REPORT OF THE AUDIT OF THE LIVINGSTON COUNTY CLERK

For The Year Ended December 31, 2020



MIKE HARMON AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS www.auditor.ky.gov

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MIKE HARMON AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS

The Honorable Garrett Gruber, Livingston County Judge/Executive The Honorable Sonya Williams, Livingston County Clerk Members of the Livingston County Fiscal Court

Independent Auditor's Report

Report on the Financial Statement

We have audited the accompanying Statement of Receipts, Disbursements, and Excess Fees - Regulatory Basis of the County Clerk of Livingston County, Kentucky, for the year ended December 31, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statement.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statement

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of this financial statement in accordance with accounting practices prescribed or permitted by the laws of Kentucky to demonstrate compliance with the Commonwealth of Kentucky's regulatory basis of accounting and budget laws. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of a financial statement that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on this financial statement based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the *Audit Guide for County Fee Officials* issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts, Commonwealth of Kentucky. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statement is free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statement. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statement, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statement in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statement.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

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The Honorable Garrett Gruber, Livingston County Judge/Executive The Honorable Sonya Williams, Livingston County Clerk Members of the Livingston County Fiscal Court

Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

As described in Note 1 of the financial statement, the financial statement is prepared by the Livingston County Clerk on the basis of the accounting practices prescribed or permitted by the laws of Kentucky to demonstrate compliance with the Commonwealth of Kentucky's regulatory basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The effects on the financial statement of the variances between the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note 1 and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, although not reasonably determinable, are presumed to be material.

Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

In our opinion, because of the significance of the matter discussed in the Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles paragraph, the financial statement referred to above does not present fairly, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of the Livingston County Clerk, as of December 31, 2020, or changes in financial position or cash flows thereof for the year then ended.

Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting

In our opinion, the financial statement referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the receipts, disbursements, and excess fees of the Livingston County Clerk for the year ended December 31, 2020, in accordance with the basis of accounting practices prescribed or permitted by the Commonwealth of Kentucky as described in Note 1.

Other Reporting Required by *Government Auditing Standards*

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 14, 2021, on our consideration of the Livingston County Clerk's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Livingston County Clerk's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Based on the results of our audit, we have presented the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses, included herein, which discusses the following report comment:

2020-001 The Livingston County Clerk's Office Does Not Have Adequate Segregation Of Duties

Respectfully submitted,

Mike Harmon Auditor of Public Accounts

June 14, 2021

LIVINGSTON COUNTY SONYA WILLIAMS, COUNTY CLERK <u>STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND EXCESS FEES - REGULATORY BASIS</u>

For The Year Ended December 31, 2020

| Receipts |
|----------|
| |

| Federal Grant: | | | |
|--|------------|----|----------|
| State Board Of Elections - CARES | | \$ | 20,361 |
| State Revenue Supplement | | | 68,059 |
| State Fees For Services | | | 2,665 |
| Fiscal Court | | | 3,696 |
| Licenses and Taxes: | | | |
| Motor Vehicle- | | | |
| Licenses and Transfers | \$ 454,557 | | |
| Usage Tax | 805,108 | | |
| Tangible Personal Property Tax | 1,028,608 | | |
| Other- | | | |
| Marriage Licenses | 2,350 | | |
| Deed Transfer Tax | 36,854 | | |
| Delinquent Tax | 108,921 | 2 | ,436,398 |
| Fees Collected for Services: | | | |
| Recordings- | | | |
| Deeds, Easements, and Powers Of Attorney | 22,217 | | |
| Real Estate Mortgages | 31,175 | | |
| Chattel Mortgages and Financing Statements | 27,280 | | |
| Affordable Housing Trust | 9,984 | | |
| All Other Recordings | 30,194 | | |
| Charges for Other Services- | | | |
| Candidate Filing Fees | 840 | | |
| Copy Work | 2,762 | | |
| Postage | 4,278 | | 128,730 |
| Other: | | | |
| IRS Lien Fees | 4,596 | | |
| Overpayment Income | 23,521 | | |
| Miscellaneous | 22,541 | | 50,658 |
| Interest Earned | | | 100 |
| Total Receipts | | 2 | ,710,667 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

