REPORT OF THE AUDIT OF THE CARROLL COUNTY FISCAL COURT

For The Year Ended June 30, 2023



ALLISON BALL AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS auditor.ky.gov

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ALLISON BALL AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS

Independent Auditor's Report

To the People of Kentucky
The Honorable Andy Beshear, Governor
Holly M. Johnson, Secretary
Finance and Administration Cabinet
The Honorable James David Wilhoite, Carroll County Judge/Executive
Members of the Carroll County Fiscal Court

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statement

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying Statement of Receipts, Disbursements, and Changes in Fund Balances – Regulatory Basis of the Carroll County Fiscal Court, for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statement, which collectively comprise the Carroll County Fiscal Court's financial statement as listed in the table of contents.

Unmodified Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statement referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the receipts, disbursements, and changes in fund balances – regulatory basis of the Carroll County Fiscal Court, for the year ended June 30, 2023, in accordance with accounting practices prescribed or permitted by the Commonwealth of Kentucky as described in Note 1.

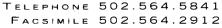
Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

In our opinion, because of the significance of the matter discussed in the Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles section of our report, the financial statements do not present fairly, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of each fund of the Carroll County Fiscal Court, for the year ended June 30, 2023, or the changes in financial position and cash flows thereof for the year then ended.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS), the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the *Fiscal Court Audit Guide* issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts, Commonwealth of Kentucky. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statement section of our report. We are required to be independent of Carroll County Fiscal Court and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.





AUDITOR KY GOV



To the People of Kentucky
The Honorable Andy Beshear, Governor
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Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

As described in Note 1 of the financial statement, the financial statement is prepared by the Carroll County Fiscal Court on the basis of the accounting practices prescribed or permitted by the Department for Local Government to demonstrate compliance with the Commonwealth of Kentucky's regulatory basis of accounting and budget laws, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The effects on the financial statement of the variances between the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note 1 and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, although not reasonably determinable, are presumed to be material and pervasive.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statement

Carroll County Fiscal Court's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statement in accordance with accounting practices prescribed or permitted by the Department for Local Government to demonstrate compliance with the Commonwealth of Kentucky's regulatory basis of accounting and budget laws. This includes determining that the regulatory basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statement in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of a financial statement that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statement

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statement is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statement.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statement, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statement.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that
 are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the Carroll County Fiscal Court's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
 expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statement.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Carroll County Fiscal Court's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

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Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statement (Continued)

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statement taken as a whole of the Carroll County Fiscal Court. The Budgetary Comparison Schedules is presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statement; however, the schedule is required to be presented in accordance with accounting practices prescribed or permitted by the Department for Local Government to demonstrate compliance with the Commonwealth of Kentucky's regulatory basis of accounting and budget laws.

The accompanying Budgetary Comparison Schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statement. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statement and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statement or to the financial statement itself, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Budgetary Comparison Schedules is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statement as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in this report. The other information is comprised of the schedule of capital assets but does not include the financial statement and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the financial statement do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon. In connection with our audit of the financial statement, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the financial statement, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 11, 2024, on our consideration of the Carroll County Fiscal Court's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Carroll County Fiscal Court's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

To the People of Kentucky
The Honorable Andy Beshear, Governor
Holly M. Johnson, Secretary
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Members of the Carroll County Fiscal Court

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards (Continued)

Based on the results of our audit, we present the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses included herein, which discusses the following report finding:

2023-001 The Carroll County Jailer Did Not Ensure Jail Vehicle Purchases Were Handled Properly

Respectfully submitted,

Allison Ball

Auditor of Public Accounts

Frankfort, Ky

March 11, 2024

CARROLL COUNTY OFFICIALS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2023

Fiscal Court Members:

Harold "Shorty" Tomlinson (Through 12/31/22) County Judge/Executive James David Wilhoite (1/1/23 - Present) County Judge/Executive

Floyd Bowling (Through 12/31/22)

Benjamin Long (1/1/23 - Present)

Kerry Graham (Through 12/31/22)

Clay Cable (1/1/23 - Present)

Magistrate

Mark Bates (Through 12/31/22)

Magistrate

Mark Bates (Through 12/31/22)

Magistrate

Scott Nab (1/1/23 - Present)

Magistrate

Other Elected Officials:

Nick Marsh County Attorney

John Proctor (Through 12/31/22)

Jailer

Daniel Rose (1/1/23 - Present)

Jailer

Alice Marsh (Through 12/31/22) County Clerk

Danielle Kinman (1/1/23 - Present) County Clerk

Gloria Belcher Circuit Court Clerk

Ryan Gosser Sheriff

Rob Robertson Property Valuation Administrator

David Wilhoite (Through 12/31/22)

Coroner

Brent Stucker (1/1/23 - Present)

Coroner

Appointed Personnel:

Debra Cayton County Treasurer

Tanya Damron Chief Financial Officer



CARROLL COUNTY STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - REGULATORY BASIS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2023

CARROLL COUNTY STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - REGULATORY BASIS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2023

Buc	iget	ted	Fu	nds
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			Jail
	General Fund		
	Funu	Fullu	<u>Fund</u>
RECEIPTS			
Taxes	\$ 5,753,370	\$	\$
Excess Fees	1,289		
Licenses and Permits	6,374	0-1-1-	
Intergovernmental	23,933	874,669	1,532,838
Charges for Services	7,960		61,569
Miscellaneous	584,520	1,107,323	234,245
Interest	6,504	394	114
Total Receipts	6,383,950	1,982,386	1,828,766
DISBURSEMENTS			
General Government	1,237,629		
Protection to Persons and Property	902,078		1,952,845
General Health and Sanitation	218,730		
Social Services	188,275		
Recreation and Culture	13,457		333
Roads		1,796,309	
Capital Projects			
Administration	1,534,381	321,304	960,421
Total Disbursements	4,094,550	2,117,613	2,913,599
Excess (Deficiency) of Receipts Over			
Disbursements Before Other			
Adjustments to Cash (Uses)	2,289,400	(135,227)	(1,084,833)
Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)			
Payroll Revolving Account	16,454		
Transfers From Other Funds	413,034	700,000	767,724
Transfers To Other Funds	(3,449,558)	(389,034)	
Total Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)	(3,020,070)	310,966	767,724
Net Change in Fund Balance	(730,670)	175,739	(317,109)
Fund Balance - Beginning	4,972,441	470,122	436,155
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 4,241,771	\$ 645,861	\$ 119,046
Composition of Fund Balance			
Bank Balance	\$ 2,480,423	\$ 650,394	\$ 131,028
Less: Outstanding Checks	(38,652)	(4,533)	
Certificates of Deposit	1,800,000	(.,200)	(11,702)
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 4,241,771	\$ 645,861	\$ 119,046

CARROLL COUNTY STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - REGULATORY BASIS For The Year Ended June 30, 2023 (Continued)

