REPORT OF THE AUDIT OF THE GREENUP COUNTY FISCAL COURT

For The Year Ended June 30, 2021



MIKE HARMON AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS auditor.ky.gov

209 ST. CLAIR STREET FRANKFORT, KY 40601-1817 TELEPHONE (502) 564-5841 FACSIMILE (502) 564-2912

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MIKE HARMON AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS

To the People of Kentucky

The Honorable Andy Beshear, Governor Holly M. Johnson, Secretary Finance and Administration Cabinet The Honorable Robert W. Carpenter, Greenup County Judge/Executive Members of the Greenup County Fiscal Court

Independent Auditor's Report

Report on the Financial Statement

We have audited the accompanying Statement of Receipts, Disbursements, and Changes in Fund Balances - Regulatory Basis of the Greenup County Fiscal Court, for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statement, which collectively comprise the Greenup County Fiscal Court's financial statement as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statement

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of this financial statement in accordance with accounting practices prescribed or permitted by the Department for Local Government to demonstrate compliance with the Commonwealth of Kentucky's regulatory basis of accounting and budget laws. This includes determining that the regulatory basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statement in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of a financial statement that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on this financial statement based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the *Audit Guide for Fiscal Court Audits* issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts, Commonwealth of Kentucky. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statement is free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statement. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statement, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statement in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statement.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

209 ST. CLAIR STREET FRANKFORT, KY 40601-1817 To the People of Kentucky The Honorable Andy Beshear, Governor Holly M. Johnson, Secretary Finance and Administration Cabinet The Honorable Robert W. Carpenter, Greenup County Judge/Executive Members of the Greenup County Fiscal Court

Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

As described in Note 1 of the financial statement, the financial statement is prepared by the Greenup County Fiscal Court on the basis of the accounting practices prescribed or permitted by the Department for Local Government to demonstrate compliance with the Commonwealth of Kentucky's regulatory basis of accounting and budget laws, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The effects on the financial statement of the variances between the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note 1 and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, although not reasonably determinable, are presumed to be material.

Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

In our opinion, because of the significance of the matter discussed in the Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles paragraph, the financial statement referred to above does not present fairly, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of the Greenup County Fiscal Court as of June 30, 2021, or changes in financial position or cash flows thereof for the year then ended.

Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting

In our opinion, the financial statement referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the fund balances of the Greenup County Fiscal Court as of June 30, 2021, and their respective cash receipts and disbursements, and budgetary results for the year then ended, in accordance with the basis of accounting practices prescribed or permitted by the Department for Local Government as described in Note 1.

Other Matters

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statement taken as a whole of the Greenup County Fiscal Court. The Budgetary Comparison Schedules and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (supplementary information), as required by the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance) and Schedule of Capital Assets (other information) are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statement; however, they are required to be presented in accordance with accounting practices prescribed or permitted by the Department for Local Government to demonstrate compliance with the Commonwealth of Kentucky's regulatory basis of accounting and budget laws.

The accompanying Budgetary Comparison Schedules and Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statement. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statement and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statement itself, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Budgetary Comparison Schedules and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statement as a whole.

To the People of Kentucky The Honorable Andy Beshear, Governor Holly M. Johnson, Secretary Finance and Administration Cabinet The Honorable Robert W. Carpenter, Greenup County Judge/Executive Members of the Greenup County Fiscal Court

Other Matters (Continued)

Supplementary and Other Information (Continued)

The Schedule of Capital Assets has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statement, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 30, 2022, on our consideration of the Greenup County Fiscal Court's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Greenup County Fiscal Court's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Based on the results of our audit, we present the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs, which discusses the following report findings:

2021-001The Jail Does Not Have Adequate Segregation Of Duties Over Jail Commissary Transactions2021-002The Jail Commissary Purchased Electronic Cigarettes Without Obtaining Bids

Respectfully submitted,

Mike Harmon Auditor of Public Accounts

March 30, 2022

GREENUP COUNTY OFFICIALS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2021

Fiscal Court Members:

Robert W. Carpenter	County Judge/Executive
Andrew Imel	Commissioner
Tony Quillen	Commissioner
Earnie Duty	Commissioner

Other Elected Officials:

Michael Wilson Michael Worthington Patricia Hieneman Allen Reed Matt Smith Bobby Hall Leslie Neil Wright

Appointed Personnel:

Sharon Bates

County Attorney Jailer County Clerk Circuit Court Clerk Sheriff Property Valuation Administrator Coroner

County Treasurer

GREENUP COUNTY STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - REGULATORY BASIS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2021

GREENUP COUNTY STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - REGULATORY BASIS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Budgeted Funds						
	General Fund	Road Fund	Jail Fund				
RECEIPTS							
Taxes	\$ 5,689,236	\$	\$				
Excess Fees	399,862						
Licenses and Permits	77,785						
Intergovernmental	640,887	1,840,683	638,390				
Charges for Services	4,591		85,469				
Miscellaneous	3,571,624	497,334	9,343				
Interest	46,083	355	378				
Total Receipts	10,430,068	2,338,372	733,580				
DISBURSEMENTS							
General Government	1,713,688						
Protection to Persons and Property	211,599		1,514,128				
General Health and Sanitation	132,183		1,511,120				
Social Services	126,498						
Recreation and Culture	34,440						
Roads	51,110	3,000,508					
Other Transportation Facilities and Services		2,000,200					
Debt Service	335,000	176,129					
Capital Projects	99,133	79,080					
Administration	1,209,077	535,130	571,972				
Total Disbursements	3,861,618	3,790,847	2,086,100				
Excess (Deficiency) of Receipts Over Disbursements Before Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)	6,568,450	(1,452,475)	(1,352,520)				
Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)							
Transfers From Other Funds	265,637	1,450,000	1,456,640				
Transfers To Other Funds	(2,101,000)		, ,				
Total Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)	(1,835,363)		1,456,640				
Net Change in Fund Balance	4,733,087	(2,475)					
Fund Balance - Beginning (Restated)	3,017,387	108,140	27,918				
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 7,750,474	\$ 105,665	\$ 132,038				
Composition of Fund Balance Bank Balance Less: Outstanding Checks Certificates of Deposit	\$ 6,036,144 (26,404) 1,740,734	\$ 110,774 (5,109)	\$ 134,209) (2,171)				
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 7,750,474	\$ 105,665	\$ 132,038				
č							

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statement.