LIVINGSTON COUNTY SONYA WILLIAMS, COUNTY CLERK STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND EXCESS FEES - REGULATORY BASIS For The Year Ended December 31, 2020 (Continued)

Disbursements

| Motor Vehicle- Licenses and Transfers\$ 355,472Usage Tax775,149Tangible Personal Property Tax408,884Licenses, Taxes, and Fees- Delinquent Tax10,291Legal Process Tax8,557Affordable Housing Trust9,984\$ 1,568,337Payments to Fiscal Court: Tangible Personal Property Tax72,956Delinquent Tax10,949Deed Transfer Tax10,949Deed Transfer Tax35,175Tangible Personal Property Tax505,775Delinquent Tax53,033Payments to Other Districts: Tangible Personal Property Tax505,775Delinquent Tax53,033Payments to Sheriff8,807Payments to County Attorney14,455Tax Bill Preparation2,253Operating Disbursements and Capital Outlay: Personnel Services- Deputies' Salaries142,318Part-Time Salaries180Materials and Supplies- Office Supplies2,091Other Charges- Conventions and Travel293Dues984Insufficient Funds Checks105Bank Charges213Miscellaneous3,304Postage942 | Payments to State: | | |
|---|---|---------------|--------------|
| Usage Tax775,149Tangible Personal Property Tax408,884Licenses, Taxes, and Fees-10,291Legal Process Tax8,557Affordable Housing Trust9,984\$1,568,337Payments to Fiscal Court:72,956Tangible Personal Property Tax72,956Delinquent Tax10,949Deed Transfer Tax35,175Tangible Personal Property Tax505,775Delinquent Tax505,775Delinquent Tax505,775Delinquent Tax505,775Delinquent Tax2,253Operating Disbursements and Capital Outlay:2,253Operating Disbursements and Capital Outlay:2,253Operating Disbursements and Capital Outlay:2,091Other Charges-2,091Other Charges-2,091Other Charges-293Dues984Insufficient Funds Checks105Bank Charges213Miscellaneous3,304 | Motor Vehicle- | | |
| Tangible Personal Property Tax408,884Licenses, Taxes, and Fees- Delinquent Tax10,291Legal Process Tax8,557Affordable Housing Trust9,984\$1,568,337Payments to Fiscal Court: Tangible Personal Property Tax72,956Delinquent Tax10,949Deed Transfer Tax10,949Deed Transfer Tax35,175119,080Payments to Other Districts: Tangible Personal Property Tax505,775Delinquent Tax505,775Delinquent Tax505,775Delinquent Tax505,775Delinquent Tax2,253Operating Disbursements and Capital Outlay: Personnel Services- Deputies' Salaries142,318Part-Time Salaries140Materials and Supplies- Office Supplies2,091Other Charges- Conventions and Travel293 DuesDues984 Insufficient Funds Checks105 Bank ChargesMiscellaneous3,304 | Licenses and Transfers | \$ 355,472 | |
| Licenses, Taxes, and Fees- Delinquent Tax10,291 10,291 1,293Legal Process Tax10,291 | Usage Tax | 775,149 | |
| Delinquent Tax10,291Legal Process Tax8,557Affordable Housing Trust9,984\$1,568,337Payments to Fiscal Court:Tangible Personal Property TaxTangible Personal Property TaxDedinquent TaxDed Transfer Tax10,949Deed Transfer Tax23,175119,080Payments to Other Districts:Tangible Personal Property Tax505,775Delinquent TaxSologitationPayments to Sheriff8,807Payments to County Attorney14,455Tax Bill Preparation2,253Operating Disbursements and Capital Outlay:Personnel Services-Deputies' Salaries142,318Part-Time Salaries180Materials and Supplies-Office SuppliesConventions and Travel293DuesPaskInsufficient Funds Checks105Bank Charges213Miscellaneous3,304 | Tangible Personal Property Tax | 408,884 | |
| Legal Process Tax8,557Affordable Housing Trust9,984\$ 1,568,337Payments to Fiscal Court: Tangible Personal Property Tax72,956Delinquent Tax10,949Deed Transfer Tax35,175119,080Payments to Other Districts: Tangible Personal Property Tax505,775Delinquent Tax505,775Delinquent Tax505,775Delinquent Tax53,033Payments to Sheriff8,807Payments to County Attorney14,455Tax Bill Preparation2,253Operating Disbursements and Capital Outlay: Personnel Services- Deputies' Salaries142,318Part-Time Salaries180Materials and Supplies- Office Supplies2,091Other Charges- Conventions and Travel293 DuesDues984 Insufficient Funds Checks105 Bank ChargesMiscellaneous3,304 | Licenses, Taxes, and Fees- | | |