Budgeted Funds

						Bud	geted Funds					
E	Local overnment conomic ssistance Fund	State Gra		Re	leral Grant Fund - American covery and otection Act	A	mbulance Fund	So	lid Waste Fund	Parks & ecreation		Sheriff Fund
\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	\$	
	138,743	10	,000		50,121		709,430			63,850		487,816
	84,586				145		40,010		24,601	25,385		
	100				850		205		71	103		100
	223,429	10	,000		51,116		749,645		24,672	89,338		487,916
	18,882	20	,000		398,423 434,643 25,180		1,012,609		128,014			683,148
	545,303				183,618 312,052					332,088		
	20,000				05.200		551 005		52.051	76.007		220 251
	63,569 647,754	20	,000		95,298 1,449,214		551,095 1,563,704		53,951 181,965	 76,087 408,175		329,351 1,012,499
										·		
	(424,325)	(10,	000)		(1,398,098)		(814,059) 836,818		(157,293) 155,740	(318,837)		(524,583) 425,509
	231,970	-					836,818		155,740	 331,797		425,509
	(192,355) 268,641		,000)		(1,398,098) 2,064,999		22,759 198,658		(1,553) 40,906	 12,960 5,265		(99,074) 111,505
\$	76,286	\$	0	\$	666,901	\$	221,417	\$	39,353	\$ 18,225	\$	12,431
\$	106,173 (29,887)	\$		\$	870,447 (203,546)	\$	237,052 (15,635)	\$	42,951 (3,598)	\$ 36,221 (17,996)	\$	20,237 (7,806)
\$	76,286	\$	0	\$	666,901	\$	221,417	\$	39,353	\$ 18,225	\$	12,431
				=		=		=			-	

CARROLL COUNTY STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - REGULATORY BASIS For The Year Ended June 30, 2023 (Continued)

	Budgeted Funds					
		911 Fund	911 Wireless Fund		In	surance Fund
RECEIPTS						
Taxes	\$	28,065	\$	204,959	\$	
Excess Fees						
Licenses and Permits						
Intergovernmental Charges for Services						
Miscellaneous						74,152
Interest		4		39		71,132
Total Receipts		28,069		204,998		74,152
DISBURSEMENTS						
General Government						
Protection to Persons and Property		28,068		180,988		
General Health and Sanitation						
Social Services						
Recreation and Culture						
Roads						
Capital Projects Administration						60 461
Total Disbursements		28,068		180,988		60,461
		20,000		100,700		00,101
Excess (Deficiency) of Receipts Over Disbursements Before Other						
Adjustments to Cash (Uses)		1		24,010		13,691
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	-			24,010		13,071
Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)						
Payroll Revolving Account Transfers From Other Funds						
Transfers To Other Funds				(24,000)		
Total Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)				(24,000)		
Net Change in Fund Balance		1		10		13,691
Fund Balance - Beginning		1		10		84,077
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	1	\$	10	\$	97,768
	-					
Composition of Fund Balance	ø	7 2 4 9	¢	10	¢.	07.769
Bank Balance Less: Outstanding Checks	\$	7,348 (7,347)	\$	10	\$	97,768
Certificates of Deposit		(1,541)				
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	1	\$	10	\$	97,768
0			_			,,

CARROLL COUNTY STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - REGULATORY BASIS For The Year Ended June 30, 2023 (Continued)

	Budget	ed Fun	ds	 Unbudgeted Funds				
Co De	eral Grant Fund- mmunity velopment ock Grant		Clerk SB 135 Fund	Opioid ettlement Jail Fund Commissary		Total Funds		
\$		\$		\$	\$		\$	5,986,394 1,289 6,374
	16,172							3,134,292 842,809
			14,186 1	 117,458 15		192,992 567		2,499,603 9,067
	16,172		14,187	 117,473		193,559		12,479,828
	16,172					171,377		2,319,200 4,550,113 346,744 229,627 1,246,176 2,108,361 20,000 4,045,918
	16,172					171,377		14,866,139
			14,187	117,473		22,182		(2,386,311)
								3,862,592 (3,862,592) 16,454
			14,187	 117,473		22,182 340,864		(2,369,857) 9,003,633
\$	0	\$	14,187	\$ 117,473	\$	363,046	\$	6,633,776
\$	6,672 (6,672)	\$	14,187	\$ 117,473	\$	367,428 (4,382)	\$	5,185,812 (352,036) 1,800,000
\$	0	\$	14,187	\$ 117,473	\$	363,046	\$	6,633,776

INDEX FOR NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENT

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CARROLL COUNTY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT

June 30, 2023

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Reporting Entity

The financial statement of Carroll County includes all budgeted and unbudgeted funds under the control of the Carroll County Fiscal Court. Budgeted funds included within the reporting entity are those funds presented in the county's approved annual budget and reported on the quarterly reports submitted to the Department for Local Government. Unbudgeted funds may include non-fiduciary financial activities, private purpose trust funds, and internal service funds that are within the county's control. Unbudgeted funds may also include any corporation to act for and on behalf of, and as the agency and instrumentality of the fiscal court in the acquisition and financing of any public project which may be undertaken by the fiscal court pursuant to the provisions of Kentucky law and thus accomplish a public purpose of the fiscal court. The unbudgeted funds are not presented in the annual approved budget or in the quarterly reports submitted to the Department for Local Government.

B. Basis of Accounting

The financial statement is presented on a regulatory basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. This basis of accounting involves the reporting of fund balances and the changes therein resulting from cash inflows (cash receipts) and cash outflows (cash disbursements) to meet the financial reporting requirements of the Department for Local Government and the laws of the Commonwealth of Kentucky.

This regulatory basis of accounting differs from GAAP primarily because the financial statement format does not include the GAAP presentations of government-wide and fund financial statements, cash receipts are recognized when received in cash rather than when earned and susceptible to accrual, and cash disbursements are recognized when paid rather than when incurred or subject to accrual.

Generally, except as otherwise provided by law, property taxes are assessed as of January 1, levied (mailed) November 1, due at discount November 30, due at face value December 31, delinquent January 1 following the assessment, and subject to sale ninety days following April 15.

C. Basis of Presentation

Budgeted Funds

The fiscal court reports the following budgeted funds:

General Fund - This is the primary operating fund of the fiscal court. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except where the Department for Local Government requires a separate fund or where management requires that a separate fund be used for some function.

Road Fund - This fund is for road and bridge construction and repair. The primary sources of receipts for this fund are state payments for truck license distribution, municipal road aid, and transportation grants. The Department for Local Government requires the fiscal court to maintain these receipts and disbursements separately from the general fund.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

C. Basis of Presentation (Continued)

Budgeted Funds (Continued)

Jail Fund - The primary purpose of this fund is to account for the jail expenses of the county. The primary sources of receipts for this fund are reimbursements from the state and federal governments, payments from other counties for housing prisoners, and transfers from the general fund. The Department for Local Government requires the fiscal court to maintain these receipts and disbursements separately from the general fund.

