,114)	(12,200)		
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 8,873,838	\$ 11,572,303	\$ 617,956	\$ 2,260,148		
-	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					

# PIKE COUNTY STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - REGULATORY BASIS For The Year Ended June 30, 2024 (Continued)

State Grants Fund	Federal Grants Fund	Forest Fire Protection Fund	Budgeted Funds Solid Waste Fund	Parks and Recreation Fund	Landfill Post-Closure CD Fund	Local Government Economic Development Fund
\$	\$	\$ 7,554	\$	\$	\$	\$
	1,812,950		135,841 7,154,774 2,015,390	41,670		111,780
	1,812,950	7,554	<u>99,464</u> 9,405,469	<u>672</u> 42,342	<u>213,733</u> 213,733	3,632
		5,719	5,734,223	102		115,895
23,420	1,812,950		105,115			
23,420	1,812,950	5,719	2,118,102 7,957,440	102		115,895
(23,420)		1,835	1,448,029	42,240	213,733	(483)
			(823,202) (823,202)			
(23,420) 88,935		1,835		42,240	213,733 4,657,239	(483)
88,935	<u>\$</u> 0		(823,202) 624,827	42,240 \$ 42,240		29,213
88,935	\$ <u>0</u>	14,258	(823,202) 624,827 2,000,633		4,657,239	29,213

# PIKE COUNTY STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - REGULATORY BASIS For The Year Ended June 30, 2024 (Continued)

	Budgeted Funds							
		inty Clerk ord Storage Fund	M	aintenance Garage Fund		American Rescue Plan Act Fund	S	Opioid ettlement Fund
RECEIPTS								
Taxes	\$		\$		\$		\$	
In Lieu Tax Payments								
Excess Fees								
Licenses and Permits						70 200		
Intergovernmental		65 620				78,398		
Charges for Services Miscellaneous		65,620		53,057				
Interest		70		55,057		114,215		5,214
Total Receipts		65,690		53,057		192,613		5,214
		00,070		55,057		192,015		
DISBURSEMENTS		55 501						
General Government		55,731						
Protection to Persons and Property General Health and Sanitation								
Social Services								
Recreation and Culture								
Roads								
Airports								
Other Transportation Facilities and Services				1,347,235				
Debt Service				1,0 1,7,200				
Capital Projects						3,300,679		
Administration				237,776		, ,		
Total Disbursements		55,731		1,585,011		3,300,679		
Exage (Deficiency) of Bassints Over								
Excess (Deficiency) of Receipts Over Disbursements Before Other								
Adjustments to Cash (Uses)		9,959		(1,531,954)		(3,108,066)		5,214
		,,,,,		(1,551,754)		(5,100,000)		5,214
Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)								
Transfers From Other Funds				1,646,404				1,812,546
Transfers To Other Funds				1 ( 1 ( 10 1				1.010.546
Total Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)				1,646,404				1,812,546
Net Change in Fund Balance		9,959		114,450		(3,108,066)		1,817,760
Fund Balance - Beginning		28,880		8,622		3,973,538		
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	38,839	\$	123,072	\$	865,472	\$	1,817,760
Composition of Fund Balance								
Bank Balance	\$	38,839	\$	145,947	\$	865,472	\$	1,817,760
Less: Outstanding Checks	*	,	~	(22,875)	*	,·/ <b>-</b>	~	,,/ ••
Certificates of Deposit				( ))				
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	38,839	\$	123,072	\$	865,472	\$	1,817,760
	¥	20,007	Ψ	120,072	Ψ		Ψ	-,01,,700

# PIKE COUNTY STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - REGULATORY BASIS For The Year Ended June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Budgeted Funds	Unbudge		
Abandoned Mine Lands Fund	Public Properties Corporation Fund	Jail Commissary Fund	Total Funds
\$	\$	\$	\$ 10,842,104 53,110
	1,425,050		595,001 300,326 37,135,922 7,305,436
		324,669	5,596,083
	2,065	1,879	1,502,204
	1,427,115	326,548	63,330,186
	1,424,500 550 1,425,050 2,065	361,778 361,778 (35,230)	5,796,947 6,975,465 7,821,884 1,533,266 1,448,439 15,793,200 115,291 1,359,723 2,085,363 5,328,192 7,808,361 56,066,131
			7,662,950
		·	(7,662,950)
	2,065 9,890	(35,230) 50,704	7,264,055 26,581,772
\$ 0	\$ 11,955	\$ 15,474	\$ 33,845,827
\$	\$ 11,955	\$ 15,474	\$ 29,375,911 (401,056) 4,870,972
\$ 0	\$ 11,955	\$ 15,474	\$ 33,845,827

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# PIKE COUNTY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT

# June 30, 2024

# Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

# A. Reporting Entity

The financial statement of Pike County includes all budgeted and unbudgeted funds under the control of the Pike County Fiscal Court. Budgeted funds included within the reporting entity are those funds presented in the county's approved annual budget and reported on the quarterly reports submitted to the Department for Local Government. Unbudgeted funds may include non-fiduciary financial activities, private purpose trust funds, and internal service funds that are within the county's control. Unbudgeted funds may also include any corporation to act for and on behalf of, and as the agency and instrumentality of the fiscal court in the acquisition and financing of any public project which may be undertaken by the fiscal court pursuant to the provisions of Kentucky law and thus accomplish a public purpose of the fiscal court. The unbudgeted funds are not presented in the annual approved budget or in the quarterly reports submitted to the Department for Local Government.

The Pike County Interlocal 911 Board would have been included in the reporting entity under accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. However, under the regulatory basis, they no longer are required components of the reporting entity. Audits can be obtained from the Pike County Fiscal Court at 146 Main Street, Pikeville, KY 41501.

# **B.** Basis of Accounting

The financial statement is presented on a regulatory basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. This basis of accounting involves the reporting of fund balances and the changes therein resulting from cash inflows (cash receipts) and cash outflows (cash disbursements) to meet the financial reporting requirements of the Department for Local Government and the laws of the Commonwealth of Kentucky.

This regulatory basis of accounting differs from GAAP primarily because the financial statement format does not include the GAAP presentations of government-wide and fund financial statements, cash receipts are recognized when received in cash rather than when earned and susceptible to accrual, and cash disbursements are recognized when paid rather than when incurred or subject to accrual.

Generally, except as otherwise provided by law, property taxes are assessed as of January 1, levied (mailed) November 1, due at discount November 30, due at face value December 31, delinquent January 1 following the assessment, and subject to sale ninety days following April 15.

# C. Basis of Presentation

# **Budgeted Funds**

The fiscal court reports the following budgeted funds:

General Fund - This is the primary operating fund of the fiscal court. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except where the Department for Local Government requires a separate fund or where management requires that a separate fund be used for some function.

Road Fund - This fund is for road and bridge construction and repair. The primary sources of receipts for this fund are state payments for truck license distribution, municipal road aid, and transportation grants. The Department for Local Government requires the fiscal court to maintain these receipts and disbursements separately from the general fund.

# Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### C. Basis of Presentation (Continued)

#### **Budgeted Funds** (Continued)

Jail Fund - The primary purpose of this fund is to account for the jail expenses of the county. The primary sources of receipts for this fund are reimbursements from the state and federal governments, payments from other counties for housing prisoners, and transfers from the general fund. The Department for Local Government requires the fiscal court to maintain these receipts and disbursements separately from the general fund.

Local Government Economic Assistance Fund - The primary purpose of this fund is to account for grants and related disbursements. The primary sources of receipts for this fund are grants from the state and federal governments.

State Grants Fund - The primary purpose of this fund is to account for the receipts and disbursements received from the state for various projects.

Federal Grants Fund - The primary purpose of this fund is to account for the receipts and disbursements for a Community Development Block Grant from the federal government.

Forest Fire Protection Fund - The primary purpose of this fund is to account for collections and disbursements of taxes relating to fire protection.

Solid Waste Fund - The primary purpose of this fund is to account for activities of the solid waste collection services in Pike County and account for the operation of the Ford's Branch landfill. The primary sources of receipts for this fund are solid waste collection services and landfill disposal fees.

Parks and Recreation Fund - The purpose of this fund to account for activities related to the ATV Hillbilly trails and related disbursements. The primary sources of receipts for this fund are permit sales charged for accessing the ATV Hillbilly trails system in the county.

Landfill Post-Closure CD Fund - The primary purpose of this fund is to account for funds reserved for the postclosure costs of when the Ford's Branch landfill closes.

Local Government Economic Development Fund - The primary purpose of this fund is to account for grants and related disbursements. The primary sources of receipts for this fund are grants from the state and federal governments.