| Affordable Housing Trust9,984\$ 1,568,337Payments to Fiscal Court: Tangible Personal Property Tax72,956 10,949 35,175119,080Payments to Other Districts: Tangible Personal Property Tax505,775 53,033558,808Payments to Other Districts: Tangible Personal Property Tax505,775 53,033558,808Payments to Sheriff8,807Payments to Sheriff8,807Payments to County Attorney14,455Tax Bill Preparation2,253Operating Disbursements and Capital Outlay: Personnel Services- Deputies' Salaries142,318 180Materials and Supplies- Office Supplies142,318 2,091Other Charges- Conventions and Travel293 293 DuesDues984 1nsufficient Funds Checks105 Bank ChargesMiscellaneous3,304 | Delinquent Tax | 10,291 | |
| Payments to Fiscal Court: Tangible Personal Property Tax72,956 Delinquent TaxDeinquent Tax10,949 Deed Transfer Tax119,080Payments to Other Districts: Tangible Personal Property Tax505,775 Delinquent Tax505,775 Delinquent TaxPayments to Sheriff8,807Payments to Sheriff8,807Payments to County Attorney14,455Tax Bill Preparation2,253Operating Disbursements and Capital Outlay: Personnel Services- Deputies' Salaries142,318 180Materials and Supplies- Office Supplies142,318 2,091Other Charges- Conventions and Travel293 293 DuesDues984 1nsufficient Funds Checks105 Bank ChargesMiscellaneous3,304 | Legal Process Tax | 8,557 | |
| Tangible Personal Property Tax72,956Delinquent Tax10,949Deed Transfer Tax35,175Payments to Other Districts:35,033Tangible Personal Property Tax505,775Delinquent Tax53,033Payments to Sheriff8,807Payments to Sheriff8,807Payments to County Attorney14,455Tax Bill Preparation2,253Operating Disbursements and Capital Outlay: Personnel Services- Deputies' Salaries142,318 180Materials and Supplies- Office Supplies2,091Other Charges- Conventions and Travel293 293 DuesDues984 1nsufficient Funds Checks105 Bank ChargesMiscellaneous3,304 | Affordable Housing Trust | 9,984 | \$ 1,568,337 |
| Tangible Personal Property Tax72,956Delinquent Tax10,949Deed Transfer Tax35,175Payments to Other Districts:35,033Tangible Personal Property Tax505,775Delinquent Tax53,033Payments to Sheriff8,807Payments to Sheriff8,807Payments to County Attorney14,455Tax Bill Preparation2,253Operating Disbursements and Capital Outlay: Personnel Services- Deputies' Salaries142,318 180Materials and Supplies- | Payments to Fiscal Court: | | |
| Delinquent Tax10,949Deed Transfer Tax35,175Payments to Other Districts: Tangible Personal Property Tax505,775Delinquent Tax503,033S58,808Payments to Sheriff8,807Payments to Sheriff8,807Payments to County Attorney14,455Tax Bill Preparation2,253Operating Disbursements and Capital Outlay: Personnel Services- Deputies' Salaries142,318 180Materials and Supplies- Office Supplies2,091Other Charges- Conventions and Travel293 293 DuesDues984 1nsufficient Funds Checks105 Bank ChargesMiscellaneous3,304 | - | 72,956 | |
| Deed Transfer Tax35,175119,080Payments to Other Districts: Tangible Personal Property Tax505,775Delinquent Tax53,033558,808Payments to Sheriff8,807Payments to Sheriff8,807Payments to County Attorney14,455Tax Bill Preparation2,253Operating Disbursements and Capital Outlay: Personnel Services- Deputies' Salaries142,318 180Materials and Supplies- Office Supplies2,091Other Charges- Conventions and Travel293 293 DuesDues984 1nsufficient Funds Checks105 Bank ChargesMiscellaneous3,304 | | | |
| Tangible Personal Property Tax505,775Delinquent Tax53,033558,808Payments to Sheriff8,807Payments to County Attorney14,455Tax Bill Preparation2,253Operating Disbursements and Capital Outlay: Personnel Services- Deputies' Salaries142,318Part-Time Salaries180Materials and Supplies- Office Supplies2,091Other Charges- Conventions and Travel293 984 1nsufficient Funds Checks105 8ank ChargesData984 213 Miscellaneous213 3,304 | • | - | 119,080 |
