# REPORT OF THE AUDIT OF THE NICHOLAS COUNTY FISCAL COURT

For The Year Ended June 30, 2020



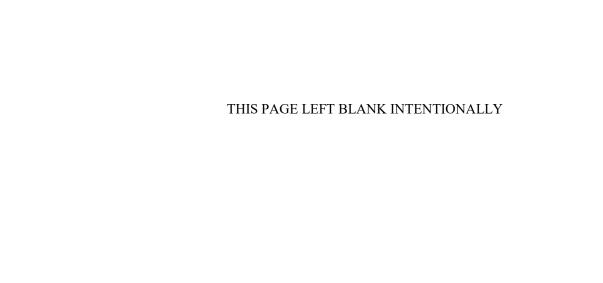
# MIKE HARMON AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS

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# MIKE HARMON AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS

To the People of Kentucky
The Honorable Andy Beshear, Governor
Holly M. Johnson, Secretary
Finance and Administration Cabinet
The Honorable Steve Hamilton, Nicholas County Judge/Executive
The Honorable Roscoe Higginbotham, Former Nicholas County Judge/Executive
Members of the Nicholas County Fiscal Court

Independent Auditor's Report

#### **Report on the Financial Statement**

We have audited the accompanying Statement of Receipts, Disbursements, and Changes in Fund Balances - Regulatory Basis of the Nicholas County Fiscal Court, for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statement which collectively comprise the Nicholas County Fiscal Court's financial statement as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statement

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of this financial statement in accordance with accounting practices prescribed or permitted by the Department for Local Government to demonstrate compliance with the Commonwealth of Kentucky's regulatory basis of accounting and budget laws. This includes determining that the regulatory basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statement in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of a financial statement that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

### **Auditor's Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on this financial statement based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the *Audit Guide for Fiscal Court Audits* issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts, Commonwealth of Kentucky. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statement is free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statement. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statement, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statement in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statement.



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#### **Auditor's Responsibility (Continued)**

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

As described in Note 1 of the financial statement, the financial statement is prepared by the Nicholas County Fiscal Court on the basis of the accounting practices prescribed or permitted by the Department for Local Government to demonstrate compliance with the Commonwealth of Kentucky's regulatory basis of accounting and budget laws, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The effects on the financial statement of the variances between the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note 1 and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, although not reasonably determinable, are presumed to be material.

#### Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

In our opinion, because of the significance of the matter discussed in the Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles paragraph, the financial statement referred to above does not present fairly, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of the Nicholas County Fiscal Court as of June 30, 2020, or changes in financial position or cash flows thereof for the year then ended.

#### **Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting**

In our opinion, the financial statement referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the fund balances of the Nicholas County Fiscal Court as of June 30, 2020, and their respective cash receipts and disbursements, and budgetary results for the year then ended, in accordance with the basis of accounting practices prescribed or permitted by the Department for Local Government described in Note 1.

#### **Other Matters**

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statement taken as a whole of the Nicholas County Fiscal Court. The Budgetary Comparison Schedules (supplementary information) and Schedule of Capital Assets (other information) are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statement; however, they are required to be presented in accordance with accounting practices prescribed or permitted by the Department for Local Government to demonstrate compliance with the Commonwealth of Kentucky's regulatory basis of accounting and budget laws.

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#### **Other Matters (Continued)**

Supplementary and Other Information (Continued)

The accompanying Budgetary Comparison Schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statement. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statement and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statement or to the financial statement itself, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Budgetary Comparison Schedules are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statement as a whole.

The Schedule of Capital Assets has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statement, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated May 5, 2021, on our consideration of the Nicholas County Fiscal Court's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Nicholas County Fiscal Court's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Respectfully submitted,

Mike Harmon

Auditor of Public Accounts

May 5, 2021

#### NICHOLAS COUNTY OFFICIALS

#### For The Year Ended June 30, 2020

#### **Fiscal Court Members:**

Roscoe Higginbotham County Judge/Executive (7/1/19 through 11/5/19)

Steve Hamilton County Judge/Executive (11/6/19 - present)

Jeff Randolph Magistrate
Mike Webb Magistrate
Wayne Shields Magistrate
Matt Hughes Magistrate
Kenny Holbrook Magistrate

#### **Other Elected Officials:**

Dawn Letcher County Attorney

Darren Robinson Jailer

Martha Moss County Clerk

Sandye Watkins Circuit Court Clerk

Jeff Sidles Sheriff

Michelle McDonald Property Valuation Administrator

Emily Gaunce Coroner

#### **Appointed Personnel:**

Julie Watson County Treasurer

Tammy McConnell Administrative Assistant

# NICHOLAS COUNTY STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - REGULATORY BASIS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2020