GREENUP COUNTY STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - REGULATORY BASIS For The Year Ended June 30, 2021 (Continued)

Budgeted Funds											
E	Local overnment conomic ssistance Fund		State Fund		Federal Fund		Landfill Fund	Rev	olving Loan Fund		E911 Fund
\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	510,577
							381,279				
	31,849		44,640		1,654,195		51,311				245,932
							800 17,105				13,150 7,652
	394		76		104		725		3,221		422
	32,243		44,716		1,654,299		451,220		3,221		777,733
									6,000		
			44,640								784,651
	• • • • •						324,716		12,674		
	2,000 18,448										
	10,440										
					4,180						
			21,268				50 50 4				202.026
	20,448		<u>34</u> 65,942		4,180		59,734 384,450		18,674		293,926 1,078,577
	20,110		05,742		,100		564,450		10,074		1,070,377
	11,795		(21,226)		1,650,119		66,770		(15,453)		(300,844)
			61,000 (199,920)		(1,572,044)						639,687
			(138,920)		(1,572,044)						639,687
	11,795		(160,146)		78,075		66,770		(15,453)		338,843
_	234,588	_	205,476	_	4,180	_	416,198	_	200,970	_	21,691
\$	246,383	\$	45,330	\$	82,255	\$	482,968	\$	185,517	\$	360,534
\$	246,383	\$	45,330	\$	82,255	\$	484,767 (1,799)	\$	30,052 (6,000) 161,465	\$	362,034 (1,500)
\$	246,383	\$	45,330	\$	82,255	\$	482,968	\$	185,517	\$	360,534
-	· · · ·		<i>,</i>	_					· · · ·	-	<i>,</i>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statement.

GREENUP COUNTY STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - REGULATORY BASIS For The Year Ended June 30, 2021 (Continued)

	Unbudgeted Funds					
		\BC `und	Co	Jail mmissary Fund		Total Funds
RECEIPTS						
Taxes	\$		\$		\$	6,199,813
Excess Fees	*		+		+	399,862
Licenses and Permits		1,030				460,094
Intergovernmental		,				5,147,887
Charges for Services						104,010
Miscellaneous				167,534		4,270,592
Interest				240		51,998
Total Receipts		1,030		167,774		16,634,256
DISBURSEMENTS						
General Government						1 710 699
Protection to Persons and Property						1,719,688 2,555,018
General Health and Sanitation						469,573
Social Services						409,373 128,498
Recreation and Culture				146,183		128,498
Roads				140,105		3,000,508
Other Transportation Facilities and Services						4,180
Debt Service						511,129
Capital Projects						199,481
Administration						2,669,873
Total Disbursements				146,183		11,457,019
Excess (Deficiency) of Receipts Over Disbursements Before Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)		1,030		21,591		5,177,237
Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)						
Transfers From Other Funds						3,872,964
Transfers To Other Funds						(3,872,964)
Total Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)						
Net Change in Fund Balance		1,030		21,591		5,177,237
Fund Balance - Beginning (Restated)				128,540		4,365,088
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	1,030	\$	150,131	\$	9,542,325
Composition of Fund Balance Bank Balance Less: Outstanding Checks Certificates of Deposit	\$	1,030	\$	151,258 (1,127)	\$	7,684,236 (44,110) 1,902,199
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	1,030	\$	150,131	\$	9,542,325

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statement.

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GREENUP COUNTY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT

June 30, 2021

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Reporting Entity

The financial statement of Greenup County includes all budgeted and unbudgeted funds under the control of the Greenup County Fiscal Court. Budgeted funds included within the reporting entity are those funds presented in the county's approved annual budget and reported on the quarterly reports submitted to the Department for Local Government. Unbudgeted funds may include non-fiduciary financial activities, private purpose trust funds, and internal service funds that are within the county's control. Unbudgeted funds may also include any corporation to act as the fiscal court in the acquisition and financing of any public project which may be undertaken by the fiscal court pursuant to the provisions of Kentucky law and thus accomplish a public purpose of the fiscal court. The unbudgeted funds are not presented in the annual approved budget or in the quarterly reports submitted to the Department.

B. Basis of Accounting

The financial statement is presented on a regulatory basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. This basis of accounting involves the reporting of fund balances and the changes therein resulting from cash inflows (cash receipts) and cash outflows (cash disbursements) to meet the financial reporting requirements of the Department for Local Government and the laws of the Commonwealth of Kentucky.

This regulatory basis of accounting differs from GAAP primarily because the financial statement format does not include the GAAP presentations of government-wide and fund financial statements, cash receipts are recognized when received in cash rather than when earned and susceptible to accrual, and cash disbursements are recognized when paid rather than when incurred or subject to accrual.

Generally, except as otherwise provided by law, property taxes are assessed as of January 1, levied (mailed) November 1, due at discount November 30, due at face value December 31, delinquent January 1 following the assessment, and subject to sale ninety days following April 15.

C. Basis of Presentation

Budgeted Funds

The fiscal court reports the following budgeted funds:

General Fund - This is the primary operating fund of the fiscal court. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except where the Department for Local Government requires a separate fund or where management requires that a separate fund be used for some function.

Road Fund - This fund is for road and bridge construction and repair. The primary sources of receipts for this fund are state payments for truck license distribution, municipal road aid, and transportation grants. The Department for Local Government requires the fiscal court to maintain these receipts and disbursements separately from the general fund.

Jail Fund - The primary purpose of this fund is to account for the jail expenses of the county. The primary sources of receipts for this fund are reimbursements from the state and federal governments, payments from other counties for housing prisoners, and transfers from the general fund. The Department for Local Government requires the fiscal court to maintain these receipts and disbursements separately from the general fund.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

C. Basis of Presentation (Continued)

Budgeted Funds (Continued)

Local Government Economic Assistance Fund - The primary purpose of this fund is to account for grants and related disbursements. The primary sources of receipts for this fund are grants from the state and federal governments.

State Fund - The primary purpose of this fund is to account for state grants. The primary source of receipts for this fund is state grants.

Federal Fund - The primary purpose of this fund is to account for federal grants. The primary source of receipts for this fund is federal grants.

Landfill Fund - The primary purpose of this fund is to help keep Greenup County clean. The primary source of receipts for this fund is landfill permit fees.

Revolving Loan Fund - The primary purpose of this fund is to assist local business through loans to qualifying applicants and is intended to stimulate the local economy through successful private enterprise.

E911 Fund - The primary purpose of this fund is to account for the dispatch expenses of the county. The primary source of receipts for this fund is the 911 telephone surcharge.

Unbudgeted Funds

The fiscal court reports the following unbudgeted funds:

ABC Fund - The primary purpose of this fund is to account for alcoholic beverage regulatory license fees. The primary source of receipts for this fund is alcohol beverages license fees.

Jail Commissary Fund - The canteen operations are authorized pursuant to KRS 441.135. The profits generated from the sale of items are to be used for the benefit and to enhance the well-being of the inmates, or to enhance safety and security within the jail. The jailer is required to maintain accounting records and report annually to the county treasurer the receipts and disbursements of the jail commissary fund.

D. Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted on a regulatory basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board and according to the laws of Kentucky as required by the state local finance officer.

