REPORT OF THE AUDIT OF THE FAYETTE COUNTY SHERIFF

For The Year Ended December 31, 2018



MIKE HARMON AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS www.auditor.ky.gov

209 ST. CLAIR STREET FRANKFORT, KY 40601-1817 TELEPHONE 502.564.5841 FACSIMILE 502.564.2912

CONTENTS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT	.1
STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS - REGULATORY BASIS	.3
Statement Of Receipts, Disbursements, And Fund Balances Of The Sheriff's Operating Fund And County Fund With The State Treasurer - Regulatory Basis	.5
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	.8
REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL	. –
STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS	.17

THIS PAGE LEFT BLANK INTENTIONALLY



MIKE HARMON AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS

The Honorable Linda Gorton, Mayor, Lexington-Fayette Urban County Government The Honorable Kathy Witt, Fayette County Sheriff Members of the Lexington-Fayette Urban County Council

Independent Auditor's Report

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying Statement of Receipts and Disbursements - Regulatory Basis of the Sheriff of Fayette County, Kentucky, and the Statement of Receipts, Disbursements, and Fund Balances of the Sheriff's Operating Fund and County Fund with the State Treasurer - Regulatory Basis for the year ended December 31, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting practices prescribed or permitted by the laws of Kentucky to demonstrate compliance with the Commonwealth of Kentucky's regulatory basis of accounting and budget laws. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the *Audit Guide for County Fee Officials* issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts, Commonwealth of Kentucky. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

209 ST. CLAIR STREET FRANKFORT, KY 40601-1817 TELEPHONE 502.564.5841

FACSIMILE 502.564.2912

The Honorable Linda Gorton, Mayor, Lexington-Fayette Urban County Government The Honorable Kathy Witt, Fayette County Sheriff Members of the Lexington-Fayette Urban County Council

Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

As described in Note 1 of the financial statements, the financial statements are prepared by the Fayette County Sheriff on the basis of the accounting practices prescribed or permitted by the laws of Kentucky to demonstrate compliance with the Commonwealth of Kentucky's regulatory basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The effects on the financial statements of the variances between the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note 1 and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, although not reasonably determinable, are presumed to be material.

Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

In our opinion, because of the significance of the matter discussed in the Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles paragraph, the financial statements referred to above do not present fairly, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of the Fayette County Sheriff, as of December 31, 2018, or changes in financial position or cash flows thereof for the year then ended.

Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the receipts and disbursements of the Fayette County Sheriff and the receipts, disbursements, and fund balances of the Fayette County Sheriff's operating fund and county fund with the state treasurer for the year ended December 31, 2018, in accordance with the basis of accounting practices prescribed or permitted by the Commonwealth of Kentucky as described in Note 1.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 4, 2020, on our consideration of the Fayette County Sheriff's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Respectfully submitted,

Mike Harmon Auditor of Public Accounts

February 4, 2020

FAYETTE COUNTY KATHY WITT, SHERIFF <u>STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS - REGULATORY BASIS</u>

For The Year Ended December 31, 2018

Receipts		
Federal Grants		\$ 273,314
State- HB 452 Funds		174,143
State - Kentucky Law Enforcement Foundation Program Fund (KL	EFPF)	216,467
State Fees for Services		567,120
Circuit Court Clerk		96,470
County Clerk - Delinquent Taxes		166,662
Commission on Taxes		7,800,467
Fees Collected for Services: Auto Inspections Serving Papers Carry Concealed Deadly Weapon Permits Sheriff Sale Fees Other: Add-On Fees NSF Fees Copies of E-files	\$ 136,310 117,333 69,431 20 419,481 2,485 4,144 7,108	323,094
CCDW Photos Jury Meals Miscellaneous	7,108 1,589 77,778	512,585
Interest Earned		13,703
Total Receipts		10,144,025

FAYETTE COUNTY KATHY WITT, SHERIFF STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS - REGULATORY BASIS For The Year Ended December 31, 2018 (Continued)

Disbursements			
Payments to State: Jury Meals	\$ 1,589		
Total Disbursements		\$	1,589
Net Receipts		10,1	42,436
Payments to State Treasurer:			
75% Operating Fund *	8,973,025		
25% County Fund	1,169,411	10,1	42,436
Balance Due at Completion of Audit		\$	0

* Includes reimbursed expenses in the amount of \$5,472,945 for the audit period. See Note 1. of Notes to Financial Statements.

