REPORT OF THE AUDIT OF THE TRIMBLE COUNTY FISCAL COURT

For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016



MIKE HARMON AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS www.auditor.ky.gov

209 ST. CLAIR STREET FRANKFORT, KY 40601-1817 TELEPHONE (502) 564-5841 FACSIMILE (502) 564-2912

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

AUDIT OF THE TRIMBLE COUNTY FISCAL COURT

June 30, 2016

The Auditor of Public Accounts has completed the audit of the Trimble County Fiscal Court for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016.

We have issued an unmodified opinion, based on our audit, of the Statement of Receipts, Disbursements, and Changes in Fund Balances - Regulatory Basis of Trimble County Fiscal Court.

Financial Condition:

The Trimble County Fiscal Court had total receipts of \$4,720,001 and disbursements of \$4,283,054 in fiscal year 2016. This resulted in a total ending fund balance of \$2,121,882, which is an increase of \$436,947 from the prior year.

Deposits:

The fiscal court's deposits were insured and collateralized by bank securities.

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MIKE HARMON AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS

To the People of Kentucky

Honorable Matthew G. Bevin, Governor William M. Landrum III, Secretary Finance and Administration Cabinet Honorable Jerry Powell, Trimble County Judge/Executive Members of the Trimble County Fiscal Court

Independent Auditor's Report

Report on the Financial Statement

We have audited the accompanying Statement of Receipts, Disbursements, and Changes in Fund Balances - Regulatory Basis of the Trimble County Fiscal Court, for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statement which collectively comprise the Trimble County Fiscal Court's financial statement as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statement

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of this financial statement in accordance with accounting practices prescribed or permitted by the Department for Local Government to demonstrate compliance with the Commonwealth of Kentucky's regulatory basis of accounting and budget laws. This includes determining that the regulatory basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statement in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of a financial statement that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on this financial statement based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and the *Audit Guide for Fiscal Court Audits* issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts, Commonwealth of Kentucky. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statement is free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statement. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statement, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statement in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statement.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

TELEPHONE 502.564.5841

FACSIMILE 502.564.2912

WWW.AUDITOR.KY.GOV

209 ST. CLAIR STREET FRANKFORT, KY 40601-1817 To the People of Kentucky Honorable Matthew G. Bevin, Governor William M. Landrum III, Secretary Finance and Administration Cabinet Honorable Jerry Powell, Trimble County Judge/Executive Members of the Trimble County Fiscal Court

Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

As described in Note 1 of the financial statement, the financial statement is prepared by the Trimble County Fiscal Court on the basis of the accounting practices prescribed or permitted by the Department for Local Government to demonstrate compliance with the Commonwealth of Kentucky's regulatory basis of accounting and budget laws, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The effects on the financial statement of the variances between the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note 1 and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, although not reasonably determinable, are presumed to be material.

Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

In our opinion, because of the significance of the matter discussed in the Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles paragraph, the financial statement referred to above does not present fairly, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of the Trimble County Fiscal Court as of June 30, 2016, or changes in financial position or cash flows thereof for the year then ended.

Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting

In our opinion, the financial statement referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the fund balances of the Trimble County Fiscal Court as of June 30, 2016, and their respective cash receipts and disbursements, and budgetary results for the year then ended, in accordance with the basis of accounting practices prescribed or permitted by the Department for Local Government described in Note 1.

Other Matters

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statement taken as a whole of the Trimble County Fiscal Court. The Budgetary Comparison Schedules and Capital Asset Schedule are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statement; however, they are required to be presented in accordance with accounting practices prescribed or permitted by the Department for Local Government to demonstrate compliance with the Commonwealth of Kentucky's regulatory basis of accounting and budget laws.

The accompanying Budgetary Comparison Schedules and Capital Asset Schedule are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statement. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statement and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statement itself, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Budgetary Comparison Schedules and Capital Asset Schedule are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statement as a whole.

