REPORT OF THE AUDIT OF THE FORMER PERRY COUNTY SHERIFF

For The Year Ended December 31, 2017



MIKE HARMON AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS

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MIKE HARMON AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS

The Honorable Scott Alexander, Perry County Judge/Executive The Honorable Les Burgett, Former Perry County Sheriff The Honorable Joseph Engle, Perry County Sheriff Members of the Perry County Fiscal Court

Independent Auditor's Report

Report on the Financial Statement

We have audited the accompanying Statement of Receipts, Disbursements, and Excess Fees - Regulatory Basis of the former Sheriff of Perry County, Kentucky, for the year ended December 31, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statement.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statement

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of this financial statement in accordance with accounting practices prescribed or permitted by the laws of Kentucky to demonstrate compliance with the Commonwealth of Kentucky's regulatory basis of accounting and budget laws. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of a financial statement that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

209 ST. CLAIR STREET

FRANKFORT, KY 40601-1817

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial statement based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the *Audit Guide for County Fee Officials* issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts, Commonwealth of Kentucky. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statement is free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statement. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statement, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statement in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statement.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.







The Honorable Scott Alexander, Perry County Judge/Executive The Honorable Les Burgett, Former Perry County Sheriff The Honorable Joseph Engle, Perry County Sheriff Members of the Perry County Fiscal Court

Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

As described in Note 1 of the financial statement, the financial statement is prepared by the former Perry County Sheriff on the basis of the accounting practices prescribed or permitted by the laws of Kentucky to demonstrate compliance with the Commonwealth of Kentucky's regulatory basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The effects on the financial statement of the variances between the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note 1 and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, although not reasonably determinable, are presumed to be material.

Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

In our opinion, because of the significance of the matter discussed in the Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles paragraph, the financial statement referred to above does not present fairly, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of each fund of the former Perry County Sheriff, as of December 31, 2017, or changes in financial position or cash flows thereof for the year then ended.

Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting

In our opinion, the financial statement referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the receipts, disbursements, and excess fees of the former Perry County Sheriff for the year ended December 31, 2017, in accordance with the basis of accounting practices prescribed or permitted by the Commonwealth of Kentucky as described in Note 1.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 17, 2018, on our consideration of the former Perry County Sheriff's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the former Perry County Sheriff's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Respectfully submitted,

Mike Harmon

Auditor of Public Accounts

September 17, 2018

PERRY COUNTY LES BURGETT, FORMER SHERIFF STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND EXCESS FEES - REGULATORY BASIS

For The Year Ended December 31, 2017

Receipts

Federal Grants		
Highway Safety		\$ 6,000
Buckhorn Lake Patrol		16,324
State - Kentucky Law Enforcement Foundation Program Fund (KLEFPF)		42,058
State Fees For Services:		
Finance and Administration Cabinet	\$ 163,468	
Sheriff Security Service	4,510	
KRCC - Transport Payments	4,200	
Citation Conviction Revenue	1,137	
KCPC Department of Corrections	1,046	174,361
Circuit Court Clerk:		
Court Ordered Payments		130
Fiscal Court		40,000
County Clerk - Delinquent Taxes		108,004
Commission On Taxes Collected		468,779
Fees Collected For Services:		
Auto Inspections	9,333	
Accident and Police Reports	365	
Serving Papers	35,900	
Carry Concealed Deadly Weapon Permits	 7,000	52,598
Other:		
Add-On Fees	89,304	
Miscellaneous	1,626	
Telecommunication Tax Revenue	9,565	
Election Commission	1,200	
School Officer Reimbursement	53,944	
Feeding Jury	238	
Paper Fee	8,780	164,657
	 	,

1,562

\$

PERRY COUNTY

LES BURGETT, FORMER SHERIFF

STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND EXCESS FEES - REGULATORY BASIS

For The Year Ended December 31, 2017 (Continued)

Receipts (Continued)