FAYETTE COUNTY KATHY WITT, SHERIFF STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND FUND BALANCES OF THE SHERIFF'S OPERATING FUND AND COUNTY FUND WITH THE STATE TREASURER - REGULATORY BASIS

For The Year Ended December 31, 2018

	75% Operating Fund	25% County Fund	Totals
Fund Balance - January 1, 2018	\$ 1,491,828	\$	\$ 1,491,828
<u>Receipts</u>			
Fees Paid to State - Operating Funds (75%) Fees Paid to State - County Funds (25%)	8,973,025	1,169,411	8,973,025 1,169,411
Total Funds Available	10,464,853	1,169,411	11,634,264
<u>Disbursements</u>			
Lexington-Fayette Urban County Government LFUCG Surplus Payment Personal Services- Official's Statutory Maximum Official's Training Incentive Deputies' Salaries Overtime Gross Employee Benefits- Employer's Share Social Security Employer's Share Retirement Employer's Share Health Insurance Employer's Share Life Insurance Employer's Share Dental Insurance	31,354 115,473 4,137 4,359,287 224,491 365,097 1,234,331 879,106 10,449 84,346	1,169,411	1,169,411 31,354 115,473 4,137 4,359,287 224,491 365,097 1,234,331 879,106 10,449 84,346
Workers' Compensation Auto Expense- Gasoline Vehicle Equipment Vehicle Maintenance and Repair Firearm Equipment	8,458 112,154 15,914 46,753 8,336		8,458 112,154 15,914 46,753 8,336
Contracted Services- Consulting Materials and Supplies- Office Supplies	24,939 102,180		24,939 102,180
11	, _ 0		,

FAYETTE COUNTY KATHY WITT, SHERIFF STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND FUND BALANCES OF THE SHERIFF'S OPERATING FUND AND COUNTY FUND WITH THE STATE TREASURER - REGULATORY BASIS For The Year Ended December 31, 2018 (Continued)

	75%	25%	
	Operating	County	
	Fund	Fund	Totals
Disbursements (Continued)			
Other Charges-		.	
Insurance - Property & Casualty	\$ 575,636	\$	\$ 575,636
Equipment Maintenance & Repairs	271,583		271,583
Dues and Subscriptions	6,081		6,081
Audit	16,772		16,772
Analysis Fee - PTX	22,500		22,500
Ammunition	7,038		7,038
Imprest Cash	5,656		5,656
Postage	75,501		75,501
Radio Equipment	5,258		5,258
Tower Rental	17,282		17,282
Training and Travel	37,291		37,291
Recruiting	26,640		26,640
Telephone and Pager	53,174		53,174
Uniforms	76,818		76,818
Rent	44,790		44,790
Investigate Mgmt	20,722		20,722
Utilities	5,798		5,798
Parking	46,095		46,095
VOCA - Office	5,144		5,144
VOCA Equipment	10,584		10,584
VAWA - Office	2,933		2,933
VAWA - GPS Monitoring	7,788		7,788
VAWA - Training	6,234		6,234
VOCA - Training	2,728		2,728
VOCA - Victim Services	4,021		4,021
Victims of Crime Act	24,019		24,019
Waste Management	3,206		3,206
Wellness Program	24,087		24,087
Internet	3,591		3,591

FAYETTE COUNTY KATHY WITT, SHERIFF STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND FUND BALANCES OF THE SHERIFF'S OPERATING FUND AND COUNTY FUND WITH THE STATE TREASURER - REGULATORY BASIS For The Year Ended December 31, 2018 (Continued)

	75% Operating Fund		25% County Fund		Totals		
Disbursements (Continued)							
Capital Outlay-							
Body Armor	\$	17,914	\$		\$	17,914	
Tough Book		9,690				9,690	
Radio Purchase		174,233				174,233	
Radio Simul Cast-P25		556,390			556,390		
Dispatch Consoles		74,080			74,080		
Patrol Rifle		3,925				3,925	
Gun Locker		10,224				10,224	
Computer Purchase		3,289				3,289	
Printer and Scanner		9,200				9,200	
Vehicle Equipment		87,496	8		87,496		
Evidence Vault Storage	15,223		15,223				
Furniture	4,536			4,536			
Vehicle Purchase	462,878				462,878		
Total Disbursements	10	,464,853	1,16	9,411	11	,634,264	
Fund Balance - December 31, 2018	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	

FAYETTE COUNTY NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2018

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Fund Accounting

A fee official uses a fund to report on the results of operations. A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain government functions or activities.