To the People of Kentucky Honorable Matthew G. Bevin, Governor William M. Landrum III, Secretary Finance and Administration Cabinet Honorable Jerry Powell, Trimble County Judge/Executive Members of the Trimble County Fiscal Court

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 29, 2017, on our consideration of the Trimble County Fiscal Court's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Trimble County Fiscal Court's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Respectfully submitted,

PZA

Mike Harmon Auditor of Public Accounts

June 29, 2017

TRIMBLE COUNTY OFFICIALS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2016

County Attorney

County Clerk

Circuit Court Clerk

Property Valuation Administrator

Jailer

Sheriff

Coroner

Fiscal Court Members:

Jerry Powell	County Judge/Executive
Kenneth Green	Magistrate
Don McCarty	Magistrate
Nolan Hamilton, Jr.	Magistrate
David Scott	Magistrate

Other Elected Officials:

Crystal Heinz
Bobby Temple
Tina Browning
Stacy Bruner
Tim Coons
Jill Mahoney
Frederica Congleton

Appointed Personnel:

Regina Rand	County Treasurer
Ashley Thornsberry	Financial Officer/Deputy Judge
Kathi McGuire	Payroll Officer/Deputy Judge
Roy Callis	Road Supervisor
Susan Barnes	Fiscal Court Clerk

TRIMBLE COUNTY STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - REGULATORY BASIS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2016

TRIMBLE COUNTY STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - REGULATORY BASIS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Budgeted Funds				
	General Fund		Road Fund		Jail Fund
RECEIPTS					
Taxes	\$ 1,311,2	26 \$		\$	
Excess Fees	17,6				
Licenses and Permits	714,5	79			
Intergovernmental	138,2	25	1,254,850		88,808
Charges for Services	171,3	28			
Miscellaneous	403,7	47	616,538		
Interest	1,9	55	322		
Total Receipts	2,758,7	31	1,871,710		88,808
DISBURSEMENTS					
General Government	735,4	13			
Protection to Persons and Property	442,5	27			322,308
General Health and Sanitation	158,4	37			
Social Services					
Recreation and Culture	52,8	83			
Roads			1,585,446		
Debt Service	49,9	38	33,603		
Administration	679,24	46	129,796		12,656
Total Disbursements	2,118,4	44	1,748,845		334,964
Excess (Deficiency) of Receipts Over					
Disbursements Before Other					
Adjustments to Cash (Uses)	640,2	87	122,865		(246,156)
Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)					
Transfers From Other Funds	6,9	66			248,500
Transfers To Other Funds	(325,5	00)			
Total Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)	(318,5)	34)			248,500
Net Change in Fund Balance	321,7	53	122,865		2,344
Fund Balance - Beginning (Restated)	1,102,6		562,428		6,812
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 1,424,3	94 \$	685,293	\$	9,156
Composition of Fund Balance					
Bank Balance	\$ 923,0	57 \$	686,354	\$	12,434
Less: Outstanding Checks	(4,9	97)	(1,061)		(3,278)
Certificates of Deposit	506,3				
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 1,424,3	94 \$	685,293	\$	9,156

TRIMBLE COUNTY STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - REGULATORY BASIS For The Year Ended June 30, 2016 (Continued)

Budgeted Funds Local	Unbudgeted Fund	
Government Economic Assistance Fund	Parks Board Fund	Total Funds
¢.	¢	ф. 1 011 00 с
\$	\$	\$ 1,311,226
		17,671
		714,579
		1,481,883
	750	171,328
2	750	1,021,035
2		2,279
2	750	4,720,001
1,400		736,813
		764,835
11,000		169,437
19,222		19,222
48,454	725	102,062
		1,585,446
		83,541
		821,698
80,076	725	4,283,054
(80,074)) 25	436,947
77,000		332,466
	(6,966)	(332,466)
77,000	(6,966)	
(2.07.1)		426.047
(3,074)		436,947
6,113 \$ 3,039	$-\frac{6,941}{\$}$	1,684,935 \$ 2,121,882
ψ 3,039	φ 0	φ 2,121,002
¢ 1175	¢	¢ 1,606,210
\$ 4,465	\$	\$ 1,626,310 (10,762)
(1,426))	(10,762)
		506,334
\$ 3,039	\$ 0	\$ 2,121,882

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TRIMBLE COUNTY NOTE<u>S TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT</u>

June 30, 2016

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Reporting Entity

The financial statement of Trimble County includes all budgeted and unbudgeted funds under the control of the Trimble County Fiscal Court. Budgeted funds included within the reporting entity are those funds presented in the county's approved annual budget and reported on the quarterly reports submitted to the Department for Local Government. Unbudgeted funds may include non-fiduciary financial activities, private purpose trust funds, and internal service funds that are within the county's control. Unbudgeted funds may also include any corporation to act as the fiscal court in the acquisition and financing of any public project which may be undertaken by the fiscal court pursuant to the provisions of Kentucky law and thus accomplish a public purpose of the fiscal court. The unbudgeted funds are not presented in the annual approved budget or in the quarterly reports submitted to the Department for Local Government.