Local Government Economic Assistance Fund - The primary purpose of this fund is to account for grants and related disbursements. The primary sources of receipts for this fund are grants from the state and federal governments.

State Grants Fund - The primary purpose of this fund is to account for the restricted grant revenues received from the Commonwealth of Kentucky.

Federal Grant Fund – American Recovery and Protection Act- The primary purpose of this fund is to account for the restricted grant revenues received from the federal government.

Ambulance Fund - The primary purpose of this fund is to account for the operations of the Carroll County Ambulance Service. The primary source of receipts for this fund is ambulance user fees.

Solid Waste Fund - The primary purpose of this fund is to account for the usage of the recurring litter abatement grant. The primary source of receipts for this fund is state grants.

Parks and Recreation Fund - The primary purpose of this fund is to account for the Parks and Recreation Department of Carroll County.

Sheriff Fund - The primary purpose of this fund is to account for the sheriff's office fee pooling activities of Carroll County.

911 Fund - The primary purpose of this fund is to account for emergency dispatch activities as shared with the City of Carrollton. The primary source of receipts for this fund is telephone 911 surcharges.

911 Wireless Fund - The primary purpose of this fund is to account for emergency dispatch activities as shared with the City of Carrollton. The primary source of receipts for this fund is wireless telephone surcharges.

Insurance Fund - This fund accounts for employee and employer contributions to reimburse employees for health care expenses.

Federal Grant Fund - Community Development Block Grant - The primary purpose of this fund is to account for the federal grant revenues received from the federal government.

Clerk SB 135 Fund – The primary purpose of this fund is to account for the storage fees collected at the county clerk's office that are to be turned over to the county for fiscal oversight per state law.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

C. Basis of Presentation (Continued)

Unbudgeted Funds

The fiscal court reports the following unbudgeted funds:

Opioid Settlement Fund – The fiscal court received funds from the federal opioid settlement lawsuit for use in support of opioid addiction recovery in the county.

Jail Commissary Fund - The canteen operations are authorized pursuant to KRS 441.135. The profits generated from the sale of items are to be used for the benefit and to enhance the well-being of the inmates, or to enhance safety and security within the jail. The jailer is required to maintain accounting records and report annually to the county treasurer the receipts and disbursements of the jail commissary fund.

D. Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted on a regulatory basis of accounting according to the laws of Kentucky as required by the state local finance officer, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

The county judge/executive is required to submit estimated receipts and proposed disbursements to the fiscal court by May 1 of each year. The budget is prepared by fund, function, and activity and is required to be adopted by the fiscal court by July 1.

The fiscal court may change the original budget by transferring appropriations at the activity level; however, the fiscal court may not increase the total budget without approval by the state local finance officer. Disbursements may not exceed budgeted appropriations at the activity level.

The state local finance officer does not require the jail commissary fund to be budgeted because the fiscal court does not approve the expenses of this fund.

E. Carroll County Elected Officials

Kentucky law provides for election of the officials listed below from the geographic area constituting Carroll County. Pursuant to state statute, these officials perform various services for the Commonwealth of Kentucky, its judicial courts, the fiscal court, various cities and special districts within the county, and the board of education. In exercising these responsibilities, however, they are required to comply with state laws. Audits of their financial statements are issued separately and individually and can be obtained from their respective administrative offices. These financial statements are not required to be included in the financial statement of the Carroll County Fiscal Court.

- Circuit Court Clerk
- County Attorney
- Property Valuation Administrator
- County Clerk
- County Sheriff

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

F. Deposits and Investments

The government's fund balance is considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, certificates of deposit, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. The government's fund balance includes cash and cash equivalents and investments.

KRS 66.480 authorizes the county to invest in obligations of the United States and of its agencies and instrumentalities, obligations and contracts for future delivery or purchase of obligations backed by the full faith and credit of the United States, obligations of any corporation of the United States government, bonds or certificates of indebtedness of this state, and certificates of deposit issued by or other interest-bearing accounts of any bank or savings and loan institution which are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or which are collateralized, to the extent uninsured, by any obligation permitted by KRS 41.240(4).

G. Long-term Obligations

The fund financial statement recognizes bond interest, as well as bond issuance costs when received or when paid, during the current period. The principal amount of the debt and interest are reported as disbursements. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as disbursements. Debt proceeds are reported as other adjustments to cash.

Note 2. Deposits

The fiscal court maintained deposits of public funds with federally insured banking institutions as required by the Department for Local Government's (DLG) County Budget Preparation and State Local Finance Officer Policy Manual. The DLG Manual strongly recommends perfected pledges of securities covering all public funds except direct federal obligations and funds protected by federal insurance. In order to be perfected in the event of failure or insolvency of the depository institution, this pledge or provision of collateral should be evidenced by an agreement between the fiscal court and the depository institution, signed by both parties, that is (a) in writing, (b) approved by the board of directors of the depository institution or its loan committee, which approval must be reflected in the minutes of the board or committee, and (c) an official record of the depository institution. These requirements were met.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a depository institution failure, the government's deposits may not be returned. The government does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk, but rather follows the requirements of the DLG County Budget Preparation and State Local Finance Officer Policy Manual. As of June 30, 2023, all deposits were covered by FDIC insurance or a properly executed collateral security agreement.

Note 3. Transfers

The table below shows the interfund operating transfers for fiscal year 2023.

	General		Road		911Wireless		Total	
	Fund	Fund		Fund		T	ransfers In	
General Fund	\$	\$	389,034	\$	24,000	\$	413,034	
Road Fund	700,000						700,000	
Jail Fund	767,724						767,724	
LGEA Fund	231,970						231,970	
Ambulance Fund	836,818						836,818	
Solid Waste Fund	155,740						155,740	
Parks and Recreation Fund	331,797						331,797	
Sheriff Fund	425,509						425,509	
Total Transfers Out	\$ 3,449,558	\$	389,034	\$	24,000	\$	3,862,592	

Reason for transfers:

To move resources from and to the general fund and other funds, for budgetary purposes, to the funds that will expend them.

Note 4. Custodial Funds

Custodial funds report only those resources held in a trust or custodial capacity for individuals, private organizations, or other governments. In accordance with the regulatory basis of accounting, custodial funds are not presented on the financial statement.

The fiscal court has the following custodial fund:

Jail Inmate Fund - This fund accounts for funds received from the inmates. The balance in the jail inmate fund as of June 30, 2023, was \$68,530.

Note 5. Contingencies

The county is involved in multiple lawsuits. While individually they may not be significant, in the aggregate they could negatively impact the county's financial position. Due to the uncertainty of the litigation, a reasonable estimate of the financial impact on the county cannot be made at this time.