County Clerk Record Storage Fund - The primary purpose of this fund is to account for receipts from the county clerk for storage fees.

Maintenance Garage Fund - The purpose of this fund is to account for expenses for the maintenance garage.

American Rescue Plan Act Fund - The purpose of this fund to account for American Rescue Plan Act grants and related disbursements. The primary sources of receipts for this fund are grants from the federal government.

Opioid Settlement Fund - The purpose of this fund to account for the Opioid settlement and related disbursements. The primary sources of receipts for this fund are settlement funds from the vendors.

# Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

# C. Basis of Presentation (Continued)

#### **Budgeted Funds** (Continued)

Abandoned Mine Lands Fund - The purpose of this fund to account for abandoned mine land grants and related disbursements. The primary sources of receipts for this fund are grants from the federal government.

#### **Unbudgeted Funds**

The fiscal court reports the following unbudgeted funds:

Public Properties Corporation Fund - The primary purpose of this fund is to account for the proceeds and debt service of revenue bonds that were issued to fund construction of public buildings.

Jail Commissary Fund - The canteen operations are authorized pursuant to KRS 441.135. The profits generated from the sale of items are to be used for the benefit and to enhance the well-being of the inmates, or to enhance safety and security within the jail. The jailer is required to maintain accounting records and report annually to the county treasurer the receipts and disbursements of the jail commissary fund.

#### **D.** Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted on a regulatory basis of accounting according to the laws of Kentucky as required by the state local finance officer, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

The county judge/executive is required to submit estimated receipts and proposed disbursements to the fiscal court by May 1 of each year. The budget is prepared by fund, function, and activity and is required to be adopted by the fiscal court by July 1.

The fiscal court may change the original budget by transferring appropriations at the activity level; however, the fiscal court may not increase the total budget without approval by the state local finance officer. Disbursements may not exceed budgeted appropriations at the activity level.

The state local finance officer does not require the jail commissary fund to be budgeted because the fiscal court does not approve the expenses of this fund.

The state local finance officer does not require the public properties corporation fund to be budgeted. Bond indentures and other relevant contractual provisions require specific payments to and from this fund annually.

# E. Pike County Elected Officials

Kentucky law provides for election of the officials listed below from the geographic area constituting Pike County. Pursuant to state statute, these officials perform various services for the Commonwealth of Kentucky, its judicial courts, the fiscal court, various cities and special districts within the county, and the board of education. In exercising these responsibilities, however, they are required to comply with state laws. Audits of their financial statements are issued separately and individually and can be obtained from their respective administrative offices. These financial statements are not required to be included in the financial statement of the Pike County Fiscal Court.

# Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

# E. Pike County Elected Officials (Continued)

- Circuit Court Clerk
- County Attorney
- Property Valuation Administrator
- County Clerk
- County Sheriff

# F. Deposits and Investments

The government's fund balance is considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, certificates of deposit, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. The government's fund balance includes cash and cash equivalents and investments.

KRS 66.480 authorizes the county to invest in obligations of the United States and of its agencies and instrumentalities, obligations and contracts for future delivery or purchase of obligations backed by the full faith and credit of the United States, obligations of any corporation of the United States government, bonds or certificates of indebtedness of this state, and certificates of deposit issued by or other interest-bearing accounts of any bank or savings and loan institution which are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or which are collateralized, to the extent uninsured, by any obligation permitted by KRS 41.240(4).

# G. Long-term Obligations

The fund financial statement recognizes bond interest, as well as bond issuance costs when received or when paid, during the current period. The principal amount of the debt and interest are reported as disbursements. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as disbursements. Debt proceeds are reported as other adjustments to cash.

# Note 2. Deposits

The fiscal court maintained deposits of public funds with federally insured banking institutions as required by the Department for Local Government's (DLG) *County Budget Preparation and State Local Finance Officer Policy Manual*. The DLG Manual strongly recommends perfected pledges of securities covering all public funds except direct federal obligations and funds protected by federal insurance. In order to be perfected in the event of failure or insolvency of the depository institution, this pledge or provision of collateral should be evidenced by an agreement between the fiscal court and the depository institution, signed by both parties, that is (a) in writing, (b) approved by the board of directors of the depository institution or its loan committee, which approval must be reflected in the minutes of the board or committee, and (c) an official record of the depository institution. These requirements were met.

# Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a depository institution failure, the government's deposits may not be returned. The government does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk, but rather follows the requirements of the DLG *County Budget Preparation and State Local Finance Officer Policy Manual*. As of June 30, 2024, all deposits were covered by FDIC insurance or a properly executed collateral security agreement.

# PIKE COUNTY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT June 30, 2024 (Continued)

#### Note 3. Transfers

The table below shows the interfund operating transfers for fiscal year 2024.

	General	Road	Sc	olid Waste		Total
	 Fund	Fund		Fund	Т	ransfers In
Road Fund	\$ 2,000,000	\$	\$		\$	2,000,000
Jail Fund	2,204,000					2,204,000
Maintenance Garage Fund		823,202		823,202		1,646,404
Opioid Settlement Fund	1,812,546					1,812,546
Total Transfers Out	\$ 6,016,546	\$ 823,202	\$	823,202	\$	7,662,950

Reason for transfers:

To move resources from and to the general fund and other funds, for budgetary purposes, to the funds that will expend them.

#### Note 4. Custodial Funds

Custodial funds report only those resources held in a trust or custodial capacity for individuals, private organizations, or other governments. In accordance with the regulatory basis of accounting, custodial funds are not presented on the financial statement.

The fiscal court has the following custodial fund:

Jail Inmate Fund - This fund accounts for funds received from the inmates. The balance in the jail inmate fund as of June 30, 2024, was \$253,452.

#### Note 5. Leases

# A. Lessor

- 1. The Pike County Fiscal Court amended a land lease for the Carl D. Perkins Douglas Towers Apartment Building that started in fiscal year 1981. The lease has 58 years, and the Pike County Fiscal Court will receive monthly payments of \$433. The Pike County Fiscal Court recognized \$5,200 in lease revenue during the current fiscal year related to this lease. As of June 30, 2024, the Pike County Fiscal Court's receivable for lease payments was \$291,200.
- 2. During the fiscal year ending June 30, 2018, the Pike County Fiscal Court began leasing office space on the 3<sup>rd</sup> floor of the jail to the state for a probation and parole office. The lease is on a yearly basis and can be extended up to seven additional periods, and the fiscal court receives quarterly payments of \$15,030. The Pike County Fiscal Court recognized \$60,120 in lease revenue during the current fiscal year related to this lease. As of June 30, 2024, the Pike County Fiscal Court's receivable for lease payments was \$60,120.
- 3. During the current fiscal year, the Pike County Fiscal Court began leasing office space at the Belfry Courthouse to the State of Kentucky for a Cabinet for Families and Children Services office. The lease is on a yearly basis and the fiscal court will receive quarterly payments of \$2,497. The Pike County Fiscal Court recognized \$9,990 in lease revenue during the current fiscal year related to this lease. As of June 30, 2024, the Pike County Fiscal Court's receivable for lease payments was \$0.

#### Note 5. Leases (Continued)

#### A. Lessor (Continued)

- 4. During the current fiscal year, the Pike County Fiscal Court began leasing office space at the Phelps Courthouse to the state for a Cabinet for Families and Children Services office. The lease is on a yearly basis and the fiscal court will receive quarterly payments of \$1,350. The Pike County Fiscal Court recognized \$5,400 in lease revenue during the current fiscal year related to this lease. As of June 30, 2024, the Pike County Fiscal Court's receivable for lease payments was \$0.
- 5. During the current fiscal year, the Pike County Fiscal Court began leasing office space on the 3<sup>rd</sup> floor of the Pike County Courthouse to the state for a juvenile justice office. The lease is on a yearly basis and the fiscal court will receive quarterly payments of \$5,628. The Pike County Fiscal Court recognized \$22,512 in lease revenue during the current fiscal year related to this lease. As of June 30, 2024, the Pike County Fiscal Court's receivable for lease payments was \$0.
- 6. During the fiscal year ending June 30, 2009, the Pike County Fiscal Court began leasing a building, located at the Douglas Site on Robinson Creek, to Shelby Valley Day Care Centers, Inc. The lease was for five years and extended another 10 years. The Pike County Fiscal Court has received monthly payments of \$600. The Pike County Fiscal Court recognized \$7,200 in lease revenue during the current fiscal year related to this lease. As of June 30, 2024, the Pike County Fiscal Court's receivable for lease payments was \$7,200.
- 7. During the current fiscal year, the Pike County Fiscal Court began leasing office space in Belfry Courthouse to the United States Postal Service. The lease is for five years, and the Pike County Fiscal Court will receive monthly payments of \$1,392. The Pike County Fiscal Court recognized \$15,306 in lease revenue during the current fiscal year related to this lease. As of June 30, 2024, the Pike County Fiscal Court's receivable for lease payments was \$44,528.
- 8. During the fiscal year ending June 30, 2011, the Pike County Public Properties Corporation began leasing the justice center to the Administrative Office of the Courts (AOC). The lease was for 19 years and would cover the debt payments the county owed on the building. On August 13, 2020, the Pike County Public Properties Corporation refinanced the loan on the justice center and the payment schedule changed. The Pike County Public Properties Corporation has received semi-annual payments based on the debt payment schedule totaling \$28,957,513. The Pike County Public Properties Corporation recognized \$1,424,500 in lease revenue during the current fiscal year related to this lease. As of June 30, 2024, the Pike County Public Properties Corporation's receivable for lease payments was \$12,882,300.

