REPORT OF THE AUDIT OF THE JEFFERSON COUNTY CLERK

For The Year Ended December 31, 2018



MIKE HARMON AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS

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MIKE HARMON AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS

The Honorable Greg Fischer, Mayor, Louisville/Jefferson County Metro Government The Honorable Bobbie Holsclaw, Jefferson County Clerk Members of the Louisville/Jefferson County Metro Council

Independent Auditor's Report

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying Statement of Receipts and Disbursements - Regulatory Basis of the County Clerk of Jefferson County, Kentucky and the Statement of Receipts, Disbursements, and Fund Balances of the County Clerk's Operating Fund and County Fund with the State Treasurer - Regulatory Basis for the year ended December 31, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting practices prescribed or permitted by the laws of Kentucky to demonstrate compliance with the Commonwealth of Kentucky's regulatory basis of accounting and budget laws. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the *Audit Guide for County Fee Officials* issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts, Commonwealth of Kentucky. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.



The Honorable Greg Fischer, Mayor, Louisville/Jefferson County Metro Government The Honorable Bobbie Holsclaw, Jefferson County Clerk Members of the Louisville/Jefferson County Metro Council

Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

As described in Note 1 of the financial statements, the financial statements are prepared by the Jefferson County Clerk on the basis of the accounting practices prescribed or permitted by the laws of Kentucky to demonstrate compliance with the Commonwealth of Kentucky's regulatory basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The effects on the financial statements of the variances between the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note 1 and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, although not reasonably determinable, are presumed to be material.

Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

In our opinion, because of the significance of the matter discussed in the Basis for Adverse Opinions on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles paragraph, the financial statements referred to above do not present fairly, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of the Jefferson County Clerk, as of December 31, 2018, or changes in financial position or cash flows thereof for the year then ended.

Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the receipts and disbursements of the Jefferson County Clerk and the receipts, disbursements, and fund balances of the Jefferson County Clerk's operating fund and county fund with the state treasurer for the year ended December 31, 2018, in accordance with the basis of accounting practices prescribed or permitted by the Commonwealth of Kentucky as described in Note 1.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 5, 2020, on our consideration of the Jefferson County Clerk's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Respectfully submitted,

Mike Harmon

Auditor of Public Accounts

March 5, 2020

JEFFERSON COUNTY BOBBIE HOLSCLAW, COUNTY CLERK STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS - REGULATORY BASIS

For The Year Ended December 31, 2018

ъ.	
Recei	pts

State Grant		\$ 12	,135
State Fees For Services		298	,954
Louisville/Jefferson County Metro Government		3,509	,818
Licenses and Taxes:			
Motor Vehicle-			
Licenses and Transfers	\$ 21,420,645		
Usage Tax	80,600,595		
Tangible Personal Property Tax	74,870,441		
Notary Fees	411,935		
Other-			
Marriage Licenses	147,828		
Deed Transfer Tax	4,859,337		
Delinquent Taxes	12,591,746	194,902	,527
Fees Collected for Services:			
Recordings-			
Deeds, Easements and Contracts	274,872		
Real Estate Mortgages	342,639		
Chattel Mortgages and Financing Statements	1,371,390		
Powers of Attorney	38,550		
Affordable Housing Trust	972,804		
Bail Bonds	1,235		
Fee for Library and Archives	134,817		
Tax Liens	215,966		
Extra Pages	1,061,117		
Assignments	25,206		
Releases	322,383		
Probate	23,951		
Lien Holder Penalties	6,542		
Corporate and Business	36,248		
Shelter For Spouse Abuse	48,830		
All Other Recordings	20,714		

JEFFERSON COUNTY BOBBIE HOLSCLAW, COUNTY CLERK STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS - REGULATORY BASIS For The Year Ended December 31, 2018 (Continued)

Receipts (Continued)

Charges for Other Services- Candidate Filing Fees Legal Records - Clerk Expense (Reimbursed) Phone/Fax Postage Tracing Photostat Election Center Miscellaneous Motor Vehicle - Miscellaneous Returned Check Fees Miscellaneous (Reimbursed)		\$	28,070 334,330 505 234,779 29,800 12,282 2,143 390,592 383 24,087	\$	5,954,235
Interest Earned					34,652
Total Receipts				2	204,712,321
<u>Disbursements</u>					
Payments to State: Motor Vehicle-					
Licenses and Transfers	\$ 14,500,725				
Usage Tax	78,183,796				
Tangible Personal Property Tax	29,179,120				
Licenses, Taxes, and Fees-	25,175,120				
Delinquent Tax	1,033,769				
Legal Process Tax	570,195				
Affordable Housing Trust	972,804	12	24,440,409		
Payments to Fiscal Court:					
Tangible Personal Property Tax	8,439,909				
Delinquent Tax	2,319,322				
Deed Transfer Tax	4,616,370	-	15,375,601		
Payments to Other Districts:					
Tangible Personal Property Tax	34,256,595				
Delinquent Tax	5,551,000	3	39,807,595		
Payments to Sheriff			947,330		