# NICHOLAS COUNTY STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - REGULATORY BASIS

# For The Year Ended June 30, 2020

RCEUIPTS         Road Fund         Jail Pund           Taxes         \$ 971,647         \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$			Bud	geted Funds	
Taxes   \$971,647   \$   \$   \$   \$   \$   \$   \$   \$   \$					
Excess Fees         49,885           Licenses and Permits         6,782           Licenses and Permits         129,070         1,749,200         73,572           Charges for Services         478,569         1,319         13,849           Miscollaneous         408,379         70,406         104           Interest         2,795         4,464         160           Interest         2,047,127         1,825,389         87,685           DISBURSEMENTS           General Government         678,240         18,000         283,071           Forection to Persons and Property         564,571         283,071           General Health and Sanitation         27,706         39,172           Social Services         41,273         1,391,577           Recreation and Culture         8,000         1,391,577           Poblisherseric         63,973         513,737           Capital Projects         446,721         263,295         17,244           Administration         446,721         263,295         17,244           Total Disbursements         1,830,484         2,186,609         300,315           Excess (Deficiency) of Receipts Over         1,830,484         2,186,609         300,315	RECEIPTS				
Licenses and Permits	Taxes	\$ 971,647	\$		\$
Intergovernmental   129,070   1,749,200   73,572   Charges for Services   478,569   1,319   13,849   Miscellaneous   408,379   70,406   104   160   104   160   104   160   104   160   104   160   104   160   104   160   104   160   104   160   104   160   104   160   104   160   104   160   104   160   104   160   105	Excess Fees	49,885			
Charges for Services         478,569         1,319         13,849           Miscellaneous         408,379         70,406         104           Interest         2,795         4,464         160           Total Receipts         2,047,127         1,825,389         87,685           DISBURSEMENTS           General Government         678,240         18,000         283,071           Protection to Persons and Property         564,571         283,071           General Health and Sanitation         27,706         283,071           Social Services         41,273         3           Recertation and Culture         8,000         1,391,577         2           Roads         1,391,577         2         1,244           Debt Service         63,973         513,737         17,244           Administration         446,721         263,295         17,244           Administration         446,721         263,295         17,244           Excess (Deficiency) of Receipts Over         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3 </td <td>Licenses and Permits</td> <td>6,782</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Licenses and Permits	6,782			
Miscellaneous         408,379         70,406         104           Interest         2,795         4,464         160           Total Receipts         2,047,127         1,825,389         87,685           DISBURSEMENTS           General Government         678,240         18,000         283,071           General Health and Sanitation         27,706         283,071           Social Services         41,273         8           Recreation and Culture         8,000         1,391,577           Debt Service         63,973         513,737           Capital Projects         3,391,577         1,244           Administration         446,721         263,295         17,244           Total Disbursements         1,830,484         2,186,609         300,315           Excess (Deficiency) of Receipts Over         205         215,603         (361,220)         (212,630)           Disbursements Before Other         21,500         495,000         (212,630)           Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)         21,500         495,000         (212,630)           Did proceeds         21,500         495,000         (212,630)           Reoffering Premium         145,854         21,000         20,000	Intergovernmental	129,070		1,749,200	73,572
Interest   2,795	Charges for Services	478,569		1,319	13,849
Total Receipts   2,047,127   1,825,389   87,685     DISBURSEMENTS	Miscellaneous	408,379		70,406	104
Total Receipts	Interest	2,795		4,464	160
General Government         678,240         18,000           Protection to Persons and Property         564,571         283,071           General Health and Sanitation         27,706         323,071           Social Services         41,273         48,000           Recreation and Culture         8,000         1,391,577           Debt Service         63,973         513,737           Capital Projects         Administration         446,721         263,295         17,244           Total Disbursements         1,830,484         2,186,609         300,315           Excess (Deficiency) of Receipts Over         Disbursements Before Other         446,721         263,295         17,244           Adjustments to Cash (Uses)         216,643         (361,220)         (212,630)           Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)         216,643         (361,220)         (212,630)           Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)         21,500         495,000         495,000           Reoffering Premium           Underwriter's Discount         145,854         210,000         200,000         126,857)         210,000         126,857)         210,000         126,857)         120,000         126,857)         120,000         126,857)         120,000         <	Total Receipts			1,825,389	87,685
Protection to Persons and Property         564,571         283,071           General Health and Sanitation         27,706         41,273           Recreation and Culture         8,000         1,391,577           Roads         1,391,577         513,737           Debt Service         63,973         513,737           Capital Projects         446,721         263,295         17,244           Total Disbursements         1,830,484         2,186,609         300,315           Excess (Deficiency) of Receipts Over         216,643         (361,220)         (212,630)           Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)         216,643         (361,220)         (212,630)           Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)         21,500         495,000         495,000           Bond Proceeds         21,500         495,000         49	DISBURSEMENTS				
General Health and Sanitation         27,706           Social Services         41,273           Recreation and Culture         8,000           Roads         1,391,577           Debt Service         63,973         513,737           Capital Projects         446,721         263,295         17,244           Administration         446,721         263,295         300,315           Excess (Deficiency) of Receipts Over         1,830,484         2,186,609         300,315           Excess (Deficiency) of Receipts Over         216,643         (361,220)         (212,630)           Disbursements Before Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)         21,500         495,000         (212,630)           Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)         21,500         495,000         (212,630)         (21,500)         495,000         (21,500)         495,000         (21,630)         (21,500)         495,000         (21,500)         495,000         (21,630)         (21,500)         495,000         (21,500)         495,000         (21,630)         (21,643)         (21,000)         (21,630)         (21,500)         495,000         (21,630)         (21,645)         (21,500)         (21,500)         (21,630)         (21,645)         (21,000)         (21,500)         (21,500)         (21,500) <td>General Government</td> <td>678,240</td> <td></td> <td>18,000</td> <td></td>	General Government	678,240		18,000	
Social Services         41,273           Recreation and Culture         8,000           Roads         1,391,577           Debt Service         63,973         513,737           Capital Projects         446,721         263,295         17,244           Administration         446,721         263,295         17,244           Total Disbursements         1,830,484         2,186,609         300,315           Excess (Deficiency) of Receipts Over         216,643         (361,220)         (212,630)           Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)         216,643         (361,220)         (212,630)           Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)         21,500         495,000         495,000           Bond Proceeds         8         21,500         495,000	Protection to Persons and Property	564,571			283,071
Recreation and Culture         8,000         1,391,577           Roads         1,391,577         1,391,577           Debt Service         63,973         513,737           Capital Projects         446,721         263,295         17,244           Administration         446,721         263,295         17,244           Total Disbursements         1,830,484         2,186,609         300,315           Excess (Deficiency) of Receipts Over         216,643         (361,220)         (212,630)           Disbursements Before Other         216,643         (361,220)         (212,630)           Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)         21,500         495,000         495,000           Bond Proceeds         21,500         495,000         495,	General Health and Sanitation	27,706			
Roads	Social Services	41,273			
Debt Service         63,973         513,737           Capital Projects         446,721         263,295         17,244           Total Disbursements         1,830,484         2,186,609         300,315           Excess (Deficiency) of Receipts Over Disbursements Before Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)         216,643         (361,220)         (212,630)           Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)         21,500         495,000         495,000         495,000         600 <td>Recreation and Culture</td> <td>8,000</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Recreation and Culture	8,000			
Capital Projects         446,721         263,295         17,244           Total Disbursements         1,830,484         2,186,609         300,315           Excess (Deficiency) of Receipts Over Disbursements Before Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)         216,643         (361,220)         (212,630)           Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)         21,500         495,000         495,000           Bond Proceeds         21,500         495,000         495,000           Bond Proceeds         8         495,000         495,000           Reoffering Premium         145,854         210,000         495,000           Underwriter's Discount         145,854         210,000         210,000           Transfers From Other Funds         (263,000)         (126,857)         100,000           Transfers From Other Funds         (263,000)         (126,857)         100,000           Net Change in Fund Balance         120,997         6,923         (2,630)           Fund Balance - Beginning (Restated)         144,673         196,898         4,812           Fund Balance - Ending         265,670         203,821         2,182           Composition of Fund Balance         \$237,010         204,153         2,182           Less: Outstanding Checks         (269)         (332)<	Roads			1,391,577	
Administration         446,721         263,295         17,244           Total Disbursements         1,830,484         2,186,609         300,315           Excess (Deficiency) of Receipts Over Disbursements Before Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)         216,643         (361,220)         (212,630)           Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)         21,500         495,000         495,000           Bond Proceeds         21,500         495,000         495,000           Bond Proceeds         8         445,854         210,000           Reoffering Premium         145,854         210,000         210,000           Total Other Funds         145,854         210,000         210,000           Transfers From Other Funds         (263,000)         (126,857)         210,000           Net Change in Fund Balance         120,997         6,923         (2,630)           Fund Balance - Beginning (Restated)         144,673         196,898         4,812           Fund Balance - Ending         \$265,670         \$203,821         \$2,182           Composition of Fund Balance         \$237,010         \$204,153         \$2,182           Less: Outstanding Checks         (269)         (332)         2,182           Less: Outstanding Checks         28,929         (38,929)	Debt Service	63,973		513,737	
Total Disbursements	Capital Projects				
Excess (Deficiency) of Receipts Over Disbursements Before Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)  Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)  Financing Obligation Proceeds Bond Proceeds Reoffering Premium Underwriter's Discount Loss On Sale Of Investments Transfers From Other Funds Total Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)  Net Change in Fund Balance Fund Balance - Beginning (Restated)  Fund Balance - Ending  Composition of Fund Balance Bank Balance Bank Balance Bank Balance  S 21,500 495,000  495,000	Administration	446,721		263,295	17,244
Disbursements Before Other         Adjustments to Cash (Uses)         216,643         (361,220)         (212,630)           Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)           Financing Obligation Proceeds         21,500         495,000         495,000           Bond Proceeds         Reoffering Premium         145,854         210,000         120,000           Underwriter's Discount         145,854         210,000         210,000         120,000	Total Disbursements				
Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)           Financing Obligation Proceeds         21,500         495,000           Bond Proceeds         21,500         495,000           Bond Proceeds         Reoffering Premium         495,000           Underwriter's Discount         210,000           Loss On Sale Of Investments         210,000           Transfers From Other Funds         (263,000)         (126,857)           Total Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)         (95,646)         368,143         210,000           Net Change in Fund Balance         120,997         6,923         (2,630)           Fund Balance - Beginning (Restated)         144,673         196,898         4,812           Fund Balance - Ending         \$ 265,670         \$ 203,821         \$ 2,182           Composition of Fund Balance         \$ 237,010         \$ 204,153         \$ 2,182           Less: Outstanding Checks         (269)         (332)           Certificates of Deposit         28,929           Investments         189,929	* **				
Financing Obligation Proceeds       21,500       495,000         Bond Proceeds       Reoffering Premium         Underwriter's Discount       210,000         Loss On Sale Of Investments       210,000         Transfers From Other Funds       (263,000)       (126,857)         Total Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)       (95,646)       368,143       210,000         Net Change in Fund Balance       120,997       6,923       (2,630)         Fund Balance - Beginning (Restated)       144,673       196,898       4,812         Fund Balance - Ending       \$ 265,670       \$ 203,821       \$ 2,182         Composition of Fund Balance       \$ 237,010       \$ 204,153       \$ 2,182         Less: Outstanding Checks       (269)       (332)         Certificates of Deposit       28,929       (332)         Investments       28,929       (332)	Adjustments to Cash (Uses)	 216,643		(361,220)	(212,630)
Financing Obligation Proceeds       21,500       495,000         Bond Proceeds       Reoffering Premium         Underwriter's Discount       210,000         Loss On Sale Of Investments       210,000         Transfers From Other Funds       (263,000)       (126,857)         Total Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)       (95,646)       368,143       210,000         Net Change in Fund Balance       120,997       6,923       (2,630)         Fund Balance - Beginning (Restated)       144,673       196,898       4,812         Fund Balance - Ending       \$ 265,670       \$ 203,821       \$ 2,182         Composition of Fund Balance       \$ 237,010       \$ 204,153       \$ 2,182         Less: Outstanding Checks       (269)       (332)         Certificates of Deposit       28,929       (332)         Investments       28,929       (332)	Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)				
Reoffering Premium   Underwriter's Discount	Financing Obligation Proceeds	21,500		495,000	
Transfers To Other Funds         (263,000)         (126,857)           Total Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)         (95,646)         368,143         210,000           Net Change in Fund Balance         120,997         6,923         (2,630)           Fund Balance - Beginning (Restated)         144,673         196,898         4,812           Fund Balance - Ending         \$ 265,670         \$ 203,821         \$ 2,182           Composition of Fund Balance         \$ 237,010         \$ 204,153         \$ 2,182           Less: Outstanding Checks         (269)         (332)           Certificates of Deposit         28,929           Investments         -         -	Reoffering Premium Underwriter's Discount				
Transfers To Other Funds         (263,000)         (126,857)           Total Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)         (95,646)         368,143         210,000           Net Change in Fund Balance         120,997         6,923         (2,630)           Fund Balance - Beginning (Restated)         144,673         196,898         4,812           Fund Balance - Ending         \$ 265,670         \$ 203,821         \$ 2,182           Composition of Fund Balance         \$ 237,010         \$ 204,153         \$ 2,182           Less: Outstanding Checks         (269)         (332)           Certificates of Deposit         28,929           Investments         -         -	Transfers From Other Funds	145,854			210,000
Total Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)         (95,646)         368,143         210,000           Net Change in Fund Balance         120,997         6,923         (2,630)           Fund Balance - Beginning (Restated)         144,673         196,898         4,812           Fund Balance - Ending         \$ 265,670         \$ 203,821         \$ 2,182           Composition of Fund Balance         \$ 237,010         \$ 204,153         \$ 2,182           Less: Outstanding Checks         (269)         (332)           Certificates of Deposit         28,929           Investments	Transfers To Other Funds			(126,857)	
Fund Balance - Beginning (Restated)         144,673         196,898         4,812           Fund Balance - Ending         \$ 265,670         \$ 203,821         \$ 2,182           Composition of Fund Balance         \$ 237,010         \$ 204,153         \$ 2,182           Less: Outstanding Checks         (269)         (332)         (332)           Certificates of Deposit         28,929         (382)         (382)           Investments         1 (200, 100)         1 (200, 100)         1 (200, 100)	Total Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)	(95,646)		368,143	210,000
Fund Balance - Ending         \$ 265,670         \$ 203,821         \$ 2,182           Composition of Fund Balance           Bank Balance         \$ 237,010         \$ 204,153         \$ 2,182           Less: Outstanding Checks         (269)         (332)         (332)           Certificates of Deposit         28,929         (332)         (332)         (332)           Investments         100 </td <td>Net Change in Fund Balance</td> <td>120,997</td> <td></td> <td>6,923</td> <td>(2,630)</td>	Net Change in Fund Balance	120,997		6,923	(2,630)
Composition of Fund Balance  Bank Balance \$ 237,010 \$ 204,153 \$ 2,182  Less: Outstanding Checks (269) (332)  Certificates of Deposit 28,929  Investments	Fund Balance - Beginning (Restated)	 144,673		196,898	 4,812
Bank Balance       \$ 237,010       \$ 204,153       \$ 2,182         Less: Outstanding Checks       (269)       (332)         Certificates of Deposit       28,929         Investments	Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 265,670	\$	203,821	\$ 2,182
	Bank Balance Less: Outstanding Checks Certificates of Deposit	\$ (269)	\$		\$ 2,182
		\$ 265,670	\$	203,821	\$ 2,182

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statement.