# B. Lessee

- 1. During the current fiscal year, the Pike County Fiscal Court entered into a one-year lease agreement as lessee for the McCoy Well Site parking lot. An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$1,800 during that fiscal year. As of June 30, 2024, the value of the lease liability was \$0. The fiscal court made an annual payment of \$1,800.
- 2. During the current fiscal year, the Pike County Fiscal Court entered into a five-year lease agreement as lessee for the acquisition and use of a postage meter. An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$18,284 during that fiscal year. As of June 30, 2024, the value of the lease liability was \$9,144. The Pike County Fiscal Court is required to make quarterly principal payments of \$914.

#### Note 5. Leases (Continued)

#### **B.** Lessee (Continued)

2. (Continued)

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	A	mount
2025 2026 2027	\$	3,656 3,656 1,832
Total Minimum Lease Payments	\$	9,144

3. During the fiscal year ending June 30, 1991, the Pike County Fiscal Court entered into a 99-year land lease agreement for the use of land for a golf course. An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$1,370,041 during that fiscal year. Payments change every 5 years based on the consumer price index. As of June 30, 2024, the value of the lease liability was \$899,535. The Pike County Fiscal Court is required to make an annual principal payment of \$13,839.

Fiscal Year Ended			
June 30	Amount		
2025	\$	13,839	
2026		13,839	
2027		13,839	
2028		13,839	
2029		13,839	
2030-2034		69,195	
2035-2039		69,195	
2040-2044		69,195	
2045-2049		69,195	
2050-2054		69,195	
2055-2059		69,195	
2060-2064		69,195	
2065-2069		69,195	
2070-2074		69,195	
2075-2079		69,195	
2080-2084		69,195	
2085-2089		69,195	
Total Minimum Lease Payments	\$	899,535	

#### Note 5. Leases (Continued)

#### B. Lessee (Continued)

4. During the fiscal year ending June 30, 1995, the Pike County Fiscal Court entered into a 99-year land lease agreement for the use additional land for a golf course. An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$3,029,400 during that fiscal year. Payments change every 5 years based on the consumer price index. As of June 30, 2024, the value of the lease liability was \$2,142,000. The Pike County Fiscal Court is required to make quarterly principal payments of \$30,600.

Fiscal Year Ended		
June 30	Ā	Amount
2025	\$	30,600
2026		30,600
2027		30,600
2028		30,600
2029		30,600
2030-2034		153,000
2035-2039		153,000
2040-2044		153,000
2045-2049		153,000
2050-2054		153,000
2055-2059		153,000
2060-2064		153,000
2065-2069		153,000
2070-2074		153,000
2075-2079		153,000
2080-2084		153,000
2085-2089		153,000
2090-2094		153,000
Total Minimum Lease Payments	\$2	,142,000

#### Note 6. Long-term Debt

# A. Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements

#### 1. Asphalt Paver Lease

On September 22, 2020, the Pike County Fiscal Court entered into a 5-year lease agreement with Community Trust Bank for an asphalt paver. The principal amount of the lease was \$385,369 with an interest rate of 1.95 percent. The lease is secured by the equipment and the lessor is entitled to reclaim the equipment in case of default. The lease agreement balance of June 30, 2024, was \$99,680. Lease payments for the remaining years are as follows:

#### A. Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements

#### 1. Asphalt Paver Lease (Continued)

Fiscal Year Ending			Sc	heduled
June 30	<u> </u>	rincipal	Iı	nterest
2025 2026	\$	79,776 19,904	\$	1,233 64
Totals	\$	99,680	\$	1,297

#### 2. Compactor Lease

On February 2, 2021, the Pike County Fiscal Court entered into a 5-year lease agreement with Community Trust Bank for a landfill compactor. The principal amount of the lease was \$500,000 with an interest rate of 1.95 percent. The lease is secured by the equipment and the lessor is entitled to reclaim the equipment in case of default. The lease agreement balance of June 30, 2024, was \$180,301. Lease payments for the remaining years are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30	F	rincipal	Scheduled Interest		
2025 2026	\$	102,512 77,789	\$	2,603 631	
Totals	\$	180,301	\$	3,234	

#### B. Other Debt

#### 1. General Obligation Refunding and Improvement Bond, Series 2013

On April 2013, the Pike County Fiscal Court, issued \$7,340,000 in general obligation refunding bonds to refinance the 2005 improvement bonds and for courthouse energy savings improvements. The bonds require semiannual interest payments due March 1 and September 1 and one principal payment each year due September 1. The bonds will mature on March 1, 2036. The bonds are guaranteed by general revenues of the County. In the event of default, the paying agent may proceed to protect and enforce its rights and the rights of the bond owners by such of the following remedies, as the paying agent, being advised by counsel, shall deem most effectual to protect and enforce such rights: (a) by mandamus or other suit, action or proceeding at law or in equity, to enforce all rights of the bond owners, including the right to require the county to enforce fully the ordinance and to charge, collect and fully account for the county revenues and to require the county to carry out any and all other covenants or agreements with the bond owners and to perform its duties under the act; (b) by bringing suit upon the bonds; (c) by action or suit in equity, to require the county to enjoin any acts or things which may be unlawful or in violation of the rights of the owners of the bonds; (e) by declaring all bonds due and payable, and if all defaults shall be made good, then, with the written consent of the owners of not less than 50% in principal amount of the outstanding bonds, by annulling such declaration and its consequences;

#### **B.** Other Debt (Continued)

#### 1. General Obligation Refunding and Improvement Bond, Series 2013 (Continued)

(f) in the event that all bonds are declared due and payable, by selling permitted investments of the county (to the extent not theretofore set aside for redemption of bonds for which call has been made), and enforcing all courses in action of the county to the fullest legal extent in the name of the county for the use and benefit of the owners of the bonds The county expressly waives any right to claim a trespass in connection with any such action. In the event of default, each defaulted bond shall continue to bear interest after maturity at the interest rate applicable to such respective bonds until the necessary funds are made available for the payment thereof.

As of June 30, 2024, the principal amount outstanding was \$4,220,000. Bond payments for the remaining years are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending		S	cheduled
June 30	 Principal		Interest
2025	\$ 355,000	\$	127,087
2026 2027	360,000 385,000		118,656 109,656
2028 2029	400,000 410,000		99,550 88,550
2030-2034 2035-2036	 1,590,000 720,000		287,650 37,975
Totals	\$ 4,220,000	\$	869,124

#### 2. First Mortgage Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 2020 – Justice Center

The Pike County Public Properties Corporation (the corporation) issued \$13,310,000 First Mortgage Refunding Revenue Bonds dated August 13, 2020, for the purpose of a partial defeasance of the outstanding First Mortgage Revenue Bonds, Series 2010, which were used for the construction of the Pike County Justice Center. The bonds were issued at a interest rate of 2 percent and will be retired by August 1, 2029. The corporation is acting as agent for the Administrative Office of the Courts (AOC) in order to manage and maintain the justice center. The corporation expects annual rentals from AOC for use of the justice center to be in the full amount of the annual principal and interest requirements of the bonds. The corporation is in reliance upon the use allowance payment in order to meet the debt service for the bonds. The use allowance payment commenced with occupancy of the justice center by AOC. AOC, with the execution of the lease, has expressed its intention to continue to pay the full use allowance payment in each successive biennial budget period until February 1, 2029, but AOC is not legally obligated to do so.