B. Basis of Accounting

The financial statement is presented on a regulatory basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. This basis of accounting involves the reporting of fund balances and the changes therein resulting from cash inflows (cash receipts) and cash outflows (cash disbursements) to meet the financial reporting requirements of the Department for Local Government and the laws of the Commonwealth of Kentucky.

This regulatory basis of accounting differs from GAAP primarily because the financial statement format does not include the GAAP presentations of government-wide and fund financial statements, cash receipts are recognized when received in cash rather than when earned and susceptible to accrual, and cash disbursements are recognized when paid rather than when incurred or subject to accrual.

Generally, except as otherwise provided by law, property taxes are assessed as of January 1, levied (mailed) November 1, due at discount November 30, due at face value December 31, delinquent January 1 following the assessment, and subject to sale ninety days following April 15.

C. Basis of Presentation

Budgeted Funds

The fiscal court reports the following budgeted funds:

General Fund - This is the primary operating fund of the fiscal court. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except where the Department for Local Government requires a separate fund or where management requires that a separate fund be used for some function.

Road Fund - This fund is for road and bridge construction and repair. The primary sources of receipts for this fund are state payments for truck license distribution, municipal road aid, and transportation grants. The Department for Local Government requires the fiscal court to maintain these receipts and disbursements separately from the general fund.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

C. Basis of Presentation (Continued)

Jail Fund - The primary purpose of this fund is to account for the jail expenses of the county. The primary sources of receipts for this fund are reimbursements from the state and federal governments, payments from other counties for housing prisoners, and transfers from the general fund. The Department for Local Government requires the fiscal court to maintain these receipts and disbursements separately from the general fund.

Local Government Economic Assistance Fund - The primary purpose of this fund is to account for grants and related disbursements. The primary sources of receipts for this fund are grants from the state and federal governments.

Unbudgeted Fund

The fiscal court reports the following unbudgeted fund:

Parks Board Fund - The parks board fund was created for managing and maintaining the park.

D. Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted on a regulatory basis of accounting which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board and according to the laws of Kentucky as required by the State Local Finance Officer.

The county judge/executive is required to submit estimated receipts and proposed disbursements to the fiscal court by May 1 of each year. The budget is prepared by fund, function, and activity and is required to be adopted by the fiscal court by July 1.

The fiscal court may change the original budget by transferring appropriations at the activity level; however, the fiscal court may not increase the total budget without approval by the State Local Finance Officer. Disbursements may not exceed budgeted appropriations at the activity level.

The State Local Finance Officer does not require the parks board fund to be budgeted because the fiscal court does not approve the expenses of this fund.

E. Trimble County Elected Officials

Kentucky law provides for election of the officials listed below from the geographic area constituting Trimble County. Pursuant to state statute, these officials perform various services for the Commonwealth of Kentucky, its judicial courts, the fiscal court, various cities and special districts within the county, and the Board of Education. In exercising these responsibilities, however, they are required to comply with state laws. Audits of their financial statements are issued separately and individually and can be obtained from their respective administrative offices. These financial statements are not required to be included in the financial statement of the Trimble County Fiscal Court.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

E. Trimble County Elected Officials (Continued)

- Circuit Court Clerk
- County Attorney
- Property Valuation Administrator
- County Clerk
- County Sheriff

F. Deposits and Investments

The government's fund balance is considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, certificates of deposit, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. The government's fund balance includes cash and cash equivalents and investments.

KRS 66.480 authorizes the county to invest in obligations of the United States and of its agencies and instrumentalities, obligations and contracts for future delivery or purchase of obligations backed by the full faith and credit of the United States, obligations of any corporation of the United States government, bonds or certificates of indebtedness of this state, and certificates of deposit issued by or other interest-bearing accounts of any bank or savings and loan institution which are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or which are collateralized, to the extent uninsured, by any obligation permitted by KRS 41.240(4).

G. Long-term Obligations

The fund financial statement recognizes bond interest, as well as bond issuance costs when received or when paid, during the current period. The principal amount of the debt and interest are reported as disbursements. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as disbursements. Debt proceeds are reported as other adjustments to cash.