Interest Earned

Borrowed Money:	
State Advancement	275,000

Total Receipts 1,349,473

Disbursements

Operating Disbursements and Capital Outlay:

Personnel Services-	
Deputies' Gross Salaries	\$ 660,049
KLEFPF Salaries	36,000
Overtime Gross Salaries	13,024
Employee Benefits-	
Employer's Share Social Security	53,335
Employer's Share Retirement	6,058
Sheriff Share Social Security	6,156
Employer Paid Unemployment Insurance	4,536
Contracted Services-	
Copier and Maintenance	2,101
Cell Phone	1,865
Materials and Supplies-	
Office Materials and Supplies	3,097
Uniforms	13,237
Evidence and Supplies	216
Firearms and Ammunitions	3,427
Document Storage	495
Auto Expense-	
Gasoline	49,305
Maintenance and Repairs	37,200
Other Charges-	
Computer Services	9,048
Postage and Mailing	5,897
ARH Lab	264
Phone	3,878

PERRY COUNTY

LES BURGETT, FORMER SHERIFF

STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND EXCESS FEES - REGULATORY BASIS

For The Year Ended December 31, 2017

(Continued)

<u>Disbursements</u> (Continued)

Operating Disbursements and Capital Outlay: (Continued	1)				
Other Charges- (Continued)					
POPS Testing, Physicals, and Drug Test	\$	608			
Copier Usage Meter Fee		382			
Miscellaneous		1,153			
Mobile Tax Unit Care		2,423			
Feeding the Jury		341			
Fiscal Court Paper Fee		8,870			
Sheriff Training		947			
Deputies Expenses		2,442			
Feeding Prisoner		6			
Capital Outlay-					
Office Equipment		5,022			
Vehicles		47,634	\$ 979,016		
D14G					
Debt Service:			275 000		
State Advancement			 275,000		
Total Disbursements				\$	1,254,016
Net Receipts					95,457
Less: Statutory Maximum					91,163
				-	, ,,,,,,,
Excess Fees					4,294
Less: Training Incentive Benefit					4,052
Evenes Fore Due County for 2017					242
Excess Fees Due County for 2017 Payment to Figure County Moreh 15, 2018					
Payment to Fiscal Court - March 15, 2018					242
Balance Due Fiscal Court at Completion of Audit				\$	0

PERRY COUNTY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT

December 31, 2017

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Fund Accounting

A fee official uses a fund to report on the results of operations. A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain government functions or activities.

A fee official uses a fund for fees to account for activities for which the government desires periodic determination of the excess of receipts over disbursements to facilitate management control, accountability, and compliance with laws.

B. Basis of Accounting

KRS 64.820 directs the fiscal court to collect any amount, including excess fees, due from the sheriff as determined by the audit. KRS 134.192 requires the sheriff to settle excess fees with the fiscal court at the time he files his annual settlement with the fiscal court on or before September 1 of each year. KRS 64.830 requires an outgoing sheriff to settle excess fees with the fiscal court of his county by March 15 immediately following the expiration of his term of office.

The financial statement has been prepared on a regulatory basis of accounting, which demonstrates compliance with the laws of Kentucky and is a special purpose framework. Under this regulatory basis of accounting, receipts and disbursements are generally recognized when cash is received or disbursed, with the exception of accrual of the following items (not all-inclusive) at December 31 that may be included in the excess fees calculation:

- Interest receivable
- Collection on accounts due from others for 2018 services
- Reimbursements for 2018 activities
- Tax commissions due from December tax collections
- Payments due other governmental entities for payroll
- Payments due vendors for goods or services provided in 2018

The measurement focus of a fee official is upon excess fees. Remittance of excess fees is due to the county treasurer in the subsequent year.

C. Cash and Investments

KRS 66.480 authorizes the sheriff's office to invest in obligations of the United States and of its agencies and instrumentalities, obligations and contracts for future delivery or purchase of obligations backed by the full faith and credit of the United States, obligations of any corporation of the United States government, bonds or certificates of indebtedness of this state, and certificates of deposit issued by or other interest-bearing accounts of any bank or savings and loan institution which are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or which are collateralized, to the extent uninsured, by any obligation permitted by KRS 41.240(4).