JEFFERSON COUNTY BOBBIE HOLSCLAW, COUNTY CLERK STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS - REGULATORY BASIS For The Year Ended December 31, 2018 (Continued)

Disbursements (Continued)

Payments to County Attorney \$ 1,733,560

Other Disbursements:

Bank Card Processing \$ 658,401 Libraries and Archives Grant 12,135 670,536

Total Disbursements \$182,975,031

Net Receipts 21,737,290

Payments to State Treasurer:

75% Operating Fund * 17,522,143
25% County Fund 4,215,147 21,737,290

Balance Due at Completion of Audit \$ 0

^{*} Includes reimbursed expenses in the amount of \$4,866,588 for the audit period. See Note 1 of Notes to Financial Statements.

JEFFERSON COUNTY BOBBIE HOLSCLAW, COUNTY CLERK STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND FUND BALANCES OF THE COUNTY CLERK'S OPERATING FUND AND COUNTY FUND WITH THE STATE TREASURER - REGULATORY BASIS

For The Year Ended December 31, 2018

	75% Operating Fund	25% County Fund	Totals
Fund Balance - January 1, 2018	\$ 1,852,873	\$	\$ 1,852,873
Receipts			
Fees Paid to State - Operating Funds (75%) Fees Paid to State - County Funds (25%)	17,522,143	4,215,147	17,522,143 4,215,147
Total Funds Available	19,375,016	4,215,147	23,590,163
<u>Disbursements</u>			
Louisville/Jefferson County Metro Government	1,579,640	4,215,147	5,794,787
Personnel Services-	124 221		104 001
Official's Statutory Maximum	124,221		124,221
Official's Expense Allowance	3,600 4,137		3,600
Official's Training Incentive Deputies' Salaries	8,937,689		4,137 8,937,689
Overtime Gross	24,589		24,589
Employee Benefits-	24,307		24,307
Employer's Share Social Security	682,141		682,141
Employer's Share Retirement	1,827,363		1,827,363
Employer's Share Health Insurance	1,781,170		1,781,170
Workers' Compensation	50,897		50,897
Unemployment Insurance	27,286		27,286
Other Payroll Disbursements	5,197		5,197
Occupancy-			
Rent	86,080		86,080
Telephone	118,899		118,899
Gas/Electric	20,371		20,371
Mileage and Gasoline-Delivery	18,966		18,966
Maintenance and Repairs	396,462		396,462

JEFFERSON COUNTY
BOBBIE HOLSCLAW, COUNTY CLERK
STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND
FUND BALANCES OF THE COUNTY CLERK'S OPERATING FUND
AND COUNTY FUND WITH THE STATE TREASURER - REGULATORY BASIS
For The Year Ended December 31, 2018
(Continued)

	75% Operating Fund		25%	
			County	
			Fund	 Totals
<u>Disbursements</u> (Continued)				
Services-				
Personal Services	\$	238,543	\$	\$ 238,543
Security Services		82,753		82,753
Janitorial Services		107,326		107,326
Temporary Services		81,728		81,728
Printing		480,123		480,123
Advertising		219,380		219,380
Election Worker Payments		989,845		989,845
Supplies-				
Postage and Delivery		245,485		245,485
Office Expense		217,171		217,171
Parking		64,390		64,390
Minor Equipment-				
Rental Equipment		37,595		37,595
Automotive Rental		28,578		28,578
Travel and Entertainment-				
Meetings		3,048		3,048
Seminars		1,347		1,347
Tuition		3,600		3,600
Other Operating-				
Insurance and Bonds		76,601		76,601
Returned Check Expense		31,723		31,723
Notary Bonds		1,693		1,693
Membership Dues		19,535		19,535
Subscriptions		10,059		10,059

JEFFERSON COUNTY
BOBBIE HOLSCLAW, COUNTY CLERK
STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND
FUND BALANCES OF THE COUNTY CLERK'S OPERATING FUND
AND COUNTY FUND WITH THE STATE TREASURER - REGULATORY BASIS
For The Year Ended December 31, 2018
(Continued)

