REPORT OF THE AUDIT OF THE GRANT COUNTY SHERIFF'S SETTLEMENT - 2021 TAXES

For The Period April 16, 2021 Through August 31, 2022



MIKE HARMON AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS auditor.ky.gov

209 ST. CLAIR STREET FRANKFORT, KY 40601-1817 TELEPHONE 502.564.5841 FACSIMILE 502.564.2912

<u>CONTENTS</u> PAGE

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT	1
SHERIFF'S SETTLEMENT - 2021 TAXES	4
Notes To Financial Statement	6
REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND	
On Compliance And Other Matters Based On An Audit Of The Financial	
STATEMENT PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS	11
SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES	15





MIKE HARMON AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS

Independent Auditor's Report

To the People of Kentucky
The Honorable Andy Beshear, Governor
Holly M. Johnson, Secretary
Finance and Administration Cabinet
The Honorable Chuck Dills, Grant County Judge/Executive
The Honorable Brian Maines, Grant County Sheriff
Members of the Grant County Fiscal Court

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying Grant County Sheriff's Settlement - 2021 Taxes for the period April 16, 2021 through August 31, 2022 - Regulatory Basis, and the related notes to the financial statement.

Unmodified Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statement presents fairly, in all material respects, the taxes charged, credited, and paid for the period April 16, 2021 through August 31, 2022 of the Grant County Sheriff, in accordance with the basis of accounting practices prescribed or permitted by the Commonwealth of Kentucky as described in Note 1.

Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

In our opinion, because of the significance of the matter discussed in the Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles section of our report, the financial statement does not present fairly, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the taxes charged, credited, and paid of the Grant County Sheriff, for the period April 16, 2021 through August 31, 2022.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the *Audit Guide for Sheriff's Tax Settlements*. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statement section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Grant County Sheriff and to meet our ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.



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Basis for Opinion (Continued)

Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

As described in Note 1 of the financial statement, the financial statement is prepared by the Grant County Sheriff on the basis of accounting practices prescribed or permitted by the laws of Kentucky to demonstrate compliance with the Commonwealth of Kentucky's regulatory basis of accounting and budget laws, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The effects on the financial statement of the variances between the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note 1 and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, although not reasonably determinable, are presumed to be material and pervasive.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statement

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statement in accordance with accounting practices prescribed or permitted by the laws of Kentucky to demonstrate compliance with the Commonwealth of Kentucky's regulatory basis of accounting and budget laws. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of a financial statement that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statement

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statement as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not an absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgement made by a reasonable user based on the financial statement.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statement, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statement.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Grant County Sheriff's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statement.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Grant County Sheriff's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

To the People of Kentucky
The Honorable Andy Beshear, Governor
Holly M. Johnson, Secretary
Finance and Administration Cabinet
The Honorable Chuck Dills, Grant County Judge/Executive
The Honorable Brian Maines, Grant County Sheriff
Members of the Grant County Fiscal Court

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statement (Continued)

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated April 21, 2023, on our consideration of the Grant County Sheriff's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the Grant County Sheriff's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Based on the results of our audit, we have presented the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses, included herein, which discusses the following report finding:

2021-001 The Grant County Sheriff's Office Lacks Adequate Segregation Of Duties Over Receipts And Reconciliations

Respectfully submitted,

Mike Harmon

Auditor of Public Accounts

Frankfort, Ky

April 21, 2023

GRANT COUNTY BRIAN MAINES, SHERIFF SHERIFF'S SETTLEMENT - 2021 TAXES

For The Period April 16, 2021 Through August 31, 2022

Special Taxing County Districts School State Charges Real Estate 1,682,811 3,920,680 8,295,718 1,562,051 Tangible 272,060 Total Per Sheriff's Official Receipt 1,682,811 3,920,680 8,295,718 1,834,111 Other Taxes & Charges 676,143 Franchise Taxes 286,679 1,352,488 3 Additional Billings Bank Franchises 74,105 Penalties 3,637 8,252 17,649 3,544 Gross Chargeable to Sheriff 2,047,232 4,605,075 9,665,855 1,837,658 Credits Exonerations 3,916 7,639 18,959 4,012 Discounts 28,953 60,159 142,607 29,936 Delinquent Real Estate 18,496 61,961 91,037 17,894 4,902 18,104 Delinquent Tangible 14,777 34,468 **Total Credits** 56,267 144,536 287,071 69,946 Taxes Collected 1,990,965 4,460,539 9,378,784 1,767,712 Less: Sheriff's Commissions* 84,621 173,516 234,484 75,128 Taxes Due Districts 1,906,344 4,287,023 9,144,300 1,692,584 Taxes Paid 1,908,497 4,285,377 9,140,021 1,691,730 Refunds (Current and Prior Year) 1,123 1,887 4,861 997 Taxes Due Districts (Refunds Due Sheriff) (3,276) \$ (582) \$ (143)

^{*, **,} and *** See next page.

