# REPORT OF THE AUDIT OF THE MARTIN COUNTY SHERIFF'S SETTLEMENT - 2020 TAXES

For The Period June 16, 2020 Through April 15, 2021



### MIKE HARMON AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS auditor.ky.gov

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## MIKE HARMON AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS

To the People of Kentucky
The Honorable Andy Beshear, Governor
Holly M. Johnson, Secretary
Finance and Administration Cabinet
The Honorable Colby Kirk, Martin County Judge/Executive
The Honorable John Kirk, Martin County Sheriff
Members of the Martin County Fiscal Court

Independent Auditor's Report

#### **Report on the Financial Statement**

We have audited the Martin County Sheriff's Settlement - 2020 Taxes for the period June 16, 2020 through April 15, 2021 - Regulatory Basis, and the related notes to the financial statement.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statement

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statement in accordance with accounting practices prescribed or permitted by the laws of Kentucky to demonstrate compliance with the Commonwealth of Kentucky's regulatory basis of accounting as described in Note 1. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of a financial statement that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### **Auditor's Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial statement based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the *Audit Guide for Sheriff's Tax Settlements*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts, Commonwealth of Kentucky. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statement is free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statement. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statement, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statement in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statement.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.







To the People of Kentucky
The Honorable Andy Beshear, Governor
Holly M. Johnson, Secretary
Finance and Administration Cabinet
The Honorable Colby Kirk, Martin County Judge/Executive
The Honorable John Kirk, Martin County Sheriff
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#### Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

As described in Note 1 of the financial statement, the financial statement is prepared by the Martin County Sheriff on the basis of accounting practices prescribed or permitted by the laws of Kentucky to demonstrate compliance with the Commonwealth of Kentucky's regulatory basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The effects on the financial statement of the variances between the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note 1 and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, although not reasonably determinable, are presumed to be material.

#### Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

In our opinion, because of the significance of the matter discussed in the Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles paragraph, the financial statement referred to above does not present fairly, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the taxes charged, credited, and paid of the Martin County Sheriff, for the period June 16, 2020 through April 15, 2021.

#### **Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting**

In our opinion, the financial statement referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the taxes charged, credited, and paid for the period June 16, 2020 through April 15, 2021 of the Martin County Sheriff, in accordance with the basis of accounting practices prescribed or permitted by the Commonwealth of Kentucky as described in Note 1.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated February 11, 2022, on our consideration of the Martin County Sheriff's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the Martin County Sheriff's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Based on the results of our audit, we have presented the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses, included herein, which discusses the following report comment:

2020-001 The Martin County Sheriff's Office Does Not Have Segregation Of Duties

Respectfully submitted,

Mike Harmon

Auditor of Public Accounts

#### MARTIN COUNTY JOHN KIRK, SHERIFF SHERIFF'S SETTLEMENT - 2020 TAXES

For The Period June 16, 2020 Through April 15, 2021

	 County	Sp	ecial Taxing Districts	 School	State
<u>Charges</u> Total Per Sheriff's Official Receipt	\$ 270,231	\$	1,017,071	\$ 1,896,698	\$ 372,506
Other Taxes & Charges					
Court Ordered Increases	14		35	83	15
Franchise Taxes	22,968		50,588	129,296	
Oil and Gas Property Taxes	39,954		82,080	281,070	42,386
Penalties	 1,627		4,798	 11,407	 1,772
Gross Chargeable to Sheriff	334,794		1,154,572	2,318,554	416,679
Credits					
Exonerations	1,273		10,631	8,954	1,344
Discounts	3,857		9,475	27,009	4,729
Delinquent Real Estate	48,404		196,016	340,510	51,350
Delinquent Tangible	19,299		41,534	135,989	64,032
Franchise Taxes - Delinquent	11,002		23,559	 62,535	 
Total Credits	83,835		281,215	574,997	121,455
Taxes Collected	250,959		873,357	1,743,557	295,224
Less: Sheriff's Commissions*	 10,673		26,472	61,021	 12,546
Taxes Due Districts	240,286		846,885	1,682,536	282,678
Taxes Paid	239,949		845,992	1,680,166	282,549
Refunds (Current and Prior Year)	 337		893	 2,370	 129
Taxes Due Districts	\$ 0	\$	0	\$ 0	\$ 0