A fee official uses a fund for fees to account for activities for which the government desires periodic determination of the excess of receipts over disbursements to facilitate management control, accountability, and compliance with laws.

B. Basis of Accounting

KRS 64.820 directs the fiscal court to collect any amount due from the sheriff as determined by the audit. KRS 64.350 establishes that a fee official in counties with a population over 70,000 has two funds with the state treasurer for the deposit of fees collected. Seventy-five percent (75%) of the fees collected are deposited in the sheriff's operating fund and used for office expenses of the fee official. The remaining twenty-five percent (25%) of fees collected are deposited to the county fiscal court fund and paid to the fiscal courts, urban-county governments, or consolidated local governments of the respective counties quarterly no later than April 15, July 15, October 15, and January 15. These funds are closed at the end of each official term by paying the balances to the respective county government.

Also, some revenues of the fee official offices could be considered reimbursed expenses. All reimbursed expenses are treated as revenue in the 75 percent fund.

The financial statements have been prepared on a regulatory basis of accounting, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. This basis demonstrates compliance with the laws of Kentucky and is a special purpose framework. Under this regulatory basis of accounting, receipts and disbursements are generally recognized when cash is received or disbursed with the exception of accrual of the following items (not all-inclusive), at December 31:

- Interest receivable
- Collection on accounts due from others for 2018 services
- Reimbursements for 2018 activities
- Payments due other governmental entities for December tax and fee collections
- Payroll expenditures incurred but not paid
- Payments due vendors for goods or services provided in 2018

C. Cash and Investments

KRS 66.480 authorizes the sheriff's office to invest in obligations of the United States and of its agencies and instrumentalities, obligations and contracts for future delivery or purchase of obligations backed by the full faith and credit of the United States, obligations of any corporation of the United States government, bonds or certificates of indebtedness of this state, and certificates of deposit issued by or other interest-bearing accounts of any bank or savings and loan institution which are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or which are collateralized, to the extent uninsured, by any obligation permitted by KRS 41.240(4).

The sheriff's office has elected to participate, pursuant to KRS 78.530, in the County Employees Retirement System (CERS), which is administered by the Board of Trustees of the Kentucky Retirement Systems (KRS). This is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer, defined benefit pension plan, which covers all eligible full-time employees and provides for retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members. Benefit contributions and provisions are established by statute.

The sheriff's contribution for calendar year 2016 was \$1,015,971, calendar year 2017 was \$1,006,416, and calendar year 2018 was \$1,234,331.

Nonhazardous

Note 2.

Nonhazardous covered employees are required to contribute five percent of their salary to the plan. Nonhazardous covered employees who begin participation on or after September 1, 2008, are required to contribute six percent of their salary to be allocated as follows: five percent will go to the member's account and one percent will go to the KRS insurance fund.

In accordance with Senate Bill 2, signed by the Governor on April 4, 2013, plan members who began participating on, or after January 1, 2014, were required to contribute to the Cash Balance Plan. The Cash Balance Plan is known as a hybrid plan because it has characteristics of both a defined benefit plan and a defined contribution plan. Members in the plan contribute a set percentage of their salary each month to their own accounts. Nonhazardous covered employees contribute five percent of their annual creditable compensation. Nonhazardous members also contribute one percent to the health insurance fund which is not credited to the member's account and is not refundable. The employer contributes a set percentage of the member's salary. Each month, when employer contributions are received, an employer pay credit is deposited to the member's account. A member's account is credited with a four percent employer pay credit. The employer pay credit represents a portion of the employer contribution.

Benefits fully vest on reaching five years of service for nonhazardous employees. Aspects of benefits for nonhazardous employees include retirement after 27 years of service or age 65. Nonhazardous employees who begin participation on or after September 1, 2008, must meet the rule of 87 (member's age plus years of service credit must equal 87, and the member must be a minimum of 57 years of age) or the member is age 65, with a minimum of 60 months service credit.

