# REPORT OF THE AUDIT OF THE JEFFERSON COUNTY SHERIFF

For The Year Ended December 31, 2017



# MIKE HARMON AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS

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<u>CONTENTS</u> PAGE

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT	. 1
STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS - REGULATORY BASIS	.3
STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND FUND BALANCES OF THE SHERIFF'S OPERATING FUND AND COUNTY FUND WITH THE STATE TREASURER - REGULATORY BASIS	.5
Notes To The Financial Statements	.8
REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS	. 15





# MIKE HARMON AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS

The Honorable Greg Fischer, Mayor Louisville/Jefferson County Metro Government The Honorable John E. Aubrey, Jefferson County Sheriff Members of the Mayor Louisville/Jefferson County Metro Council

Independent Auditor's Report

## **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying Statement of Receipts and Disbursements - Regulatory Basis of the Sheriff of Jefferson County, Kentucky, and the Statement of Receipts, Disbursements, and Fund Balances of the Sheriff's Operating Fund and County Fund with the State Treasurer - Regulatory Basis for the year ended December 31, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements.

## **Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements**

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting practices prescribed or permitted by the laws of Kentucky to demonstrate compliance with the Commonwealth of Kentucky's regulatory basis of accounting and budget laws. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### **Auditor's Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the *Audit Guide for County Fee Officials* issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts, Commonwealth of Kentucky. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.



The Honorable Greg Fischer, Mayor Louisville/Jefferson County Metro Government The Honorable John E. Aubrey, Jefferson County Sheriff Members of the Louisville/Jefferson County Metro Council

# Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

As described in Note 1 of the financial statements, the financial statements are prepared by the Jefferson County Sheriff on the basis of the accounting practices prescribed or permitted by the laws of Kentucky to demonstrate compliance with the Commonwealth of Kentucky's regulatory basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The effects on the financial statements of the variances between the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note 1 and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, although not reasonably determinable, are presumed to be material.

# Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

In our opinion, because of the significance of the matter discussed in the Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles paragraph, the financial statements referred to above do not present fairly, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of each fund of the Jefferson County Sheriff, as of December 31, 2017, or changes in financial position or cash flows thereof for the year then ended.

### **Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the receipts and disbursements of the Jefferson County Sheriff and the receipts, disbursements, and fund balances of the Jefferson County Sheriff's operating fund and county fund with the state treasurer for the year ended December 31, 2017, in accordance with the basis of accounting practices prescribed or permitted by the Commonwealth of Kentucky as described in Note 1.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 15, 2019, on our consideration of the Jefferson County Sheriff's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Respectfully submitted,

Mike Harmon

**Auditor of Public Accounts** 

February 15, 2019

# JEFFERSON COUNTY JOHN E. AUBREY, SHERIFF STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS - REGULATORY BASIS

# For The Year Ended December 31, 2017

# Receipts

State Grants		\$	26,600
State - Kentucky Law Enforcement Foundation Program Fund (KI	LEFPF)	1	,022,483
State Fees for Services:			
Attending Court	\$ 2,078,553		
Court Security	242,459		
Conveyance of Prisoners	97,546		
Sequestered Jurors	11,786	2	,430,344
Louisville Metro Government			273,862
County Clerk - Delinquent Taxes			861,228
Commission on Taxes	18	,364,784	
Fees Collected for Services:			
Auto Inspections	351,785		
Accident /Police Reports	147,998		
Serving Papers	1,856,579		
Carry Concealed Deadly Weapon Permits	191,879	2	,548,241
Other:			
Add-On Fees	1,072,432		
Miscellaneous	64,213		
Reimbursements	264,040		
Federal Reimbursements	107,405		
School Resource Officer Reimbursement	140,000	1	,648,090
Interest Earned			61,531
Total Receipts		27	,237,163

JEFFERSON COUNTY JOHN E. AUBREY, SHERIFF STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS - REGULATORY BASIS For The Year Ended December 31, 2017 (Continued)

# **Disbursements**

Payments to State:				
Reimbursements		\$ 280,654		
Other Disbursements:				
Executions-Third Parties	\$ 140,737			
Serving Papers-Refunds	1,000			
Sequestered Jurors	11,786			
Cobra Insurance & Other	90,791			
Concealed Weapon License Fees Refunds	320	244,634		
Total Disbursements			\$	525,288
Net Receipts			26,	,711,875
Payments to State Treasurer:				
75% Operating Fund *		22,840,250		
25% County Fund		3,871,625	26,	,711,875
Balance Due at Completion of Audit			\$	0

<sup>\*</sup> Includes reimbursed expenses in the amount of \$11,413,422 for the audit period. See Note 1 of Notes to Financial Statements.