Note 2. Deposits

The fiscal court maintained deposits of public funds with depository institutions insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) as required by KRS 66.480(1)(d). According to KRS 41.240, the depository institution should pledge or provide sufficient collateral which, together with FDIC insurance, equals or exceeds the amount of public funds on deposit at all times. In order to be valid against the FDIC in the event of failure or insolvency of the depository institution, this pledge or provision of collateral should be evidenced by an agreement between the fiscal court and the depository institution, signed by both parties, that is (a) in writing, (b) approved by the board of directors of the depository institution or its loan committee, which approval must be reflected in the minutes of the board or committee, and (c) an official record of the depository institution. These requirements were met.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a depository institution failure, the government's deposits may not be returned. The government does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk, but rather follows the requirements of KRS 66.480(1)(d) and KRS 41.240. As of June 30, 2016, all deposits were covered by FDIC insurance or a properly executed collateral security agreement.

Note 3. Transfers

The table below shows the interfund operating transfers for fiscal year 2016.

	Parks					
		General	al Board		Total	
	Fund			Fund	Tr	ansfers In
General Fund	\$		\$	6,966	\$	6,966
Jail Fund		248,500				248,500
LGEA Fund		77,000				77,000
Total Transfers Out	\$	325,500	\$	6,966	\$	332,466

Reason for transfers:

To move resources from and to the general fund and other funds, for budgetary purposes, to the funds that will expend them.

Note 4. Long-term Debt

A. Courthouse Expansion

On May 31, 2007, the fiscal court entered into a financing agreement with the Kentucky Association of Counties Leasing Trust to borrow \$450,000 at a variable interest rate for the expansion of the Trimble County Courthouse. The county will make monthly payments of varying amounts for 11 years in accordance with the contract. Principal payment requirements and scheduled interest for the remaining term of the contract are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	ScheduledPrincipalInterest			
2017 2018	\$	50,000 55,000	\$	2,829 224
Totals	\$	105,000	\$	3,053

B. Dump Truck and Storage Buildings

On January 29, 2013, the fiscal court entered into a financing agreement with the Kentucky Association of Counties Leasing Trust to borrow \$155,437 at a variable interest rate for payment for dump trucks and storage building construction. The county will make quarterly payments of varying amounts for five years in accordance with the contract. Principal payment requirements and scheduled interest for the remaining term of the contract are as follows:

Note 4. Long-term Debt (Continued)

B. Dump Truck and Storage Buildings (Continued)

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	~			Scheduled Interest	
2017 2018	\$	32,164 16,379	\$	1,185 199	
Totals	\$	48,543	\$	1,384	

C. Pickup Truck

On September 11, 2014, the fiscal court entered into a financing agreement with the Bedford Loan and Deposit Bank to borrow \$29,660 at 2.75 percent interest rate for the purchase of a pickup truck for the Road Department. The county will make monthly payments of \$530 for 60 months in accordance with the contract. Principal payment requirements and scheduled interest for the remaining term of the contract are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Principal		 eduled terest
2017	\$	5,887	\$ 469
2018		6,051	305
2019		6,220	136
2020		1,575	7
Totals	\$	19,733	\$ 917

D. Jail Vehicle

On October 21, 2014, the fiscal court entered into a financing agreement with the Farmers Bank of Milton to borrow \$32,141 at 4.125 percent interest rate for the purchase of a vehicle for the use of the jailer. The county will make monthly payments of \$594 for 60 months in accordance with the contract. Principal payment requirements and scheduled interest for the remaining term of the contract are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	P	Principal		neduled nterest
2017 2018	\$	6,330 6,596	\$	795 529
2019		6,874		252
2020		2,355		20
Totals	\$	22,155	\$	1,596

Note 4. Long-term Debt (Continued)

E. Changes In Long-term Debt

Long-term Debt activity for the year ended June 30, 2016, was as follows:

	eginning Balance	Additions		Reductions		Ending Balance		Due Within One Year	
Financing Obligations	\$ 283,617	\$		\$	88,186	\$	195,431	\$	94,381
Total Long-term Debt	\$ 283,617	\$	0	\$	88,186	\$	195,431	\$	94,381

Note 5. Employee Retirement System

The fiscal court has elected to participate in the County Employees Retirement System (CERS), pursuant to KRS 78.530 administered by the Board of Trustees of the Kentucky Retirement Systems (KRS). This is a cost sharing, multiple employer defined benefit pension plan that covers all eligible regular full-time members employed in non-hazardous and hazardous duty positions in the county. The Plan provides for retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members. Retirement benefits may be extended to beneficiaries of the plan members under certain circumstances. Benefit contributions and provisions are established by statute.