GRANT COUNTY BRIAN MAINES, SHERIFF SHERIFF'S SETTLEMENT - 2021 TAXES For The Period April 16, 2021 Through August 31, 2022 (Continued)

* Commissions:

4.25% on \$ 7,841,144 2.5% on \$ 9,378,784 0% on \$ 378,072

** Special Taxing Districts:

\$ (106)
(28)
(80)
(10)
(16)
 (1)
\$ (241)
\$ (582)
\$ (582)
\$ \$ \$

GRANT COUNTY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT

August 31, 2022

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Fund Accounting

The sheriff's office tax collection duties are limited to acting as an agent for assessed property owners and taxing districts. A fund is used to account for the collection and distribution of taxes. A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain government functions or activities.

B. Basis of Accounting

The financial statement has been prepared on a regulatory basis of accounting, which demonstrates compliance with the laws of Kentucky and is a special purpose framework. Basis of accounting refers to when charges, credits, and taxes paid are reported in the settlement statement. It relates to the timing of measurements regardless of the measurement focus.

Charges are sources of revenue which are recognized in the tax period in which they become available and measurable. Credits are reductions of revenue which are recognized when there is proper authorization. Taxes paid are uses of revenue which are recognized when distributions are made to the taxing districts and others.

C. Cash and Investments

KRS 66.480 authorizes the sheriff's office to invest in obligations of the United States and of its agencies and instrumentalities, obligations and contracts for future delivery or purchase of obligations backed by the full faith and credit of the United States, obligations of any corporation of the United States government, bonds or certificates of indebtedness of this state, and certificates of deposit issued by or other interest-bearing accounts of any bank or savings and loan institution which are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or which are collateralized, to the extent uninsured, by any obligation permitted by KRS 41.240(4).

D. Preparation of State Settlement

The Kentucky Department of Revenue prepares the settlement relating to taxes collected for the state under the provision of KRS 134.192(2)(a). This is reported as the "State Taxes" column on the financial statement.

Note 2. Deposits

The Grant County Sheriff maintained deposits of public funds with federally insured banking institutions as required by the Department for Local Government's (DLG) County Budget Preparation and State Local Finance Officer Policy Manual. The DLG Manual strongly recommends perfected pledges of securities covering all public funds except direct federal obligations and funds protected by federal insurance. In order to be perfected in the event of failure or insolvency of the depository institution, this pledge or provision of collateral should be evidenced by an agreement between the sheriff and the depository institution, signed by both parties, that is (a) in writing, (b) approved by the board of directors of the depository institution or its loan committee, which approval must be reflected in the minutes of the board or committee, and (c) an official record of the depository institution. These requirements were met.

GRANT COUNTY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT August 31, 2022 (Continued)

Note 2. Deposits (Continued)

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a depository institution failure, the sheriff's deposits may not be returned. The Grant County Sheriff does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk, but rather follows the requirements of the DLG County Budget Preparation and State Local Finance Officer Policy Manual. As of August 31, 2022, all deposits were covered by FDIC insurance or a properly executed collateral security agreement.

Note 3. Tax Collection Period

A. Property Taxes

The real and personal property tax assessments were levied as of January 1, 2021. Property taxes were billed to finance governmental services for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022. Liens are effective when the tax bills become delinquent. The collection period for these assessments was October 8, 2021 through April 18, 2022.

B. Franchise Taxes

The franchise tax assessments were levied by the Department of Revenue for various tax years. Franchise taxes are billed to finance governmental services. Liens are effective when the tax bills become delinquent. The collection period for these assessments was April 16, 2021 through August 31, 2022.

