REPORT OF THE AUDIT OF THE OWSLEY COUNTY SHERIFF'S SETTLEMENT - 2016 TAXES

For The Period April 19, 2016 Through April 17, 2017



MIKE HARMON AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS

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MIKE HARMON AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS

To the People of Kentucky
The Honorable Matthew G. Bevin, Governor
William M. Landrum III, Secretary
Finance and Administration Cabinet
The Honorable Cale Turner, Owsley County Judge/Executive
The Honorable Kelly Shouse, Owsley County Sheriff
Members of the Owsley County Fiscal Court

Independent Auditor's Report

Report on the Financial Statement

We have audited the Owsley County Sheriff's Settlement - 2016 Taxes for the period April 19, 2016 through April 17, 2017 - Regulatory Basis, and the related notes to the financial statement.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statement

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statement in accordance with accounting practices prescribed or permitted by the laws of Kentucky to demonstrate compliance with the Commonwealth of Kentucky's regulatory basis of accounting as described in Note 1. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of a financial statement that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial statement based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the *Audit Guide for Sheriff's Tax Settlements*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts, Commonwealth of Kentucky. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statement is free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statement. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statement, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statement in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statement.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.



To the People of Kentucky
The Honorable Matthew G. Bevin, Governor
William M. Landrum III, Secretary
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Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

As described in Note 1 of the financial statement, the financial statement is prepared by the Owsley County Sheriff on the basis of accounting practices prescribed or permitted by the laws of Kentucky to demonstrate compliance with the Commonwealth of Kentucky's regulatory basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The effects on the financial statement of the variances between the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note 1 and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, although not reasonably determinable, are presumed to be material.

Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

In our opinion, because of the significance of the matter discussed in the Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles paragraph, the financial statement referred to above does not present fairly, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the taxes charged, credited, and paid of the Owsley County Sheriff, for the period April 19, 2016 through April 17, 2017.

Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting

In our opinion, the financial statement referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the taxes charged, credited, and paid for the period April 19, 2016 through April 17, 2017 of the Owsley County Sheriff, in accordance with the basis of accounting practices prescribed or permitted by the Commonwealth of Kentucky as described in Note 1.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 10, 2018, on our consideration of the Owsley County Sheriff's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Owsley County Sheriff's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Based on the results of our audit, we have presented the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses, included herein, which discusses the following report comment:

2016-001 The Owsley County Sheriff's Office Lacks Adequate Segregation Of Duties

Respectfully submitted,

Mike Harmon

Auditor of Public Accounts

OWSLEY COUNTY KELLY SHOUSE, SHERIFF SHERIFF'S SETTLEMENT - 2016 TAXES

For The Period April 19, 2016 Through April 17, 2017

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Charges		County Taxes		Taxing Districts		School Taxes		State Taxes	
Real Estate	\$	124,178	\$	442,667	\$	378,407	\$	102,363	
Tangible Personal Property		5,741		24,933		16,435		10,996	
Fire Protection		1,512							
Franchise Taxes		87,546		284,440		253,036			
Unmined Coal - 2016 Taxes		895		2,955		2,727		738	
Gas Property Taxes		109		359		332		90	
Penalties		1,579		5,896		4,762		1,400	
Adjusted to Sheriff's Receipt		147		740		592		157	
Gross Chargeable to Sheriff		221,707		761,990		656,291		115,744	
Credits									
Exonerations		1,585		6,891		4,831		1,307	
Discounts		2,513		8,639		7,417		1,355	
Delinquents:									
Real Estate		8,031		26,663		24,223		6,553	
Unmined Coal - 2016 Taxes		649		2,142		1,978		535	
Gas Property Taxes		2		7		7		2	
Tangible Personal Property		22		71		62		61	
Franchise Taxes		250		1,211		710			
Total Credits		13,052		45,624		39,228		9,813	
Taxes Collected		208,655		716,366		617,063		105,931	
Less: Commissions *		8,868		30,446		24,683		4,502	
Taxes Due		199,787		685,920		592,380		101,429	
Taxes Paid		199,020		684,407		590,933		101,030	
Refunds (Current and Prior Year)		462		1,513		1,434		399	
Due District									
as of Completion of Audit	\$	305	\$	0	\$	13	\$	0	

* Commissions:

4.25% on \$ 1,030,952 4% on \$ 617,063

OWSLEY COUNTY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT

April 17, 2017

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Fund Accounting

The sheriff's office tax collection duties are limited to acting as an agent for assessed property owners and taxing districts. A fund is used to account for the collection and distribution of taxes. A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain government functions or activities.

B. Basis of Accounting

The financial statement has been prepared on a regulatory basis of accounting, which demonstrates compliance with the laws of Kentucky and is a special purpose framework. Basis of accounting refers to when charges, credits, and taxes paid are reported in the settlement statement. It relates to the timing of measurements regardless of the measurement focus.