Note 6. Employee Retirement System

The fiscal court has elected to participate, pursuant to KRS 78.530, in the County Employees Retirement System (CERS), which is administered by the Board of Trustees of the Kentucky Retirement Systems (Ky. Ret. Sys.). This is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer, defined benefit pension plan, which covers all eligible full-time employees and provides for retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members. Benefit contributions and provisions are established by statute. Effective April 1, 2021, the Kentucky Public Pension Authority (KPPA) was created by KRS 61.505 to provide staffing and daily administrative needs for CERS and Ky. Ret. Sys. The CERS nine (9) member board of trustees is responsible for the governance of the CERS pension and insurance plans.

Note 6. Employee Retirement System (Continued)

Nonhazardous

The county's contribution for FY 2021 was \$743,641, FY 2022 was \$901,017, and FY 2023 was \$1,061,006.

Nonhazardous covered employees are required to contribute five percent (5%) of their salary to the plan. Nonhazardous covered employees who begin participation on or after September 1, 2008, are required to contribute six percent (6%) of their salary to be allocated as follows: five(5%) will go to the member's account and one percent (1%) will go to the Ky. Ret. Sys. insurance fund.

In accordance with Senate Bill 2, signed by the Governor on April 4, 2013, plan members who began participating on or after January 1, 2014, were required to contribute to the Cash Balance Plan. The Cash Balance Plan is known as a hybrid plan because it has characteristics of both a defined benefit plan and a defined contribution plan. Members in the plan contribute a set percentage of their salary each month to their own accounts. Nonhazardous covered employees contribute five percent (5%) of their annual creditable compensation. Nonhazardous members also contribute one percent (1%) to the health insurance fund which is not credited to the member's account and is not refundable. The employer contribution rate is set annually by the Ky. Ret. Sys. Board of Directors based on an actuarial valuation. The employer contributes a set percentage of the member's salary. Each month, when employer contributions are received, an employer pay credit is deposited to the member's account. A member's account is credited with a four percent (4%) employer pay credit. The employer pay credit represents a portion of the employer contribution.

Benefits fully vest on reaching five years of service for nonhazardous employees. Aspects of benefits for nonhazardous employees include retirement after 27 years of service or age 65. Nonhazardous employees who begin participation on or after September 1, 2008, must meet the rule of 87 (member's age plus years of service credit must equal 87, and the member must be a minimum of 57 years of age) or the member is age 65, with a minimum of 60 months service credit.

The county's contribution rate for nonhazardous employees was 26.79 percent.

<u>Hazardous</u>

Hazardous covered employees are required to contribute eight percent (8%) of their salary to the plan. Hazardous covered employees who begin participation on or after September 1, 2008, are required to contribute nine percent (9%) of their salary to be allocated as follows: eight percent (8%) will go to the member's account and one percent (1%) will go to the Ky. Ret. Sys. insurance fund.

In accordance with Senate Bill 2, signed by the Governor on April 4, 2013, plan members who began participating on or after January 1, 2014, were required to contribute to the Cash Balance Plan. The Cash Balance Plan is known as a hybrid plan because it has characteristics of both a defined benefit plan and a defined contribution plan.

Members in the plan contribute a set percentage of their salary each month to their own accounts. Hazardous members contribute eight percent (8%) of their annual creditable compensation and also contribute one percent (1%) to the health insurance fund which is not credited to the member's account and is not refundable. The employer contribution rate is set annually by the Board of Directors based on an actuarial valuation. The employer contributes a set percentage of the member's salary. Each month, when employer contributions are received, an employer pay credit is deposited to the member's account. A hazardous member's account is credited with a 7.5 percent employer pay credit. The employer pay credit represents a portion of the employer contribution.

Note 6. Employee Retirement System (Continued)

Hazardous (Continued)

Aspects of benefits for hazardous employees include retirement after 20 years of service or age 55. For hazardous employees who begin participation on or after September 1, 2008, aspects of benefits include retirement after 25 years of service or the member is age 60, with a minimum of 60 months of service credit.

The county's contribution rate for hazardous employees was 49.59 percent.

Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB)

A. Health Insurance Coverage - Tier 1

CERS provides post-retirement health care coverage as follows:

For members participating prior to July 1, 2003, years of service and respective percentages of the maximum contribution are as follows:

		% Paid by Member through
Years of Service	% Paid by Insurance Fund	Payroll Deduction
20 or more	100%	0%
15-19	75%	25%
10-14	50%	50%
4-9	25%	75%
Less than 4	0%	100%

As a result of House Bill 290 (2004 General Assembly), medical insurance benefits are calculated differently for members who began participation on or after July 1, 2003. Once members reach a minimum vesting period of ten years, non-hazardous employees whose participation began on or after July 1, 2003, earn ten dollars per month for insurance benefits at retirement for every year of earned service without regard to a maximum dollar amount. This dollar amount is subject to adjustment annually based on the retiree cost of living adjustment, which is updated annually due to changes in the Consumer Price Index.

Hazardous employees whose participation began on or after July 1, 2003, earn 15 dollars per month for insurance benefits at retirement for every year of earned service without regard to a maximum dollar amount. Upon the death of a hazardous employee, the employee's spouse receives ten dollars per month for insurance benefits for each year of the deceased employee's hazardous service. This dollar amount is subject to adjustment annually based on the retiree cost of living adjustment, which is updated annually due to changes in the Consumer Price Index.

Benefits are covered under KRS 78.5536.

Note 6. Employee Retirement System (Continued)

Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) (Continued)

B. Health Insurance Coverage - Tier 2 and Tier 3 - Nonhazardous

Once members reach a minimum vesting period of 15 years, they earn ten dollars per month for insurance benefits at retirement for every year of earned service without regard to a maximum dollar amount. This dollar amount is subject to adjustment annually by 1.5 percent. This was established for Tier 2 members during the 2008 Special Legislative Session by House Bill 1. During the 2013 Legislative Session, Senate Bill 2 was enacted, creating Tier 3 benefits for members.

The monthly insurance benefit has been increased annually as a 1.5 percent cost of living adjustment (COLA) since July 2003 when the law changed. The annual increase is cumulative and continues to accrue after the member's retirement.

Tier 2 member benefits are covered by KRS 78.5536. Tier 3 members are not covered by the same provisions.

C. <u>Health Insurance Coverage - Tier 2 and Tier 3 - Hazardous</u>

Once members reach a minimum vesting period of 15 years, they earn fifteen dollars per month for insurance benefits at retirement for every year of earned service without regard to a maximum dollar amount. This dollar amount is subject to adjustment annually by 1.5 percent. Upon the death of a hazardous employee, the employee's spouse receives ten dollars per month for insurance benefits for each year of the deceased employee's hazardous service. This was established for Tier 2 members during the 2008 Special Legislative Session by House Bill 1. During the 2013 Legislative Session, Senate Bill 2 was enacted, creating Tier 3 benefits for members.