The owners of the bonds remedies in an event of default are the following, (i) foreclose on the mortgage lien on the project site and improvements granted by the mortgage or carry out decretal sale. However, no such foreclosure sale will result in a deficiency judgement of any type or in any amount against AOC, the county or the corporation. The county may at any time by the discharge of the bonds and interest thereon receive an unencumbered fee simple title to the mortgaged facilities; provided that the event of any such enforcement of said lien by the trustee, there will first be paid all expenses incident to said document, and thereafter the bonds then outstanding will be paid and retired, (ii) by mandamus or other suit, action or proceeding at law or in equity, to enforce all rights of the owners of the bonds, including the right to require the corporation to enforce fully the

#### **B.** Other Debt (Continued)

#### 2. First Mortgage Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 2020 – Justice Center (Continued)

lease and to charge, collect and fully account for the pledged receipts, and to require the corporation to carry out any and all other covenants or agreements with the bondholders and to perform its duties under the act, (iii) by bring suit upon the bonds, (iv) by action or suit in equity, require the corporation to account as if it were the trustee of an express trust for the owners of the bonds (v) by action or suit in equity, enjoin any acts or things which may be unlawful or in violation of the rights of the owners of the bonds (vi) by declaring all bonds due and payable, and if all defaults will be made good, then, with the written consent of the owners of not less than 50% in a principal amount of the outstanding bonds, by annulling such declaration and its consequences; and (vii) in the event that all bonds are declared due and payable, by selling investment obligations of the corporation (to the extent not theretofore set aside for redemption of the bonds for which call has been made), and enforcing all choices in action of the corporation to the fullest legal extent in the name of the corporation for the use and benefit of the owners of the bonds.

Per the debt service requirements, interest payments will be required on March 1 and August 1 for fiscal year 2022 and 2023. On August 1, 2022, the First Mortgage Revenue Bonds, Series 2010, will be fully refunded and at that time principal payments are due on March 1, and interest payments are due on March 1 and September 1 of each year. As of June 30, 2024, the principal outstanding was \$12,140,000. Future principal and interest requirements are:

Fiscal Year Ending		Scheduled
June 30	Principal	Interest
2025	\$ 1,925,000	\$ 223,550
2026	1,965,000	184,650
2027	2,000,000	145,000
2028	2,045,000	104,550
2029	2,080,000	63,300
2030	2,125,000	21,250
Totals	\$ 12,140,000	\$ 742,300

# C. Changes In Long-term Debt

Long-term Debt activity for the year ended June 30, 2024, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Direct Borrowings and					
Direct Placements	\$ 458,751	\$	\$ 178,770	\$ 279,981	\$ 182,288
Revenue Bonds	13,310,000		1,170,000	12,140,000	1,925,000
General Obligation Bonds	4,560,000		340,000	4,220,000	355,000
Total Long-term Debt	\$ 18,328,751	\$ 0	\$ 1,688,770	\$16,639,981	\$ 2,462,288

#### D. Aggregate Debt Schedule

The amount of required principal and interest payments on long-term obligations at June 30, 2024, were as follows:

	Other	Debt	Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements			
Fiscal Year Ended						
June 30	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest		
2025	2,280,000	350,637	182,288	3,836		
2026	2,325,000	303,306	97,693	695		
2027	2,385,000	254,656				
2028	2,445,000	204,100				
2029	2,490,000	151,850				
2030-2034	3,715,000	308,900				
2035-2036	720,000	37,975				
Totals	\$ 16,360,000	\$ 1,611,424	\$ 279,981	\$ 4,531		

# Note 7. Contingencies

The county is involved in multiple lawsuits. While individually they may not be significant, in the aggregate they could negatively impact the county's financial position. Due to the uncertainty of the litigation, a reasonable estimate of the financial impact on the county cannot be made at this time.

# Note 8. Employee Retirement System

The fiscal court has elected to participate, pursuant to KRS 78.530, in the County Employees Retirement System (CERS), which is administered by the Board of Trustees of the Kentucky Retirement Systems (Ky. Ret. Sys.). This is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer, defined benefit pension plan, which covers all eligible full-time employees and provides for retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members. Benefit contributions and provisions are established by statute. Effective April 1, 2021, the Kentucky Public Pension Authority (KPPA) was created by KRS 61.505 to provide staffing and daily administrative needs for CERS and Ky. Ret. Sys. The CERS nine member board of trustees is responsible for the governance of the CERS pension and insurance plans.

The county's contribution for FY 2022 was \$2,386,090, FY 2023 was \$2,642,794, and FY 2024 was \$2,435,460.

# Nonhazardous

Nonhazardous covered employees are required to contribute 5% of their salary to the plan. Nonhazardous covered employees who begin participation on or after September 1, 2008, are required to contribute 6% of their salary to be allocated as follows: 5% will go to the member's account and 1% will go to the Ky. Ret. Sys. insurance fund.

#### PIKE COUNTY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT June 30, 2024 (Continued)

# Note 8. Employee Retirement System (Continued)

#### Nonhazardous (Continued)

In accordance with Senate Bill 2, signed by the Governor on April 4, 2013, plan members who began participating on or after January 1, 2014, were required to contribute to the Cash Balance Plan. The Cash Balance Plan is known as a hybrid plan because it has characteristics of both a defined benefit plan and a defined contribution plan. Members in the plan contribute a set percentage of their salary each month to their own accounts. Nonhazardous covered employees contribute 5% of their annual creditable compensation. Nonhazardous members also contribute 1% to the health insurance fund which is not credited to the member's account and is not refundable. The employer contribution rate is set annually by the Ky. Ret. Sys. Board of Directors based on an actuarial valuation. The employer contributes a set percentage of the member's salary. Each month, when employer contributions are received, an employer pay credit is deposited to the member's account. A member's account is credited with a 4% employer pay credit. The employer pay credit represents a portion of the employer contribution.

Benefits fully vest on reaching five years of service for nonhazardous employees. Aspects of benefits for nonhazardous employees include retirement after 27 years of service or age 65. Nonhazardous employees who begin participation on or after September 1, 2008, must meet the rule of 87 (member's age plus years of service credit must equal 87, and the member must be a minimum of 57 years of age) or the member is age 65, with a minimum of 60 months service credit.

The county's contribution rate for nonhazardous employees was 23.34%.

# Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB)

A. <u>Health Insurance Coverage - Tier 1</u>

CERS provides post-retirement health care coverage as follows:

For members participating prior to July 1, 2003, years of service and respective percentages of the maximum contribution are as follows:

Years of Service	% Paid by Insurance Fund	% Paid by Member through Payroll Deduction
20 or more	100%	0%
15-19	75%	25%
10-14	50%	50%
4-9	25%	75%
Less than 4	0%	100%

As a result of House Bill 290 (2004 General Assembly), medical insurance benefits are calculated differently for members who began participation on or after July 1, 2003. Once members reach a minimum vesting period of ten years, non-hazardous employees whose participation began on or after July 1, 2003, earn \$10 per month for insurance benefits at retirement for every year of earned service without regard to a maximum dollar amount. This dollar amount is subject to adjustment annually based on the retiree cost of living adjustment, which is updated annually due to changes in the Consumer Price Index.

Benefits are covered under KRS 78.5536.

PIKE COUNTY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT June 30, 2024 (Continued)

# Note 8. Employee Retirement System (Continued)

# Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) (Continued)

# B. Health Insurance Coverage - Tier 2 and Tier 3 - Nonhazardous

Once members reach a minimum vesting period of 15 years, they earn \$10 per month for insurance benefits at retirement for every year of earned service without regard to a maximum dollar amount. This dollar amount is subject to adjustment annually by 1.5%. This was established for Tier 2 members during the 2008 Special Legislative Session by House Bill 1. During the 2013 Legislative Session, Senate Bill 2 was enacted, creating Tier 3 benefits for members.

The monthly insurance benefit has been increased annually as a 1.5% cost of living adjustment (COLA) since July 2003 when the law changed. The annual increase is cumulative and continues to accrue after the member's retirement.

Tier 2 member benefits are covered by KRS 78.5536. Tier 3 members are not covered by the same provisions.

# C. Cost of Living Adjustments - Tier 1

The 1996 General Assembly enacted an automatic cost of living adjustment (COLA) provision for all recipients of Ky. Ret. Sys. benefits. During the 2008 Special Session, the General Assembly determined that each July beginning in 2009, retirees who have been receiving a retirement allowance for at least 12 months will receive an automatic COLA of 1.5%. The COLA is not a guaranteed benefit. If a retiree has been receiving a benefit for less than 12 months, and a COLA is provided, it will be prorated based on the number of months the recipient has been receiving a benefit.

# D. Cost of Living Adjustments - Tier 2 and Tier 3

No COLA is given unless authorized by the legislature with specific criteria. To this point, no COLA has been authorized by the legislature for Tier 2 or Tier 3 members.