Note 4. Interest Income

The Grant County Sheriff earned \$524 as interest income on 2021 taxes. The sheriff distributed the appropriate amount to the school district as required by statute, and the remainder was used to operate the sheriff's office. As of April 21, 2023, the sheriff owed \$188 in interest to the common school district and \$38 in interest to the Williamstown school district.

Note 5. Sheriff's 10% Add-On Fee

The Grant County Sheriff collected \$30,570 of 10% add-on fees allowed by KRS 134.119(7). This amount was used to operate the sheriff's office.

Note 6. Escrow Account

The sheriff deposited unrefundable payments in an interest-bearing account. The sheriff's escrowed beginning balance was \$5,327. The sheriff received \$845 and disbursed \$0, resulting in a total ending balance as of August 31, 2022, of \$6,172. There is an outstanding receivable of \$50 in bank fees, resulting in a reconciled balance of \$6,222. The ending balance consists of escrowed of:

2019	\$1,837
2020	\$3,541
2021	\$839
Interest	\$5

When statutorily required, the sheriff will turn over the escrowed funds to the Kentucky State Treasurer as unclaimed property.



REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENT PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS





MIKE HARMON AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS

Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance And Other Matters Based On An Audit Of The Financial Statement Performed In Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards*

Independent Auditor's Report

The Honorable Chuck Dills, Grant County Judge/Executive The Honorable Brian Maines, Grant County Sheriff Members of the Grant County Fiscal Court

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the Grant County Sheriff's Settlement - 2021 Taxes for the period April 16, 2021 through August 31, 2022 - Regulatory Basis and the related notes to the financial statement and have issued our report thereon dated April 21, 2023. The Grant County Sheriff's financial statement is prepared on a regulatory basis of accounting, which demonstrates compliance with the Commonwealth of Kentucky's regulatory basis of accounting and budget laws, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statement, we considered the Grant County Sheriff's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statement, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Grant County Sheriff's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Grant County Sheriff's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses, we identified a certain deficiency in internal control that we consider to be a material weakness.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statement will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We consider the deficiency described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses as item 2021-001 to be a material weakness.



Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance And Other Matters Based On An Audit Of The Financial Statement Performed In Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards* (Continued)

Report on Compliance And Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Grant County Sheriff's financial statement is free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statement. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Views of Responsible Official and Planned Corrective Action

The Grant County Sheriff's views and planned corrective action for the finding identified in our audit are described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses. The Grant County Sheriff's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statement and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Respectfully submitted,

Mike Harmon

Auditor of Public Accounts

Frankfort, Ky

April 21, 2023





GRANT COUNTY BRIAN MAINES, SHERIFF SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES

For The Period April 16, 2021 Through August 31, 2022

INTERNAL CONTROL - MATERIAL WEAKNESS:

2021-001 The Grant County Sheriff's Office Lacks Adequate Segregation Of Duties Over Receipts And Reconciliations

The Grant County Sheriff's office lacks adequate segregation of duties over receipts and reconciliations and did not document compensating controls. The office manager prepares the daily checkout sheet and deposit ticket, posts to the ledger, prepares the monthly reports and disbursement checks, prepares the bank reconciliation, but may also have the responsibility of collecting cash at times. During testing, we noted there was no documentation of review on documents prepared by the office manager and an accurate bank reconciliation was not prepared monthly.

The sheriff has not segregated duties in regards to tax collections as part of the internal controls in the office due to limited staff and budget. The lack of oversight could result in undetected misappropriation of assets and inaccurate financial reporting to external agencies such as the Department of Revenue or the Department for Local Government could occur.

The segregation of duties over various accounting functions such as opening mail, preparing deposits, recording receipts and disbursements, preparing monthly reports, and preparing monthly bank reconciliations, or the implementation of compensating controls is essential for providing protection from asset misappropriation and/or inaccurate financial reporting. Additionally, proper segregation of duties protects employees in the normal course of performing their daily responsibilities.

We recommend the sheriff segregate duties, and if that's not possible, we recommend the sheriff implement effective compensating controls provided by evidence of initials on daily checkouts, sheets, deposit tickets, ledgers, and bank reconciliations. An accurate bank reconciliation should be prepared monthly to properly reconcile the account to a zero balance.

Sheriff's Response: Compensating controls in place.

Auditor's Reply: When testing compensating controls throughout the audit, there was no documentation or evidence that compensating controls were in place and operating effectively.