# NICHOLAS COUNTY STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - REGULATORY BASIS For The Year Ended June 30, 2020 (Continued)

Properties   Properties   Properties   Print	 Budgeted Funds		nds	Unb	udgeted Fund	Pr	ivate Purpos			
49,885   6,782   1,540   2,796,682   95,972   1,540   480,429   74   7,715   21,746   11,598   75,185   123,737   97,586   7,715   866,586   11,598   75,185   5,018,871   134,502   162,208   13,089   134,502   162,208   13,089   13,91,577   2,359,030   2,356,740   2,562,136   13,102   2,561   106,128   3,381   15,229   867,661   147,803   74,377   5,027,294   3,381   15,229   89,585,492   13,340,000   13,340,000   258,507   (105,313)   (105,313		N			Corporation		Trust	Trust		
49,885   6,782   1,540   2,796,682   95,972   1,540   480,429   74   7,715   21,746   11,598   75,185   123,737   97,586   7,715   866,586   11,598   75,185   5,018,871   134,502   162,208   13,089   134,502   162,208   13,089   13,91,577   2,359,030   2,356,740   2,562,136   13,102   2,561   106,128   3,381   15,229   867,661   147,803   74,377   5,027,294   3,381   15,229   89,585,492   13,340,000   13,340,000   258,507   (105,313)   (105,313		_		_		_				
Section   Sect	\$	\$		\$		\$		\$	\$	
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74         7,715         21,746         11,598         75,185         123,737           97,586         7,715         866,586         11,598         75,185         5,018,871           696,240           199         847,841           134,502         71,816         113,089           2,359,030         2,936,740           2,352,136         2,562,136         2,562,136           13,102         2,561         106,128         3,381         15,229         867,661           147,803         74,377         5,027,294         3,381         15,229         9,585,492           (50,217)         (66,662)         (4,160,708)         8,217         59,956         (4,566,621           13,340,000         258,507         258,507         258,507         258,507         258,507         258,507         258,507         258,507         258,507         258,507         59,956         (4,566,621         516,500         133,340,000         (133,140,000         (135,175         53,000         (138,044         (14,997)         (138,044)         (34,898)         53,000         138,044         (18,997)         (138,044)         (34,689)         53,000         138,044         13,493,194         (19,99	95,972				ŕ					589,709
97,586         7,715         866,586         11,598         75,185         5,018,871           199         696,240         847,841         113,082         162,208         8,000           134,502         71,816         2,359,030         2,936,740         2,936,740         2,936,740           13,102         2,561         106,128         3,381         15,229         867,661           147,803         74,377         5,027,294         3,381         15,229         9,585,492           (50,217)         (66,662)         (4,160,708)         8,217         59,956         (4,566,621           13,340,000         258,507         258,507         258,507         (105,313)         (105,313)         (105,313)           53,000         138,044         (18,997)         (134,180)         (135,175)         546,898           53,000         138,044         13,493,194         (19,992)         (272,224)         13,874,519           2,783         71,382         9,332,486         (11,775)         (212,268)         9,307,898           6,570         370,754         578,864         346,118         2,615,098         4,263,787           \$ 9,353         \$ 442,136         9,911,350         \$ 3,183         \$ 36,949 </td <td>1,540</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>480,429</td>	1,540									480,429
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147,803         74,377         5,027,294         3,381         15,229         9,585,492           (50,217)         (66,662)         (4,160,708)         8,217         59,956         (4,566,621)           13,340,000         13,340,000         258,507         258,507         (105,313)         (105,313)         (105,313)         (105,313)         (1995)         (134,180)         (135,175)         546,898         (18,997)         (138,044)         (546,898         53,000         138,044         13,493,194         (19,992)         (272,224)         13,874,519         2,783         71,382         9,332,486         (11,775)         (212,268)         9,307,898         6,570         370,754         578,864         346,118         2,615,098         4,263,787         \$ 9,353         \$ 442,136         \$ 9,911,350         \$ 334,343         \$ 2,402,830         \$ 13,571,685         \$ 601         28,929         331,160         2,365,881         2,697,041         26,97,041         26,97,041         26,97,041         2,607,041         26,97,041         2,607,041         2,607,041         2,607,041         2,607,041         2,607,041         2,607,041         2,607,041         2,607,041         2,607,041         2,607,041         2,607,041         2,607,041         2,607,041         2,607,041         2,607,041 <td>13 102</td> <td></td> <td>2 561</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>3 381</td> <td>15 229</td> <td></td> <td></td>	13 102		2 561				3 381	15 229		
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\$       9,353       \$       442,136       \$       9,911,350       \$       334,343       \$       2,402,830       \$       13,571,685         \$       9,353       \$       442,136       \$       9,911,350       \$       3,183       \$       36,949       \$       10,846,316         (601       28,929         331,160       2,365,881       2,697,041										9,307,898
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(601 28,929 331,160 2,365,881 2,697,041	\$ 9,353	\$	442,136	\$	9,911,350	\$	334,343	\$ 2,402,830		13,571,685
331,160 2,365,881 2,697,041	\$ 9,353	\$	442,136	\$	9,911,350	\$	3,183	\$ 36,949	\$	10,846,316 (601)
\$ 9,353 \$ 442,136 \$ 9,911,350 \$ 334,343 \$ 2,402,830 \$ 13,571,685							331,160	2,365,881		2,697,041
	\$ 9,353	\$	442,136	\$	9,911,350	\$	334,343	\$ 2,402,830	\$	13,571,685

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statement.

# INDEX FOR NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENT

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#### NICHOLAS COUNTY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT

June 30, 2020

#### **Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**

#### A. Reporting Entity

The financial statement of Nicholas County includes all budgeted and unbudgeted funds under the control of the Nicholas County Fiscal Court. Budgeted funds included within the reporting entity are those funds presented in the county's approved annual budget and reported on the quarterly reports submitted to the Department for Local Government. Unbudgeted funds may include non-fiduciary financial activities, private purpose trust funds, and internal service funds that are within the county's control. Unbudgeted funds may also include any corporation to act as the fiscal court in the acquisition and financing of any public project which may be undertaken by the fiscal court pursuant to the provisions of Kentucky law and thus accomplish a public purpose of the fiscal court. The unbudgeted funds are not presented in the annual approved budget or in the quarterly reports submitted to the Department for Local Government.

#### B. Basis of Accounting

The financial statement is presented on a regulatory basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. This basis of accounting involves the reporting of fund balances and the changes therein resulting from cash inflows (cash receipts) and cash outflows (cash disbursements) to meet the financial reporting requirements of the Department for Local Government and the laws of the Commonwealth of Kentucky.

This regulatory basis of accounting differs from GAAP primarily because the financial statement format does not include the GAAP presentations of government-wide and fund financial statements, cash receipts are recognized when received in cash rather than when earned and susceptible to accrual, and cash disbursements are recognized when paid rather than when incurred or subject to accrual.

Generally, except as otherwise provided by law, property taxes are assessed as of January 1, levied (mailed) November 1, due at discount November 30, due at face value December 31, delinquent January 1 following the assessment, and subject to sale ninety days following April 15.

#### C. Basis of Presentation

#### **Budgeted Funds**

The fiscal court reports the following budgeted funds:

General Fund - This is the primary operating fund of the fiscal court. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except where the Department for Local Government requires a separate fund or where management requires that a separate fund be used for some function.

Road Fund - This fund is for road and bridge construction and repair. The primary sources of receipts for this fund are state payments for truck license distribution, municipal road aid, and transportation grants. The Department for Local Government requires the fiscal court to maintain these receipts and disbursements separately from the general fund.

Jail Fund - The primary purpose of this fund is to account for the jail expenses of the county. The primary sources of receipts for this fund are reimbursements from the state and federal governments, payments from other counties for housing prisoners, and transfers from the general fund. The Department for Local Government requires the fiscal court to maintain these receipts and disbursements separately from the general fund.

#### **Note 1.** Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### C. Basis of Presentation (Continued)

#### **Budgeted Funds (Continued)**

Landfill Fund - The primary purpose of this fund is to account for trash collections and solid waste transfers. The primary source of receipts for this fund are payments for trash collections, recycling income, and transfers from the general fund.