# E. Death Benefit

If a retired member is receiving a monthly benefit based on at least 48 months of service credit, KPPA will pay a \$5,000 death benefit payment to the beneficiary designated by the member specifically for this benefit. Members with multiple accounts are entitled to only one death benefit.

# F. Ky. Ret. Sys. Annual Financial Report and Proportionate Share Audit Report

Ky. Ret. Sys. issues a publicly available annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information on CERS. This report may be obtained by writing the Kentucky Public Pensions Authority, 1260 Louisville Road, Frankfort, KY 40601-6124, or by telephone at (502) 564-4646.

KPPA also issues proportionate share audit reports for both total pension liability and other post-employment benefits for CERS determined by actuarial valuation as well as each participating county's proportionate share. Both the Schedules of Employer Allocations and Pension Amounts by Employer and the Schedules of Employer Allocations and Pension Amounts by Employer and the Schedules of Employer Allocations and Pension Amounts by Employer and the Schedules of Employer Allocations and OPEB Amounts by Employer reports and the related actuarial tables are available online at https://kyret.ky.gov. The complete actuarial valuation report, including all actuarial assumptions and methods, is also available on the website or can be obtained as described in the paragraph above.

#### Note 9. Deferred Compensation

The Pike County Fiscal Court voted to allow all eligible employees to participate in deferred compensation plans administered by the Kentucky Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Authority. The Kentucky Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Authority is authorized under KRS 18A.230 to 18A.275 to provide administration of tax-sheltered supplemental retirement plans for all state, public school and university employees, and employees of local political subdivisions that have elected to participate.

These deferred compensation plans permit all full-time employees to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency. Participation by eligible employees in the deferred compensation plans is voluntary.

Historical trend information showing the Kentucky Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Authority's progress in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due is presented in the Kentucky Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Authority's annual financial report. This report may be obtained by writing the Kentucky Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Authority at 501 High Street, 2nd Floor, Frankfort, KY 40601, or by telephone at (502) 573-7925.

#### Note 10. Closure and Post-Closure Care Costs of Municipal Solid Waste Landfill

State and federal laws and regulations require the Pike County Fiscal Court to place a final cover on its municipal solid waste landfill site when it stops accepting waste and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the site for 30 years after closure. Closure and post-closure care costs will be paid only near or after the date that the landfill stops accepting waste. As of June 30, 2004, engineers estimate that \$14,014,515 will be required for landfill closure cost and for post-closure care liability. Approximately 5% of the landfill airspace capacity has been used as of June 30, 2024.

401 KAR 48:310 Section 2 and 3 requires the owner or operator of a landfill to have a detailed written estimate, in current dollars, the cost of hiring a third party to close the solid waste disposal site and to conduct each phase of closure care monitoring and maintenance in accordance with the closure plan. Pursuant to the regulatory basis of accounting, as described in Note 1, no liability has been recognized on the financial statement for closure or post closure care costs. Pike County must comply with established state and federal closure procedures and must perform maintenance and monitoring procedures at the site for 30 years after closure. Estimated closure costs total \$7,517,940, and estimated post closure care costs total \$216,553 per year for 30 years. Actual costs may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in regulations. Estimates are adjusted for inflation. The fiscal court has annually deposited \$130,000 of solid waste receipts into an account reserved for the landfill closing. However, upon the new permitting process, has determined that the annual deposit will be updated to \$216,553 starting in fiscal year 2025. The Ford's Branch Landfill Closing Account had a cash balance of \$4,870,972 as of June 30, 2024. The projected closure year for the current permitted space is 2068. No cost related to closure or post-closure care has been incurred to date.

# Note 11. Related Party Transactions

- A. The fiscal court purchased, in accordance with the county's ethics code, \$17,174 of erosion and drainage control supplies from a company owned by a relative of the County Judge/Executive during the year ending June 30, 2024.
- B. The fiscal court, in accordance with the county's ethics code, sold \$36,882 in scrap metal from the county landfill to a company owned by a relative of a commissioner during the year ending June 30, 2024.

#### PIKE COUNTY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT June 30, 2024 (Continued)

# Note 12. Conduit Debt

From time to time the county has issued debt instruments to provide financial assistance to local agencies for the acquisition and construction of industrial and commercial facilities deemed to be in the public interest, in accordance with KRS 103.210. This debt may take the form of certain types of limited-obligation revenue bonds, certificates of participation, or similar debt instruments. Although conduit debt obligations bear the Pike County Fiscal Court's name as issuer, the fiscal court has no obligation for such debt beyond the resources provided by a lease or loan with the third party on whose behalf it is issued. Neither the fiscal court nor any political subdivision thereof is obligated in any manner for repayment of the bonds. Accordingly, the bonds are not reported as liabilities in the accompanying financial statement. As of June 30, 2024, conduit debt has been issued but the amount currently outstanding is not reasonably determinable.

#### Note 13. Tax Abatement

The occupational tax was abated under the authority of the Pike County Fiscal Court. MC Mining, LLC and its affiliate Excel Mining, LLC are contingent upon meeting all terms and conditions for eligibility under the Kentucky Industrial Revitalization Act. The taxes are to be abated by allowing the company to retain half of the 1% occupational tax levied on employees. Recapture of abated taxes can occur as long as they are in compliance with and receiving incentives under the Kentucky Industrial Revitalization Act Excel Mining Project, not to exceed ten years from final approval of said project. For fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, the Pike County Fiscal Court abated occupational taxes totaling \$164,439.

#### Note 14. Prior Period Adjustments

The beginning balance of the General Fund increased \$345 due to \$298 in voided checks and \$48 to account for a general obligation bond account.

# PIKE COUNTY BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES Supplementary Information - Regulatory Basis

For The Year Ended June 30, 2024

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# PIKE COUNTY BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES Supplementary Information - Regulatory Basis

# For The Year Ended June 30, 2024

	GENERAL FUND						
	Budgeted Amounts Original Final		Actual Amounts, (Budgetary Basis)	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)			
RECEIPTS		8					(=g)
Taxes	\$	8,910,000	\$	8,910,000	\$ 10,834,550	\$	1,924,550
In Lieu Tax Payments		41,500		41,500	53,110		11,610
Excess Fees		520,000		520,000	595,001		75,001
Licenses and Permits		292,100		292,100	300,326		8,226
Intergovernmental		5,209,527		5,209,527	5,596,082		386,555
Charges for Services		32,500		32,500	37,653		5,153
Miscellaneous		407,285		407,285	1,279,932		872,647
Interest		150,000		150,000	1,061,260		911,260
Total Receipts		15,562,912		15,562,912	19,757,914		4,195,002
DISBURSEMENTS							
General Government		4,927,394		4,862,502	4,579,191		283,311
Protection to Persons and Property		3,018,764		3,118,118	1,774,558		1,343,560
General Health and Sanitation		3,219,901		3,177,744	1,647,918		1,529,826
Social Services		376,500		377,500	315,300		62,200
Recreation and Culture		336,500		354,612	346,770		7,842
Roads		92,974		101,967	97,689		4,278
Other Transportation Facilities and Services		25,000		25,000	12,488		12,512
Debt Service		94,948		94,948	94,948		
Capital Projects				191,143	191,143		
Administration		2,238,107		2,412,156	2,029,553		382,603
Total Disbursements		14,330,088		14,715,690	11,089,558		3,626,132
Excess (Deficiency) of Receipts Over Disbursements Before Other							
Adjustments to Cash (Uses)		1,232,824		847,222	8,668,356		7,821,134
Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)							
Transfers To Other Funds		(6,468,905)		(6,468,905)	(6,016,546)		452,359
Total Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)		(6,468,905)		(6,468,905)	(6,016,546)		452,359
Net Change in Fund Balance		(5,236,081)		(5,621,683)	2,651,810		8,273,493
Fund Balance - Beginning		5,236,081		6,221,683	6,222,028		345
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	0	\$	600,000	\$ 8,873,838	\$	8,273,838

# PIKE COUNTY BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES Supplementary Information - Regulatory Basis For The Year Ended June 30, 2024 (Continued)