Note 2. Employee Retirement System and Other Post-Employment

The county official and employees have elected to participate, pursuant to KRS 78.530, in the County Employees Retirement System (CERS), which is administered by the Board of Trustees of the Kentucky Retirement Systems (KRS). This is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer, defined benefit pension plan, which covers all eligible full-time employees and provides for retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members. Benefit contributions and provisions are established by statute.

PERRY COUNTY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT December 31, 2017 (Continued)

Note 2. Employee Retirement System and Other Post-Employment Benefits (Continued)

The sheriff's contribution for calendar year 2015 was \$10,399, calendar year 2016 was \$10,771, and calendar year 2017 was \$6,058.

Nonhazardous covered employees are required to contribute five percent of their salary to the plan. Nonhazardous covered employees who begin participation on or after September 1, 2008, are required to contribute six percent of their salary to be allocated as follows: five percent will go to the member's account and one percent will go to the KRS insurance fund.

In accordance with Senate Bill 2, signed by the Governor on April 4, 2013, plan members who began participating on, or after, January 1, 2014, were required to contribute to the Cash Balance Plan. The Cash Balance Plan is known as a hybrid plan because it has characteristics of both a defined benefit plan and a defined contribution plan. Members in the plan contribute a set percentage of their salary each month to their own accounts. Nonhazardous members contribute five percent of their annual creditable compensation and one percent to the health insurance fund which is not credited to the member's account and is not refundable. The employer contribution rate is set annually by the Board based on an actuarial valuation. The employer contributes a set percentage of the member's salary. Each month, when employer contributions are received, an employer pay credit is deposited to the member's account. A member's account is credited with a four percent employer pay credit. The employer pay credit represents a portion of the employer contribution.

Benefits fully vest on reaching five years of service for nonhazardous employees. Aspects of benefits for nonhazardous employees include retirement after 27 years of service or age 65. Nonhazardous employees who begin participation on or after September 1, 2008, must meet the rule of 87 (member's age plus years of service credit must equal 87, and the member must be a minimum of 57 years of age) or the member is age 65, with a minimum of 60 months service credit.

The county's contribution rate for nonhazardous employees was 18.68 percent for the first six months and 19.18 percent for the last six months.

Health Insurance Coverage

CERS also provides post-retirement health care coverage as follows:

For members participating prior to July 1, 2003, years of service and respective percentages of the maximum contribution are as follows:

		% Paid by Member through
Years of Service	% Paid by Insurance Fund	Payroll Deduction
20 or more	100%	0%
15-19	75%	25%
10-14	50%	50%
4-9	25%	75%
Less than 4	0%	100%

PERRY COUNTY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT December 31, 2017 (Continued)

Note 2. Employee Retirement System and Other Post-Employment Benefits (Continued)

As a result of House Bill 290 (2004 General Assembly), medical insurance benefits are calculated differently for members who began participation on or after July 1, 2003. Once members reach a minimum vesting period of ten years, non-hazardous employees whose participation began on or after July 1, 2003, earn ten dollars per month for insurance benefits at retirement for every year of earned service without regard to a maximum dollar amount. This dollar amount is subject to adjustment annually based on the retiree cost of living adjustment, which is updated annually due to changes in the Consumer Price Index.

KRS issues a publicly available annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information on CERS. This report may be obtained by writing the Kentucky Retirement Systems, 1260 Louisville Road, Frankfort, KY 40601-6124, or by telephone at (502) 564-4646.