Mathers Fund - The primary purpose of this fund is to account for the distribution requirements of the Mathers Educational Trust Fund. The primary source of receipts for this fund is the income generated by the principal of the Mathers Educational Trust Fund. The Mathers Educational Trust Fund requires the fiscal court to maintain these receipts and disbursements separately from the general fund.

#### **Unbudgeted Fund**

The fiscal court reports the following unbudgeted fund:

Public Properties Corporation Fund - The primary purpose of this fund is to account for the financing and construction of major capital facilities. This fund handles financial activities associated with the Judicial Center construction.

#### D. Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted on a regulatory basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board and according to the laws of Kentucky as required by the state local finance officer.

The county judge/executive is required to submit estimated receipts and proposed disbursements to the fiscal court by May 1 of each year. The budget is prepared by fund, function, and activity and is required to be adopted by the fiscal court by July 1.

The fiscal court may change the original budget by transferring appropriations at the activity level; however, the fiscal court may not increase the total budget without approval by the state local finance officer. Disbursements may not exceed budgeted appropriations at the activity level.

The state local finance officer does not require the public properties corporation fund to be budgeted. Bond indentures and other relevant contractual provisions require specific payments to and from this fund annually.

#### Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### E. Nicholas County Elected Officials

Kentucky law provides for election of the officials listed below from the geographic area constituting Nicholas County. Pursuant to state statute, these officials perform various services for the Commonwealth of Kentucky, its judicial courts, the fiscal court, various cities and special districts within the county, and the board of education. In exercising these responsibilities, however, they are required to comply with state laws. Audits of their financial statements are issued separately and individually and can be obtained from their respective administrative offices. These financial statements are not required to be included in the financial statement of the Nicholas County Fiscal Court.

- Circuit Court Clerk
- County Attorney
- Property Valuation Administrator
- County Clerk
- County Sheriff

#### F. Deposits and Investments

The government's fund balance is considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, certificates of deposit, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. The government's fund balance includes cash and cash equivalents and investments.

KRS 66.480 authorizes the county to invest in obligations of the United States and of its agencies and instrumentalities, obligations and contracts for future delivery or purchase of obligations backed by the full faith and credit of the United States, obligations of any corporation of the United States government, bonds or certificates of indebtedness of this state, and certificates of deposit issued by or other interest-bearing accounts of any bank or savings and loan institution which are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or which are collateralized, to the extent uninsured, by any obligation permitted by KRS 41.240(4).

#### G. Long-term Obligations

The fund financial statement recognizes bond interest, as well as bond issuance costs when received or when paid, during the current period. The principal amount of the debt and interest are reported as disbursements. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as disbursements. Debt proceeds are reported as other adjustments to cash.

#### H. Joint Ventures

A legal entity or other organization that results from a contractual agreement and that is owned, operated, or governed by two or more participants as a separate activity subject to joint control, in which the participants retain (a) an ongoing financial interest or (b) an ongoing financial responsibility is a joint venture. Based on this criteria, the Bourbon County - Nicholas County Regional Jail Authority is considered a joint venture of the Nicholas County Fiscal Court.

#### Note 2. Deposits and Investments

#### A. Deposits

The fiscal court maintained deposits of public funds with federally insured banking institutions as required by the Department for Local Government's (DLG) County Budget Preparation and State Local Finance Officer Policy Manual. The DLG Manual strongly recommends perfected pledges of securities covering all public funds except direct federal obligations and funds protected by federal insurance. In order to be perfected in the event of failure or insolvency of the depository institution, this pledge or provision of collateral should be evidenced by an agreement between the fiscal court and the depository institution, signed by both parties, that is (a) in writing, (b) approved by the board of directors of the depository institution or its loan committee, which approval must be reflected in the minutes of the board or committee, and (c) an official record of the depository institution. These requirements were met.

#### Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a depository institution failure, the government's deposits may not be returned. The government does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk, but rather follows the requirements of the DLG County Budget Preparation and State Local Finance Officer Policy Manual. As of June 30, 2020, all deposits were covered by FDIC insurance or a properly executed collateral security agreement.

#### **B.** Cash and Investments

As of June 30, 2020, the fiscal court had the following investments and maturities:

#### I. Cash

	Cost
Cash	\$ 10,845,715
Certificates of Deposit	28,929
Total Cash	\$ 10,874,644

#### **II. Investments**

	 Cost
Common Stock	\$ 850,284
Mutual Funds	 1,846,757
Total Investments	\$ 2,697,041

#### Note 2. Deposits and Investments (Continued)

#### **B.** Investments (Continued)

Custodial Credit Risk is the risk that, in the event of failure of the counterparty, the fiscal court will not be able to recover the value of its certificates of deposit, investments, or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The fiscal court's investment policy requires counterparties to provide sufficient collateral or other insurance if any investments or deposits exceed the insurance provided by Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or the Securities Investor Protection Corporation (SIPC). All certificates of deposit and investments must be held by the counterparty in the fiscal court's name. The fiscal court has \$28,929 of certificates of deposit and \$2,697,041 of investments in securities held by the counterparties' trust departments in the fiscal court's name. The counterparty maintains the \$28,929 of certificates of deposit at depository institutions insured by the FDIC and limits certificates of deposit at each depository institution to the \$250,000 FDIC coverage limit. In addition, the SIPC provides up to \$500,000 coverage for securities and cash (limit of \$250,000 for cash) per client and the counterparties maintain additional insurance coverage for loss of securities and cash above the coverage provided by FDIC and SIPC.

Credit Risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The fiscal court is statutorily limited as to credit ratings, at the time of purchase. KRS 66.480 and the fiscal court's investment policy define the following items as permissible investments:

- Obligations of the United States and of its agencies and instrumentalities, including obligations subject to repurchase agreements, if delivery of these obligations subject to repurchase agreements is taken either directly or through an authorized custodian. These investments may be accomplished through repurchase agreements reached with sources including but not limited to national or state banks chartered in Kentucky;
- 2) Obligations and contracts for future delivery or purchase of obligations backed by the full faith and credit of the United States or a United States government agency, including but not limited to:
  - a. United States Treasury;
  - b. Export-Import Bank of the United States;
  - c. Farmers Home Administration;
  - d. Government National Mortgage Corporation; and
  - e. Merchant Marine bonds;
- 3) Obligations of any corporation of the United States government, including but not limited to:
  - a. Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation;
  - b. Federal Farm Credit Banks;
  - c. Bank for Cooperatives;
  - d. Federal Intermediate Credit Banks;
  - e. Federal Land Banks;
  - f. Federal Home Loan Banks;
  - g. Federal National Mortgage Association; and
  - h. Tennessee Valley Authority;
- 4) Certificates of deposit issued by or other interest-bearing accounts of any bank or savings and loan institution having a physical presence in Kentucky which are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or similar entity or which are collateralized, to the extent uninsured, by any obligations, including surety bonds, permitted by KRS 41.240(4);
- 5) Uncollateralized certificates of deposit issued by any bank or savings and loan institution having a physical presence in Kentucky rated in one of the three highest categories by a competent rating agency;

#### Note 2. Deposits and Investments (Continued)

#### **B.** Investments (Continued)

- 6) Bankers' acceptances for banks rated in one of the three highest categories by a competent rating agency;
- 7) Commercial paper rated in the highest category by a competent rating agency;
- 8) Bonds or certificates of indebtedness of this state and of its agencies and instrumentalities;
- 9) Securities issued by a state or local government, or any instrumentality of agency thereof, in the United States, and rated in one of the three highest categories by a competent rating agency;
- 10) Shares of mutual funds and exchange traded funds, each of which shall have the following characteristics:
  - a. The mutual funds shall be an open-end diversified investment company registered under the Federal Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended.
  - b. The management company of the investment company shall have been in operation for at least five years; and
  - c. All of the securities in the mutual fund shall be eligible investments pursuant to this section;
- 11) Individual equity securities if the funds being invested are managed by a professional investment manager regulated by a federal regulatory agency. The individual equity securities shall be included within the Standard and Poor's 500 Index, and a single sector shall not exceed twenty-five percent (25%) of the equity allocation; and
- 12) Individual high-quality corporate bonds that are managed by a professional investment manager that:
  - a. Are issued, assumed, or guaranteed by a solvent institution created and existing under the laws of the United States;
  - b. Have a standard maturity of no more than ten years; and
  - c. Are rated in the three highest rating categories by at least two competent credit rating agencies.

The fiscal court is limited to investing no more than 20 percent in categories 5, 6, 7, 9, and 10 above per state statute and the fiscal court's investment policy. As of June 30, 2020, the fiscal court has investments of less than 20 percent in these categories.

The fiscal court's rated investments, as of June 30, 2020, and the ratings are presented in the table below. All issuers of the municipal bonds are located in the Commonwealth of Kentucky.

#### **Investments and Credit Ratings:**

	 Standard & Poor's/Moody's Credit Ratings										
Type	A+	A		A-		B+		В	B-	Unrated/NA	Cost Basis
Investments:											
Common Stock	\$ \$		\$		\$		\$		\$	\$ 850,284	\$ 850,284
Mutual Funds	54,596	44,188		70,816		141,859		74,777	21,907	1,438,614	1,846,757
Total Investments	54,596	44,188		70,816		141,859		74,777	21,907	2,288,898	2,697,041
Total Fund Balance	\$ 54,596 \$	44,188	\$	70,816	\$	141,859	\$	74,777	\$ 21,907	\$2,288,898	\$2,697,041
		•				•		•			

#### Note 2. Deposits and Investments (Continued)

#### **B.** Investments (Continued)

Concentration of Credit Risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the fiscal court's investment in a single issuer. U.S. Government securities and investments in mutual funds are excluded from this risk. The fiscal court does not have 5 percent or more of the fiscal court's investments invested in any single security.