	ROAD FUND						
		Amounts	Actual Amounts, (Budgetary	Variance with Final Budget Positive			
DECEIDES	Original	Final	Basis)	(Negative)			
RECEIPTS	\$ 14,005,444	\$ 14.523.773	\$ 20.802.213	\$ 6,278,440			
Intergovernmental Miscellaneous	\$ 14,005,444 1,107,500	\$ 14,523,773 1,107,500	\$ 20,802,213 1,315,834	\$ 6,278,440 208,334			
Total Receipts	15,112,944	15,631,273	22,118,047	6,486,774			
DISBURSEMENTS							
Roads	19,880,023	23,803,479	15,695,511	8,107,968			
Debt Service	81,009	81,076	81,010	66			
Administration	1,793,215	4,044,847	1,802,847	2,242,000			
Total Disbursements	21,754,247	27,929,402	17,579,368	10,350,034			
Excess (Deficiency) of Receipts Over							
Disbursements Before Other							
Adjustments to Cash (Uses)	(6,641,303)	(12,298,129)	4,538,679	16,836,808			
Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)							
Transfers From Other Funds	7,364,505	7,364,505	2,000,000	(5,364,505)			
Transfers To Other Funds	(723,202)	(723,202)	(823,202)	(100,000)			
Total Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)	6,641,303	6,641,303	1,176,798	(5,464,505)			
Net Change in Fund Balance		(5,656,826)	5,715,477	11,372,303			
Fund Balance - Beginning		5,856,826	5,856,826				
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 0	\$ 200,000	\$ 11,572,303	\$ 11,372,303			

			JAII	FU	ND		
	 Budgeted	Am	ounts Final		Actual Amounts, Budgetary Basis)	F	ariance with inal Budget Positive (Negative)
RECEIPTS							
Intergovernmental	\$ 4,295,848	\$	4,295,848	\$	4,190,452	\$	(105,396)
Charges for Services	67,732		67,732		5,465		(62,267)
Miscellaneous	 70,925		70,925		384,866		313,941
Total Receipts	 4,434,505		4,434,505		4,580,783		146,278
DISBURSEMENTS							
Protection to Persons and Property	4,268,284		4,691,175		4,465,837		225,338
Debt Service	379,790		379,790		379,790		
Administration	1,390,831		1,607,416		1,360,675		246,741
Total Disbursements	 6,038,905		6,678,381		6,206,302		472,079
Excess (Deficiency) of Receipts Over Disbursements Before Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)	(1,604,400)		(2,243,876)		(1,625,519)		618,357
Adjustitents to Cash (Uses)	 (1,004,400)		(2,243,670)		(1,023,317)		010,557
Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)							
Transfers From Other Funds	1,604,400		1,604,400		2,204,000		599,600
Total Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)	 1,604,400		1,604,400		2,204,000		599,600
Net Change in Fund Balance			(639,476)		578,481		1,217,957
Fund Balance - Beginning	 		39,476		39,475		(1)
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 0	\$	(600,000)	\$	617,956	\$	1,217,956

		ted Amounts	Actual Amounts, (Budgetary	Variance with Final Budget Positive
DECEMPE	Original	Final	Basis)	(Negative)
RECEIPTS	¢ 10.00(.20)	e 10.051.777	¢ 2.004.026	¢ (7.95(.941)
Intergovernmental	\$ 10,806,368		\$ 3,094,936	\$ (7,856,841)
Charges for Services	500		254	(246)
Miscellaneous	34,400			76,155
Total Receipts	10,841,263	3 10,986,677	3,205,745	(7,780,932)
DISBURSEMENTS				
General Government	2,284,182	2,743,096	1,046,130	1,696,966
Protection to Persons and Property	739,70	) 794,134	729,351	64,783
General Health and Sanitation	3,618,864	3,810,077	439,743	3,370,334
Social Services	1,238,95	5 1,266,639	1,217,966	48,673
Recreation and Culture	2,260,15	5 2,333,204	739,789	1,593,415
Airports	113,56	9 115,291	115,291	
Administration	585,84	1,025,768	258,858	766,910
Total Disbursements	10,841,26	3 12,088,209	4,547,128	7,541,081
Excess (Deficiency) of Receipts Over				
Disbursements Before Other				
Adjustments to Cash (Uses)		(1,101,532)	) (1,341,383)	(239,851)
Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)				
Transfers To Other Funds	(2,500,000	)) (2,500,000	)	2,500,000
Total Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)	(2,500,000			2,500,000
Net Change in Fund Balance	(2,500,000	)) (3,601,532)	) (1,341,383)	2,260,149
Fund Balance - Beginning	2,500,000		3,601,531	(1)
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	) \$ 0	\$ 2,260,148	\$ 2,260,148

### LOCAL GOVERNMENT ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE FUND

			STATE GF	RANT	S FUND		
	 Budgeted Original	Amo	unts Final	A (B	Actual mounts, tudgetary Basis)	Fin F	ance with al Budget Positive legative)
			Гша		Dasisj	(1	(egative)
DISBURSEMENTS							
Capital Projects	\$ 88,936	\$	88,936	\$	23,420	\$	65,516
Total Disbursements	 88,936		88,936		23,420		65,516
Excess (Deficiency) of Receipts Over							
Disbursements Before Other							
Adjustments to Cash (Uses)	 (88,936)		(88,936)		(23,420)		65,516
Net Change in Fund Balance	(88,936)		(88,936)		(23,420)		65,516
Fund Balance - Beginning	 88,936		88,936		88,935		(1)
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 0	\$	0	\$	65,515	\$	65,515

				FEDERAL (	GRA	NTS FUND	
	Budgeted Amounts					Actual Amounts, Budgetary	ariance with Final Budget Positive
		Original		Final		Basis)	(Negative)
RECEIPTS							 · <u> </u>
Intergovernmental	\$	1,889,193	\$	3,665,363	\$	1,812,950	\$ (1,852,413)
Total Receipts		1,889,193		3,665,363		1,812,950	 (1,852,413)
DISBURSEMENTS							
Capital Projects		1,889,193		3,665,363		1,812,950	1,852,413
Total Disbursements		1,889,193		3,665,363		1,812,950	 1,852,413
Net Change in Fund Balance Fund Balance - Beginning							 
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$ 0

		J	FORE	ST FIRE PI	ROTE	CTION FU	ND	
		Budgetec	l Amo		A (B	Actual mounts, udgetary	Fina P	ance with al Budget ositive
DECEMPTO	(	Driginal		Final		Basis)	(N	egative)
RECEIPTS Taxes	\$	9,000	\$	9,000	\$	7,554	\$	(1,446)
Total Receipts	φ	9,000	¢	9,000	ۍ 	7,554	ۍ 	(1,446)
DISBURSEMENTS								
Protection to Persons and Property		9,000		9,000		5,719		3,281
Administration				14,259				14,259
Total Disbursements		9,000		23,259		5,719		17,540
Excess (Deficiency) of Receipts Over Disbursements Before Other								
Adjustments to Cash (Uses)				(14,259)		1,835		16,094
Net Change in Fund Balance				(14,259)		1,835		16,094
Fund Balance - Beginning				14,259		14,258		(1)
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	0	\$	0	\$	16,093	\$	16,093

	SOLID WASTE FUND										
		Budgeted Original	ounts Final	(	Actual Amounts, Budgetary Basis)	F	uriance with inal Budget Positive Negative)				
RECEIPTS		Oligimi		1 1141		Duotoj					
Intergovernmental	\$	219,487	\$	219,487	\$	135,841	\$	(83,646)			
Charges for Services		6,240,000		6,240,000		7,154,774		914,774			
Miscellaneous		882,570		882,570		2,015,390		1,132,820			
Interest		5,000		5,000		99,464		94,464			
Total Receipts		7,347,057		7,347,057		9,405,469		2,058,412			
DISBURSEMENTS											
General Health and Sanitation		6,192,884		6,178,095		5,734,223		443,872			
Debt Service		105,115		105,242		105,115		127			
Administration		2,025,856		2,341,152		2,118,102		223,050			
Total Disbursements		8,323,855		8,624,489		7,957,440		667,049			
Excess (Deficiency) of Receipts Over Disbursements Before Other											
Adjustments to Cash (Uses)		(976,798)		(1,277,432)		1,448,029		2,725,461			
Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)											
Transfers To Other Funds		(723,202)		(723,202)		(823,202)		(100,000)			
Total Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)		(723,202)		(723,202)		(823,202)		(100,000)			
Net Change in Fund Balance		(1,700,000)		(2,000,634)		624,827		2,625,461			
Fund Balance - Beginning		1,700,000		2,000,634		2,000,633		(1)			
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	0	\$	0	\$	2,625,460	\$	2,625,460			

		PAR	KS AND RI	ECRE	ATION FU	ND	
	Budge	ted Ama	ounts	A	Actual Amounts, Budgetary	Fi	riance with nal Budget Positive
	Original		Final		Basis)	(	Negative)
RECEIPTS							
Charges for Services	\$	\$	200,000	\$	41,670	\$	(158,330)
Interest					672		672
Total Receipts			200,000		42,342		(157,658)
DISBURSEMENTS							
Recreation and Culture			200,000		102		199,898
Total Disbursements			200,000		102		199,898
Excess (Deficiency) of Receipts Over							
Disbursements Before Other							
Adjustments to Cash (Uses)					42,240		42,240
Net Change in Fund Balance Fund Balance - Beginning					42,240		42,240
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	) \$	0	\$	42,240	\$	42,240