The county judge/executive is required to submit estimated receipts and proposed disbursements to the fiscal court by May 1 of each year. The budget is prepared by fund, function, and activity and is required to be adopted by the fiscal court by July 1.

The fiscal court may change the original budget by transferring appropriations at the activity level; however, the fiscal court may not increase the total budget without approval by the state local finance officer. Disbursements may not exceed budgeted appropriations at the activity level.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

D. Budgetary Information (Continued)

The state local finance officer does not require the jail commissary fund to be budgeted because the fiscal court does not approve the expenses of this fund.

E. Greenup County Elected Officials

Kentucky law provides for election of the officials listed below from the geographic area constituting Greenup County. Pursuant to state statute, these officials perform various services for the Commonwealth of Kentucky, its judicial courts, the fiscal court, various cities and special districts within the county, and the board of education. In exercising these responsibilities, however, they are required to comply with state laws. Audits of their financial statements are issued separately and individually and can be obtained from their respective administrative offices. These financial statements are not required to be included in the financial statement of the Greenup County Fiscal Court.

- Circuit Court Clerk
- County Attorney
- Property Valuation Administrator
- County Clerk
- County Sheriff

F. Deposits and Investments

The government's fund balance is considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, certificates of deposit, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. The government's fund balance includes cash and cash equivalents and investments.

KRS 66.480 authorizes the county to invest in obligations of the United States and of its agencies and instrumentalities, obligations and contracts for future delivery or purchase of obligations backed by the full faith and credit of the United States, obligations of any corporation of the United States government, bonds or certificates of indebtedness of this state, and certificates of deposit issued by or other interest-bearing accounts of any bank or savings and loan institution which are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or which are collateralized, to the extent uninsured, by any obligation permitted by KRS 41.240(4).

G. Long-term Obligations

The fund financial statement recognizes bond interest, as well as bond issuance costs when received or when paid, during the current period. The principal amount of the debt and interest are reported as disbursements. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as disbursements. Debt proceeds are reported as other adjustments to cash.

H. Related Obligations and Joint Ventures

A related organization is an entity for which a primary government is not financially accountable. It does not impose will or have a financial benefit or burden relationship, even if the primary government appoints a voting majority of the related organization's governing board. Based on this criteria, the following is considered a related organization of the Greenup County Fiscal Court:

GREENUP COUNTY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT June 30, 2021 (Continued)

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

H. Related Obligations and Joint Ventures (Continued)

A legal entity or other organization that results from a contractual agreement and that is owned, operated, or governed by two or more participants as a separate activity subject to joint control, in which the participants retain (a) an ongoing financial interest or (b) an ongoing financial responsibility is a joint venture. Based on this criteria, the following are considered joint ventures of the Greenup County Fiscal Court:

Northeast Kentucky Regional Industrial Airport Authority Boyd/Greenup Riverport Authority Ashland Regional Airport

Note 2. Deposits

The fiscal court maintained deposits of public funds with federally insured banking institutions as required by the Department for Local Government's (DLG) *County Budget Preparation and State Local Finance Officer Policy Manual*. The DLG Manual strongly recommends perfected pledges of securities covering all public funds except direct federal obligations and funds protected by federal insurance. In order to be perfected in the event of failure or insolvency of the depository institution, this pledge or provision of collateral should be evidenced by an agreement between the fiscal court and the depository institution, signed by both parties, that is (a) in writing, (b) approved by the board of directors of the depository institution or its loan committee, which approval must be reflected in the minutes of the board or committee, and (c) an official record of the depository institution. These requirements were met.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a depository institution failure, the government's deposits may not be returned. The government does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk, but rather follows the requirements of the DLG *County Budget Preparation and State Local Finance Officer Policy Manual*. As of June 30, 2021, all deposits were covered by FDIC insurance or a properly executed collateral security agreement.

Note 3. Transfers

The table below shows the interfund operating transfers for fiscal year 2021.

	General	Federal	State	Total Transform In
	Fund	Fund	Fund	Transfers In
General Fund	\$	\$ 65,717	\$ 199,920	\$ 265,637
Road Fund	1,450,000			1,450,000
Jail Fund	490,000	966,640		1,456,640
State Fund	61,000			61,000
E911 Fund	100,000	539,687		639,687
Total Transfers Out	\$ 2,101,000	\$ 1,572,044	\$ 199,920	\$ 3,872,964

GREENUP COUNTY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT June 30, 2021 (Continued)

Note 3. Transfers (Continued)

Reason for transfers:

To move resources from and to the general fund and other funds, for budgetary purposes, to the funds that will expend them.

Note 4. Custodial Funds

Custodial funds report only those resources held in a trust or custodial capacity for individuals, private organizations, or other governments. In accordance with the regulatory basis of accounting, custodial funds are not presented on the financial statement.

The fiscal court has the following custodial funds:

Jail Inmate Fund - This fund accounts for funds received from the inmates. The balance in the jail inmate fund as of June 30, 2021 was \$85,246.

Jailer Drug Forfeiture Fund - This fund accounts for funds seized by the Greenup County Jailer and is held until the court system issues orders on what to do with the funds. The balance in the jailer drug forfeiture account as of June 30, 2021, was \$3,572.

FSA/HRA Fund - This fund accounts for employee and employer contributions to reimburse employees for health care expenses. The balance in the FSA/HRA fund as of June 30, 2021, was \$19,418.

Note 5. Long-Term Debt

A. Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements

1. Boyd/Greenup Riverport Authority Land Purchase

On January 12, 2006, the Greenup County Fiscal Court entered into a direct borrowing with the Kentucky Association of Counties to borrow \$500,000 to purchase a tract of land on behalf of the Boyd/Greenup Riverport Authority. The agreement has a term of 28 years with a maturity date of January 20, 2034. Interest payments are due monthly with one principal payment due on January 20th of each year. In order to secure all of its obligations hereunder, the fiscal court grants to the lessor a first and prior security interest in any and all right, title and interest of the project and agrees to deliver all certificates of title to evidence such security interest. If an event of default has occurred, the lessor of this direct borrowing may: (a) terminate the lease term and give notice to the fiscal court to vacate within 60 days of notice, (b) sell or re-lease the project, (c) recover from the fiscal court the lease rental payments which would otherwise have been payable, and (d) take whatever action at law or in equity may appear necessary or desirable to enforce its rights in the project and the right to sell or re-lease or otherwise dispose of the project in accordance with applicable law. This financing obligation was paid off early, on July 6, 2020.

2. Road Repair and Resurfacing

On June 24, 2014, the Greenup County Fiscal Court entered into a ten-year \$1,500,000 lease agreement to repair and resurface roads. The lease has a fixed rate of 2.85 percent through June 19, 2019, and a variable rate thereafter.