**Interest Rate Risk** is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Investments held for longer periods are subject to increased risk of adverse interest rate changes. The fiscal court's policy provides that, to the extent practicable, investments are matched with anticipated cash flows. Investments are diversified to minimize the risk of loss resulting from over-concentration of assets in a specific maturity period, a single issuer, or an individual class of securities. See table above for investments listed by type and duration.

**Foreign Currency Risk** is the risk that changes in exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment or deposit. The fiscal court's policy historically has been to invest only in securities in U.S. denominations.

#### Note 3. Transfers

The table below shows the interfund operating transfers for fiscal year 2020.

	 General Fund	 Road Fund	Н	Knox lospital ust Fund	Ed	Mathers lucational rust Fund	Tra	Total
General Fund Jail Fund Landfill Fund Mathers Fund	\$ 210,000 53,000	\$ 126,857	\$	18,997	\$	138,044	\$	145,854 210,000 53,000 138,044
Total Transfers Out	\$ 263,000	\$ 126,857	\$	18,997	\$	138,044	\$	546,898

Reason for transfers:

To move resources from and to the general fund and other funds, for budgetary purposes, to the funds that will expend them.

#### **Note 4.** Private Purpose Trust Funds

Private-purpose trust funds are used to report all trust arrangements under which principal and income benefit individuals, private organizations, or other governments.

The fiscal court has the following private purpose trust funds:

Knox Hospital Trust Fund - This fund was established to promote the general health and welfare of the people of Nicholas County, especially for the employment of a health nurse. The trust fund reports resources that are legally restricted to the extent that only earnings, not principal, may be used for purposes that support the county's programs. The trust fund is maintained by a third-party trustee who determines the investment portfolio of the fund and accounts for the investment earnings. The balance in the Knox Hospital Trust Fund as of June 30, 2020, was \$334,343.

Mathers Educational Trust Fund - This fund was established for educational expenses of Nicholas County school age children. The fiscal court awards the income generated from the principal of the trust based upon applications received, less administrative costs. The trust fund is maintained by a third-party trustee who determines the investment portfolio of the fund and accounts for the investment earnings. The balance in the Mathers Educational Trust Fund as of June 30, 2020, was \$2,402,830.

#### Note 5. Short-term Debt

#### A. Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements

## 1. Financing Obligation - Asphalt Projects

On August 5, 2019, the Nicholas County Fiscal Court entered into a \$495,000 loan agreement to finance asphalt projects. The loan interest rate was 5.25% with interest payments due monthly beginning September 5, 2019, and a final principal and interest payment due on February 5, 2020. In the event of a default, the lender may declare the entire unpaid principal balance under this note immediately due, and then borrower will pay that amount. This loan was paid in full as of June 30, 2020.

# 2. Financing Obligation - Courthouse Projects

On September 25, 2019, the Nicholas County Fiscal Court entered into an \$85,000 loan agreement to finance courthouse projects. The loan interest rate was 5.25% with interest payments due monthly beginning October 25, 2019, and a final principal and interest payment due on September 25, 2020. In the event of a default, the lender may declare the entire unpaid principal balance under this note immediately due, and then borrower will pay that amount. During the fiscal year, the fiscal court received loan proceeds of \$21,500. This amount was paid in full as of June 30, 2020.

#### **Note 5. Short-term Debt (Continued)**

#### B. Changes In Short-term Debt

Short-term Debt activity for the year ended June 30, 2020, was as follows:

	Begi	nning					Enc	ding	Due V	Within
	Bal	Balance A		Additions		eductions	Balance		One Year	
Direct Borrowings										
and Direct Placements	\$		\$	516,500	\$	516,500	\$		\$	
Total Short-term Debt	•	0	<b>P</b>	516,500	•	516,500	•	0	•	0
i otai Short-tellii Deot	Φ	U	Φ	510,500	<u> </u>	510,500	Φ	U	Φ	U

#### Note 6. Long-term Debt

#### A. Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements

#### 1. Financing Obligation - Building Improvement

On May 22, 2103, the Kentucky Association of Counties Finance Corporation issued Program Revenue Bonds, Series 2013, in the amount of \$135,000 for the Nicholas County Fiscal Court to finance a building improvement for the hospital. Monthly payments of principal, fixed interest, and associated fees will end January 20, 2028. The obligation of the lessee created by the lease shall be a full general obligation of the lessee and, for the prompt payment of the lease payments, the full faith, credit and revenue of the lessee are pledged. In case of default, the lessor may, without any further demand or notice, take one or any combination of the following remedial steps: enforce the pledge set forth so that during the remaining lease term there is levied on all the taxable property in the lessee, in addition to all other taxes, without limitation as to the rate or amount, a direct tax annually in an amount sufficient to pay the lease rental payments when and as due; take legal title to, and sell or re-lease the project or any portion thereof; or take whatever action at law or in equity may appear necessary or desirable to enforce its rights in and to the project under this lease and/or take whatever action at law or in equity may appear necessary or desirable to enforce performance by the lessee of the applicable covenants and agreements under this lease and to recover damages for the breach thereof.

The outstanding balance as of June 30, 2020, was \$75,833. Future principal and interest payments are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30	р	rincipal	Scheduled Interest			
June 30		тистрат		Interest		
2021	\$	10,000	\$	2,614		
2022		10,000		2,378		
2023		10,000		2,128		
2024		10,000		1,870		
2025		10,000		1,592		
2026-2028		25,833		2,730		
Totals	\$	75,833	\$	13,312		

#### Note 6. Long-term Debt (Continued)

#### A. Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements (Continued)

#### 2. Financing Obligation - Buildings and Equipment

On August 9, 2017, the Kentucky Association of Counties Finance Corporation issued Financing Program Revenue Bonds, 2017 First Series B, in the amount of \$140,000 for the Nicholas County Fiscal Court to finance building the fire department and park shelter and purchase of a mower. The bonds have interest rates from 2 percent to 4 percent with a retirement date of January 1, 2037. Semi-annual interest payments are due on July 1 and January 1 of each year. Annual principal amounts begin January 1, 2019.

There are no moneys, sources of funds, securities or obligations that have been, or will be, pledged as collateral for the payment of principal of, premium, if any, or interest on the lease. In case of default, the lessor may, without any further demand or notice, take one or any combination of the following remedial steps: by appropriate court action, the remaining lease term there is levied on all the taxable property in the lessee, in addition to all other taxes, without limitation as to the rate or amount, a direct tax annually in an amount sufficient to pay the lease rental payments when and as due, take legal title to and sell or re-lease the project or any proportion thereof; take whatever action at law or in equity may appear necessary or desirable to enforce its rights in and to the project under the lease. The lessee will remain liable for all covenants and obligations under this lease, and for all legal fees and other costs and expenses, including court costs awarded by a court of competent jurisdiction, incurred by the lessor with respect to the enforcement of any of the remedies under this lease.

The outstanding principal balance as of June 30, 2020, was \$130,000. Future principal and interest payments are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending			Scheduled			
June 30	F	Principal	Interest			
2021	\$	5,000	\$	4,538		
2022		5,000		4,325		
2023		5,000		4,112		
2024		5,000		3,900		
2025		5,000		3,688		
2026-2030		35,000		15,981		
2031-2035		50,000		8,750		
2036-2037		20,000		1,200		
Totals	\$	130,000	\$	46,494		

#### Note 6. Long-term Debt (Continued)

#### A. Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements (Continued)

#### 3. Financing Obligation - Sheriff's Vehicle

In June 2016, the Nicholas County Fiscal Court entered into a \$29,099 lease agreement for the purchase of a sheriff's vehicle. The agreement requires 48 monthly payments of \$671, beginning June 1, 2016, and ending May 1, 2020. There are no moneys, sources of funds, securities or obligations that have been, or will be, pledged as collateral for the payment of principal of, premium, if any, or interest on the lease. Upon the occurrence of an event of default, the lessor may, at its option, declare the settlement value due as to any or all vehicles, exercise all rights of a secured creditor under the Uniform Commercial Code, perform any obligation lessee has failed to perform, in which case less will reimburse lessor's related costs and expenses, and exercise any other rights available to lessor under law or equity. The lessee will pay lessor all costs and expenses, including repossession and court costs and attorneys' fees, lessor expends in enforcing its rights. All remedies are cumulative and may be exercised separately or together from time to time. No waiver by lessor of any default or remedy will be binding unless acknowledged by the lessor in writing. This agreement was paid in full as of June 30, 2020.

#### 4. Financing Obligation - Ambulance Equipment

In August 2016, the Nicholas County Fiscal Court entered into a \$77,194 lease agreement for the purchase of ambulance equipment. The agreement requires five annual payments of \$16,752 beginning August 2017 and ending August 2021. There are no moneys, sources of funds, securities or obligations that have been, or will be, pledged as collateral for the payment of principal of, premium, if any, or interest on the lease. Upon the occurrence of an event of default, the lessor may, without any further notice, exercise one of more of the following remedies as lessor in its sole discretion shall elect to terminate the agreement and all of lessee's rights as to any or all items of property, proceed by appropriate court action to personally, or by its agents, take possession from lessee of any or all items of property wherever found and remove such items of property free from all claims of any nature whatsoever by lessee and lessor may thereafter dispose of the property; provided, however, that any proceeds from the disposition of the property in excess of the sum required to pay to lessor an amount equal to the total unpaid principal component of lease payments under the property schedule, including principal component not otherwise due until future years, pay any other amounts then due under the agreement, and pay lessor's costs and expenses associated with the disposition of the property and the event of default including attorney's fees.