#### \* Commissions:

4.25% on \$ 1,092,068 3.5% on \$ 1,743,557 1% on \$ 327,472

### MARTIN COUNTY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT

April 15, 2021

#### Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

#### A. Fund Accounting

The sheriff's office tax collection duties are limited to acting as an agent for assessed property owners and taxing districts. A fund is used to account for the collection and distribution of taxes. A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain government functions or activities.

#### B. Basis of Accounting

The financial statement has been prepared on a regulatory basis of accounting, which demonstrates compliance with the laws of Kentucky and is a special purpose framework. Basis of accounting refers to when charges, credits, and taxes paid are reported in the settlement statement. It relates to the timing of measurements regardless of the measurement focus.

Charges are sources of revenue which are recognized in the tax period in which they become available and measurable. Credits are reductions of revenue which are recognized when there is proper authorization. Taxes paid are uses of revenue which are recognized when distributions are made to the taxing districts and others.

#### C. Cash and Investments

KRS 66.480 authorizes the sheriff's office to invest in obligations of the United States and of its agencies and instrumentalities, obligations and contracts for future delivery or purchase of obligations backed by the full faith and credit of the United States, obligations of any corporation of the United States government, bonds or certificates of indebtedness of this state, and certificates of deposit issued by or other interest-bearing accounts of any bank or savings and loan institution which are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or which are collateralized, to the extent uninsured, by any obligation permitted by KRS 41.240(4).

#### D. Preparation of State Settlement

The Kentucky Department of Revenue prepares the settlement relating to taxes collected for the state under the provision of KRS 134.192(2)(a). This is reported as the "State Taxes" column on the financial statement.

#### Note 2. Deposits

The Martin County Sheriff maintained deposits of public funds with federally insured banking institutions as required by the Department for Local Government's (DLG) County Budget Preparation and State Local Finance Officer Policy Manual. The DLG Manual strongly recommends perfected pledges of securities covering all public funds except direct federal obligations and funds protected by federal insurance. In order to be perfected in the event of failure or insolvency of the depository institution, this pledge or provision of collateral should be evidenced by an agreement between the sheriff and the depository institution, signed by both parties, that is (a) in writing, (b) approved by the board of directors of the depository institution or its loan committee, which approval must be reflected in the minutes of the board or committee, and (c) an official record of the depository institution. These requirements were met.

MARTIN COUNTY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT April 15, 2021 (Continued)

#### Note 2. Deposits (Continued)

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a depository institution failure, the sheriff's deposits may not be returned. The Martin County Sheriff does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk, but rather follows the requirements of the DLG County Budget Preparation and State Local Finance Officer Policy Manual. As of April 15, 2021, all deposits were covered by FDIC insurance or a properly executed collateral security agreement.

#### Note 3. Tax Collection Period

#### A. Property Taxes

The real and personal property tax assessments were levied as of January 1, 2020. Property taxes were billed to finance governmental services for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2021. Liens are effective when the tax bills become delinquent. The collection period for these assessments was November 24, 2020 through April 15, 2021.

#### B. Oil and Gas Property Taxes

The oil and gas property tax assessments were levied as of January 1, 2020. Property taxes are billed to finance governmental services. Liens are effective when the tax bills become delinquent. The collection period for these assessments was November 23, 2020 (gas) and November 24, 2020 (oil) through April 15, 2021.

#### C. Franchise Taxes

The franchise tax assessments were levied by the Department of Revenue for various tax years. Franchise taxes are billed to finance governmental services. Liens are effective when the tax bills become delinquent. The collection period for these assessments was June 16, 2020 through April 15, 2021.