Note 5. Long-Term Debt (Continued)

A. Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements (Continued)

2. Road Repair and Resurfacing (Continued)

If an event of default has occurred, the lessor of this direct borrowing may: (a) enforce the pledge set forth of this lease so that during the remaining lease term there is levied on all taxable property a direct tax annually in an amount sufficient to pay the lease payments when due, (b) by written notice to lessee, enter and take immediate possession of the project; (c) sell or re-lease the project, (d) exercise any other right, remedy or privilege which may be available to it under the applicable laws of the Commonwealth.

The amount outstanding under this agreement was \$450,000 at June 30, 2021. Payments for the remaining years are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30	P	rincipal	Scheduled Interest			
2022 2023 2024	\$	150,000 150,000 150,000	\$	18,753 11,377 4,008		
Totals	\$	450,000	\$	34,138		

B. Changes In Long-term Debt

Long-term Debt activity for the year ended June 30, 2021, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year	
Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements	\$ 935,000	\$	\$ 485,000	\$ 450,000	\$ 150,000	
Total Long-term Debt	\$ 935,000	\$ 0	\$ 485,000	\$ 450,000	\$ 150,000	

Note 5. Long-Term Debt (Continued)

C. Aggregate Debt Schedule

The amount of required principal and interest payments on long-term obligations at June 30, 2021, were as follows:

	Direct Borrowings and						
		Direct Pla	aceme	ents			
Fiscal Year Ended							
June 30	F	rincipal	Interest				
2022	\$	150,000	\$	18,753			
2023		150,000		11,377			
2024		150,000		4,008			
Totals	\$	450,000	\$	34,138			

Note 6. Employee Retirement System

The fiscal court has elected to participate, pursuant to KRS 78.530, in the County Employees Retirement System (CERS), which is administered by the Board of Trustees of the Kentucky Retirement Systems (KRS). This is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer, defined benefit pension plan, which covers all eligible full-time employees and provides for retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members. Benefit contributions and provisions are established by statute. Effective April 1, 2021, the Kentucky Retirement Systems as an agency of the Commonwealth is now known as the Kentucky Public Pensions Authority (KPPA). The governance of CERS has been transferred to a separate 9-member board of trustees that is responsible for the governance of the CERS pension and insurance plans.

The county's contribution for FY 2019 was \$963,663, FY 2020 was \$999,535, and FY 2021 was \$1,071,350.

Nonhazardous covered employees are required to contribute 5 percent of their salary to the plan. Nonhazardous covered employees who begin participation on or after September 1, 2008, are required to contribute 6 percent of their salary to be allocated as follows: 5 percent will go to the member's account and 1 percent will go to the KRS insurance fund.

In accordance with Senate Bill 2, signed by the Governor on April 4, 2013, plan members who began participating on or after January 1, 2014, were required to contribute to the Cash Balance Plan. The Cash Balance Plan is known as a hybrid plan because it has characteristics of both a defined benefit plan and a defined contribution plan. Members in the plan contribute a set percentage of their salary each month to their own accounts. Nonhazardous covered employees contribute 5 percent of their annual creditable compensation. Nonhazardous members also contribute 1 percent to the health insurance fund which is not credited to the member's account and is not refundable. The employer contributes a set percentage of the member's salary. Each month, when employer contributions are received, an employer pay credit is deposited to the member's account. A member's account is credited with a 4 percent employer pay credit. The employer pay credit represents a portion of the employer contribution.

GREENUP COUNTY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT June 30, 2021 (Continued)

Note 6. Employee Retirement System (Continued)

Benefits fully vest on reaching five years of service for nonhazardous employees. Aspects of benefits for nonhazardous employees include retirement after 27 years of service or age 65. Nonhazardous employees who begin participation on or after September 1, 2008, must meet the rule of 87 (member's age plus years of service credit must equal 87, and the member must be a minimum of 57 years of age) or the member is age 65, with a minimum of 60 months service credit.

The county's contribution rate for nonhazardous employees was 24.06 percent.

Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB)

A. <u>Health Insurance Coverage - Tier 1</u>

CERS provides post-retirement health care coverage as follows:

For members participating prior to July 1, 2003, years of service and respective percentages of the maximum contribution are as follows:

Years of Service	% Paid by Insurance Fund	% Paid by Member through Payroll Deduction
20 or more	100%	0%
15-19	75%	25%
10-14	50%	50%
4-9	25%	75%
Less than 4	0%	100%

As a result of House Bill 290 (2004 General Assembly), medical insurance benefits are calculated differently for members who began participation on or after July 1, 2003. Once members reach a minimum vesting period of ten years, non-hazardous employees whose participation began on or after July 1, 2003, earn ten dollars per month for insurance benefits at retirement for every year of earned service without regard to a maximum dollar amount. This dollar amount is subject to adjustment annually based on the retiree cost of living adjustment, which is updated annually due to changes in the Consumer Price Index.

Benefits are covered under KRS 161.714 with exception of COLA and retiree health benefits after July 2003.

B. Health Insurance Coverage - Tier 2 and Tier 3 - Nonhazardous

Once members reach a minimum vesting period of 15 years, they earn ten dollars per month for insurance benefits at retirement for every year of earned service without regard to a maximum dollar amount. This dollar amount is subject to adjustment annually by 1.5 percent. This was established for Tier 2 members during the 2008 Special Legislative Session by House Bill 1. During the 2013 Legislative Session, Senate Bill 2 was enacted, creating Tier 3 benefits for members.

The monthly insurance benefit has been increased annually as a 1.5 percent cost of living adjustment (COLA) since July 2003 when the law changed. The annual increase is cumulative and continues to accrue after the member's retirement.

Tier 2 member benefits are covered by KRS 161.714 with exception of COLA and retiree health benefits after July 2003. Tier 3 members are not covered by the same provisions.

Note 6. Employee Retirement System (Continued)

Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) (Continued)

C. Cost of Living Adjustments - Tier 1

The 1996 General Assembly enacted an automatic cost of living adjustment (COLA) provision for all recipients of KRS benefits. During the 2008 Special Session, the General Assembly determined that each July beginning in 2009, retirees who have been receiving a retirement allowance for at least 12 months will receive an automatic COLA of 1.5 percent. The COLA is not a guaranteed benefit. If a retiree has been receiving a benefit for less than 12 months, and a COLA is provided, it will be prorated based on the number of months the recipient has been receiving a benefit.

D. Cost of Living Adjustments - Tier 2 and Tier 3

No COLA is given unless authorized by the legislature with specific criteria. To this point, no COLA has been authorized by the legislature for Tier 2 or Tier 3 members.

E. Death Benefit

If a retired member is receiving a monthly benefit based on at least 48 months of service credit, KPPA will pay a \$5,000 death benefit payment to the beneficiary designated by the member specifically for this benefit. Members with multiple accounts are entitled to only one death benefit.