	 LA	ND	FILL POST-	CLC	SURE CD F	UND	
	 Budgeted Original	Am	ounts Final		Actual Amounts, Budgetary Basis)	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
RECEIPTS							
Charges for Services	\$ 130,000	\$	130,000	\$		\$	(130,000)
Interest	 15,600		15,600		213,733		198,133
Total Receipts	 145,600		145,600		213,733		68,133
DISBURSEMENTS							
General Health and Sanitation	145,600		145,600				145,600
Administration	4,523,248		4,657,240				4,657,240
Total Disbursements	 4,668,848		4,802,840				4,802,840
Excess (Deficiency) of Receipts Over Disbursements Before Other							
Adjustments to Cash (Uses)	 (4,523,248)		(4,657,240)		213,733		4,870,973
Net Change in Fund Balance	(4,523,248)		(4,657,240)		213,733		4,870,973
Fund Balance - Beginning	 4,523,248		4,657,240		4,657,239		(1)
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 0	\$	0	\$	4,870,972	\$	4,870,972

### LOCAL GOVERNMENT ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT FUND

	Budgeted	Amo	unts	A	Actual amounts, Budgetary	Fina	ance with al Budget ositive
	Original		Final	Basis)		(N	egative)
RECEIPTS							
Miscellaneous	\$ 112,000	\$	112,000	\$	111,780	\$	(220)
Interest	2,000		2,000		3,632		1,632
Total Receipts	 114,000		114,000		115,412		1,412
DISBURSEMENTS							
General Government	114,000		115,895		115,895		
Administration	27,945		27,319				27,319
Total Disbursements	 141,945		143,214		115,895		27,319
Excess (Deficiency) of Receipts Over Disbursements Before Other							
Adjustments to Cash (Uses)	 (27,945)		(29,214)		(483)		28,731
Net Change in Fund Balance	(27,945)		(29,214)		(483)		28,731
Fund Balance - Beginning	 27,945		29,214		29,213		(1)
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 0	\$	0	\$	28,730	\$	28,730

	 COU	NTY	CLERK RE	CORI	) STORAG	E FUN	D
	 Budgetec Original	l Amo	unts Final	A (B	Actual mounts, udgetary Basis)	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
RECEIPTS	 <u> </u>						
Charges for Services	\$ 80,000	\$	80,000	\$	65,620	\$	(14,380)
Interest					70		70
Total Receipts	 80,000		80,000		65,690		(14,310)
DISBURSEMENTS							
General Government	80,000		80,000		55,731		24,269
Administration			28,880				28,880
Total Disbursements	 80,000		108,880		55,731		53,149
Excess (Deficiency) of Receipts Over							
Disbursements Before Other							
Adjustments to Cash (Uses)	 		(28,880)		9,959		38,839
Net Change in Fund Balance			(28,880)		9,959		38,839
Fund Balance - Beginning	 		28,880		28,880		
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 0	\$	0	\$	38,839	\$	38,839

		MA	INTENANC	E GA	ARAGE FUN	D	
	 Budgeted	Am	ounts		Actual Amounts, Budgetary		ariance with inal Budget Positive
	 Original		Final		Basis)		Negative)
RECEIPTS							
Miscellaneous	\$ 22,500	\$	22,500	\$	53,057	\$	30,557
Total Receipts	 22,500		22,500		53,057		30,557
DISBURSEMENTS							
Other Transportation Facilities and Services	1,239,429		1,376,741		1,347,235		29,506
Administration	229,475		300,786		237,776		63,010
Total Disbursements	 1,468,904		1,677,527		1,585,011		92,516
Excess (Deficiency) of Receipts Over							
Disbursements Before Other							
Adjustments to Cash (Uses)	 (1,446,404)		(1,655,027)		(1,531,954)		123,073
Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)							
Transfers From Other Funds	1,446,404		1,446,404		1,646,404		200,000
Transfers To Other Funds							
Total Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)	 1,446,404		1,446,404		1,646,404		200,000
Net Change in Fund Balance			(208,623)		114,450		323,073
Fund Balance - Beginning	 		8,623		8,622		(1)
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 0	\$	(200,000)	\$	123,072	\$	323,072

	 AN	1ER	ICAN RESC	CUE	PLAN ACT I	FUND	
	 Budgeted Original	Am	ounts Final		Actual Amounts, (Budgetary Basis)	Fi	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
RECEIPTS	 <u> </u>						
Intergovernmental	\$ 61,885	\$	61,885	\$	78,398	\$	16,513
Interest	 135,000		135,000		114,215		(20,785)
Total Receipts	 196,885		196,885		192,613		(4,272)
DISBURSEMENTS							
Capital Projects	 4,400,718		4,170,424		3,300,679		869,745
Total Disbursements	 4,400,718		4,170,424		3,300,679		869,745
Excess (Deficiency) of Receipts Over Disbursements Before Other							
Adjustments to Cash (Uses)	 (4,203,833)		(3,973,539)		(3,108,066)	. <u> </u>	865,473
Net Change in Fund Balance	(4,203,833)		(3,973,539)		(3,108,066)		865,473
Fund Balance - Beginning	 4,203,833		3,973,539		3,973,538		(1)
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 0	\$	0	\$	865,472	\$	865,472

			OPIOI	D SETI	TLEM	ENT FUND	)	
			Amounts		A	Actual Amounts, Budgetary	F	riance with inal Budget Positive
	Origin	al	Fina	ıl		Basis)	(	Negative)
RECEIPTS								
Interest	\$		\$		\$	5,214	\$	5,214
Total Receipts						5,214		5,214
Excess (Deficiency) of Receipts Over Disbursements Before Other								
Adjustments to Cash (Uses)						5,214		5,214
Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)								
Transfers From Other Funds						1,812,546		1,812,546
Total Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)						1,812,546		1,812,546
Net Change in Fund Balance Fund Balance - Beginning						1,817,760		1,817,760
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	0	\$	0	\$	1,817,760	\$	1,817,760

	ABANDONED MINE LANDS FUND						
		Budgeted	Amo	unts	Actual Amounts, (Budgetary		ariance with inal Budget Positive
		Original		Final	Basis)	(	(Negative)
RECEIPTS							
Intergovernmental	\$	700,000	\$	700,000	\$	\$	(700,000)
Total Receipts		700,000		700,000			(700,000)
DISBURSEMENTS							
General Government		700,000		700,000			700,000
Total Disbursements		700,000		700,000			700,000
Excess (Deficiency) of Receipts Over Disbursements Before Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)							
Net Change in Fund Balance Fund Balance - Beginning							
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	0	\$	0	\$ 0	\$	0

#### PIKE COUNTY NOTES TO REGULATORY SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES

#### June 30, 2024

#### Note 1. Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted on a regulatory basis of accounting according to the laws of Kentucky as required by the state local finance officer, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

The county judge/executive is required to submit estimated receipts and proposed disbursements to the fiscal court by May 1 of each year. The budget is prepared by fund, function, and activity and is required to be adopted by the fiscal court by July 1.

The fiscal court may change the original budget by transferring appropriations at the activity level; however, the fiscal court may not increase the total budget without approval by the state local finance officer. Disbursements may not exceed budgeted appropriations at the activity level.