# JEFFERSON COUNTY JOHN E. AUBREY, SHERIFF

# STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND FUND BALANCES OF THE SHERIFF'S OPERATING FUND AND COUNTY FUND WITH THE STATE TREASURER - REGULATORY BASIS

# For The Year Ended December 31, 2017

	75% Operating Fund		25% County	Tatala	
		runa	Fund	-	Totals
Fund Balance - January 1, 2017	\$	2,092,598	\$	\$	2,092,598
Receipts					
Fees Paid to State - Operating Funds (75%)		22,840,250			22,840,250
Fees Paid to State - County Funds (25%)			3,871,625		3,871,625
Total Funds Available		24,932,848	3,871,625		28,804,473
<u>Disbursements</u>					
Louisville/Jefferson County Metro Government			3,871,625		3,871,625
Personal Services-					
Official's Statutory Maximum		121,550			121,550
Official's Training Incentive		4,052			4,052
Deputies' Salaries		11,852,223			11,852,223
Overtime Gross		558,691			558,691
Employee Benefits-					
Employer's Share Social Security		954,388			954,388
Employer's Share Retirement		2,605,470			2,605,470
Employer's Share Health Insurance		2,002,150			2,002,150
Employer's Share Life Insurance		3,117			3,117
Workers' Compensation		272,268			272,268
Sick Leave Conversion		119,179			119,179
Contracted Services-					
Advertising		1,646			1,646
Legal Services		50,883			50,883
MIS Services		8,732			8,732

JEFFERSON COUNTY
JOHN E. AUBREY, SHERIFF
STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND
FUND BALANCES OF THE SHERIFF'S OPERATING FUND
AND COUNTY FUND WITH THE STATE TREASURER - REGULATORY BASIS
For The Year Ended December 31, 2017
(Continued)

	75%		25%		
	Operating		County		
		Fund	Fund	d Totals	
<u>Disbursements</u> (Continued)					
Supplies and Materials-					
Office Materials and Supplies	\$	133,193	\$	\$	133,193
Printing		71,310			71,310
Uniforms		95,047			95,047
Ammunition		24,026			24,026
Computer Supplies		3,565			3,565
Other Charges-					
Bonds and Insurance		358,544			358,544
Dues		11,371			11,371
Discretionary Expenses		25,000			25,000
Postage		226,351			226,351
Fixed Telephone		55,609			55,609
Mobile Telephone		40,827			40,827
Communication Maintenance		35,045			35,045
Equipment Maintenance		7,439			7,439
Computer Maintenance		33,937			33,937
Office Equipment Rental		31,708			31,708
Rent		19,620			19,620
Utilities		6,295			6,295
Training & Seminars		31,550			31,550
Travel		85,236			85,236
Subscriptions		13,630			13,630
Physicals and Medical		26,549			26,549
Personal Services		31,600			31,600
Miscellaneous		481			481
Auto Expenses-					
Gasoline		297,636			297,636
Maintenance and Repairs		297,379			297,379
Vehicle Insurance		160,382			160,382
Parking		170,800			170,800

JEFFERSON COUNTY
JOHN E. AUBREY, SHERIFF
STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND
FUND BALANCES OF THE SHERIFF'S OPERATING FUND
AND COUNTY FUND WITH THE STATE TREASURER - REGULATORY BASIS
For The Year Ended December 31, 2017
(Continued)

	75%		25%			
	Operating		County			
		Fund	Fund		Totals	
<u>Disbursements</u> (Continued)						
Capital Outlay-						
Computers	\$	16,815	\$		\$	16,815
Office Equipment		1,914				1,914
Law Enforcement Equipment		20,659				20,659
Vehicles		394,220				394,220
		_				_
Total Disbursements		21,282,087	3,87	1,625		25,153,712
Fund Balance - December 31, 2017	\$	3,650,761	\$	0	\$	3,650,761

# JEFFERSON COUNTY NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2017

#### Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

#### A. Fund Accounting

A fee official uses a fund to report on the results of operations. A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain government functions or activities.