| Tangible Personal Property Tax505,775Delinquent Tax53,033558,808Payments to Sheriff8,807Payments to County Attorney14,455Tax Bill Preparation2,253Operating Disbursements and Capital Outlay: Personnel Services- Deputies' Salaries142,318Part-Time Salaries180Materials and Supplies- Office Supplies2,091Other Charges- | Payments to Other Districts: | | |
| Delinquent Tax53,033558,808Payments to Sheriff8,807Payments to County Attorney14,455Tax Bill Preparation2,253Operating Disbursements and Capital Outlay: Personnel Services- Deputies' Salaries142,318Part-Time Salaries180Materials and Supplies- Office Supplies2,091Other Charges- Conventions and Travel293 984 1nsufficient Funds ChecksDues984 213 MiscellaneousMiscellaneous3,304 | - | 505 775 | |
| Payments to Sheriff8,807Payments to County Attorney14,455Tax Bill Preparation2,253Operating Disbursements and Capital Outlay: Personnel Services- Deputies' Salaries142,318Part-Time Salaries142,318Materials and Supplies- Office Supplies2,091Other Charges- Conventions and Travel293 984 1nsufficient Funds Checks105 Bank ChargesDank Charges213 Miscellaneous3,304 | | | 558 808 |
| Payments to County Attorney14,455Tax Bill Preparation2,253Operating Disbursements and Capital Outlay: Personnel Services- Deputies' Salaries142,318Part-Time Salaries142,318Part-Time Salaries180Materials and Supplies- Office Supplies2,091Other Charges- Conventions and Travel293Dues984Insufficient Funds Checks105Bank Charges213Miscellaneous3,304 | Demiquent Tax | 33,033 | 558,808 |
| Tax Bill Preparation2,253Operating Disbursements and Capital Outlay: Personnel Services- Deputies' Salaries142,318 180Part-Time Salaries142,318 | Payments to Sheriff | | 8,807 |
| Operating Disbursements and Capital Outlay: Personnel Services- Deputies' Salaries142,318Part-Time Salaries142,318Part-Time Salaries180Materials and Supplies- Office Supplies2,091Other Charges- Conventions and Travel293Dues984Insufficient Funds Checks105Bank Charges213Miscellaneous3,304 | Payments to County Attorney | | 14,455 |
| Personnel Services- Deputies' Salaries142,318Part-Time Salaries140Materials and Supplies- Office Supplies2,091Other Charges- Conventions and Travel293Dues984Insufficient Funds Checks105Bank Charges213Miscellaneous3,304 | Tax Bill Preparation | | 2,253 |
| Deputies' Salaries142,318Part-Time Salaries180Materials and Supplies- Office Supplies2,091Other Charges- Conventions and Travel293Dues984Insufficient Funds Checks105Bank Charges213Miscellaneous3,304 | Operating Disbursements and Capital Outlay: | | |
| Part-Time Salaries180Materials and Supplies- Office Supplies2,091Other Charges- Conventions and Travel293Dues984Insufficient Funds Checks105Bank Charges213Miscellaneous3,304 | Personnel Services- | | |
| Materials and Supplies- Office Supplies2,091Other Charges- Conventions and Travel293Dues984Insufficient Funds Checks105Bank Charges213Miscellaneous3,304 | Deputies' Salaries | 142,318 | |
| Office Supplies2,091Other Charges-293Conventions and Travel293Dues984Insufficient Funds Checks105Bank Charges213Miscellaneous3,304 | Part-Time Salaries | 180 | |
| Other Charges- Conventions and Travel293Dues984Insufficient Funds Checks105Bank Charges213Miscellaneous3,304 | Materials and Supplies- | | |
| Conventions and Travel293Dues984Insufficient Funds Checks105Bank Charges213Miscellaneous3,304 | Office Supplies | 2,091 | |
| Dues984Insufficient Funds Checks105Bank Charges213Miscellaneous3,304 | Other Charges- | | |
| Insufficient Funds Checks105Bank Charges213Miscellaneous3,304 | Conventions and Travel | 293 | |
| Bank Charges213Miscellaneous3,304 | Dues | 984 | |
| Miscellaneous 3,304 | Insufficient Funds Checks | 105 | |
| , | Bank Charges | 213 | |
| Postage 942 | Miscellaneous | 3,304 | |
| | Postage | 942 | |