#### Note 4. Interest Income

The Martin County Sheriff earned \$152 as interest income on 2020 taxes. The sheriff was in substantial compliance with his statutory responsibilities.

#### Note 5. Sheriff's 10% Add-On Fee

The Martin County Sheriff collected \$14,507 of 10% add-on fees allowed by KRS 134.119(7). This amount was used to operate the sheriff's office.

MARTIN COUNTY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT April 15, 2021 (Continued)

#### Note 6. Escrow Account

The sheriff deposited unrefundable payments in an interest-bearing account. The sheriff's escrowed beginning balance was \$17,473. The sheriff received \$418 and disbursed \$0 resulting in a total ending balance as of April 15, 2021, of \$17,891. The ending balance consists of escrowed of:

2014	\$16,614
2015	\$415
2016	\$803
2017	\$56
Interest	\$3

When statutorily required, the sheriff will turn over the escrowed funds to the Kentucky State Treasurer as unclaimed property.

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENT PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS





# MIKE HARMON AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS

The Honorable Colby Kirk, Martin County Judge/Executive The Honorable John Kirk, Martin County Sheriff Members of the Martin County Fiscal Court

> Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance And Other Matters Based On An Audit Of The Financial Statement Performed In Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards*

#### Independent Auditor's Report

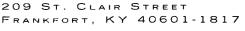
We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the Martin County Sheriff's Settlement - 2020 Taxes for the period June 16, 2020 through April 15, 2021 - Regulatory Basis and the related notes to the financial statement and have issued our report thereon dated February 11, 2022. The Martin County Sheriff's financial statement is prepared on a regulatory basis of accounting, which demonstrates compliance with the Commonwealth of Kentucky's regulatory basis of accounting and budget laws, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

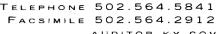
#### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statement, we considered the Martin County Sheriff's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statement, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Martin County Sheriff's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Martin County Sheriff's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses, we identified a certain deficiency in internal control that we consider to be a material weakness.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statement will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We consider the deficiency described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses as item 2020-001 to be a material weakness.







Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance And Other Matters Based On An Audit Of The Financial Statement Performed In Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards* (Continued)

#### **Compliance And Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Martin County Sheriff's financial statement is free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statement. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standard*.

#### Views of Responsible Official and Planned Corrective Action

The Martin County Sheriff's views and planned corrective action for the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses. The Martin County Sheriff's responses were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statement and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Respectfully submitted,

Mike Harmon

Auditor of Public Accounts

February 11, 2022





#### MARTIN COUNTY JOHN KIRK, SHERIFF SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES

For The Period June 16, 2020 Through April 15, 2021

#### INTERNAL CONTROL - MATERIAL WEAKNESS:

#### 2020-001 The Martin County Sheriff's Office Does Not Have Segregation Of Duties

This is a repeat finding and was included in the prior year audit report as finding 2019-001. The sheriff's office does not have adequate segregation of duties over receipts and disbursements. One deputy clerk collects tax payments from customers and prepares daily bank deposits. The bookkeeper prepares monthly tax reports, writes checks for distribution and the sheriff signs the checks. The bookkeeper posts to the receipts and disbursement ledger and prepares monthly bank reconciliations.

According to the sheriff, due to limited staff and budget the sheriff's office cannot adequately segregate duties. A lack of oversight could result in undetected misappropriation of assets and inaccurate financial reporting to external agencies such as the Department of Revenue and other taxing districts.

Good internal controls dictate that certain accounting functions should be performed by several different employees to provide reasonable assurance the financial activity is properly accounted for and accurately reported. In order to achieve a proper segregation of duties, the sheriff should assign different employees to be responsible for preparing daily deposits, disbursing tax collections, recording tax transactions, and monthly bank reconciliations.

We recommend the sheriff's office implement internal controls and segregate duties as much as possible.

Sheriff's Response: We will try to segregate duties as much as possible and continue to use compensating controls where applicable.