Nonhazardous covered employees are required to contribute five percent of their salary to the plan. Nonhazardous covered employees who begin participation on or after September 1, 2008, are required to contribute six percent of their salary to the plan. The county's contribution rate for nonhazardous employees was 17.06 percent.

Hazardous covered employees are required to contribute eight percent of their salary to the plan. Hazardous covered employees who begin participation on or after September 1, 2008, are required to contribute nine percent of their salary to be allocated as follows: eight percent will go to the member's account and one percent will go to the KRS insurance fund. The county's contribution rate for hazardous employees was 32.95 percent.

In accordance with Senate Bill 2, signed by the Governor on April 4, 2013, plan members who began participating on, or after, January 1, 2014, were required to contribute to the Cash Balance Plan. The Cash Balance Plan is known as a hybrid plan because it has characteristics of both a defined benefit plan and a defined contribution plan. Members in the plan contribute a set percentage of their salary each month to their own account. Members contribute five percent (nonhazardous) and eight percent (hazardous) of their annual creditable compensation and one percent to the health insurance fund which is not credited to the member's account and is not refundable. The employer contributes a set percentage of the member's salary. Each month, when employer contributions are received, an employer pay credit is deposited to the member's account. A member's account is credited with a four percent (nonhazardous) and seven and one-half percent (hazardous) employer pay credit. The employer pay credit represents a portion of the employer contribution.

The county's contribution for FY 2014 was \$244,739, FY 2015 was \$224,014, and FY 2016 was \$219,654.

Note 5. Employee Retirement System (Continued)

Benefits fully vest on reaching five years of service for nonhazardous employees. Aspects of benefits for nonhazardous employees include retirement after 27 years of service or age 65. Nonhazardous employees who begin participation on or after September 1, 2008, must meet the rule of 87 (member's age plus years of service credit must equal 87, and the member must be a minimum of 57 years of age) or the member is age 65, with a minimum of 60 months service credit.

Aspects of benefits for hazardous employees include retirement after 20 years of service or age 55. For hazardous employees who begin participation on or after September 1, 2008, aspects of benefits include retirement after 25 years of service or the member is age 60, with a minimum of 60 months of service credit.

CERS also provides post-retirement health care coverage as follows:

For members participating prior to July 1, 2003, years of service and respective percentages of the maximum contribution are as follows:

		% Paid by Member through
Years of Service	% paid by Insurance Fund	Payroll Deduction
20 or more	100%	0%
15-19	75%	25%
10-14	50%	50%
4-9	25%	75%
Less than 4	0%	100%

As a result of House Bill 290 (2004 General Assembly), medical insurance benefits are calculated differently for members who began participation on or after July 1, 2003. Once members reach a minimum vesting period of ten years, non-hazardous employees whose participation began on or after July 1, 2003, earn ten dollars per month for insurance benefits at retirement for every year of earned service without regard to a maximum dollar amount. This dollar amount is subject to adjustment annually based on the retiree cost of living adjustment, which is updated annually due to changes in the Consumer Price Index.

Hazardous employees whose participation began on or after July 1, 2003, earn 15 dollars per month for insurance benefits at retirement for every year of earned service without regard to a maximum dollar amount. Upon the death of a hazardous employee, such employee's spouse receives 10 dollars per month for insurance benefits for each year of the deceased employee's hazardous service. This dollar amount is subject to adjustment annually based on the retiree cost of living adjustment, which is updated annually due to changes in the Consumer Price Index.

KRS issues a publicly available annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information on CERS. This report may be obtained by writing the Kentucky Retirement Systems, 1260 Louisville Road, Frankfort, KY 40601-6124, or by telephone at (502) 564-4646.

KRS also issues a proportionate share audit report that includes the total pension liability for CERS determined by actuarial valuation as well as each participating county's proportionate share. The Schedules of Employer Allocations and Pension Amounts by Employer report and the related actuarial tables are available online at https://kyret.ky.gov/Employers/Resources/Pages/GASB.aspx. The complete actuarial valuation report, including all actuarial assumptions and methods, is also available on the website or can be obtained as described in the paragraph above.