KRS Annual Financial Report and Proportionate Share Audit Report

KRS issues a publicly available annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information on CERS. This report may be obtained by writing the Kentucky Public Pensions Authority, 1260 Louisville Road, Frankfort, KY 40601-6124, or by telephone at (502) 564-4646.

KPPA also issues proportionate share audit reports for both total pension liability and other post-employment benefits for CERS determined by actuarial valuation as well as each participating county's proportionate share. Both the Schedules of Employer Allocations and Pension Amounts by Employer and the Schedules of Employer Allocations and Pension Amounts by Employer and the Schedules of Employer Allocations and Pension Amounts by Employer and the Schedules of Employer Allocations and OPEB Amounts by Employer reports and the related actuarial tables are available online at https://kyret.ky.gov. The complete actuarial valuation report, including all actuarial assumptions and methods, is also available on the website or can be obtained as described in the paragraph above.

Note 7. Deferred Compensation

The Greenup County Fiscal Court voted to allow all eligible employees to participate in deferred compensation plans administered by the Kentucky Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Authority. The Kentucky Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Authority is authorized under KRS 18A.230 to 18A.275 to provide administration of tax-sheltered supplemental retirement plans for all state, public school and university employees, and employees of local political subdivisions that have elected to participate.

These deferred compensation plans permit all full-time employees to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency. Participation by eligible employees in the deferred compensation plans is voluntary.

Note 7. Deferred Compensation (Continued)

Historical trend information showing the Kentucky Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Authority's progress in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due is presented in the Kentucky Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Authority's annual financial report. This report may be obtained by writing the Kentucky Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Authority at 501 High Street, 2nd Floor, Frankfort, KY 40601, or by telephone at (502) 573-7925.

Note 8. Health Reimbursement Account/Flexible Spending Account

- A. The fiscal court allows employees to participate in a health reimbursement account for employees who waive health insurance coverage provided by the fiscal court. The fiscal court contributes \$300 and employees are required to submit adequate documentation for qualified medical expenses to receive reimbursement. Employees forfeit any remaining balance of funds not utilized during the year.
- B. The fiscal court allows employees to participate in a flexible spending account to provide employees an additional health benefit. Employees contribute pre-tax funds through payroll deduction and are required to submit adequate documentation for qualified medical expenses to receive reimbursement.

Note 9. Insurance

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, the Greenup County Fiscal Court was a member of the Kentucky Association of Counties' All Lines Fund (KALF). KALF is a self-insurance fund and was organized to obtain lower cost coverage for general liability, property damage, public officials' errors and omissions, public liability, and other damages. The basic nature of a self-insurance program is that of collectively shared risk by its members. If losses incurred for covered claims exceed the resources contributed by the members, the members are responsible for payment of the excess losses.

Note 10. Conduit Debt

From time to time the county has issued bonds to provide financial assistance for the acquisition and construction of industrial and commercial facilities deemed to be in the public interest, in accordance with KRS 103.210. This debt may take the form of certain types of limited-obligation revenue bonds, certificates of participation, or similar debt instruments. Although conduit debt obligations bear the Greenup County Fiscal Court's name as issuer, the fiscal court has no obligation for such debt beyond the resources provided by a lease or loan with the third party on whose behalf it is issued. Neither the fiscal court nor any political subdivision thereof is obligated in any manner for repayment of the bonds. Accordingly, the bonds are not reported as liabilities in the accompanying financial statement.

Note 11. Phone Service Agreement - Technology Grants

On January 30, 2020, the Greenup County Jailer entered into a four-year contract in the form of a refundable technology grant to be used the jail's discretion. The grantor will provide the jail \$125,000 over the course of four years. During fiscal year 2021, none of the grant funds were utilized.

Note 12. Prior Period Adjustments

The beginning balances of the general and road funds were increased by \$785 and \$495, respectively, to account for prior year voided checks.

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GREENUP COUNTY BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES Supplementary Information - Regulatory Basis

For The Year Ended June 30, 2021

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GREENUP COUNTY BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES Supplementary Information - Regulatory Basis

For The Year Ended June 30, 2021

	GENERAL FUND							
Budg Original			Am	ounts Final	Actual Amounts, (Budgetary Basis)		F	ariance with 'inal Budget Positive (Negative)
RECEIPTS								
Taxes	\$	5,245,400	\$	5,245,400	\$	5,689,236	\$	443,836
Excess Fees		82,949		82,949		399,862		316,913
Licenses and Permits		74,000		74,000		77,785		3,785
Intergovernmental		354,000		354,000		640,887		286,887
Charges for Services		2,000		2,000		4,591		2,591
Miscellaneous		110,500		110,500		3,571,624		3,461,124
Interest		35,000		35,000		46,083		11,083
Total Receipts		5,903,849		5,903,849		10,430,068		4,526,219
DISBURSEMENTS								
General Government		1,800,100		2,099,300		1,713,688		385,612
Protection to Persons and Property		112,700		224,450		211,599		12,851
General Health and Sanitation		111,200		147,280		132,183		15,097
Social Services		131,000		134,000		126,498		7,502
Recreation and Culture		55,000		55,000		34,440		20,560
Debt Service		37,000		37,000		335,000		(298,000)
Capital Projects				166,000		99,133		66,867
Administration		2,141,399		1,525,369		1,209,077		316,292
Total Disbursements		4,388,399	. <u> </u>	4,388,399		3,861,618		526,781
Excess (Deficiency) of Receipts Over Disbursements Before Other								
Adjustments to Cash (Uses)		1,515,450		1,515,450		6,568,450		5,053,000
Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)								
Transfers From Other Funds						265,637		265,637
Transfers To Other Funds		(3,665,450)		(3,665,450)		(2,101,000)		1,564,450
Total Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)		(3,665,450)		(3,665,450)		(1,835,363)		1,830,087
Net Change in Fund Balance		(2,150,000)		(2,150,000)		4,733,087		6,883,087
Fund Balance - Beginning (Restated)		2,150,000		2,150,000		3,017,387		867,387
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	0	\$	0	\$	7,750,474	\$	7,750,474

	ROAD FUND										
		Budgeted	ounts Final		Actual Amounts, (Budgetary Basis)	Fi	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)				
RECEIPTS		Oliginal		1 11.001		Dasisj	(1	(egative)			
Intergovernmental	\$	1,648,865	\$	1,648,865	\$	1,840,683	\$	191,818			
Miscellaneous		401,500		401,500		497,334		95,834			
Interest		500		500		355		(145)			
Total Receipts		2,050,865		2,050,865		2,338,372		287,507			
DISBURSEMENTS											
Roads		3,143,581		3,243,581		3,000,508		243,073			
Debt Service		205,000		205,000		176,129		28,871			
Capital Projects		110,000		110,000		79,080		30,920			
Administration		842,584		742,584		535,130		207,454			
Total Disbursements		4,301,165		4,301,165		3,790,847		510,318			
Excess (Deficiency) of Receipts Over											
Disbursements Before Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)		(2,250,300)		(2,250,300)		(1,452,475)		797,825			
-								, , ,			
Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)											
Transfers From Other Funds		2,000,300		2,000,300		1,450,000		(550,300)			
Total Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)		2,000,300		2,000,300		1,450,000		(550,300)			
Net Change in Fund Balance		(250,000)		(250,000)		(2,475)		247,525			
Fund Balance - Beginning (Restated)		250,000		250,000		108,140		(141,860)			
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	0	\$	0	\$	105,665	\$	105,665			