The lease balance as of June 30, 2020, was \$32,155. Future principal and interest payments are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30	P	rincipal	Scheduled Interest			
2021 2022	\$	15,857 16,298	\$	895 454		
Totals	\$	32,155	\$	1,349		

#### Note 6. Long-term Debt (Continued)

#### A. Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements (Continued)

#### 5. Financing Obligation - Mower

On August 2, 2018, the Nicholas County Fiscal Court entered into a \$5,500 lease agreement for the purchase of a zero turn mower. The agreement requires 24 monthly payments of \$239 beginning September 20, 2018, and ending August 20, 2020. There are no moneys, sources of funds, securities or obligations that have been, or will be, pledged as collateral for the payment of principal of, premium, if any, or interest on the lease. Whenever any event of default has occurred, the lessor may, without any further demand or notice, take one of any combination of the following remedial steps: terminate the lease term and give notice to the lessee to vacate or surrender the equipment within 60 days from the date of such notice; exercise all rights and remedies of a secured party with respect to the equipment and my otherwise repossess and liquidate or realize or foreclose upon the equipment in a lawful manner; or sell or re-lease the equipment.

The lease balance as of June 30, 2020, was \$476. Future principal and interest payments are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending		Sche	neduled		
June 30	Pri	incipal	Interest		
2021	\$	476	\$	2	
Totals	\$	476	\$	2	

#### 6. Financing Obligation - Truck and Snow Plow

On December 18, 2018, the Nicholas County Fiscal Court entered into a \$35,000 lease agreement for the purchase of a truck and snow plow. The agreement requires 36 monthly payments of \$1,038 beginning January 20, 2019, and ending December 20, 2021. There are no moneys, sources of funds, securities or obligations that have been, or will be, pledged as collateral for the payment of principal of, premium, if any, or interest on the lease. Whenever any event of default has occurred, the lessor may, without any further demand or notice, take one of any combination of the following remedial steps: terminate the lease term and give notice to the lessee to vacate or surrender the equipment within 60 days from the date of such notice; exercise all rights and remedies of a secured party with respect to the equipment and my otherwise repossess and liquidate or realize or foreclose upon the equipment in a lawful manner; or sell or re-lease the equipment.

The lease balance as of June 30, 2020 was \$18,078. Future principal and interest payments are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending			Sch	eduled	
June 30	P	rincipal	Interest		
2021 2022	\$	11,925 6,153	\$	531 76	
Totals	\$	18,078	\$	607	

#### Note 6. Long-term Debt (Continued)

#### B. Other Debt

#### 1. First Mortgage Revenue Bond Anticipation Note, Series 2018

On March 29, 2018, the Nicholas County, Kentucky Public Properties Corporation issued first mortgage revenue bond anticipation notes (BANs) in the amount of \$1,500,000. The proceeds of this issue were to finance the acquisition, construction, and equipping of a judicial center. The bonds have an interest rate 2.48 percent with a retirement date of March 1, 2020. Semi-annual interest payments are due on September 1 and March 1 of each year and the principal payment is due on March 1, 2020. Funding of the debt service is provided by a lease agreement with the Kentucky Administrative Office of the Courts (AOC).

In the event the AOC elects not to renew this lease at any time, or fails to pay the stipulated AOC rentals, or the county elects not to renew this lease an any time, or fails to pay the stipulated county proportionate share, then and in that event and upon any ensuing default in the payment of the principal of or interest on the BANs, the indenture shall be enforced, which enforcement may, under the terms of the indenture. The county may at any time, by payment of all costs of action and charges of the bank, and by discharge of principal of and interest on the BANs, receive unencumbered fee simple title to the project. In the event of any such enforcement by the bank from the proceeds of any operation of the project there shall first be paid all expenses incident to said enforcement, as provided in the indenture, and thereafter the BANs and interest then outstanding shall be paid and retired, and if there shall remain any excess after paying such expenses and the claims of owners, the entire amount of such excess shall be paid over in cash to the county. Notwithstanding the foregoing, an alternative remedy, the bank is entitled to enter upon the premises, evict the AOC and the county and relet the project under such terms and conditions as it deems prudent; the proceeds of such reletting to be applied to the payment of the principal and interest requirements on the BANs. This debt was retired as of June 30, 2020.

#### 2. First Mortgage Revenue Bonds, Series 2020

On January 28, 2020, the Nicholas County, Kentucky Public Properties Corporation issued first mortgage revenue bonds in the amount of \$13,340,000 to finance the construction of the Nicholas County Judicial Center and to retire the 2018 bond anticipation notes. The bonds have interest rates ranging from 2 percent to 5 percent with a retirement date of June 1, 2039. The bonds require interest payments to be made on December 1 and June 1 of each year and principal payment is due on June 1 beginning June 1, 2020. Funding of the debt service is provided by a lease agreement with the Kentucky Administrative Office of the Courts (AOC).

In the event the AOC elects not to renew this lease at any time, or fails to pay the stipulated rentals, or the county elects not to renew this lease an any time, or fails to pay the stipulated county proportionate share, then and in that event and upon any ensuing default in the payment of the principal of or interest on the bonds, the Mortgage, as the case may be, shall be enforced, which enforcement may, under the terms of the Mortgage, include foreclosure of the liens created by the Mortgage and sale of the Project. The county may at any time, by payment of all costs of action and charges of trustee, and by discharge of principal of and interest of bonds, receive unencumbered fee simple title to the project. In the event of any such enforcement by the trustee from the proceeds of any operation of the project or foreclosure and sale of the project by the trustee there shall first be paid all expenses incident to said enforcement, as provided in the mortgage, and thereafter the bonds and interest then outstanding shall be paid and retired, and if there shall remain any excess after paying such expenses and the claims of owners, the entire amount of such excess shall be paid over in cash to the county.

#### Note 6. Long-term Debt (Continued)

#### **B.** Other Debt (Continued)

#### 2. First Mortgage Revenue Bonds, Series 2020 (Continued)

In case of default, bondholders may proceed to protect and enforce their rights by declaring all bonds due and payable, and if all default shall be made good, then, with the written consent of the owners of not less than 50 percent in principal amount of the outstanding bonds, by annulling such declaration and its consequences. In the event of default, each defaulted bond shall continue to bear interest after maturity at the interest rate applicable to such respective bonds until the necessary funds are made available for the payment thereof.

The outstanding principal balance as of June 30, 2020, was \$12,625,000. Future principal and interest payments are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending			Scheduled			
June 30	I	Principal		Interest		
2021	\$	500,000	\$	348,494		
2022		515,000		328,494		
2023		535,000		307,894		
2024		555,000		286,494		
2025		580,000		264,294		
2026-2030		3,195,000		1,014,319		
2031-2035		3,575,000		645,781		
2036-2039		3,170,000		200,375		
	-					
Totals	\$ 1	2,625,000	\$	3,396,145		

#### C. Aggregate Debt Schedule

The amounts of required principal and interest payments on long-term obligation at June 30, 2020, were as follows:

Direct Borrowings and											
		Direct Pl	aceme	ents	Other Debt						
Fiscal Year Ended											
June 30	P	rincipal	I	nterest	Principal			Interest			
2021	\$	43,258	\$	8,580	\$	500,000	\$	348,494			
2022		37,451		7,233		515,000		328,494			
2023		15,000		6,240		535,000		307,894			
2024		15,000		5,770		555,000		286,494			
2025		15,000		5,280		580,000		264,294			
2026-2030		60,833		18,711		3,195,000		1,014,319			
2031-2035		50,000		8,750		3,575,000		645,781			
2036-2039		20,000		1,200		3,170,000		200,375			
Totals	\$	256,542	\$	61,764	\$1	2,625,000	\$	3,396,145			

#### Note 6. Long-term Debt (Continued)

#### D. Changes In Long-term Debt

Long-term Debt activity for the year ended June 30, 2020, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Direct Borrowings and					
Direct Placements	\$ 309,025	\$	\$ 52,483	\$ 256,542	\$ 43,258
Revenue Bonds	1,500,000	13,340,000	2,215,000	12,625,000	500,000
Total Long-term Debt	\$ 1,809,025	\$13,340,000	\$ 2,267,483	\$12,881,542	\$ 543,258

#### Note 7. Employee Retirement System

The fiscal court has elected to participate, pursuant to KRS 78.530, in the County Employees Retirement System (CERS), which is administered by the Board of Trustees of the Kentucky Retirement Systems (KRS). This is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer, defined benefit pension plan, which covers all eligible full-time employees and provides for retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members. Benefit contributions and provisions are established by statute.

The county's contribution for FY 2018 was \$173,695, FY 2019 was \$197,499, and FY 2020 was \$256,215.

Nonhazardous covered employees are required to contribute 5 percent of their salary to the plan. Nonhazardous covered employees who begin participation on or after September 1, 2008, are required to contribute 6 percent of their salary to be allocated as follows: 5 percent will go to the member's account and 1 percent will go to the KRS insurance fund.