Note 6. Deferred Compensation

On February 24, 2000, the Trimble County Fiscal Court voted to allow all eligible employees to participate in deferred compensation plans administered by the Kentucky Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Authority. The Kentucky Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Authority is authorized under KRS 18A.230 to 18A.275 to provide administration of tax sheltered supplemental retirement plans for all state, public school and university employees, and employees of local political subdivisions that have elected to participate.

These deferred compensation plans permit all full time employees to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency. Participation by eligible employees in the deferred compensation plans is voluntary.

Historical trend information showing the Kentucky Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Authority's progress in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due is presented in the Kentucky Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Authority's annual financial report. This report may be obtained by writing the Kentucky Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Authority at 101 Sea Hero Road, Suite 110, Frankfort, KY 40601-8862, or by telephone at (502) 573-7925.

Note 7. Health Reimbursement Account/Flexible Spending Account

The Trimble County Fiscal Court established a flexible spending (FSA) and health reimbursement (HRA) accounts on May 1, 2012, to provide employees an additional health benefit. The county has contracted with a third-party administrator to administer the plans. The HRA plan provides a debit card to each eligible employee providing \$1,500 or \$3,000, depending upon the type of insurance plan the employee has, each year to pay for qualified medical expenses. Employees may also contribute additional pre-tax funds (FSA) through payroll deduction. The balance in the accounts as of June 30, 2016, was \$17,802.

Note 8. Insurance

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, the Trimble County Fiscal Court was a member of the Kentucky Association of Counties' All Lines Fund (KALF). KALF is a self-insurance fund and was organized to obtain lower cost coverage for general liability, property damage, public officials' errors and omissions, public liability, and other damages. The basic nature of a self-insurance program is that of collectively shared risk by its members. If losses incurred for covered claims exceed the resources contributed by the members, the members are responsible for payment of the excess losses.

Note 9. Conduit Debt

From time to time the county has issued bonds to provide financial assistance to a power plant for pollution control deemed to be in the public interest, in accordance with KRS 103.210. This debt may take the form of certain types of limited-obligation revenue bonds, certificates of participation, or similar debt instruments. Although conduit debt obligations bear the Trimble County Fiscal Court's name as issuer, the fiscal court has no obligation for such debt beyond the resources provided by a lease or loan with the third party on whose behalf it is issued. Neither the fiscal court nor any political subdivision thereof is obligated in any manner for repayment of the bonds. Accordingly, the bonds are not reported as liabilities in the accompanying financial statement.

Note 10. Accounts Receivable

The Trimble County Fiscal Court provides ambulance services to the citizens in the county. The ambulance service bills Medicare, Medicaid, health insurance companies, and individuals for services provided. Unpaid bills at June 30, 3016 totaled \$199,988.

Note 11. Prior Period Adjustments

The prior year ending fund balance for the general fund was increased by \$580,012 for an adjusted beginning fund balance of \$1,102,641. The adjustment was due to the consolidation of the license fee fund into the general fund.

The prior year ending fund balance for the local government economic assistance fund was increased by \$210 for an adjusted beginning fund balance of \$6,113. The adjustment was due to a prior year outstanding check being voided.

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TRIMBLE COUNTY BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES Supplementary Information - Regulatory Basis

For The Year Ended June 30, 2016

TRIMBLE COUNTY BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES Supplementary Information - Regulatory Basis

For The Year Ended June 30, 2016

	GENERAL FUND								
	Budgeted Amounts Original Final			Actual Amounts, (Budgetary		F	ariance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
RECEIPTS		Original		Filla		Basis)		(Negative)	
Taxes	\$	1,289,700	\$	1,292,366	\$	1,311,226	\$	18,860	
Excess Fees	Ŧ	10,000	+	27,334	+	17,671	Ŧ	(9,663)	
Licenses and Permits		695,600		697,150		714,579		17,429	
Intergovernmental		68,900		84,379		138,225		53,846	
Charges for Services		190,000		190,000		171,328		(18,672)	
Miscellaneous		275,000		442,096	403,747			(38,349)	
Interest		1,225		1,448		1,955		507	
Total Receipts	2,530,425 2,734,773					2,758,731	23,958		
DISBURSEMENTS									
General Government		803,281		829,482		735,413		94,069	
Protection to Persons and Property		480,446		735,746		442,527		293,219	
General Health and Sanitation		179,518		180,218		158,437		21,781	
Recreation and Culture		45,400		52,900		52,883		17	
Debt Service		66,100		66,100		49,938		16,162	
Administration		901,460		1,686,010		679,246		1,006,764	
Total Disbursements		2,476,205		3,550,456		2,118,444		1,432,012	
Excess (Deficiency) of Receipts Over									
Disbursements Before Other									
Adjustments to Cash (Uses)		54,220		(815,683)		640,287		1,455,970	
Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)									
Transfers From Other Funds		135,000		135,000		6,966		(128,034)	
Transfers To Other Funds		(422,423)		(422,423)		(325,500)		96,923	
Total Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)		(287,423)		(287,423)		(318,534)		(31,111)	
Net Change in Fund Balance		(233,203)		(1,103,106)		321,753		1,424,859	
Fund Balance - Beginning (Restated)		233,203		1,103,106		1,102,641		(465)	
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	0	\$	0	\$	1,424,394	\$	1,424,394	