	JAIL FUND									
		Budgeted Amounts				Actual Amounts, Budgetary	F	ariance with inal Budget Positive		
RECEIPTS		Original		Final		Basis)	(Negative)		
Intergovernmental	\$	671,000	\$	671,000	\$	638,390	\$	(32,610)		
Charges for Services	Ŷ	101,000	Ŷ	101,000	Ŷ	85,469	Ŷ	(15,531)		
Miscellaneous		34,000		34,000		9,343		(24,657)		
Interest		100		100		378		278		
Total Receipts		806,100		806,100		733,580		(72,520)		
DISBURSEMENTS										
Protection to Persons and Property		1,683,000		1,693,100		1,514,128		178,972		
Administration		752,250		742,150		571,972		170,178		
Total Disbursements		2,435,250		2,435,250		2,086,100		349,150		
Excess (Deficiency) of Receipts Over Disbursements Before Other										
Adjustments to Cash (Uses)		(1,629,150)		(1,629,150)		(1,352,520)		276,630		
Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)										
Transfers From Other Funds		1,609,150		1,609,150		1,456,640		(152,510)		
Total Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)		1,609,150		1,609,150		1,456,640		(152,510)		
Net Change in Fund Balance		(20,000)		(20,000)		104,120		124,120		
Fund Balance - Beginning		20,000		20,000		27,918		7,918		
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	0	\$	0	\$	132,038	\$	132,038		

	 Budgeted	Amo			Actual Amounts, Budgetary	Fi	riance with nal Budget Positive
	 Original		Final	Basis)		(Negative)	
RECEIPTS							
Intergovernmental	\$ 133,407	\$	133,407	\$	31,849	\$	(101,558)
Interest	 200		200		394		194
Total Receipts	 133,607		133,607		32,243		(101,364)
DISBURSEMENTS							
Social Services	27,500		27,500		2,000		25,500
Recreation and Culture			19,000		18,448		552
Administration	 336,107		317,107				317,107
Total Disbursements	 363,607		363,607		20,448		343,159
Net Change in Fund Balance	(230,000)		(230,000)		11,795		241,795
Fund Balance - Beginning	 230,000		230,000		234,588		4,588
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 0	\$	0	\$	246,383	\$	246,383

LOCAL GOVERNMENT ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE FUND

	STATE FUND									
		Budgeted Original	ounts Final		Actual Amounts, Budgetary Basis)	Fi	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)			
RECEIPTS		0				, <u> </u>	`			
Intergovernmental	\$	248,000	\$	248,000	\$	44,640	\$	(203,360)		
Interest		35		35		76		41		
Total Receipts		248,035		248,035		44,716		(203,319)		
DISBURSEMENTS										
Protection to Persons and Property		71,000		71,000		44,640		26,360		
General Health and Sanitation		1,000		1,000				1,000		
Social Services		1,000		1,000				1,000		
Capital Projects		176,000		176,000		21,268		154,732		
Administration		179,035		179,035		34		179,001		
Total Disbursements		428,035		428,035		65,942		362,093		
Excess (Deficiency) of Receipts Over										
Disbursements Before Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)		(180,000)		(180,000)		(21,226)		158,774		
Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)										
Transfers From Other Funds						61,000		61,000		
Transfers To Other Funds						(199,920)		(199,920)		
Total Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)						(138,920)		(138,920)		
Net Change in Fund Balance		(180,000)		(180,000)		(160,146)		19,854		
Fund Balance - Beginning		180,000		180,000		205,476		25,476		
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	0	\$	0	\$	45,330	\$	45,330		

	FEDERAL FUND									
		Budgeted	l Amo	ounts		Actual Amounts, Budgetary		ariance with 'inal Budget Positive		
	(Original	Final		Basis)		(Negative)			
RECEIPTS										
Intergovernmental	\$	853,300	\$	853,300	\$	1,654,195	\$	800,895		
Interest						104		104		
Total Receipts		853,300		853,300		1,654,299		800,999		
DISBURSEMENTS										
Protection to Persons and Property		40,000		40,000				40,000		
Other Transportation Facilities and Services		813,300		813,300		4,180		809,120		
Total Disbursements		853,300		853,300		4,180		849,120		
Excess (Deficiency) of Receipts Over										
Disbursements Before Other										
Adjustments to Cash (Uses)						1,650,119		1,650,119		
Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)										
Transfers To Other Funds						(1,572,044)		(1,572,044)		
Total Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)						(1,572,044)		(1,572,044)		
Net Change in Fund Balance						78,075		78,075		
e								· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Fund Balance - Beginning						4,180		4,180		
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	0	\$	0	\$	82,255	\$	82,255		

	LANDFILL FUND									
		Budgeted Original	Amo	ounts Final		Actual Amounts, Budgetary Basis)	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)			
RECEIPTS	¢	200.000	¢	200.000	¢	201 270	¢	(0.721)		
Licenses and Permits	\$	390,000	\$	390,000	\$	381,279	\$	(8,721)		
Intergovernmental		50,000		50,000		51,311		1,311		
Charges for Services		1,000		1,000		800		(200)		
Miscellaneous		8,500		8,500		17,105		8,605		
Interest		125		125		725		600		
Total Receipts		449,625		449,625		451,220		1,595		
DISBURSEMENTS										
Protection to Persons and Property		20,000		20,000				20,000		
General Health and Sanitation		286,500		343,500		324,716		18,784		
Administration		618,125		561,125		59,734		501,391		
Total Disbursements		924,625		924,625		384,450		540,175		
Net Change in Fund Balance		(475,000)		(475,000)		66,770		541,770		
Fund Balance - Beginning		475,000		475,000		416,198		(58,802)		
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	0	\$	0	\$	482,968	\$	482,968		

	REVOLVING LOAN FUND									
		Budgeted Original	Amo	Actual Amounts, Budgetary Basis)	Fir	iance with nal Budget Positive Jegative)				
RECEIPTS										
Interest	\$	2,500	\$	2,500	\$	3,221	\$	721		
Total Receipts		2,500		2,500		3,221		721		
DISBURSEMENTS										
General Government		167,200		173,200		6,000		167,200		
General Health and Sanitation				13,000		12,674		326		
Administration		35,300		16,300				16,300		
Total Disbursements		202,500		202,500		18,674		183,826		
Net Change in Fund Balance		(200,000)		(200,000)		(15,453)		184,547		
Fund Balance - Beginning		200,000		200,000		200,970		970		
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	0	\$	0	\$	185,517	\$	185,517		