A fee official uses a fund for fees to account for activities for which the government desires periodic determination of the excess of receipts over disbursements to facilitate management control, accountability, and compliance with laws.

#### B. Basis of Accounting

KRS 64.820 directs the fiscal court to collect any amount due from the sheriff as determined by the audit.

KRS 64.350 establishes that a fee official in counties with a population over 70,000 has two funds with the state treasurer for the deposit of fees collected. Seventy-five percent (75%) of the fees collected are deposited in the sheriff's operating fund and used for office expenses of the fee official. The remaining twenty-five percent (25%) of fees collected are deposited to the county fiscal court fund and paid to the fiscal courts, urban-county governments, or consolidated local governments of the respective counties quarterly no later than April 15, July 15, October 15, and January 15. These funds are closed at the end of each official term by paying the balances to the respective county government.

Also, some revenues of the fee official offices could be considered reimbursed expenses. All reimbursed expenses are treated as revenue in the 75 percent fund.

The financial statements have been prepared on a regulatory basis of accounting, which demonstrates compliance with the laws of Kentucky and is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Under this regulatory basis of accounting, receipts and disbursements are generally recognized when cash is received or disbursed with the exception of accrual of the following items (not all-inclusive), at December 31:

- Interest receivable
- Collection on accounts due from others for 2017 services
- Reimbursements for 2017 activities
- Payments due other governmental entities for December tax and fee collections
- Payroll expenditures incurred but not paid
- Payments due vendors for goods or services provided in 2017

#### C. Cash and Investments

KRS 66.480 authorizes the sheriff's office to invest in obligations of the United States and of its agencies and instrumentalities, obligations and contracts for future delivery or purchase of obligations backed by the full faith and credit of the United States, obligations of any corporation of the United States government, bonds or certificates of indebtedness of this state, and certificates of deposit issued by or other interest-bearing accounts of any bank or savings and loan institution which are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or which are collateralized, to the extent uninsured, by any obligation permitted by KRS 41.240(4).

#### Note 2. Employee Retirement System and Other Post-Employment Benefits

The county official and employees have elected to participate, pursuant to KRS 78.530, in the County Employees Retirement System (CERS), which is administered by the Board of Trustees of the Kentucky Retirement Systems (KRS). This is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer, defined benefit pension plan, which covers all eligible full-time employees and provides for retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members. Benefit contributions and provisions are established by statute.

The sheriff's contribution for calendar year 2015 was \$3,090,441, calendar year 2016 was \$2,819,648, and calendar year 2017 was \$2,605,470.

#### Nonhazardous

Nonhazardous covered employees are required to contribute five percent of their salary to the plan. Nonhazardous covered employees who begin participation on or after September 1, 2008, are required to contribute six percent of their salary to be allocated as follows: five percent will go to the member's account and one percent will go to the KRS insurance fund.

In accordance with Senate Bill 2, signed by the Governor on April 4, 2013, plan members who began participating on, or after, January 1, 2014, were required to contribute to the Cash Balance Plan. The Cash Balance Plan is known as a hybrid plan because it has characteristics of both a defined benefit plan and a defined contribution plan. Members in the plan contribute a set percentage of their salary each month to their own accounts. Nonhazardous covered employees contribute five percent of their annual creditable compensation and one percent to the health insurance fund which is not credited to the member's account and is not refundable. The employer contribution rate is set annually by the Board based on an actuarial valuation. The employer contributes a set percentage of the member's salary. Each month, when employer contributions are received, an employer pay credit is deposited to the member's account. A nonhazardous member's account is credited with a four percent employer pay credit. The employer pay credit represents a portion of the employer contribution.

Benefits fully vest on reaching five years of service for nonhazardous employees. Aspects of benefits for nonhazardous employees include retirement after 27 years of service or age 65. Nonhazardous employees who begin participation on or after September 1, 2008, must meet the rule of 87 (member's age plus years of service credit must equal 87, and the member must be a minimum of 57 years of age) or the member is age 65, with a minimum of 60 months service credit.