LIVINGSTON COUNTY SONYA WILLIAMS, COUNTY CLERK STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND EXCESS FEES - REGULATORY BASIS For The Year Ended December 31, 2020 (Continued)

Disbursements (Continued)

| Operating Disbursements and Capital Outlay: (Continued |) | | | | |
|--|----|--------|---------------|-------------|-----------|
| Other Charges- (Continued) | | | | | |
| Overpayments | \$ | 25,125 | | | |
| Capital Outlay- | | | | | |
| Office Equipment | | 12,299 | | | |
| Election Expense | | 9,712 | \$ 197,566 | | |
| Total Disbursements | | | | \$ 2 | 2,469,306 |
| Net Receipts | | | | | 241,361 |
| Less: Statutory Maximum | | | | | 84,094 |
| Excess Fees | | | | | 157,267 |
| Less: Expense Allowance | | | 3,600 | | , |
| Training Incentive Benefit | | | 4,313 | · . <u></u> | 7,913 |
| Excess Fees Due County for 2020 | | | | | 149,354 |
| Payment to Fiscal Court - March 13, 2021 | | | | | 160,539 |
| Balance From Fiscal Court at Completion of Audit* | | | | \$ | (11,185) |

* - Negative balance is due to the overpayment of excess fees to the fiscal court in the amount of \$11,185. This money, in addition to the ending cash balance of \$4, will be used to pay the unpaid obligations of delinquent taxes of \$451 and of amounts transferred into the fee account in error totaling \$10,738.

LIVINGSTON COUNTY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT

December 31, 2020

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Fund Accounting

A fee official uses a fund to report on the results of operations. A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain government functions or activities.

A fee official uses a fund for fees to account for activities for which the government desires periodic determination of the excess of receipts over disbursements to facilitate management control, accountability, and compliance with laws.

B. Basis of Accounting

KRS 64.820 directs the fiscal court to collect any amount, including excess fees, due from the county clerk as determined by the audit. KRS 64.152 requires the county clerk to settle excess fees with the fiscal court by March 15 each year.

The financial statement has been prepared on a regulatory basis of accounting, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. This basis demonstrates compliance with the laws of Kentucky and is a special purpose framework. Under this regulatory basis of accounting, receipts and disbursements are generally recognized when cash is received or disbursed, with the exception of accrual of the following items (not all-inclusive) at December 31 that may be included in the excess fees calculation:

- Interest receivable
- Collection on accounts due from others for 2020 services
- Reimbursements for 2020 activities
- Payments due other governmental entities for December tax and fee collections and payroll
- Payments due vendors for goods or services provided in 2020

The measurement focus of a fee official is upon excess fees. Remittance of excess fees is due to the county treasurer in the subsequent year.