	E911 FUND										
		Budgeted Original	Am	ounts Final		Actual Amounts, Budgetary Basis)	F	ariance with inal Budget Positive Negative)			
RECEIPTS											
Taxes	\$	10,000	\$	10,000	\$	510,577	\$	500,577			
Intergovernmental		20,100		20,100		245,932		225,832			
Charges for Services		15,100		15,100		13,150		(1,950)			
Miscellaneous		1,100,500		1,100,500		7,652		(1,092,848)			
Interest		100		100		422		322			
Total Receipts		1,145,800		1,145,800		777,733		(368,067)			
DISBURSEMENTS											
Protection to Persons and Property		1,009,900		1,017,050		784,651		232,399			
Administration		417,100		409,950		293,926		116,024			
Total Disbursements		1,427,000		1,427,000		1,078,577		348,423			
Excess (Deficiency) of Receipts Over											
Disbursements Before Other											
Adjustments to Cash (Uses)		(281,200)		(281,200)		(300,844)		(19,644)			
Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)											
Transfers From Other Funds		225,200		225,200		639,687		414,487			
Total Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)		225,200		225,200		639,687		414,487			
Net Change in Fund Balance		(56,000)		(56,000)		338,843		394,843			
Fund Balance - Beginning		56,000		56,000		21,691		(34,309)			
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	0	\$	0	\$	360,534	\$	360,534			

GREENUP COUNTY NOTES TO REGULATORY SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES

June 30, 2021

Note 1. Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted on a regulatory basis of accounting which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board and according to the laws of Kentucky as required by the state local finance officer.

The county judge/executive is required to submit estimated receipts and proposed disbursements to the fiscal court by May 1 of each year. The budget is prepared by fund, function, and activity and is required to be adopted by the fiscal court by July 1.

The fiscal court may change the original budget by transferring appropriations at the activity level; however, the fiscal court may not increase the total budget without approval by the state local finance officer. Disbursements may not exceed budgeted appropriations at the activity level.

Note 2. Excess of Disbursements Over Appropriations

The general fund, debt service line item, exceeded budgeted appropriations by \$298,000. This resulted from third-party paying off conduit debt.

GREENUP COUNTY SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

GREENUP COUNTY SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Federal <u>CFDA Number</u>	Pass-Through Entity's Identifying Number	Provided to Subrecipient	Total Federal Expenditures
U.S. Department of Treasury				
Passed-Through Kentucky Department for Local Govern	ment			
COVID-19 - Coronavirus Relief Fund	21.019	PON2-112-2100000165	\$	\$ 531,489
COVID-19 - Coronavirus Relief Fund	21.019	PON2-112-2100001350		375,166
Total U.S. Department of Treasury				906,655
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development				
Passed-Through Kentucky Department for Local Govern	ment			
Community Development Block Grant	14.228	17-048	\$	\$ 4,180
Total U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Developr	nent			4,180
U.S. Department of Homeland Security				
Passed-Through Kentucky Emergency Management				
Emergency Management Performance Grant	97.042	SC-095-2100000605	\$	\$ 49,542
Disaster Grants - Public Assistance DR 4592	97.036	SC-095-2100001150		431,478
Disaster Grants - Public Assistance DR 4595	97.036	SC-095-2100001268		27,157
Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security				508,177
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$ 0	\$ 1,419,012

GREENUP COUNTY NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

June 30, 2021

Note 1. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (Schedule) includes the federal award activity of Greenup County, Kentucky under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2021. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of Greenup County, Kentucky, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net assets, or cash flows of Greenup County, Kentucky.

Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the basis of the accounting practices prescribed or permitted by the Department for Local Government to demonstrate compliance with the Commonwealth of Kentucky's regulatory basis of accounting and budget laws, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the Schedule represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years.

Note 3. Indirect Cost Rate

Greenup County has not adopted an indirect cost rate and has not elected to use the 10 percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

GREENUP COUNTY SCHEDULE OF CAPITAL ASSETS Other Information - Regulatory Basis

GREENUP COUNTY SCHEDULE OF CAPITAL ASSETS Other Information - Regulatory Basis

For The Year Ended June 30, 2021

The fiscal court reports the following Schedule of Capital Assets:

	Beginning Balance		Additions		Deletions		Ending Balance	
Land and Land Improvements	\$ 2,	905,418	\$		\$		\$	2,905,418
Buildings and Building Improvements	6,	063,664						6,063,664
Vehicles and Equipment	2,	689,776		521,566		674,850		2,536,492
Other Equipment		355,147				34,289		320,858
Infrastructure	19,	040,529		1,464,907		1,379,354		19,126,082
T-4-1 C	¢ 21	054 524	¢	1 097 472	¢	2 099 402	¢	20.052.514
Total Capital Assets	۵3I,	054,534	3	1,986,473	\$	2,088,493	\$	30,952,514

GREENUP COUNTY NOTES TO OTHER INFORMATION - REGULATORY BASIS SCHEDULE OF CAPITAL ASSETS

June 30, 2021

Note 1. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, land improvements, buildings, furniture, and office equipment, building improvements, machinery, equipment, and infrastructure assets (roads and bridges) that have a useful life of more than one reporting period based on the government's capitalization policy, are reported as other information. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost when purchased or constructed.

	Cap	oitalization	Useful Life	
	T1	nreshold	(Years)	
Land Improvements	\$	20,000	10-60	
Buildings and Building Improvements	\$	50,000	10-75	
Vehicles and Equipment	\$	10,000	3-25	
Infrastructure	\$	20,000	10-50	

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENT PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*



MIKE HARMON AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS

The Honorable Robert W. Carpenter, Greenup County Judge/Executive Members of the Greenup County Fiscal Court

Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance And Other Matters Based On An Audit Of The Financial Statement Performed In Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards*

Independent Auditor's Report

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the Statement of Receipts, Disbursements, and Changes in Fund Balances - Regulatory Basis of the Greenup County Fiscal Court for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statement which collectively comprise the Greenup County Fiscal Court's financial statement and have issued our report thereon dated March 30, 2022.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statement, we considered the Greenup County Fiscal Court's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statement, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Greenup County Fiscal Court's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Greenup County Fiscal Court's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statement will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies, and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified. We identified certain deficiencies in internal control, which are described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses that we consider to be significant deficiencies as items 2021-001and 2021-002.