The county's contribution rate for nonhazardous employees was 18.68 percent for the first six months and 19.18 percent for the last six months.

#### **Hazardous**

Hazardous covered employees are required to contribute eight percent of their salary to the plan. Hazardous covered employees who begin participation on or after September 1, 2008, are required to contribute nine percent of their salary to be allocated as follows: eight percent will go to the member's account and one percent will go to the KRS insurance fund.

In accordance with Senate Bill 2, signed by the Governor on April 4, 2013, plan members who began participating on, or after, January 1, 2014, were required to contribute to the Cash Balance Plan. The Cash Balance Plan is known as a hybrid plan because it has characteristics of both a defined benefit plan and a defined contribution plan.

#### Note 2. Employee Retirement System and Other Post-Employment Benefits (Continued)

Members in the plan contribute a set percentage of their salary each month to their own account. Hazardous members contribute eight percent of their annual creditable compensation and one percent to the health insurance fund which is not credited to the member's account and is not refundable. The employer contribution rate is set annually by the Board based on an actuarial valuation. The employer contributes a set percentage of the member's salary. Each month, when employer contributions are received, an employer pay credit is deposited to the member's account. A hazardous member's account is credited with a seven and one half percent employer pay credit. The employer pay credit represents a portion of the employer contribution.

Aspects of benefits for hazardous employees include retirement after 20 years of service or age 55. For hazardous employees who begin participation on or after September 1, 2008, aspects of benefits include retirement after 25 years of service or the member is age 60, with a minimum of 60 months of service credit.

The county's contribution rate for hazardous employees was 31.06 percent for the first six months and 31.55 percent for the last six months.

#### Health Insurance Coverage

CERS also provides post-retirement health care coverage as follows:

For members participating prior to July 1, 2003, years of service and respective percentages of the maximum contribution are as follows:

		% Paid by Member through
Years of Service	% paid by Insurance Fund	Payroll Deduction
20 or more	100%	0%
15-19	75%	25%
10-14	50%	50%
4-9	25%	75%
Less than 4	0%	100%

As a result of House Bill 290 (2004 General Assembly), medical insurance benefits are calculated differently for members who began participation on or after July 1, 2003. Once members reach a minimum vesting period of ten years, non-hazardous employees whose participation began on or after July 1, 2003, earn ten dollars per month for insurance benefits at retirement for every year of earned service without regard to a maximum dollar amount. This dollar amount is subject to adjustment annually based on the retiree cost of living adjustment, which is updated annually due to changes in the Consumer Price Index.

Hazardous employees whose participation began on or after July 1, 2003, earn 15 dollars per month for insurance benefits at retirement for every year of earned service without regard to a maximum dollar amount. Upon the death of a hazardous employee, the employee's spouse receives ten dollars per month for insurance benefits for each year of the deceased employee's hazardous service. This dollar amount is subject to adjustment annually based on the retiree cost of living adjustment, which is updated annually due to changes in the Consumer Price Index.

KRS issues a publicly available annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information on CERS. This report may be obtained by writing the Kentucky Retirement Systems, 1260 Louisville Road, Frankfort, KY 40601-6124, or by telephone at (502) 564-4646.

#### Note 2. Employee Retirement System and Other Post-Employment Benefits (Continued)

KRS also issues a proportionate share audit report that includes the total pension liability for CERS determined by actuarial valuation as well as each participating county's proportionate share. The Schedules of Employer Allocations and Pension Amounts by Employer report and the related actuarial tables are available online at https://kyret.ky.gov. The complete actuarial valuation report, including all actuarial assumptions and methods, is also available on the website or can be obtained as described in the paragraph above.

#### Note 3. Deposits

The Jefferson County Sheriff maintained deposits of public funds with depository institutions insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) as required by KRS 66.480(1)(d). According to KRS 41.240, the depository institution should pledge or provide sufficient collateral which, together with FDIC insurance, equals or exceeds the amount of public funds on deposit at all times. In order to be valid against the FDIC in the event of failure or insolvency of the depository institution, this pledge or provision of collateral should be evidenced by an agreement between the sheriff and the depository institution, signed by both parties, that is (a) in writing, (b) approved by the board of directors of the depository institution or its loan committee, which approval must be reflected in the minutes of the board or committee, and (c) an official record of the depository institution.

# Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a depository institution failure, the sheriff's deposits may not be returned. The Jefferson County Sheriff does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk but rather follows the requirements of KRS 66.480(1)(d) and KRS 41.240. As of December 31, 2017, all deposits were covered by FDIC insurance or a properly executed collateral security agreement.

#### Note 4. Lease Agreement

The Jefferson County Sheriff's office was committed to the following lease agreement as of December 31, 2017:

							1	Principal
Item	Mo	onthly	Term	of	End	ing		Balance
Purchased	Pa	yment	Agreen	nent	Da	te	Decei	mber 31, 2017
Copiers	\$	1,792	48 Mo	nths	7/1/2	018	\$	12,720

# Note 5. Discretionary Account

The Jefferson County Sheriff's office has established a discretionary account as provided by KRS 64.345. This fund is to cover additional expenses related to homeland security emergencies, academy graduations, retirements, state and national sheriff's conventions, and extraordinary office expenses in amounts authorized by the approving authority. The account had a beginning balance of \$43,104, receipts of \$28,820, disbursements of \$20,129, and an ending balance of \$51,795, as of December 31, 2017.

#### Note 6. State Forfeiture Account

The Jefferson County Sheriff's office maintains an account for receiving forfeited state drug money. This money is used to purchase law enforcement equipment. This account had a beginning balance of \$235,304, receipts of \$213,936, and disbursements of \$360,924, and an ending balance of \$88,316, as of December 31, 2017.

#### Note 7. Federal Forfeiture Account

The Jefferson County Sheriff's office maintains an account used for receiving forfeited federal drug money. This money is used to purchase law enforcement equipment, for training, for drug education programs, and to make drug buys. This account had a beginning balance of \$136,021, receipts of \$178,175, disbursements of \$101,471, and an ending balance of \$212,725, as of December 31, 2017.

#### Note 8. IRS Forfeiture Account

The Jefferson County Sheriff's office maintains an account used for receiving forfeited federal drug money. This money is used to purchase law enforcement equipment, for training, for drug education programs, and to make drug buys. This account had a beginning balance of \$163,052, receipts of \$106,155, disbursements of \$13,270, and an ending balance of \$255,937, as of December 31, 2017.

#### Note 9. Law Enforcement Protection Program Grant-Vest

The Jefferson County Sheriff's office received a Law Enforcement Protection Program grant from Kentucky Office of Homeland Security in the amount of \$26,600. The grant was fully expended for its intended purpose as of December 31, 2017.

# Note 10. Contingencies

The Jefferson County Sheriff's office is involved in multiple lawsuits that arose from the normal course of doing business. While individually they may not be significant, in the aggregate they could negatively impact the sheriff's office financial position. Due to the uncertainty of the litigation, a reasonable estimate of the financial impact on the sheriff's office cannot be made at this time.

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS





# MIKE HARMON AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS

The Honorable Greg Fischer, Mayor Louisville/Jefferson County Metro Government The Honorable John E. Aubrey, Jefferson County Sheriff Members of the Mayor Louisville/Jefferson County Metro Council

> Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance And Other Matters Based On An Audit Of The Financial Statements Performed In Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

#### Independent Auditor's Report

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the Statement of Receipts and Disbursements - Regulatory Basis of the Sheriff of Jefferson County, Kentucky, the Statement of Receipts, Disbursements, and Fund Balances of the Sheriff's Operating Fund and County Fund with the State Treasurer - Regulatory Basis for the year ended December 31, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated February 15, 2019. The Jefferson County Sheriff's financial statements are prepared on a regulatory basis of accounting, which demonstrates compliance with the Commonwealth of Kentucky's regulatory basis of accounting and budget laws, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

# **Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Jefferson County Sheriff's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Jefferson County Sheriff's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Jefferson County Sheriff's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.



Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance And Other Matters Based On An Audit Of The Financial Statements Performed In Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards* (Continued)

# **Compliance And Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Jefferson County Sheriff's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Respectfully submitted,

Mike Harmon

**Auditor of Public Accounts** 

February 15, 2019