TRIMBLE COUNTY BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES Supplementary Information - Regulatory Basis For The Year Ended June 30, 2016 (Continued)

	ROAD FUND									
	Budgeted Amounts Original Final		Actual Amounts, (Budgetary Basis)		Fi	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)				
RECEIPTS										
Intergovernmental	\$	821,651	\$	1,257,316	\$	1,254,850	\$	(2,466)		
Miscellaneous				314,490		616,538		302,048		
Interest		300		300	322			22		
Total Receipts	821,951			1,572,106		1,871,710		299,604		
DISBURSEMENTS										
Roads		701,695		1,619,603		1,585,446		34,157		
Debt Service		47,000		40,400		33,603	6,797			
Administration		231,367		339,535		129,796		209,739		
Total Disbursements	980,062		1,999,538		1,748,845			250,693		
Excess (Deficiency) of Receipts Over Disbursements Before Other										
Adjustments to Cash (Uses)		(158,111)		(427,432)		122,865		550,297		
Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)										
Transfers To Other Funds		(135,000)		(135,000)				135,000		
Total Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)		(135,000)		(135,000)				135,000		
Net Change in Fund Balance		(293,111)		(562,432)		122,865		685,297		
Fund Balance - Beginning		293,111		562,432		562,428		(4)		
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	0	\$	0	\$	685,293	\$	685,293		

TRIMBLE COUNTY BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES Supplementary Information - Regulatory Basis For The Year Ended June 30, 2016 (Continued)

	JAIL FUND									
		Budgeted Amounts			A	Actual Amounts, Budgetary	Fin	ance with al Budget Positive		
	C	Driginal		Final	Basis)		(Negative)			
RECEIPTS										
Intergovernmental	\$	85,600	\$	89,350	\$	88,808	\$	(542)		
Total Receipts		85,600		89,350		88,808		(542)		
DISBURSEMENTS										
Protection to Persons and Property		356,373		361,985		322,308		39,677		
Administration		37,650		42,600		12,656		29,944		
Total Disbursements		394,023		404,585		334,964		69,621		
Excess (Deficiency) of Receipts Over										
Disbursements Before Other										
Adjustments to Cash (Uses)		(308,423)		(315,235)		(246,156)		69,079		
Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)										
Transfers From Other Funds		308,423		308,423		248,500		(59,923)		
Total Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)		308,423		308,423		248,500		(59,923)		
Net Change in Fund Balance				(6,812)		2,344		9,156		
Fund Balance - Beginning				6,812		6,812				
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	0	\$	0	\$	9,156	\$	9,156		

TRIMBLE COUNTY BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES Supplementary Information - Regulatory Basis For The Year Ended June 30, 2016 (Continued)

LOCAL GOVERNMENT ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE FUND

RECEIPTS	Budgeted Amounts Original Final				Actual Amounts, (Budgetary Basis)		Fi	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
	\$	6 000	\$	6.000	\$		¢	(c, 0, 0, 0)
Intergovernmental Interest	Ф	6,000	Ф	0,000	Э	2	\$	(6,000)
		6.000		<u> </u>		$\frac{2}{2}$		(5.000)
Total Receipts		6,000		6,001		2		(5,999)
DISBURSEMENTS								
General Government		500		4,500		1,400		3,100
General Health and Sanitation		11,000		11,000		11,000		
Social Services		18,200		21,500		19,222		2,278
Recreation and Culture		84,000		85,800	48,454		37,34	
Administration	_	6,300	3,314				3,314	
Total Disbursements		120,000		126,114		80,076		46,038
Excess (Deficiency) of Receipts Over Disbursements Before Other								
Adjustments to Cash (Uses)		(114,000)		(120,113)		(80,074)		40,039
Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)								
Transfers From Other Funds		114,000		114,000		77,000		(37,000)
Total Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)		114,000		114,000		77,000		(37,000)
Net Change in Fund Balance				(6,113)		(3,074)		3,039
Fund Balance - Beginning (Restated)				6,113		6,113		
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	0	\$	0	\$	3,039	\$	3,039