	75%		25%			
	Operating		County			
	Fund		Fund		Totals	
<u>Disbursements</u> (Continued)						
Conital Conflor						
Capital Outlay-						
Office Equipment	\$	47,996	\$		\$	47,996
Computer Equipment		189,363				189,363
Computer Software		134,803				134,803
Furniture and Cabinets		11,407				11,407
Remodeling and Renovations		329,333				329,333
Vehicles		32,883				32,883
Total Disbursements	1	9,375,016	4 214	5,147	23	,590,163
I otal Disoursements		9,575,010	4,21.),14/		,370,103
Fund Balance - December 31, 2018	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0

JEFFERSON COUNTY NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2018

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Fund Accounting

A fee official uses a fund to report on the results of operations. A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain government functions or activities.

A fee official uses a fund for fees to account for activities for which the government desires periodic determination of the excess of receipts over disbursements to facilitate management control, accountability, and compliance with laws.

B. Basis of Accounting

KRS 64.820 directs the fiscal court to collect any amount due from the county clerk as determined by the audit.

KRS 64.350 establishes that a fee official in counties with a population over 70,000 has two funds with the state treasurer for the deposit of fees collected. Seventy-five percent (75%) of the fees collected are deposited in the county clerk's operating fund and used for office expenses of the fee official. The remaining twenty-five percent (25%) of fees collected are deposited to the county fiscal court fund and paid to the fiscal courts, urban-county governments, or consolidated local governments of the respective counties quarterly no later than April 15, July 15, October 15, and January 15. These funds are closed at the end of each official term by paying the balances to the respective county government.

Also, fee official office revenues could be considered reimbursed expenses. All reimbursed expenses are treated as revenue in the 75 percent fund.

The financial statements have been prepared on a regulatory basis of accounting, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. This basis demonstrates compliance with the laws of Kentucky and is a special purpose framework. Under this regulatory basis of accounting, receipts and disbursements are generally recognized when cash is received or disbursed, with the exception of accrual of the following items (not all-inclusive), at December 31:

- Interest receivable
- Collection on accounts due from others for 2018 services
- Reimbursements for 2018 activities
- Payments due other governmental entities for December tax and fee collections
- Payroll expenditures incurred but not paid
- Payments due vendors for goods or services provided in 2018

C. Cash and Investments

KRS 66.480 authorizes the county clerk's office to invest in obligations of the United States and of its agencies and instrumentalities, obligations and contracts for future delivery or purchase of obligations backed by the full faith and credit of the United States, obligations of any corporation of the United States government, bonds or certificates of indebtedness of this state, and certificates of deposit issued by or other interest-bearing accounts of any bank or savings and loan institution which are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or which are collateralized, to the extent uninsured, by any obligation permitted by KRS 41.240(4).

Note 2. Employee Retirement System and Other Post-Employment Benefits

The clerk's office has elected to participate, pursuant to KRS 78.530, in the County Employees Retirement System (CERS), which is administered by the Board of Trustees of the Kentucky Retirement Systems (KRS). This is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer, defined benefit pension plan, which covers all eligible full-time employees and provides for retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members. Benefit contributions and provisions are established by statute.

The county clerk's contribution for FY 2016 was \$1,551,647, FY 2017 was \$1,687,536, and FY 2018 was \$1,827,363.

Nonhazardous covered employees are required to contribute five percent of their salary to the plan. Nonhazardous covered employees who begin participation on or after September 1, 2008, are required to contribute six percent of their salary to be allocated as follows: five percent will go to the member's account and one percent will go to the KRS insurance fund.

In accordance with Senate Bill 2, signed by the Governor on April 4, 2013, plan members who began participating on or after January 1, 2014, were required to contribute to the Cash Balance Plan. The Cash Balance Plan is known as a hybrid plan because it has characteristics of both a defined benefit plan and a defined contribution plan. Members in the plan contribute a set percentage of their salary each month to their own accounts. Nonhazardous covered employees contribute five percent of their annual creditable compensation. Nonhazardous members also contribute one percent to the health insurance fund which is not credited to the member's account and is not refundable. The employer contribution rate is set annually by the KRS Board of Directors based on an actuarial valuation. The employer contributes a set percentage of the member's salary. Each month, when employer contributions are received, an employer pay credit is deposited to the member's account. A member's account is credited with a four percent employer pay credit. The employer pay credit represents a portion of the employer contribution.

Benefits fully vest on reaching five years of service for nonhazardous employees. Aspects of benefits for nonhazardous employees include retirement after 27 years of service or age 65. Nonhazardous employees who begin participation on or after September 1, 2008, must meet the rule of 87 (member's age plus years of service credit must equal 87, and the member must be a minimum of 57 years of age) or the member is age 65, with a minimum of 60 months service credit.