Charges are sources of revenue which are recognized in the tax period in which they become available and measurable. Credits are reductions of revenue which are recognized when there is proper authorization. Taxes paid are uses of revenue which are recognized when distributions are made to the taxing districts and others.

C. Cash and Investments

KRS 66.480 authorizes the sheriff's office to invest in obligations of the United States and of its agencies and instrumentalities, obligations and contracts for future delivery or purchase of obligations backed by the full faith and credit of the United States, obligations of any corporation of the United States government, bonds or certificates of indebtedness of this state, and certificates of deposit issued by or other interest-bearing accounts of any bank or savings and loan institution which are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or which are collateralized, to the extent uninsured, by any obligation permitted by KRS 41.240(4).

Note 2. Deposits

The Owsley County Sheriff maintained deposits of public funds with depository institutions insured by the FDIC as required by KRS 66.480(1)(d). According to KRS 41.240, the depository institution should pledge or provide sufficient collateral which, together with FDIC insurance, equals or exceeds the amount of public funds on deposit at all times. In order to be valid against the FDIC in the event of failure or insolvency of the depository institution, this pledge or provision of collateral should be evidenced by an agreement between the sheriff and the depository institution, signed by both parties, that is (a) in writing, (b) approved by the board of directors of the depository institution or its loan committee, which approval must be reflected in the minutes of the board or committee, and (c) an official record of the depository institution.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a depository institution failure, the sheriff's deposits may not be returned. The sheriff does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk but rather follows the requirements of KRS 66.480(1)(d) and KRS 41.240. As of April 17, 2017, all deposits were covered by FDIC insurance or a properly executed collateral security agreement. However, as of November 07, 2016, public funds were exposed to custodial credit risk because the bank did not adequately collateralize the sheriff's deposits in accordance with the security agreement.

Uncollateralized and Uninsured

OWSLEY COUNTY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT April 17, 2017 (Continued)

Note 3. Tax Collection Period

A. Property Taxes

The real and personal property tax assessments were levied as of January 1, 2016. Property taxes were billed to finance governmental services for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. Liens are effective when the tax bills become delinquent. The collection period for these assessments was September 30, 2016 through April 17, 2017.

B. Gas Property Taxes

Gas property tax assessments were levied as of January 1, 2016. Property taxes are billed to finance governmental services. Liens are effective when the tax bills become delinquent. The collection period for these assessments was November 16, 2016 through May 15, 2017.

C. <u>Unmined Coal Property Taxes</u>

The unmined coal property tax assessments were levied as of January 1, 2016. Property taxes are billed to finance governmental services. Liens are effective when the tax bills become delinquent. The collection period for these assessments was April 26, 2017 through October 16, 2017.

D. Franchise Taxes

The franchise tax assessments were levied by the Department of Revenue for various tax years. Property taxes are billed to finance governmental services. Liens are effective when the tax bills become delinquent. The collection period for these assessments was April 19, 2016 through April 30, 2017.

Note 4. Interest Income

The Owsley County Sheriff earned \$74 as interest income on 2016 taxes. As of January 10, 2018, the sheriff owed \$27 in interest to the school district and \$47 in interest to his fee account.

Note 5. Sheriff's 10% Add-On Fee

The Owsley County Sheriff collected \$11,951 of 10% add-on fees allowed by KRS 134.119(7). This amount was used to operate the sheriff's office.

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REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENT PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS





MIKE HARMON AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS

The Honorable Cale Turner, Owsley County Judge/Executive The Honorable Kelly Shouse, Owsley County Sheriff Members of the Owsley County Fiscal Court

> Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance And Other Matters Based On An Audit Of The Financial Statement Performed In Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards*

Independent Auditor's Report

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the Owsley County Sheriff's Settlement - 2016 Taxes for the period April 19, 2016 through April 17, 2017 - Regulatory Basis and the related notes to the financial statement and have issued our report thereon dated January 10, 2018. The Owsley County Sheriff's financial statement is prepared on a regulatory basis of accounting, which demonstrates compliance with the Commonwealth of Kentucky's regulatory basis of accounting and budget laws, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statement, we considered the Owsley County Sheriff's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statement, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Owsley County Sheriff's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Owsley County Sheriff's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses, we identified a certain deficiency in internal control that we consider to be a material weakness.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statement will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We consider the deficiency described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses as item 2016-001 to be a material weakness.



Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance And Other Matters Based On An Audit Of The Financial Statement Performed In Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards* (Continued)

Compliance And Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Owsley County Sheriff's financial statement is free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Views of Responsible Official and Planned Corrective Action

The Owsley County Sheriff's views and planned corrective action for the finding identified in our audit are described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses. The sheriff's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statement and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

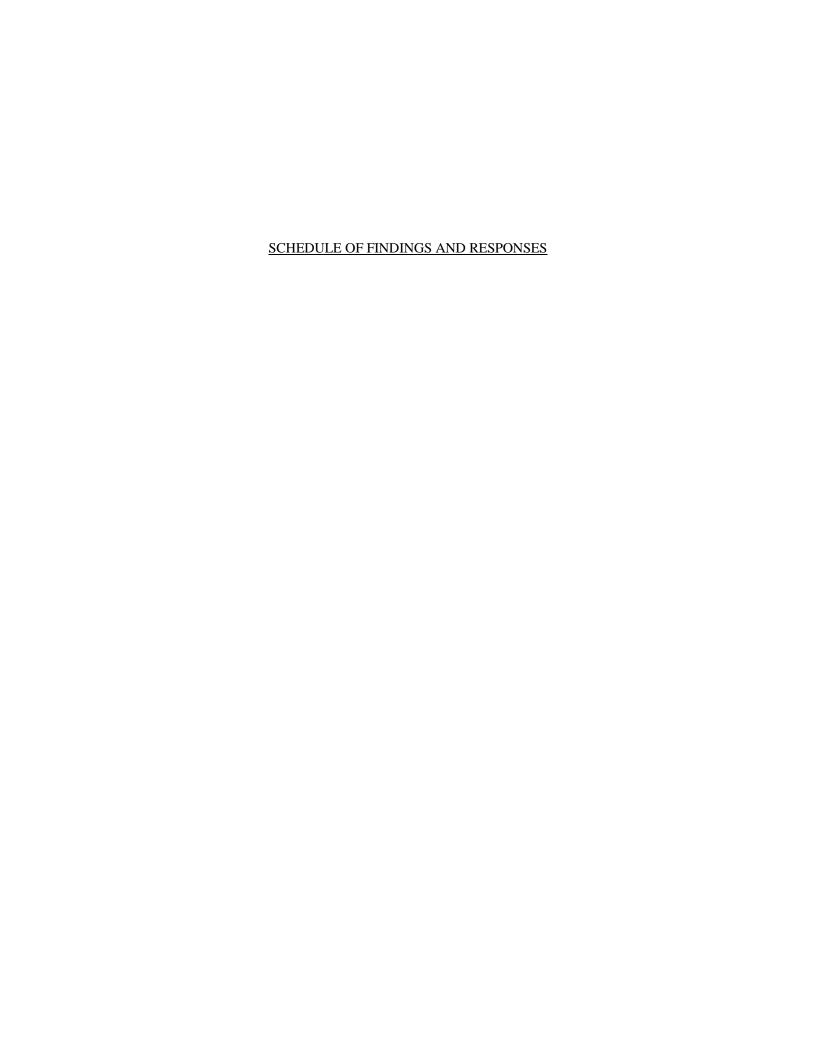
The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Respectfully submitted,

Mike Harmon

Auditor of Public Accounts

January 10, 2018





OWSLEY COUNTY KELLY SHOUSE, SHERIFF SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES

For The Period April 19, 2016 Through April 17, 2017

INTERNAL CONTROL - MATERIAL WEAKNESS:

2016-001 The Owsley County Sheriff's Office Lacks Adequate Segregation Of Duties

The sheriff's office lacks adequate segregation of duties. This is a repeat finding and was included in the prior year audit report as finding 2015-001. The sheriff's bookkeeper maintains receipts and disbursement ledgers, deposits the collections, collects funds from customers, and prepares checks. According to the sheriff, due to his limited number of office personnel he cannot segregate the duties over receipts, disbursements, and reconciliations. Since only one person performs most of these functions, there is no assurance that financial transactions are accurate, complete, and free of errors or misstatements. The functions of receiving, recording, depositing, and reconciling cash should be separated whenever possible in order to decrease the risk of undetected errors, misstatements, and fraud.

We recommend the sheriff either segregate these duties or implement steps to strengthen internal controls, such as:

- The sheriff should periodically compare the daily bank deposit to the daily tax collection printout. Any differences should be reconciled. The sheriff should document this by initialing the bank deposit and the daily tax collection printout.
- The sheriff should compare his daily tax collection printouts for each month to his monthly tax collection report for each district. Any differences should be reconciled. The sheriff should document this by initialing this district's monthly tax collection report for the month being examined.
- The sheriff should periodically compare payments made to the taxing districts per the monthly tax collection reports to the checks that were actually written. The sheriff should document this by initialing the monthly tax collection report noting that the payment amount agreed with the check.
- The sheriff should periodically compare the bank reconciliation to the checkbook balance. Any differences should be reconciled. The sheriff should document this by initialing the bank reconciliation and the balance in the checkbook.
- The sheriff should personally sign every check paid out of his office.
- The sheriff should personally mail or deliver tax payments to the districts.

Sheriff's Response: We do the best we can with limited staff.