In accordance with Senate Bill 2, signed by the Governor on April 4, 2013, plan members who began participating on or after January 1, 2014, were required to contribute to the Cash Balance Plan. The Cash Balance Plan is known as a hybrid plan because it has characteristics of both a defined benefit plan and a defined contribution plan. Members in the plan contribute a set percentage of their salary each month to their own accounts. Nonhazardous covered employees contribute 5 percent of their annual creditable compensation. Nonhazardous members also contribute 1 percent to the health insurance fund which is not credited to the member's account and is not refundable. The employer contribution rate is set annually by the KRS Board of Directors based on an actuarial valuation. The employer contributes a set percentage of the member's salary. Each month, when employer contributions are received, an employer pay credit is deposited to the member's account. A member's account is credited with a 4 percent employer pay credit. The employer pay credit represents a portion of the employer contribution.

Benefits fully vest on reaching five years of service for nonhazardous employees. Aspects of benefits for nonhazardous employees include retirement after 27 years of service or age 65. Nonhazardous employees who begin participation on or after September 1, 2008, must meet the rule of 87 (member's age plus years of service credit must equal 87, and the member must be a minimum of 57 years of age) or the member is age 65, with a minimum of 60 months service credit.

#### Note 7. Employee Retirement System (Continued)

The county's contribution rate for nonhazardous employees was 24.06 percent.

Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB)

#### A. Health Insurance Coverage - Tier 1

CERS provides post-retirement health care coverage as follows:

For members participating prior to July 1, 2003, years of service and respective percentages of the maximum contribution are as follows:

Years of Service	% Paid by Insurance Fund	% Paid by Member through Payroll Deduction
20 or more	100%	0%
15-19	75%	25%
10-14	50%	50%
4-9	25%	75%
Less than 4	0%	100%

As a result of House Bill 290 (2004 General Assembly), medical insurance benefits are calculated differently for members who began participation on or after July 1, 2003. Once members reach a minimum vesting period of ten years, non-hazardous employees whose participation began on or after July 1, 2003, earn ten dollars per month for insurance benefits at retirement for every year of earned service without regard to a maximum dollar amount. This dollar amount is subject to adjustment annually based on the retiree cost of living adjustment, which is updated annually due to changes in the Consumer Price Index.

Benefits are covered under KRS 161.714 with exception of COLA and retiree health benefits after July 2003.

#### B. Health Insurance Coverage - Tier 2 and Tier 3

Once members reach a minimum vesting period of 15 years, they earn ten dollars per month for insurance benefits at retirement for every year of earned service without regard to a maximum dollar amount. This dollar amount is subject to adjustment annually by 1.5 percent. This was established for Tier 2 members during the 2008 Special Legislative Session by House Bill 1. During the 2013 Legislative Session, Senate Bill 2 was enacted, creating Tier 3 benefits for members.

The monthly insurance benefit has been increased annually as a 1.5 percent cost of living adjustment (COLA) since July 2003 when the law changed. The annual increase is cumulative and continues to accrue after the member's retirement.

Tier 2 member benefits are covered by KRS 161.714 with exception of COLA and retiree health benefits after July 2003. Tier 3 members are not covered by the same provisions.

#### Note 7. Employee Retirement System (Continued)

Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) (Continued)

#### C. Cost of Living Adjustments - Tier 1

The 1996 General Assembly enacted an automatic cost of living adjustment (COLA) provision for all recipients of KRS benefits. During the 2008 Special Session, the General Assembly determined that each July beginning in 2009, retirees who have been receiving a retirement allowance for at least 12 months will receive an automatic COLA of 1.5 percent. The COLA is not a guaranteed benefit. If a retiree has been receiving a benefit for less than 12 months, and a COLA is provided, it will be prorated based on the number of months the recipient has been receiving a benefit.

#### D. Cost of Living Adjustments - Tier 2 and Tier 3

No COLA is given unless authorized by the legislature with specific criteria. To this point, no COLA has been authorized by the legislature for Tier 2 or Tier 3 members.

#### E. Death Benefit

If a retired member is receiving a monthly benefit based on at least 48 months of service credit, KRS will pay a \$5,000 death benefit payment to the beneficiary designated by the member specifically for this benefit. Members with multiple accounts are entitled to only one death benefit.

#### KRS Annual Financial Report and Proportionate Share Audit Report

KRS issues a publicly available annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information on CERS. This report may be obtained by writing the Kentucky Retirement Systems, 1260 Louisville Road, Frankfort, KY 40601-6124, or by telephone at (502) 564-4646.

KRS also issues proportionate share audit reports for both total pension liability and other post-employment benefits for CERS determined by actuarial valuation as well as each participating county's proportionate share. Both the Schedules of Employer Allocations and Pension Amounts by Employer and the Schedules of Employer Allocations and OPEB Amounts by Employer reports and the related actuarial tables are available online at https://kyret.ky.gov. The complete actuarial valuation report, including all actuarial assumptions and methods, is also available on the website or can be obtained as described in the paragraph above.

#### **Note 8.** Deferred Compensation

The Nicholas County Fiscal Court voted to allow all eligible employees to participate in deferred compensation plans administered by the Kentucky Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Authority. The Kentucky Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Authority is authorized under KRS 18A.230 to 18A.275 to provide administration of tax sheltered supplemental retirement plans for all state, public school and university employees, and employees of local political subdivisions that have elected to participate.

#### **Note 8.** Deferred Compensation (Continued)

The Nicholas County Fiscal Court voted to allow all eligible employees to participate in deferred compensation plans administered by the Kentucky Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Authority. The Kentucky Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Authority is authorized under KRS 18A.230 to 18A.275 to provide administration of tax sheltered supplemental retirement plans for all state, public school and university employees, and employees of local political subdivisions that have elected to participate.

These deferred compensation plans permit all full time employees to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency. Participation by eligible employees in the deferred compensation plans is voluntary.

Historical trend information showing the Kentucky Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Authority's progress in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due is presented in the Kentucky Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Authority's annual financial report. This report may be obtained by writing the Kentucky Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Authority at 501 High Street, 2nd Floor, Frankfort, KY 40601, or by telephone at (502) 573-7925.

#### Note 9. Insurance

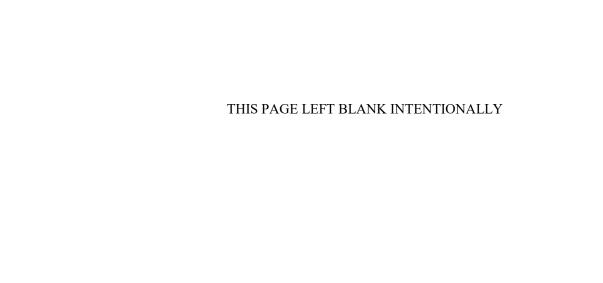
For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the Nicholas County Fiscal Court was a member of the Kentucky Association of Counties' All Lines Fund (KALF). KALF is a self-insurance fund and was organized to obtain lower cost coverage for general liability, property damage, public officials' errors and omissions, public liability, and other damages. The basic nature of a self-insurance program is that of collectively shared risk by its members. If losses incurred for covered claims exceed the resources contributed by the members, the members are responsible for payment of the excess losses.

#### **Note 10.** Prior Period Adjustments

The beginning balance of the road fund was increased \$546 and the jail fund was increased \$81 to account for prior year voided checks.

# NICHOLAS COUNTY BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES Supplementary Information - Regulatory Basis

For The Year Ended June 30, 2020



# NICHOLAS COUNTY BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES Supplementary Information - Regulatory Basis

# For The Year Ended June 30, 2020

GENER	ΛT	$\mathbf{F}\mathbf{H}$	VD

				GETTER		CIUD		
DECEME		Budgeted Original	Am	ounts Final	Actual Amounts, (Budgetary Basis)		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
RECEIPTS								
Taxes	\$	773,000	\$	940,279	\$	971,647	\$	31,368
Excess Fees				49,885		49,885		
Licenses and Permits		6,350		6,679		6,782		103
Intergovernmental		87,700		120,172		129,070		8,898
Charges for Services		90,000		90,390		478,569		388,179
Miscellaneous		661,661		772,585		408,379		(364,206)
Interest		16,600		17,144		2,795		(14,349)
Total Receipts		1,635,311		1,997,134		2,047,127		49,993
DISBURSEMENTS								
General Government		560,129		742,891		678,240		64,651
Protection to Persons and Property		520,288		570,956		564,571		6,385
General Health and Sanitation		25,825		29,115		27,706		1,409
Social Services		42,500		42,500		41,273		1,227
Recreation and Culture		14,500		14,500		8,000		6,500
Debt Service		62,315		147,272		63,973		83,299
Administration		443,178		537,018		446,721		90,297
Total Disbursements		1,668,735		2,084,252		1,830,484		253,768
Excess (Deficiency) of Receipts Over Disbursements Before Other								
Adjustments to Cash (Uses)		(33,424)		(87,118)		216,643		303,761
Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)								
Financing Obligation Proceeds				83,500		21,500		(62,000)
Transfers From Other Funds		126,857		126,857		145,854		18,997
Transfers To Other Funds		(216,433)		(216,433)		(263,000)		(46,567)
Total Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)		(89,576)		(6,076)		(95,646)		(89,570)
Net Change in Fund Balance		(123,000)		(93,194)		120,997		214,191
Fund Balance - Beginning		123,000		144,673		144,673		
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	0	\$	51,479	\$	265,670	\$	214,191