The county's contribution rate for nonhazardous employees was 19.18 percent for the first half of the year and 21.48 percent for the second half of the year.

Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB)

A. Health Insurance Coverage - Tier 1

CERS provides post-retirement health care coverage as follows:

For members participating prior to July 1, 2003, years of service and respective percentages of the maximum contribution are as follows:

Note 2. Employee Retirement System and Other Post-Employment Benefits (Continued)

Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) (Continued)

A. <u>Health Insurance Coverage - Tier 1</u> (Continued)

Years of Service	% Paid by Insurance Fund	% Paid by Member through Payroll Deduction
20 or more	100%	0%
15-19	75%	25%
10-14	50%	50%
4-9	25%	75%
Less than 4	0%	100%

As a result of House Bill 290 (2004 General Assembly), medical insurance benefits are calculated differently for members who began participation on or after July 1, 2003. Once members reach a minimum vesting period of ten years, non-hazardous employees whose participation began on or after July 1, 2003, earn ten dollars per month for insurance benefits at retirement for every year of earned service without regard to a maximum dollar amount. This dollar amount is subject to adjustment annually based on the retiree cost of living adjustment, which is updated annually due to changes in the Consumer Price Index.

Benefits are covered under KRS 161.714 with exception of COLA and retiree health benefits after July 2003.

B. Health Insurance Coverage - Tier 2 and Tier 3 - Nonhazardous

Once members reach a minimum vesting period of 15 years, earn ten dollars per month for insurance benefits at retirement for every year of earned service without regard to a maximum dollar amount. This dollar amount is subject to adjustment annually by 1.5 percent. This was established for Tier 2 members during the 2008 Special Legislative Session by House Bill 1. During the 2013 Legislative Session, Senate Bill 2 was enacted, creating Tier 3 benefits for members.

The monthly insurance benefit has been increased annually as a 1.5 percent cost of living adjustment (COLA) since July 2003 when the law changed. The annual increase is cumulative and continues to accrue after the member's retirement.

Tier 2 member benefits are covered by KRS 161.714 with exception of COLA and retiree health benefits after July 2003. Tier 3 members are not covered by the same provisions.

C. Cost of Living Adjustments - Tier 1

The 1996 General Assembly enacted an automatic cost of living adjustment (COLA) provision for all recipients of KRS benefits. During the 2008 Special Session, the General Assembly determined that each July beginning in 2009, retirees who have been receiving a retirement allowance for at least 12 months will receive an automatic COLA of 1.5 percent. The COLA is not a guaranteed benefit. If a retiree has been receiving a benefit for less than 12 months, and a COLA is provided, it will be prorated based on the number of months the recipient has been receiving a benefit.

Note 2. Employee Retirement System and Other Post-Employment Benefits (Continued)

Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) (Continued)

D. Cost of Living Adjustments - Tier 2 and Tier 3

No COLA is given unless authorized by the legislature with specific criteria. To this point, no COLA has been authorized by the legislature for Tier 2 or Tier 3 members.

E. Death Benefit

If a retired member is receiving a monthly benefit based on at least 48 months of service credit, KRS will pay a \$5,000 death benefit payment to the beneficiary designated by the member specifically for this benefit. Members with multiple accounts are entitled to only one death benefit.

KRS Annual Financial Report and Proportionate Share Audit Report

KRS issues a publicly available annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information on CERS. This report may be obtained by writing the Kentucky Retirement Systems, 1260 Louisville Road, Frankfort, KY 40601-6124, or by telephone at (502) 564-4646.

KRS also issues proportionate share audit reports for both total pension liability and other post-employment benefits for CERS determined by actuarial valuation as well as each participating county's proportionate share. Both the Schedules of Employer Allocations and Pension Amounts by Employer and the Schedules of Employer Allocations and OPEB Amounts by Employer reports and the related actuarial tables are available online at https://kyret.ky.gov. The complete actuarial valuation report, including all actuarial assumptions and methods, is also available on the website or can be obtained as described in the paragraph above.