C. Cash and Investments

KRS 66.480 authorizes the county clerk's office to invest in obligations of the United States and of its agencies and instrumentalities, obligations and contracts for future delivery or purchase of obligations backed by the full faith and credit of the United States, obligations of any corporation of the United States government, bonds or certificates of indebtedness of this state, and certificates of deposit issued by or other interest-bearing accounts of any bank or savings and loan institution which are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or which are collateralized, to the extent uninsured, by any obligation permitted by KRS 41.240(4).

Note 2. Employee Retirement System and Other Post-Employment Benefits

The clerk's office has elected to participate, pursuant to KRS 78.530, in the County Employees Retirement System (CERS), which is administered by the Board of Trustees of the Kentucky Retirement Systems (KRS). This is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer, defined benefit pension plan, which covers all eligible full-time employees and provides for retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members. Benefit contributions and provisions are established by statute.

Note 2. Employee Retirement System and Other Post-Employment Benefits (Continued)

Nonhazardous covered employees are required to contribute five percent of their salary to the plan. Nonhazardous covered employees who begin participation on or after September 1, 2008, are required to contribute six percent of their salary to be allocated as follows: five percent will go to the member's account and one percent will go to the KRS insurance fund.

In accordance with Senate Bill 2, signed by the Governor on April 4, 2013, plan members who began participating on or after January 1, 2014, were required to contribute to the Cash Balance Plan. The Cash Balance Plan is known as a hybrid plan because it has characteristics of both a defined benefit plan and a defined contribution plan. Members in the plan contribute a set percentage of their salary each month to their own accounts. Nonhazardous covered employees contribute five percent of their annual creditable compensation. Nonhazardous members also contribute one percent to the health insurance fund which is not credited to the member's account and is not refundable. The employer contributes a set percentage of the member's salary. Each month, when employer contributions are received, an employer pay credit is deposited to the member's account. A member's account is credited with a four percent employer pay credit. The employer pay credit represents a portion of the employer contribution.

Benefits fully vest on reaching five years of service for nonhazardous employees. Aspects of benefits for nonhazardous employees include retirement after 27 years of service or age 65. Nonhazardous employees who begin participation on or after September 1, 2008, must meet the rule of 87 (member's age plus years of service credit must equal 87, and the member must be a minimum of 57 years of age) or the member is age 65, with a minimum of 60 months service credit.

The county's contribution rate for nonhazardous employees was 24.06 percent for the year.

Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB)

A. <u>Health Insurance Coverage - Tier 1</u>

CERS provides post-retirement health care coverage as follows:

For members participating prior to July 1, 2003, years of service and respective percentages of the maximum contribution are as follows:

| Years of Service | % Paid by Insurance Fund | % Paid by Member through Payroll Deduction |
|------------------|--------------------------|---|
| 20 or more | 100% | 0% |
| 15-19 | 75% | 25% |
| 10-14 | 50% | 50% |
| 4-9 | 25% | 75% |
| Less than 4 | 0% | 100% |

LIVINGSTON COUNTY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT December 31, 2020 (Continued)

Note 2. Employee Retirement System and Other Post-Employment Benefits (Continued)

Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) (Continued)

A. <u>Health Insurance Coverage - Tier 1</u> (Continued)

As a result of House Bill 290 (2004 General Assembly), medical insurance benefits are calculated differently for members who began participation on or after July 1, 2003. Once members reach a minimum vesting period of ten years, non-hazardous employees whose participation began on or after July 1, 2003, earn ten dollars per month for insurance benefits at retirement for every year of earned service without regard to a maximum dollar amount. This dollar amount is subject to adjustment annually based on the retiree cost of living adjustment, which is updated annually due to changes in the Consumer Price Index.

Benefits are covered under KRS 161.714 with exception of COLA and retiree health benefits after July 2003.