The monthly insurance benefit has been increased annually as a 1.5 percent COLA since July 2003 when the law changed. The annual increase is cumulative and continues to accrue after the member's retirement.

D. Cost of Living Adjustments - Tier 1

The 1996 General Assembly enacted an automatic cost of living adjustment (COLA) provision for all recipients of Ky. Ret. Sys. benefits. During the 2008 Special Session, the General Assembly determined that each July beginning in 2009, retirees who have been receiving a retirement allowance for at least 12 months will receive an automatic COLA of 1.5 percent. The COLA is not a guaranteed benefit. If a retiree has been receiving a benefit for less than 12 months, and a COLA is provided, it will be prorated based on the number of months the recipient has been receiving a benefit.

E. Cost of Living Adjustments - Tier 2 and Tier 3

No COLA is given unless authorized by the legislature with specific criteria. To this point, no COLA has been authorized by the legislature for Tier 2 or Tier 3 members.

F. Death Benefit

If a retired member is receiving a monthly benefit based on at least 48 months of service credit, KPPA will pay a \$5,000 death benefit payment to the beneficiary designated by the member specifically for this benefit. Members with multiple accounts are entitled to only one death benefit.

Note 6. Employee Retirement System (Continued)

Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) (Continued)

G. Annual Financial Report and Proportionate Share Audit Report

Ky. Ret. Sys. issues a publicly available annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information on CERS. This report may be obtained by writing the Kentucky Public Pensions Authority, 1260 Louisville Road, Frankfort, KY 40601-6124, or by telephone at (502) 564-4646.

KPPA also issues proportionate share audit reports for both total pension liability and other post-employment benefits for CERS determined by actuarial valuation as well as each participating county's proportionate share. Both the Schedules of Employer Allocations and Pension Amounts by Employer and the Schedules of Employer Allocations and OPEB Amounts by Employer reports and the related actuarial tables are available online at https://kyret.ky.gov. The complete actuarial valuation report, including all actuarial assumptions and methods, is also available on the website or can be obtained as described in the paragraph above.

Note 7. Deferred Compensation

The Carroll County Fiscal Court voted to allow all eligible employees to participate in deferred compensation plans administered by the Kentucky Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Authority. The Kentucky Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Authority is authorized under KRS 18A.230 to 18A.275 to provide administration of tax-sheltered supplemental retirement plans for all state, public school and university employees, and employees of local political subdivisions that have elected to participate.

These deferred compensation plans permit all full-time employees to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency. Participation by eligible employees in the deferred compensation plans is voluntary.

Historical trend information showing the Kentucky Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Authority's progress in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due is presented in the Kentucky Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Authority's annual financial report. This report may be obtained by writing the Kentucky Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Authority at 501 High Street, 2nd Floor, Frankfort, KY 40601, or by telephone at (502) 573-7925.

Note 8. Flexible Spending Account

The Carroll County Fiscal Court established a flexible spending account to provide employees an additional health benefit. The county has contracted with a third-party administrator to administer the plan. The plan provides a debit card to each eligible employee providing \$2,000 each year to pay for qualified medical expenses. Employees may also contribute additional pre-tax funds through payroll deduction.

Note 9. Insurance

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the Carroll County Fiscal Court was a member of the Kentucky Association of Counties' All Lines Fund (KALF). KALF is a self-insurance fund and was organized to obtain lower cost coverage for general liability, property damage, public officials' errors and omissions, public liability, and other damages. The basic nature of a self-insurance program is that of collectively shared risk by its members. If losses incurred for covered claims exceed the resources contributed by the members, the members are responsible for payment of the excess losses.

Note 10. Payroll Revolving Account

The reconciled balance of \$16,454 for the payroll revolving account as of June 30, 2023, was added to the general fund cash balance for financial reporting purposes.

Note 11. Conduit Debt

From time to time, the county has issued bonds to provide financial assistance to third parties for the acquisition and construction of industrial and commercial facilities deemed to be in the public interest, in accordance with KRS 103.210. This debt may take the form of certain types of limited-obligation revenue bonds, certificates of participation, or similar debt instruments. Although conduit debt obligations bear the Carroll County Fiscal Court's name as issuer, the fiscal court has no obligation for such debt beyond the resources provided by a lease or loan with the third party on whose behalf it is issued. Neither the fiscal court nor any political subdivision thereof is obligated in any manner for repayment of the bonds. Accordingly, the bonds are not reported as liabilities in the accompanying financial statement. As of June 30, 2023, conduit debt has been issued but the amount currently outstanding is not reasonably determinable.

CARROLL COUNTY BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES Supplementary Information - Regulatory Basis

For The Year Ended June 30, 2023



CARROLL COUNTY BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES Supplementary Information - Regulatory Basis

For The Year Ended June 30, 2023

GENER	ΛT	H	INI)

	GEVERAL POLD							
	Budgeted Original	1 Amounts Final	Actual Amounts, (Budgetary Basis)	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)				
RECEIPTS								
Taxes	\$ 5,405,450	\$ 5,405,450	\$ 5,753,370	\$ 347,920				
Excess Fees			1,289	1,289				
Licenses and Permits	5,500	5,500	6,374	874				
Intergovernmental	44,265	44,265	23,933	(20,332)				
Charges for Services	3,500	3,500	7,960	4,460				
Miscellaneous	365,200	365,200	584,520	219,320				
Interest	15,400	15,400	6,504	(8,896)				
Total Receipts	5,839,315	5,839,315	6,383,950	544,635				
DISBURSEMENTS								
General Government	1,323,146	1,300,534	1,237,629	62,905				
Protection to Persons and Property	694,648	969,130	902,078	67,052				
General Health and Sanitation	226,325	223,314	218,730	4,584				
Social Services	225,980	189,925	188,275	1,650				
Recreation and Culture	13,000	13,457	13,457					
Administration	1,117,726	1,731,550	1,534,381	197,169				
Total Disbursements	3,600,825	4,427,910	4,094,550	333,360				
Excess (Deficiency) of Receipts Over Disbursements Before Other								
Adjustments to Cash (Uses)	2,238,490	1,411,405	2,289,400	877,995				
Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)								
Transfers From Other Funds	= . =		413,034	413,034				
Transfers To Other Funds	(4,765,019)	(4,765,019)	(3,449,558)	1,315,461				
Total Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)	(4,765,019)	(4,765,019)	(3,036,524)	1,728,495				
Net Change in Fund Balance	(2,526,529)	(3,353,614)	(747,124)	2,606,490				
Fund Balance - Beginning	2,526,529	3,126,529	4,972,441	1,845,912				
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 0	\$ (227,085)	\$ 4,225,317	\$ 4,452,402				