Note 3. Deposits

The Jefferson County Clerk maintained deposits of public funds with depository institutions insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) as required by KRS 66.480(1)(d). According to KRS 41.240, the depository institution should pledge or provide sufficient collateral which, together with FDIC insurance, equals or exceeds the amount of public funds on deposit at all times. In order to be valid against the FDIC in the event of failure or insolvency of the depository institution, this pledge or provision of collateral should be evidenced by an agreement between the county clerk and the depository institution, signed by both parties, that is (a) in writing, (b) approved by the board of directors of the depository institution or its loan committee, which approval must be reflected in the minutes of the board or committee, and (c) an official record of the depository institution.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a depository institution failure, the county clerk's deposits may not be returned. The county clerk does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk but rather follows the requirements of KRS 66.480(1)(d) and KRS 41.240. As of December 31, 2018, all deposits were covered by FDIC insurance or a properly executed collateral security agreement.

Note 4. State Grant

The Jefferson County Clerk received a local records microfilming grant from the Kentucky Department for Libraries and Archives in the amount of \$12,135. Funds totaling \$12,135 were expended during the year. The unexpended grant balance was \$0 as of December 31, 2018.

Note 5. Lease Agreement

Commitments to the following lease agreements as of December 31, 2018, were:

					P	rincipal
Item			Term Of	Ending	В	alance
Leased	Pay	yment	Agreement	Date	12	2/31/18
Postage Meter	\$	2,473	48 months	9/26/19	\$	7,420
Postage Meter		473	48 months	12/31/22		8,047
Copier		406	60 months	12/7/20		8,974
Total					\$	24,441

Note 6. Rental Agreements

The Jefferson County Clerk was party to several rental agreements for copiers during calendar year 2018. These agreements were on a month-to-month basis and could be terminated at any time.

Note 7. Going Out of Business Account

This account is used for deposits made by companies who must post a bond when they have a going out of business sale. After the sale, the bond may be released to the company. The account had a beginning balance of \$16,953, \$28 in receipts, and \$16 in disbursements for calendar year 2018. The account had a balance of \$16,965 as of December 31, 2018.

Note 8. Bankruptcy Account

This account is used for bankruptcy payments from the Chapter 13 bankruptcy trustee. The payments from the trustee are for tangible property tax due to the state or clerk or for delinquent property tax owed. The account had a beginning balance of \$79,193, \$153 in receipts, and \$76 in disbursements during calendar year 2018. The account had a balance of \$79,270 as of December 31, 2018.

Note 9. Delinquent Tax Escrow Account

This account is used to account for funds received when a third party purchases a delinquent tax bill but cannot be located by the property owner when the property owner attempts to pay the bill. The county clerk accepts payment for the bill and keeps this money in escrow for the third party purchaser. The account had a beginning balance of \$25,956, receipts of \$4,601, and no disbursements for calendar year 2018. The account had a balance of \$30,557 as of December 31, 2018

Note 10. Outstanding Checks Escrow Account

This account is used to account for unclaimed checks written by the county clerk that are still outstanding after a period of time. The county clerk periodically moves the funds from the fee account to this account to facilitate balancing and to provide the necessary tracking of this unclaimed property. After three years, the county clerk will send these funds to the Kentucky State Treasury as property assumed abandoned, pursuant to KRS 393.090 and 393.110. The account had a beginning balance of \$6,042, receipts of \$17,789, and disbursements of \$20,611 for calendar year 2018. The account had a balance of \$3,220 as of December 31, 2018.

Note 11. Discretionary Fund Bank Account

The county clerk has established a discretionary account as provided by KRS 64.345. This fund is used to cover additional expenses related to extraordinary office expenses in amounts authorized by the approving authority. The account had a beginning balance of \$27,383, no receipts, \$495 in disbursements, and an ending balance of \$26,888 as of December 31, 2018.

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS





MIKE HARMON AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS

The Honorable Greg Fischer, Mayor, Louisville/Jefferson County Metro Government The Honorable Bobbie Holsclaw, Jefferson County Clerk Members of the Louisville/Jefferson County Metro Council

> Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance And Other Matters Based On An Audit Of The Financial Statements Performed In Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards*

Independent Auditor's Report

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the Statement of Receipts and Disbursements - Regulatory Basis of the County Clerk of Jefferson County, Kentucky, the Statement of Receipts, Disbursements, and Fund Balances of the County Clerk's Operating Fund and County Fund with the State Treasurer - Regulatory Basis for the year ended December 31, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated March 5, 2020. The Jefferson County Clerk's financial statements are prepared on a regulatory basis of accounting, which demonstrates compliance with the Commonwealth of Kentucky's regulatory basis of accounting and budget laws, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Jefferson County Clerk's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Jefferson County Clerk's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Jefferson County Clerk's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.







Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance And Other Matters Based On An Audit Of The Financial Statements Performed In Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards* (Continued)

Compliance And Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Jefferson County Clerk's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Respectfully submitted,

Mike Harmon

Auditor of Public Accounts

March 5, 2020