TRIMBLE COUNTY NOTES TO REGULATORY SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES

June 30, 2016

Note 1. Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted on a regulatory basis of accounting which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board and according to the laws of Kentucky as required by the State Local Finance Officer.

The county judge/executive is required to submit estimated receipts and proposed disbursements to the fiscal court by May 1 of each year. The budget is prepared by fund, function, and activity and is required to be adopted by the fiscal court by July 1.

The fiscal court may change the original budget by transferring appropriations at the activity level; however, the fiscal court may not increase the total budget without approval by the State Local Finance Officer. Disbursements may not exceed budgeted appropriations at the activity level.

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TRIMBLE COUNTY SCHEDULE OF CAPITAL ASSETS Supplementary Information - Regulatory Basis

For The Year Ended June 30, 2016

TRIMBLE COUNTY SCHEDULE OF CAPITAL ASSETS Supplementary Information - Regulatory Basis

For The Year Ended June 30, 2016

The fiscal court reports the following Schedule of Capital Assets:

	Beginning Balance		Additions		Deletions		Ending Balance
Land	\$ 423,900		\$		\$	\$	423,900
Land Improvements	567,380						567,380
Buildings	1,568,269						1,568,269
Building Improvements	980,712						980,712
Vehicles and Equipment	2,186,167		41,000		(41,463)		2,185,705
Infrastructure	 4,940,186		502,422				5,442,608
Total Capital Assets	\$ 10,666,614	\$	543,422	\$	(41,463)	\$	11,168,573

TRIMBLE COUNTY NOTES TO REGULATORY SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - SCHEDULE OF CAPITAL ASSETS

June 30, 2016

Note 1. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, land improvements, buildings, furniture and office equipment, building improvements, machinery, equipment, and infrastructure assets (roads and bridges) that have a useful life of more than one reporting period based on the government's capitalization policy, are reported as other information. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost when purchased or constructed.

	Cap	italization	Useful Life
	Th	reshold	(Years)
Y 1 Y	¢	10 500	10.00
Land Improvements	\$	12,500	10-60
Buildings and Building Improvements	\$	25,000	10-75
Equipment	\$	2,500	3-25
Vehicles	\$	2,500	3-25
Infrastructure	\$	20,000	10-50

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENT PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS



MIKE HARMON AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS

The Honorable Jerry Powell, Trimble County Judge/Executive Members of the Trimble County Fiscal Court

> Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance And Other Matters Based On An Audit Of The Financial Statement Performed In Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards*

Independent Auditor's Report

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the Statement of Receipts, Disbursements, and Changes in Fund Balances - Regulatory Basis of the Trimble County Fiscal Court for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statement which collectively comprise the Trimble County Fiscal Court's financial statement and have issued our report thereon dated June 29, 2017.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statement, we considered the Trimble County Fiscal Court's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statement, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Trimble County Fiscal Court's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Trimble County Fiscal Court's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statement will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

209 ST. CLAIR STREET FRANKFORT, KY 40601-1817 Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance And Other Matters Based On An Audit Of The Financial Statement Performed In Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards* (Continued)

Compliance And Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Trimble County Fiscal Court's financial statement is free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Respectfully submitted,

Mike Harmon Auditor of Public Accounts

June 29, 2017

CERTIFICATION OF COMPLIANCE -LOCAL GOVERNMENT ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE PROGRAM

TRIMBLE COUNTY FISCAL COURT

For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

CERTIFICATION OF COMPLIANCE

LOCAL GOVERNMENT ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE PROGRAM

TRIMBLE COUNTY FISCAL COURT

For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

The Trimble County Fiscal Court hereby certifies that assistance received from the Local Government Economic Assistance Program was expended for the purpose intended as dictated by the applicable Kentucky Revised Statutes.

al

County Judge/Executive

n n r County Treasurer