B. Health Insurance Coverage - Tier 2 and Tier 3 - Nonhazardous

Once members reach a minimum vesting period of 15 years, earn ten dollars per month for insurance benefits at retirement for every year of earned service without regard to a maximum dollar amount. This dollar amount is subject to adjustment annually by 1.5 percent. This was established for Tier 2 members during the 2008 Special Legislative Session by House Bill 1. During the 2013 Legislative Session, Senate Bill 2 was enacted, creating Tier 3 benefits for members.

The monthly insurance benefit has been increased annually as a 1.5 percent cost of living adjustment (COLA) since July 2003 when the law changed. The annual increase is cumulative and continues to accrue after the member's retirement.

Tier 2 member benefits are covered by KRS 161.714 with exception of COLA and retiree health benefits after July 2003. Tier 3 members are not covered by the same provisions.

C. Cost of Living Adjustments - Tier 1

The 1996 General Assembly enacted an automatic cost of living adjustment (COLA) provision for all recipients of KRS benefits. During the 2008 Special Session, the General Assembly determined that each July beginning in 2009, retirees who have been receiving a retirement allowance for at least 12 months will receive an automatic COLA of 1.5 percent. The COLA is not a guaranteed benefit. If a retiree has been receiving a benefit for less than 12 months, and a COLA is provided, it will be prorated based on the number of months the recipient has been receiving a benefit.

D. Cost of Living Adjustments - Tier 2 and Tier 3

No COLA is given unless authorized by the legislature with specific criteria. To this point, no COLA has been authorized by the legislature for Tier 2 or Tier 3 members.

E. Death Benefit

If a retired member is receiving a monthly benefit based on at least 48 months of service credit, KRS will pay a \$5,000 death benefit payment to the beneficiary designated by the member specifically for this benefit. Members with multiple accounts are entitled to only one death benefit.

KRS Annual Financial Report and Proportionate Share Audit Report

KRS issues a publicly available annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information on CERS. This report may be obtained by writing the Kentucky Retirement Systems, 1260 Louisville Road, Frankfort, KY 40601-6124, or by telephone at (502) 564-4646.

KRS also issues proportionate share audit reports for both total pension liability and other post-employment benefits for CERS determined by actuarial valuation as well as each participating county's proportionate share. Both the Schedules of Employer Allocations and Pension Amounts by Employer and the Schedules of Employer Allocations and Pension Amounts by Employer and the Schedules of Employer Allocations and the related actuarial tables are available online at https://kyret.ky.gov. The complete actuarial valuation report, including all actuarial assumptions and methods, is also available on the website or can be obtained as described in the paragraph above.

Note 3. Deposits

The Livingston County Clerk maintained deposits of public funds with federally insured banking institutions as required by the Department for Local Government's (DLG) *County Budget Preparation and State Local Finance Officer Policy Manual*. The DLG Manual strongly recommends perfected pledges of securities covering all public funds except direct federal obligations and funds protected by federal insurance. In order to be perfected in the event of failure or insolvency of the depository institution, this pledge or provision of collateral should be evidenced by an agreement between the county clerk and the depository institution, signed by both parties, that is (a) in writing, (b) approved by the board of directors of the depository institution or its loan committee, which approval must be reflected in the minutes of the board or committee, and (c) an official record of the depository institution. These requirements were met.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a depository institution failure, the county clerk's deposits may not be returned. The Livingston County Clerk does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk, but rather follows the requirements of the DLG *County Budget Preparation and State Local Finance Officer Policy Manual.* As of December 31, 2020, all deposits were covered by FDIC insurance or a properly executed collateral security agreement.

Note 4. Federal Grant

The Livingston County Clerk's office received federal CARES grant through the state for \$25,076 to help fray the cost of the 2020 elections due to the special circumstances created by the coronavirus. The Livingston County Clerk's office refunded \$4,715 of unused grant funds.

Note 5. Software Service Agreement

On June 20, 2018, the Livingston County Clerk's office entered into a hardware service agreement and a software license agreement with a vendor for the right to use their software and technical support. Under the terms of the agreements, the county clerks agrees to pay \$75 a month for the equipment, \$165 a month for maintenance, and \$605 a month for the software, for a total monthly obligation of \$845. The county clerk uses this software program to maintain all recordings filed at the clerk's office in an electronic format.