	ROAD FUND								
	Budgeted Amounts Original Final			Actual Amounts, (Budgetary Basis)		F	ariance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
RECEIPTS		Original		1 IIIGI		Dusisj		(Ivegative)	
Intergovernmental	\$	852,700	\$	852,700	\$	874,669	\$	21,969	
Miscellaneous				387,134		1,107,323		720,189	
Interest		320		320		394		74	
Total Receipts		853,020		1,240,154		1,982,386		742,232	
DISBURSEMENTS									
Roads		1,992,697		1,994,262		1,796,309		197,953	
Administration		450,784		447,319		321,304		126,015	
Total Disbursements		2,443,481		2,441,581		2,117,613		323,968	
Excess (Deficiency) of Receipts Over Disbursements Before Other									
Adjustments to Cash (Uses)		(1,590,461)		(1,201,427)		(135,227)		1,066,200	
Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)									
Transfers From Other Funds		1,140,461		1,140,461		700,000		(440,461)	
Transfers To Other Funds						(389,034)		(389,034)	
Total Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)		1,140,461		1,140,461		310,966		(829,495)	
Net Change in Fund Balance		(450,000)		(60,966)		175,739		236,705	
Fund Balance - Beginning		450,000		450,000		470,122		20,122	
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	0	\$	389,034	\$	645,861	\$	256,827	

	JAIL FUND								
	Budgeted Amounts Original Final		Actual Amounts, (Budgetary	Variance with Final Budget Positive					
RECEIPTS	Original	FIIAI	Basis)	(Negative)					
Intergovernmental	\$ 1,433,593	\$ 1,433,593	\$ 1,532,838	\$ 99,245					
Charges for Services	72,343	72,343	61,569	(10,774)					
Miscellaneous	179,770	179,770	234,245	54,475					
Interest	173	173	114	(59)					
Total Receipts	1,685,879	1,685,879	1,828,766	142,887					
DISBURSEMENTS									
Protection to Persons and Property	1,829,370	1,979,387	1,952,845	26,542					
Recreation and Culture	1,500	333	333						
Administration	947,733	960,832	960,421	411					
Total Disbursements	2,778,603	2,940,552	2,913,599	26,953					
Excess (Deficiency) of Receipts Over Disbursements Before Other									
Adjustments to Cash (Uses)	(1,092,724)	(1,254,673)	(1,084,833)	169,840					
Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)									
Transfers From Other Funds	942,724	942,724	767,724	(175,000)					
Total Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)	942,724	942,724	767,724	(175,000)					
Net Change in Fund Balance	(150,000)	(311,949)	(317,109)	(5,160)					
Fund Balance - Beginning	150,000	150,000	436,155	286,155					
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 0	\$ (161,949)	\$ 119,046	\$ 280,995					

LOCAL GOVERNMENT ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE FUND

	Budgeted Amounts			Actual Amounts, Budgetary	Fi	riance with nal Budget Positive	
		Original		Final	Basis)		Negative)
RECEIPTS							
Intergovernmental	\$	61,719	\$	61,719	\$ 138,743	\$	77,024
Miscellaneous		12,000		12,000	84,586		72,586
Interest		85		85	100		15
Total Receipts		73,804		73,804	 223,429		149,625
DISBURSEMENTS							
Protection to Persons and Property		18,234		18,882	18,882		
Recreation and Culture		407,804		597,310	545,303		52,007
Capital Projects		300,000		105,000	20,000		85,000
Administration		79,736		86,834	 63,569		23,265
Total Disbursements		805,774		808,026	647,754		160,272
Excess (Deficiency) of Receipts Over							
Disbursements Before Other							
Adjustments to Cash (Uses)		(731,970)		(734,222)	 (424,325)		309,897
Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)							
Transfers From Other Funds		431,970		431,970	231,970		(200,000)
Total Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)		431,970		431,970	231,970		(200,000)
Net Change in Fund Balance		(300,000)		(302,252)	(192,355)		109,897
Fund Balance - Beginning		300,000		300,000	268,641		(31,359)
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	0	\$	(2,252)	\$ 76,286	\$	78,538

	STATE GRANTS FUND									
		Budgeted Original	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)							
RECEIPTS						Basis)		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
Intergovernmental	\$	10,000	\$	10,000	\$	10,000	\$			
Total Receipts		10,000		10,000		10,000				
DISBURSEMENTS										
Protection to Persons and Property		20,000		20,000		20,000				
Total Disbursements		20,000		20,000		20,000				
Net Change in Fund Balance		(10,000)		(10,000)		(10,000)				
Fund Balance - Beginning		10,000		10,000		10,000				
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0		

	FEDERAL GRANT FUND - ARPA									
		Budgeted Amounts				Actual Amounts, (Budgetary	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)			
		Original	Final		Basis)					
RECEIPTS								_		
Intergovernmental	\$	1,032,474	\$	1,032,474	\$	50,121	\$	(982,353)		
Miscellaneous						145		145		
Interest		52		52		850		798		
Total Receipts		1,032,526		1,032,526		51,116		(981,410)		
DISBURSEMENTS										
General Government				424,634		398,423		26,211		
Protection to Persons and Property				438,773		434,643		4,130		
Social Services				25,180		25,180				
Recreation and Culture				183,618		183,618				
Roads				417,963		312,052		105,911		
Administration		2,065,052		574,884		95,298		479,586		
Total Disbursements		2,065,052		2,065,052		1,449,214		615,838		
Net Change in Fund Balance		(1,032,526)		(1,032,526)		(1,398,098)		(365,572)		
Fund Balance - Beginning		1,032,526		1,032,526		2,064,999		1,032,473		
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	0	\$	0	\$	666,901	\$	666,901		

	AMBULANCE FUND									
	Budgeted Amounts Original Final			Actual Amounts, Budgetary Basis)	F	ariance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)				
RECEIPTS								<u>(= g</u>)		
Charges for Services	\$	530,000	\$	530,000	\$	709,430	\$	179,430		
Miscellaneous		2,500		2,500		40,010		37,510		
Interest		25		25		205		180		
Total Receipts		532,525		532,525		749,645		217,120		
DISBURSEMENTS										
Protection to Persons and Property		1,222,440		1,235,624		1,012,609		223,015		
Administration		571,903		558,719		551,095		7,624		
Total Disbursements		1,794,343		1,794,343		1,563,704		230,639		
Excess (Deficiency) of Receipts Over										
Disbursements Before Other										
Adjustments to Cash (Uses)		(1,261,818)		(1,261,818)		(814,059)		447,759		
Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)										
Transfers From Other Funds		1,136,818		1,136,818		836,818		(300,000)		
Total Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)		1,136,818		1,136,818		836,818		(300,000)		
Net Change in Fund Balance		(125,000)		(125,000)		22,759		147,759		
Fund Balance - Beginning	-	125,000		125,000		198,658		73,658		
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	0	\$	0	\$	221,417	\$	221,417		