# PIKE COUNTY SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2024

### PIKE COUNTY SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

# For The Year Ended June 30, 2024

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Federal Assistance Listing Number	Pass-Through Entity's Identifying Number	Provided to Subrecipient	Total Federal Expenditures
U.S. Department of Agriculture				
<b>Direct Program:</b> Emergency Watershed Protection Program	10.923	NR235C16XXXXC007-001	\$	\$ 40,000
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture				40,000
U. S. Department of Commerce				
<b>Passed-Through Kentucky Department for Local Government:</b> Economic Development Cluster Economic Adjustment Assistance	11.307	04-79-07644	\$	\$ 460,976
Total U.S. Department of Commerce				460,976
U. S. Department of Defense				
<i>Direct Program:</i> U.S. Corps of Engineers	12.U01	W9123722P0030	\$	\$ 40,008
Total U.S. Department of Defense				40,008
U. S. Department of Housing and Urban Development				
<b>Passed-Through Kentucky Department for Local Government:</b> Community Development Block Grant Community Development Block Grant	14.228 14.228	20C-192 20-028	\$	\$ 775,764 616,115
Total U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development				1,391,879
<u>U. S. Department of Justice</u>				
<i>Direct Program:</i> Equitable Sharing Program	16.922	23-LOU-509-AFF	\$	\$ 1,880
Total U.S. Department of Justice				1,880
U. S. Department of Treasury				
<b>Direct Program:</b> COVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds	21.027		\$296,235	\$ 3,300,679
Total U.S. Department of Treasury			296,235	3,300,679

### PIKE COUNTY SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS For The Year Ended June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Federal Assistance Listing Number	Pass-Through Entity's Identifying Number	Provided to Subrecipient	Total Federal Expenditures
Appalachian Regional Commission				
Direct Program:				
Appalachian Area Development	23.002	KY-20379-214-21	\$	\$ 421,071
Appalachian Area Development	23.002	KY-20531-2021		160,662
Total Appalachian Regional Commission				581,733
<b><u>U. S. Department of Homeland Security</u></b>				
Passed-Through Kentucky Department of Military Affairs:				
Disaster Grants-Public Assistance	97.036	FEMA-4643-DR-KY	\$	\$ 1,901,389
Disaster Grants-Public Assistance	97.036	FEMA-4663-DR-KY		974,658
Hazard Mitigation Grant	97.039	PON2-095-2000003849-1		295,195
Hazard Mitigation Grant	97.039	SC-095-2300000677-1		754,015
Hazard Mitigation Grant	97.039	Still Pending		1,440
Hazard Mitigation Grant	97.039	SC-095-2300001027-2		107,215
Passed-Through Kentucky Department of Homeland Security:				
Homeland Security Grant Program	97.067	SC-094-2300001865-1		327,900
Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security				4,361,812
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$296,235	\$ 10,178,967

### PIKE COUNTY NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

### June 30, 2024

#### Note 1. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (Schedule) includes the federal award activity of Pike County, Kentucky under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2024. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of Pike County, Kentucky, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net assets, or cash flows of Pike County, Kentucky.

### Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the basis of the accounting practices prescribed or permitted by the Department for Local Government to demonstrate compliance with the Commonwealth of Kentucky's regulatory basis of accounting and budget laws, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the Schedule represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years.

### Note 3. Indirect Cost Rate

Pike County has not adopted an indirect cost rate and has not elected to use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

# PIKE COUNTY SCHEDULE OF CAPITAL ASSETS Other Information - Regulatory Basis

For The Year Ended June 30, 2024

### PIKE COUNTY SCHEDULE OF CAPITAL ASSETS Other Information - Regulatory Basis

# For The Year Ended June 30, 2024

The fiscal court reports the following Schedule of Capital Assets:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deletions	Ending Balance
Land	\$ 12,738,606	\$ 817,600	\$	\$ 13,556,206
Land Improvements	2,390,906			2,390,906
Buildings	52,344,896	2,099,634		54,444,530
Vehicles and Equipment	22,667,297	3,169,789	893,899	24,943,187
Infrastructure	147,072,403	6,899,914	2,332,147	151,640,170
Total Capital Assets	\$237,214,108	\$ 12,986,937	\$ 3,226,046	\$246,974,999

#### PIKE COUNTY NOTES TO OTHER INFORMATION - REGULATORY BASIS SCHEDULE OF CAPITAL ASSETS

#### June 30, 2024

#### Note 1. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, land improvements, buildings, furniture and office equipment, building improvements, machinery, equipment, and infrastructure assets (roads and bridges) that have a useful life of more than one reporting period based on the government's capitalization policy, are reported as other information. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost when purchased or constructed.

	Cap	oitalization	Useful Life
	T1	hreshold	(Years)
Land Improvements	\$	25,000	10-60
Buildings and Building Improvements	\$	25,000	10-70
Equipment	\$	2,500	3-25
Vehicles	\$	2,500	5-7
Infrastructure	\$	20,000	2-40

### REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENT PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*



# Allison Ball Auditor of Public Accounts

Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance And Other Matters Based On An Audit Of The Financial Statement Performed In Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards* 

Independent Auditor's Report

The Honorable Ray S. Jones II, Pike County Judge/Executive Members of the Pike County Fiscal Court

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the Statement of Receipts, Disbursements, and Changes in Fund Balances - Regulatory Basis of the Pike County Fiscal Court for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024 and the related notes to the financial statement which collectively comprise the Pike County Fiscal Court's financial statement and have issued our report thereon dated November 18, 2024.

### **Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statement, we considered the Pike County Fiscal Court's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statement, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Pike County Fiscal Court's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Pike County Fiscal Court's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statement will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

209 ST. CLAIR STREET FRANKFORT, KY 40601-1817 Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance And Other Matters Based On An Audit Of The Financial Statement Performed In Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards* (Continued)

#### **Report on Compliance And Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Pike County Fiscal Court's financial statement is free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statement. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Respectfully submitted,

allisa Ball

Allison Ball Auditor of Public Accounts Frankfort, Ky

November 18, 2024

### REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE



# Allison Ball Auditor of Public Accounts

Report On Compliance For Each Major Federal Program And Report On Internal Control Over Compliance In Accordance With The Uniform Guidance

Independent Auditor's Report

The Honorable Ray S. Jones II, Pike County Judge/Executive Members of the Pike County Fiscal Court

### **Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program**

### Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Pike County Fiscal Court's compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the U.S. *Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Pike County Fiscal Court's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2024. The Pike County Fiscal Court's major federal programs are identified in the Summary of Auditor's Results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

In our opinion, the Pike County Fiscal Court complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2024.

#### Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*); and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the Pike County Fiscal Court and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of Pike County Fiscal Court's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

209 St. Clair Street Frankfort, KY 40601-1817 Report On Compliance For Each Major Federal Program And Report On Internal Control Over Compliance In Accordance With The Uniform Guidance (Continued)

#### **Responsibilities of Management for Compliance**

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to Pike County Fiscal Court's federal programs.

### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on Pike County Fiscal Court's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about Pike County Fiscal Court's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding Pike County Fiscal Court's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of Pike County Fiscal Court's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Pike County Fiscal Court's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

#### **Report on Internal Control over Compliance**

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Report On Compliance For Each Major Federal Program And Report On Internal Control Over Compliance In Accordance With The Uniform Guidance (Continued)

### **Report on Internal Control over Compliance (Continued)**

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the result of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Respectfully submitted,

allisa Ball

Allison Ball Auditor of Public Accounts Frankfort, Ky

November 18, 2024

# PIKE COUNTY SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2024

### PIKE COUNTY SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

### For The Year Ended June 30, 2024

### Section I: Summary of Auditor's Results

#### **Financial Statement**

Type of report the auditor issued on whether the financial statement audited was prepared in accordance with GAAP: Adverse on GAAP and Unmodified on Regulatory Basis

Internal control over financial reporting:		
• Are any material weaknesses identified?	□ Yes	🗵 No
• Are any significant deficiencies identified?	□ Yes	🗵 None Reported
Are any noncompliances material to financial statements noted?	□ Yes	🖾 No

## Federal Awards

Internal control over major programs:		
<ul><li>Are any material weaknesses identified?</li><li>Are any significant deficiencies identified?</li></ul>	□ Yes □ Yes	⊠ No ⊠ None Reported
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major federal programs: Unmodified		
1 0		
Are any audit findings disclosed that are required to be		
reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?	□ Yes	🗵 No

Identification of major programs:

Assistance Listing Number	Name of Federal Program or Cluster
14.228	Community Development Block Grants/State's program and Non-
	Entitlement Grants in Hawaii
21.027	COVID-19 - Coronavirus State And Local Fiscal Recovery Funds
97.039	Hazard Mitigation Grant

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and		
Type B programs:	\$750,000	
Auditee qualified as a low-risk auditee?	□ Yes	🗵 No

### PIKE COUNTY SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS For The Year Ended June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Section II: Financial Statement Findings

None.

Section III: Federal Award Findings And Questioned Costs

None.

### Section IV: Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings

None.

# CERTIFICATION OF COMPLIANCE -LOCAL GOVERNMENT ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE AND DEVLOPMENT PROGRAMS

PIKE COUNTY FISCAL COURT

For The Year Ended June 30, 2024

#### CERTIFICATION OF COMPLIANCE

# LOCAL GOVERNMENT ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE AND DEVELOPMENT PROGRAM

# COUNTY FISCAL COURT

For The Year Ended June 30, 2024

The Pike County Fiscal Court hereby certifies that assistance received from the Local Government Economic Assistance and Development Program was expended for the purpose intended as dictated by the applicable Kentucky Revised Statutes.

County Judge/Executive

County Treasurer