LIVINGSTON COUNTY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT December 31, 2020 (Continued)

Note 6. Fiduciary Account

A. Escrow Account

The Livingston County Clerk deposited outstanding checks into a custodial bank account. When statutorily required, the county clerk will turn over the escrowed funds to the Kentucky State Treasurer as unclaimed property. The county clerk's escrowed amounts were as follows:

2016\$2562017\$2732018\$3902019\$114

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENT PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS* THIS PAGE LEFT BLANK INTENTIONALLY



MIKE HARMON AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS

The Honorable Garrett Gruber, Livingston County Judge/Executive The Honorable Sonya Williams, Livingston County Clerk Members of the Livingston County Fiscal Court

> Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance And Other Matters Based On An Audit Of The Financial Statement Performed In Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards*

> > Independent Auditor's Report

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the Statement of Receipts, Disbursements, and Excess Fees - Regulatory Basis of the Livingston County Clerk for the year ended December 31, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statement and have issued our report thereon dated June 14, 2021. The Livingston County Clerk's financial statement is prepared on a regulatory basis of accounting, which demonstrates compliance with the Commonwealth of Kentucky's regulatory basis of accounting and budget laws, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statement, we considered the Livingston County Clerk's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statement, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Livingston County Clerk's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Livingston County Clerk's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses, we identified a certain deficiency in internal control that we consider to be a material weakness.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statement will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We consider the deficiency described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses as item 2020-001 to be a material weakness.

Compliance And Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Livingston County Clerk's financial statement is free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statement. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Views of Responsible Official and Planned Corrective Action

The Livingston County Clerk's views and planned corrective action for the finding identified in our audit are described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses. The Livingston County Clerk's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statement and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Respectfully submitted,

Mike Harmon Auditor of Public Accounts

June 14, 2021

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES

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LIVINGSTON COUNTY SONYA WILLIAMS, COUNTY CLERK SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES

For The Year Ended December 31, 2020

INTERNAL CONTROL - MATERIAL WEAKNESS:

2020-001 The Livingston County Clerk's Office Does Not Have Adequate Segregation Of Duties

This is a repeat finding and was included in the prior year audit report as finding 2019-001. The Livingston County Clerk's office does not have adequate segregation of duties. The county clerk prepares monthly and quarterly reports, daily check out sheets, posts receipts and disbursements to the ledgers, and performs the monthly bank reconciliations. A lack of segregation of duties or strong oversight increases the risk that undetected errors or fraud could occur.

A proper segregation of duties over the accounting and reporting functions or the implementation of compensating controls is essential for providing protection from errors occurring and not being detected. Additionally, a proper segregation of duties protects employees in the normal course of performing their daily responsibilities. According to the county clerk, this is due to the clerk's decision to have control over those functions of the office.

We recommend the county clerk separate the duties involved in posting to the receipt and disbursement ledgers, preparing monthly bank reconciliations, and preparing quarterly reports. If, due to a limited budget, this is not feasible, cross-checking procedures could be implemented and documented by the individual performing the procedure.

County Clerk's Response: The Livingston County Clerk's Office employs a small staff thus creating difficulty for an entirety of segregation of duties. At present, the county clerk prepares daily deposits and checkout sheets while a deputy clerk reviews and initials verifying the accuracy. Both staff and county clerk prepare and sign checks with a two signature minimum as a compensating control. Though the clerk posts receipts and disbursements ledgers daily, line items (recording fees, motor vehicle & boat ad valorem, usage tax, deed tax, and lien fees) are reviewed daily, weekly, and monthly by deputy clerks responsible for collecting those individual items, ensuring that totals collected match with corresponding reports. In the future, compensating controls can be improved upon in regards to monthly bank reconciliations and quarterly reports by deputy clerks performing reconciliation of both with a clerk review. As it is the county clerk's duty to be liable for the activity within the office, it is the ultimate goal to receive and disburse county finances responsibly and continue to do the best for the citizens of Livingston County.