	SOLID WASTE FUND								
		Budgeted Amounts Original Final				Actual Amounts, (Budgetary Basis)		ance with al Budget Positive egative)	
RECEIPTS									
Miscellaneous	\$	20,000	\$	20,000	\$	24,601	\$	4,601	
Interest		100		100		71		(29)	
Total Receipts		20,100		20,100		24,672		4,572	
DISBURSEMENTS									
General Health and Sanitation		135,870		136,603		128,014		8,589	
Administration		54,970		54,237		53,951		286	
Total Disbursements		190,840		190,840		181,965		8,875	
Excess (Deficiency) of Receipts Over									
Disbursements Before Other									
Adjustments to Cash (Uses)		(170,740)		(170,740)		(157,293)		13,447	
Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)									
Transfers From Other Funds		155,740		155,740		155,740			
Total Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)		155,740		155,740		155,740			
Net Change in Fund Balance		(15,000)		(15,000)		(1,553)		13,447	
Fund Balance - Beginning		15,000		15,000		40,906		25,906	
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	0	\$	0	\$	39,353	\$	39,353	

Fund Balance - Ending

	PARKS AND RECREATION FUND							
	Budgeted Amounts			Actual Amounts, (Budgetary		Variance with Final Budget Positive		
		Original		Final	Basis)		(Negative)	
RECEIPTS								
Charges for Services	\$	50,000	\$	50,000	\$	63,850	\$	13,850
Miscellaneous		17,100		17,100		25,385		8,285
Interest		15		15		103		88
Total Receipts		67,115		67,115		89,338		22,223
DISBURSEMENTS								
Recreation and Culture		358,466		352,799		332,088		20,711
Administration		75,446		78,861		76,087		2,774
Total Disbursements		433,912		431,660		408,175		23,485
Excess (Deficiency) of Receipts Over								
Disbursements Before Other								
Adjustments to Cash (Uses)		(366,797)		(364,545)		(318,837)		45,708
Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)								
Transfers From Other Funds		331,797		331,797		331,797		
Total Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)		331,797		331,797		331,797		
Net Change in Fund Balance		(35,000)		(32,748)		12,960		45,708
Fund Balance - Beginning		35,000		35,000		5,265		(29,735)

0 \$

2,252 \$

18,225 \$

15,973

	SHERIFF FUND							
	Budgeted Amounts			Actual Amounts, (Budgetary		Fi	riance with nal Budget Positive	
RECEIPTS		Original		Final		Basis)	(Negative)	
Intergovernmental	\$	500,000	\$	500,000	\$	487,816	\$	(12,184)
Interest	*	30	•	30	•	100	*	70
Total Receipts		500,030		500,030		487,916		(12,114)
DISBURSEMENTS								
General Government		814,924		815,603		683,148		132,455
Administration		445,615		444,936		329,351		115,585
Total Disbursements		1,260,539		1,260,539		1,012,499		248,040
Excess (Deficiency) of Receipts Over								
Disbursements Before Other								
Adjustments to Cash (Uses)		(760,509)		(760,509)		(524,583)		235,926
Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)								
Transfers From Other Funds		625,509		625,509		425,509		(200,000)
Total Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)		625,509		625,509		425,509		(200,000)
Net Change in Fund Balance		(135,000)		(135,000)		(99,074)		35,926
Fund Balance - Beginning		135,000		135,000		111,505		(23,495)
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	0	\$	0	\$	12,431	\$	12,431

	911 FUND								
	Budgeted Amounts				Actual Amounts, (Budgetary		Fin:	ance with al Budget Positive	
	(Original		Final		Basis)		(Negative)	
RECEIPTS									
Taxes	\$	32,000	\$	32,000	\$	28,065	\$	(3,935)	
Interest		5		5		4		(1)	
Total Receipts		32,005		32,005		28,069		(3,936)	
DISBURSEMENTS									
Protection to Persons and Property		32,005		32,005		28,068		3,937	
Total Disbursements		32,005		32,005		28,068		3,937	
Net Change in Fund Balance						1		1	
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	0	\$	0	\$	1	\$	1	

	911 WIRELESS FUND							
		Budgeted Amounts Original Final			Actual Amounts, (Budgetary Basis)		Fir	iance with nal Budget Positive Vegative)
RECEIPTS					-			
Taxes	\$	184,000	\$	184,000	\$	204,959	\$	20,959
Interest		10		10		39		29
Total Receipts		184,010		184,010		204,998		20,988
DISBURSEMENTS								
Protection to Persons and Property		184,010		184,010		180,988		3,022
Total Disbursements		184,010		184,010		180,988		3,022
Excess (Deficiency) of Receipts Over								
Disbursements Before Other								
Adjustments to Cash (Uses)						24,010		24,010
Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)								
Transfers To Other Funds						(24,000)		(24,000)
Total Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)						(24,000)		(24,000)
Net Change in Fund Balance					· 	10		10
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	0	\$	0	\$	10	\$	10

	INSURANCE FUND							
	Budget	Budgeted Amounts			Actual mounts, dudgetary	Variance with Final Budget Positive		
	Original		Final	Basis)		(N	egative)	
RECEIPTS								
Miscellaneous	\$	\$	80,000	\$	74,152	\$	(5,848)	
Total Receipts			80,000		74,152		(5,848)	
DISBURSEMENTS								
Administration			80,000		60,461		19,539	
Total Disbursements			80,000		60,461		19,539	
Net Change in Fund Balance					13,691		13,691	
Fund Balance - Beginning					84,077		84,077	
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 0	\$	0	\$	97,768	\$	97,768	

FEDERAL GRANT FUND - CDBG Actual Variance with Final Budget Amounts, Positive **Budgeted Amounts** (Budgetary Original Final Basis) (Negative) RECEIPTS 200,000 Intergovernmental 200,000 16,172 (183,828)Total Receipts 200,000 200,000 16,172 (183,828)DISBURSEMENTS Social Services 200,000 200,000 16,172 183,828 200,000 183,828 **Total Disbursements** 200,000 16,172 Net Change in Fund Balance Fund Balance - Ending 0 \$ 0

	 CLERK SB 135 FUND							
	Budgeted Amounts					Variance with Final Budget Positive		
D.F.C.P.P.T.C	 Original		Final		Basis)	<u>(1)</u>	Vegative)	
RECEIPTS								
Miscellaneous	\$ 25,000	\$	25,000	\$	14,186	\$	(10,814)	
Interest					1		11	
Total Receipts	 25,000		25,000		14,187		(10,813)	
DISBURSEMENTS								
General Government	25,000		25,000				25,000	
Total Disbursements	 25,000		25,000				25,000	
Net Change in Fund Balance					14,187		14,187	
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 0	\$	0	\$	14,187	\$	14,187	

CARROLL COUNTY NOTES TO REGULATORY SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES

June 30, 2023

Note 1. Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted on a regulatory basis of accounting according to the laws of Kentucky as required by the state local finance officer, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

The county judge/executive is required to submit estimated receipts and proposed disbursements to the fiscal court by May 1 of each year. The budget is prepared by fund, function, and activity and is required to be adopted by the fiscal court by July 1.