209 ST. CLAIR STREET FRANKFORT, KY 40601-1817 Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance And Other Matters Based On An Audit Of The Financial Statement Performed In Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards* (Continued)

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Greenup County Fiscal Court's financial statement is free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statement. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Views of Responsible Official and Planned Corrective Action

Greenup County's views and planned corrective action for the findings identified in our audit are included in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses. The county's responses were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statement, and accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Respectfully submitted,

Mike Harmon Auditor of Public Accounts

March 30, 2022

REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE



MIKE HARMON AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS

The Honorable Robert W. Carpenter, Greenup County Judge/Executive Members of the Greenup County Fiscal Court

Report On Compliance For Each Major Federal Program And Report On Internal Control Over Compliance In Accordance With The Uniform Guidance

Independent Auditor's Report

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Greenup County Fiscal Court's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. *Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Greenup County Fiscal Court's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2021. The Greenup County Fiscal Court's major federal programs are identified in the Summary of Auditor's Results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the Greenup County Fiscal Court's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Greenup County Fiscal Court's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination on the Greenup County Fiscal Court's compliance.

209 ST. CLAIR STREET Frankfort, KY 40601-1817 Report On Compliance For Each Major Federal Program And Report On Internal Control Over Compliance In Accordance With The Uniform Guidance (Continued)

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the Greenup County Fiscal Court complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2021.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the Greenup County Fiscal Court is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the Greenup County Fiscal Court's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Greenup County Fiscal Court's internal control over compliance.

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the result of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Respectfully submitted,

Mike Harmon Auditor of Public Accounts

March 30, 2022

GREENUP COUNTY SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

GREENUP COUNTY SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2021

Section I: Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statement

Type of report the auditor issued on whether the financial statements audited were prepared in accordance with GAAP: Adverse on GAAP and Unmodified on Regulatory Basis

Internal control over financial reporting:

Are any material weaknesses identified?	□ Yes	☑ No
Are any significant deficiencies identified?	☑ Yes	□ None Reported
Are any noncompliances material to financial statements noted?	□ Yes	☑ No

Federal Awards

Internal control over major programs:

Are any material weaknesses identified?	□ Yes	🗹 No
Are any significant deficiencies identified?	□ Yes	☑ None Reported
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major		_
federal programs: Unmodified		
Are any audit findings disclosed that are required to be		
reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?	\Box Yes	🗹 No

Identification of major programs:

CFDA Number	Name of Federal Program or Cluster
21.019	COVID-19 - Coronavirus Relief Fund

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and		
Type B programs:	\$750,000	
Auditee qualified as a low-risk auditee?	□ Yes	🗵 No

Section II: Financial Statement Findings

Internal Control - Significant Deficiencies

2021-001 The Jail Does Not Have Adequate Segregation Of Duties Over Jail Commissary Transactions

This is a repeat finding and was included in the prior year audit report as finding 2020-002. The jail does not have adequate segregation of duties over jail commissary transactions.

A deficiency occurs when someone has custody over assets and the responsibility of recording financial transactions. The bookkeeper for the jail commissary prepares deposits, prepares daily checkout sheets, and posts to the receipts ledger. In addition, the bookkeeper prepares monthly collection and disbursement reports, posts to the disbursements ledger, and prepares monthly bank reconciliations. The jailer has been informed of this issue and has failed segregate duties or to implement and document compensating controls sufficient to offset the weakness noted.

Inadequate segregation of duties allows one person to have a significant role in processing and recording receipts and disbursements, which increases the risk that misappropriation of assets and inaccurate financial reporting will occur and be undetected.

A strong internal control system requires the duties of receiving, recording, disbursing, and reporting be segregated in order to decrease the risk of misappropriation of assets, errors, and inaccurate financial reporting to external agencies. Although the jailer has implemented some compensating controls, such as dual signatures on checks and recounting the daily deposits, they do not eliminate the risk associated with inadequate segregation of duties.

We recommend the jailer either segregate duties adequately or implement and document compensating controls. If these duties cannot be segregated, the jailer should implement additional compensating controls to help offset this weakness:

- Recount the daily deposit and verify that it agrees to the daily checkout sheet.
- Agree daily checkout sheet to the receipts ledger and deposit slip.
- Review the monthly reports and agree them to the receipts ledger and disbursements ledger.
- Review the monthly bank reconciliation and trace transactions to source documents.

The jailer should initial these documents as proof of his review.

Views of Responsible Official and Planned Corrective Action:

Jailer's Response: We were told in the past to have an officer look over and sign off on intake and deposits and that would be sufficient. There have never been any discrepancies. We do not have the budget to add another position. I am open to suggestions.

Section II: Financial Statement Findings (Continued)

Internal Control - Significant Deficiencies (Continued)

2021-002 The Jail Commissary Purchased Electronic Cigarettes Without Obtaining Bids

This is a repeat finding and was included in the prior year audit report as finding 2020-003. The jail commissary purchased electronic cigarettes (e-cigarettes) totaling \$65,368 from a single vendor without obtaining bids. These purchases consisted of 12 invoices less than \$30,000 each.

According to the jail bookkeeper, the jailer did not bid since he prefers the design of the e-cigarette provided by a specific vendor. This is due to them not being made from a hard material, therefore they cannot be made into a dangerous weapon. Further, the jailer did not have controls in place to ensure that they were in compliance with bid requirements.

By not obtaining bids on the e-cigarettes, it cannot be determined if the jailer has procured these items at the best available price.

KRS 45A.365(1) states, "[a]ll contracts or purchases shall be awarded by competitive sealed bidding, which may include the use of a reverse auction, except as otherwise provided by KRS 45A.370 to 45A.385 and for the purchase of wholesale electric power by municipal utilities as provided in KRS 96.901(1)."

KRS 45A.385 states, "[t]he local public agency may use small purchase procedures for any contract for which a determination is made that he aggregate amount of the contract does not exceed thirty thousand dollars \$30,000 if small purchase procedures are in writing and available to the public."

Good internal controls dictate that the jailer follow guidelines set forth for bid requirements to ensure that the best price is obtained.

We recommend the jailer obtain bids for electronic cigarettes, and any other purchases that meet the requirements of KRS 45A.365 and KRS 45A.385.

Views of Responsible Official and Planned Corrective Action:

Jailer's Response: Bids will be requested through Fiscal Court as seal bids for correctional grade vapor pens. When received they will be opened in the next court meeting.

Section III: Federal Award Findings And Questioned Costs

None.

Section IV: Summary Schedule Of Prior Audit Findings

None.

CERTIFICATION OF COMPLIANCE -LOCAL GOVERNMENT ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE PROGRAM

GREENUP COUNTY FISCAL COURT

CERTIFICATION OF COMPLIANCE

LOCAL GOVERNMENT ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE

GREENUP COUNTY FISCAL COURT

For The Year Ended June 30, 2021

The Greenup County Fiscal Court hereby certifies that assistance received from the Local Government Economic Assistance Program was expended for the purpose intended as dictated by the applicable Kentucky Revised Statutes.

County Judge/Executive

County Treasurer