	ROAD FUND							
		Budgeted Original	Am	ounts Final	Actual Amounts, (Budgetary Basis)		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
RECEIPTS		9 1 <u>9</u> 1 1 9 1 1 1		1 11111		2452)		110841110)
Intergovernmental	\$	908,668	\$	1,732,681	\$	1,749,200	\$	16,519
Charges for Services		700		1,108		1,319		211
Miscellaneous		24,000		68,913		70,406		1,493
Interest		5,500		5,500		4,464		(1,036)
Total Receipts		938,868		1,808,202		1,825,389		17,187
DISBURSEMENTS								
General Government		18,000		18,000		18,000		
Roads		588,811		1,437,795		1,391,577		46,218
Debt Service		15,000		514,775		513,737		1,038
Administration		320,200		402,673		263,295		139,378
Total Disbursements		942,011		2,373,243		2,186,609		186,634
Excess (Deficiency) of Receipts Over								
Disbursements Before Other								
Adjustments to Cash (Uses)		(3,143)		(565,041)		(361,220)		203,821
Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)								
Financing Obligation Proceeds				495,000		495,000		
Transfers To Other Funds		(126,857)		(126,857)		(126,857)		
Total Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)		(126,857)		368,143		368,143		
Net Change in Fund Balance		(130,000)		(196,898)		6,923		203,821
Fund Balance - Beginning (Restated)		130,000		196,898		196,898		
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	0	\$	0	\$	203,821	\$	203,821

	JAIL FUND								
		Budgeted Original	Amo	ounts Final	Actual Amounts, (Budgetary Basis)		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
RECEIPTS		Oliginal		1 11841	-	<u>Busis</u> )		(egaare)	
Intergovernmental	\$	74,200	\$	74,406	\$	73,572	\$	(834)	
Charges for Services		12,200		14,904		13,849		(1,055)	
Miscellaneous				104		104			
Interest		250		250		160		(90)	
Total Receipts		86,650		89,664		87,685		(1,979)	
DISBURSEMENTS									
Protection to Persons and Property		228,108		283,072		283,071		1	
Administration		18,200		17,244		17,244			
Total Disbursements		246,308		300,316		300,315		1	
Excess (Deficiency) of Receipts Over Disbursements Before Other									
Adjustments to Cash (Uses)		(159,658)		(210,652)		(212,630)		(1,978)	
Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)									
Transfers From Other Funds		157,158		157,158		210,000		52,842	
Total Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)		157,158		157,158		210,000		52,842	
Net Change in Fund Balance		(2,500)		(53,494)		(2,630)		50,864	
Fund Balance - Beginning (Restated)		2,500		4,812		4,812			
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	0	\$	(48,682)	\$	2,182	\$	50,864	

Fund Balance - Ending

LANDFILL FUND Actual Variance with Final Budget Amounts, **Budgeted Amounts** (Budgetary Positive Final Basis) (Negative) Original RECEIPTS \$ 68,000 \$ \$ 95,972 18,744 Charges for Services 77,228 Miscellaneous 2,000 2,000 1,540 (460)Interest 125 125 74 (51)97,586 Total Receipts 70,125 79,353 18,233 DISBURSEMENTS Protection to Persons and Property 199 199 134,659 134,502 General Health and Sanitation 120,300 157 Administration 13,102 13,100 13,137 35 Total Disbursements 133,400 147,995 147,803 192 Excess (Deficiency) of Receipts Over Disbursements Before Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses) (63,275)(68,642)(50,217)18,425 Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses) Transfers From Other Funds 59,275 59,275 53,000 (6,275)59,275 59,275 53,000 Total Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses) (6,275)(4,000)Net Change in Fund Balance (9,367)2,783 12,150 Fund Balance - Beginning 4,000 6,570 6,570

\$

0 \$

(2,797) \$

9,353

\$

12,150

	MATHERS FUND							
		Budgeted			Actual Amounts, Budgetary	Variance with Final Budget Positive		
RECEIPTS		Original		Final		Basis)		Negative)
Interest	\$	129,800	\$	146,124	\$	7,715	\$	(138,409)
Total Receipts		129,800	Ψ	146,124		7,715		(138,409)
DISBURSEMENTS								
Social Services		117,700		118,575		71,816		46,759
Administration		377,100		398,303		2,561		395,742
Total Disbursements		494,800		516,878		74,377		442,501
Excess (Deficiency) of Receipts Over								
Disbursements Before Other								
Adjustments to Cash (Uses)		(365,000)		(370,754)		(66,662)		304,092
Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)								
Transfers From Other Funds						138,044		138,044
Total Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)						138,044		138,044
Net Change in Fund Balance		(365,000)		(370,754)		71,382		442,136
Fund Balance - Beginning		365,000		370,754		370,754		
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	0	\$	0	\$	442,136	\$	442,136

## NICHOLAS COUNTY NOTES TO REGULATORY SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES

June 30, 2020

#### Note 1. Budgetary Information

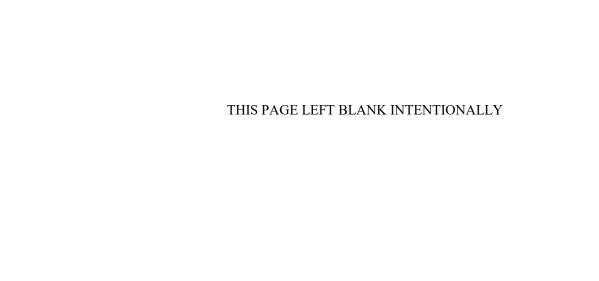
Annual budgets are adopted on a regulatory basis of accounting which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board and according to the laws of Kentucky as required by the state local finance officer.

The county judge/executive is required to submit estimated receipts and proposed disbursements to the fiscal court by May 1 of each year. The budget is prepared by fund, function, and activity and is required to be adopted by the fiscal court by July 1.

The fiscal court may change the original budget by transferring appropriations at the activity level; however, the fiscal court may not increase the total budget without approval by the state local finance officer. Disbursements may not exceed budgeted appropriations at the activity level.

# NICHOLAS COUNTY SCHEDULE OF CAPITAL ASSETS Other Information - Regulatory Basis

For The Year Ended June 30, 2020



# NICHOLAS COUNTY SCHEDULE OF CAPITAL ASSETS Other Information - Regulatory Basis

# For The Year Ended June 30, 2020

The fiscal court reports the following Schedule of Capital Assets:

	Beginning Balance (*Restated) Additions		Deletions	Ending Balance
Land and Land Improvements*	\$ 628,173	\$	\$	\$ 628,173
Construction In Progress*	525,163	2,562,135		3,087,298
Buildings	3,139,468			3,139,468
Vehicles	664,431	22,000	14,325	672,106
Equipment	840,133	14,000		854,133
Infrastructure	6,093,361	511,271		6,604,632
Total Capital Assets	\$ 11,890,729	\$ 3,109,406	\$ 14,325	\$ 14,985,810

## NICHOLAS COUNTY NOTES TO OTHER INFORMATION - REGULATORY BASIS SCHEDULE OF CAPITAL ASSETS

June 30, 2020

#### Note 1. Capital Assets

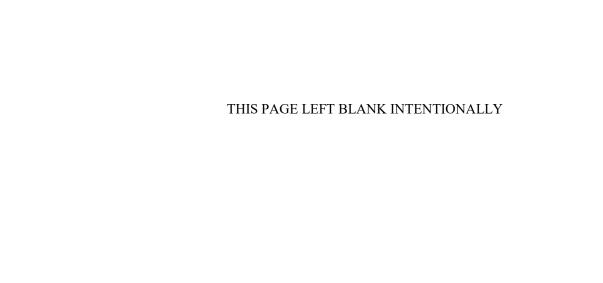
Capital assets, which include land, land improvements, buildings, furniture and office equipment, building improvements, machinery, equipment, and infrastructure assets (roads and bridges) that have a useful life of more than one reporting period based on the government's capitalization policy, are reported as other information. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost when purchased or constructed.

	Cap	italization	Useful Life	
	T1	nreshold	(Years)	
Land Improvements	\$	25,000	10 - 60	
Buildings	\$	50,000	10 - 100	
Building Improvements	\$	25,000	10 - 100	
Vehicles	\$	5,000	2 - 10	
Equipment	\$	5,000	2 - 10	
Infrastructure	\$	25,000	5 - 50	

#### Note 2. Restatement of Capital Assets Beginning Balance

	Land _Improvements_		Construction In Progress	
Prior Year Ending Balance Asset Erroneously Included	\$	1,153,336 (525,163)	\$	525,163
Beginning Balance Restated	\$	628,173	\$	525,163

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENT PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS





# MIKE HARMON AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS

The Honorable Steve Hamilton, Nicholas County Judge/Executive The Honorable Roscoe Higginbotham, Former Nicholas County Judge/Executive Members of the Nicholas County Fiscal Court

> Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance And Other Matters Based On An Audit Of The Financial Statement Performed In Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards*

#### Independent Auditor's Report

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the Statement of Receipts, Disbursements, and Changes in Fund Balances - Regulatory Basis of the Nicholas County Fiscal Court for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 and the related notes to the financial statement which collectively comprise the Nicholas County Fiscal Court's financial statement and have issued our report thereon dated May 5, 2021.

#### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statement, we considered the Nicholas County Fiscal Court's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statement, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Nicholas County Fiscal Court's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Nicholas County Fiscal Court's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statement will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.



Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance And Other Matters Based On An Audit Of The Financial Statement Performed In Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards* (Continued)

#### **Compliance And Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Nicholas County Fiscal Court's financial statement is free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statement. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Respectfully submitted,

Mike Harmon

Auditor of Public Accounts

May 5, 2021