The fiscal court may change the original budget by transferring appropriations at the activity level; however, the fiscal court may not increase the total budget without approval by the state local finance officer. Disbursements may not exceed budgeted appropriations at the activity level.

Note 2. Reconciliation of the General Fund

Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)-Budgetary Basis	\$ (3,036,524)
To adjust for payroll revolving account balance	16,454
Total Intergovernmental-Regulatory Basis	\$ (3,020,070)
Total Fund Balance - Budgetary Basis	\$ 4,225,317
To adjust for payroll revolving account balance	16,454
Total Ending Fund Balance - Regulatory Basis	\$ 4,241,771

CARROLL COUNTY SCHEDULE OF CAPITAL ASSETS Other Information - Regulatory Basis

For The Year Ended June 30, 2023



CARROLL COUNTY SCHEDULE OF CAPITAL ASSETS Other Information - Regulatory Basis

For The Year Ended June 30, 2023

The fiscal court reports the following Schedule of Capital Assets:

	Beginning			Ending
	Balance	Additions	Deletions	Balance
Land and Land Improvements	\$ 4,173,454	\$	\$	\$ 4,173,454
Buildings	6,107,610	183,618		6,291,228
Equipment	2,097,849	144,967		2,242,816
Vehicles	1,984,207	767,884		2,752,091
Infrastructure	10,803,903	944,877		11,748,780
Total Capital Assets	\$ 25,167,023	\$ 2,041,346	\$ 0	\$ 27,208,369

CARROLL COUNTY NOTES TO OTHER INFORMATION - REGULATORY BASIS SCHEDULE OF CAPITAL ASSETS

June 30, 2023

Note 1. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, land improvements, buildings, furniture and office equipment, building improvements, machinery, equipment, and infrastructure assets (roads and bridges) that have a useful life of more than one reporting period based on the government's capitalization policy, are reported as other information. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost when purchased or constructed.

	Cap	italization	Useful Life
	T1	hreshold	(Years)
Land and Land Improvements	\$	12,500	10-60
Buildings and Building Improvements		25,000	10-75
Equipment		5,000	3-25
Vehicles		5,000	3-25
Infrastructure		20,000	10-50

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENT PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS





ALLISON BALL AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS

Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance And Other Matters Based On An Audit Of The Financial Statement Performed In Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards*

Independent Auditor's Report

The Honorable James David Wilhoite, Carroll County Judge/Executive Members of the Carroll County Fiscal Court

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the Statement of Receipts, Disbursements, and Changes in Fund Balances - Regulatory Basis of the Carroll County Fiscal Court for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statement which collectively comprise the Carroll County Fiscal Court's financial statement and have issued our report thereon dated March 11, 2024.

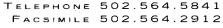
Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statement, we considered the Carroll County Fiscal Court's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statement, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Carroll County Fiscal Court's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Carroll County Fiscal Court's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies, and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. However, as described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses, we identified a certain deficiency in internal control that we consider to be a material weakness.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statement will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We consider the deficiency described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses as item 2023-001 to be a material weakness.





AUDITOR.KY.GOV



Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance And Other Matters Based On An Audit Of The Financial Statement Performed In Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards* (Continued)

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Carroll County Fiscal Court's financial statement is free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statement. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed an instance of noncompliance or other matter that is are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which is described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and as item 2023-001.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Respectfully submitted,

Allisa Pall

Allison Ball

Auditor of Public Accounts

Frankfort, Ky

March 11, 2024

CARROLL COUNTY SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES

For The Year Ended June 30, 2023



CARROLL COUNTY SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES

For The Year Ended June 30, 2023

FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDING:

2023-001 The Carroll County Jailer Did Not Ensure Jail Vehicle Purchases Were Handled Properly

During testing of the Carroll County Jail disbursements, the following was noted regarding an ATV that was purchased for use at the detention center:

- The jailer followed the requirement to obtain to (2) quotes before making a purchase for an ATV, but the jailer did not maintain documentation of the calls or quotes received. The purchase was under the required amount to be bid per the county's administrative policy bid threshold of \$40,000; however, two (2) quotes are required to be obtained, nonetheless.
- The jailer had the title and motor vehicle license work for the ATV issued in his personal name and address instead of the fiscal court's name and address. According to the county treasurer, she discovered the issue and discussed with the jailer that jail vehicles should be in the fiscal court's name and address. The county treasurer then worked with the ATV dealer and the county clerk's office to switch the title and license work for the ATV to the fiscal court's name and address.

Also, a vehicle purchased for the jail in March 2023, was to be used for prisoner transport; however, the jailer did not get a county decal put on the truck and did not equip it for secure use for prisoner transport. Per discussion with county officials, the decals were later placed on the vehicle and properly equipped for the secure transport of prisoners. The jailer did not practice due care and diligence to ensure that the county's procurement policies were consistently followed or that vehicles purchased for use at the jail were used for jail operations only, or that those vehicles were titled and licensed to the county fiscal court for proper tracking, use, and insurance purposes. The jailer did not have controls in place to ensure that documentation supporting the quotes for jail vehicle purchases were maintained. The actions taken by the jailer, including failure to maintain supporting documentation for the ATV purchase quotes, the titling of jail vehicles in his personal name, and failure to equip and decal the vehicle specifically for prisoner transport, indicate an increased risk of management override of internal controls, which can lead to undetected errors and fraud. Per the county's administrative code, purchases below \$40,000 are to be given two (2) quotes from vendors and then they must choose the quote most advantageous to the county. Additionally, management's commitment to a strong system of internal controls is essential to ensure the county's procurement policies and appropriate vehicle titling requirements are met.

We recommend the jailer ensure the county's system of internal controls is followed for detention center operations, including implementing procedures to ensure procurement of jail assets are in compliance with the county's administrative code. These procedures should include maintaining all related documentation for each procurement, and if bidding is required, that the bid is approved by the fiscal court and evidenced in the fiscal court minutes. The procedures should also include that the title and license for vehicles purchased should be to the fiscal court's name and address.

Views of Responsible Official and Planned Corrective Action:

County Judge/Executive's Response: The official did not provide a response.

Jailer's Response: The official did not provide a response.



CERTIFICATION OF COMPLIANCE - LOCAL GOVERNMENT ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE PROGRAM

CARROLL COUNTY FISCAL COURT

For The Year Ended June 30, 2023



CERTIFICATION OF COMPLIANCE

LOCAL GOVERNMENT ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE

COUNTY FISCAL COURT

For The Year Ended June 30, 2023

The Carroll County Fiscal Court hereby certifies that assistance received from the Local Government Economic Assistance Program was expended for the purpose intended as dictated by the applicable Kentucky Revised Statutes.

County Judge/Executive

County Treasurer