Note 3. Deposits

The former Perry County Sheriff maintained deposits of public funds with depository institutions insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) as required by KRS 66.480(1)(d). According to KRS 41.240, the depository institution should pledge or provide sufficient collateral which, together with FDIC insurance, equals or exceeds the amount of public funds on deposit at all times. In order to be valid against the FDIC in the event of failure or insolvency of the depository institution, this pledge or provision of collateral should be evidenced by an agreement between the sheriff and the depository institution, signed by both parties, that is (a) in writing, (b) approved by the board of directors of the depository institution or its loan committee, which approval must be reflected in the minutes of the board or committee, and (c) an official record of the depository institution.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a depository institution failure, the sheriff's deposits may not be returned. The former Perry County Sheriff does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk but rather follows the requirements of KRS 66.480(1)(d) and KRS 41.240. As of December 31, 2017, all deposits were covered by FDIC insurance or a properly executed collateral security agreement.

Note 4. Federal Grants

- A. Highway Safety Grant The former sheriff's office received a federal highway grant through the Kentucky Transportation Cabinet Office of Highway Safety. The amount received during calendar year 2017 was \$6,000.
- B. Buckhorn Lake Patrol The former sheriff's office received a federal grant through the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers for lake patrols throughout the year. The amount received during 2017 was \$16,324.

Note 5. Lease Agreements

A. Copier

On January 5, 2015, the office of the former Perry County Sheriff committed to a lease agreement for a copier. The agreement requires a monthly payment of \$166 for 48 months to be completed on January 5, 2019. The monthly payment can be increased annually up to 10 percent. The former sheriff was in compliance with all lease requirements as of December 31, 2017. The balance of the lease agreement at December 31, 2017, is \$2,035.

PERRY COUNTY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT December 31, 2017 (Continued)

Note 5. Lease Agreements (Continued)

B. Vehicle

On September 17, 2015, the Perry County Fiscal Court entered into a lease agreement in the amount of \$80,000 for two sheriff's vehicles. The lease has a variable interest rate for five years and is to be completed on December 20, 2019. The agreement requires one variable annual payment each year. The former sheriff had an agreement with the fiscal court to make the payment directly to the bank. The former sheriff paid \$17,893 in calendar year 2017. The balance of the lease as of December 31, 2017, is \$27,435.

Note 6. State Asset Forfeiture Account

The former Perry County Sheriff maintained an official bank account for monies obtained from seizures and sales of property used in illegal drug activities. The purpose of this fund is to purchase necessary equipment for operating the former sheriff's office. The beginning balance as of January 1, 2017, was \$869. The former sheriff received \$2,511 during calendar year 2017. Funds totaling \$3,200 were expended, resulting in a balance of \$180 as of December 31, 2017.

Note 7. Federal Asset Forfeiture Account

The former Perry County Sheriff's office maintained an official bank account for monies obtained from seizures and sales of assets forfeited as a result of successful drug-related court convictions. The fund was used to purchase equipment for the former sheriff's office. The beginning balance as of January 1, 2017, was \$2. There were no seizures or forfeitures during the year, leaving a balance of \$2 as of December 31, 2017.



REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENT PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS





MIKE HARMON AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS

The Honorable Scott Alexander, Perry County Judge/Executive The Honorable Les Burgett, Former Perry County Sheriff The Honorable Joseph Engle, Perry County Sheriff Members of the Perry County Fiscal Court

> Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance And Other Matters Based On An Audit Of The Financial Statement Performed In Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards*

Independent Auditor's Report

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the Statement of Receipts, Disbursements, and Excess Fees - Regulatory Basis of the former Perry County Sheriff for the year ended December 31, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statement and have issued our report thereon dated September 17, 2018. The former Perry County Sheriff's financial statement is prepared on a regulatory basis of accounting, which demonstrates compliance with the Commonwealth of Kentucky's regulatory basis of accounting and budget laws, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statement, we considered the former Perry County Sheriff's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statement, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the former Perry County Sheriff's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the former Perry County Sheriff's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statement will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.



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Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance And Other Matters Based On An Audit Of The Financial Statement Performed In Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards* (Continued)

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the former Perry County Sheriff's financial statement is free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Respectfully submitted,

Mike Harmon

Auditor of Public Accounts

September 17, 2018