The county's contribution rate for nonhazardous employees was 19.18 percent for the first six months and 21.48 percent for the last six months.

Hazardous

Hazardous covered employees are required to contribute 8 percent of their salary to the plan. Hazardous covered employees who begin participation on or after September 1, 2008, are required to contribute 9 percent of their salary to be allocated as follows: 8 percent will go to the member's account and 1 percent will go to the KRS insurance fund.

FAYETTE COUNTY NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2018 (Continued)

Note 2. Employee Retirement System and Other Post-Employment Benefits (Continued)

Hazardous (Continued)

In accordance with Senate Bill 2, signed by the Governor on April 4, 2013, plan members who began participating on or after January 1, 2014, were required to contribute to the Cash Balance Plan. The Cash Balance Plan is known as a hybrid plan because it has characteristics of both a defined benefit plan and a defined contribution plan.

Members in the plan contribute a set percentage of their salary each month to their own accounts. Hazardous members contribute eight percent of their annual creditable compensation and also contribute one percent to the health insurance fund which is not credited to the member's account and is not refundable. The employer contribution rate is set annually by the Board based on an actuarial valuation. The employer contributes a set percentage of the member's salary. Each month, when employer contributions are received, an employer pay credit is deposited to the member's account. A hazardous member's account is credited with a 7.5 percent employer pay credit. The employer pay credit represents a portion of the employer contribution.

Aspects of benefits for hazardous employees include retirement after 20 years of service or age 55. For hazardous employees who begin participation on or after September 1, 2008, aspects of benefits include retirement after 25 years of service or the member is age 60, with a minimum of 60 months of service credit.

The county's contribution rate for hazardous employees was 31.55 percent for the first six months and 35.34 percent for the last six months.

Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB)

A. <u>Health Insurance Coverage – Tier 1</u>

CERS provides post-retirement health care coverage as follows:

For members participating prior to July 1, 2003, years of service and respective percentages of the maximum contribution are as follows:

Years of Service	% paid by Insurance Fund	% Paid by Member through Payroll Deduction
20 or more	100%	0%
15-19	75%	25%
10-14	50%	50%
4-9	25%	75%
Less than 4	0%	100%

As a result of House Bill 290 (2004 General Assembly), medical insurance benefits are calculated differently for members who began participation on or after July 1, 2003. Once members reach a minimum vesting period of ten years, non-hazardous employees whose participation began on or after July 1, 2003, earn ten dollars per month for insurance benefits at retirement for every year of earned service without regard to a maximum dollar amount. This dollar amount is subject to adjustment annually based on the retiree cost of living adjustment, which is updated annually due to changes in the Consumer Price Index.

FAYETTE COUNTY NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2018 (Continued)

Note 2. Employee Retirement System and Other Post-Employment Benefits (Continued)

Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) (Continued)

A. <u>Health Insurance Coverage – Tier 1</u> (Continued)

Hazardous employees whose participation began on or after July 1, 2003, earn 15 dollars per month for insurance benefits at retirement for every year of earned service without regard to a maximum dollar amount. Upon the death of a hazardous employee, the employee's spouse receives ten dollars per month for insurance benefits for each year of the deceased employee's hazardous service. This dollar amount is subject to adjustment annually based on the retiree cost of living adjustment, which is updated annually due to changes in the Consumer Price Index.

Benefits are covered under KRS 161.714 with exception of COLA and retiree health benefits after July 2003.

B. Health Insurance Coverage - Tier 2 and Tier 3 - Nonhazardous

Once members reach a minimum vesting period of 15 years, earn ten dollars per month for insurance benefits at retirement for every year of earned service without regard to a maximum dollar amount. This dollar amount is subject to adjustment annually by 1.5 percent. This was established for Tier 2 members during the 2008 Special Legislative Session by House Bill 1. During the 2013 Legislative Session, Senate Bill 2 was enacted, creating Tier 3 benefits for members.

The monthly insurance benefit has been increased annually as a 1.5 percent cost of living adjustment (COLA) since July 2003 when the law changed. The annual increase is cumulative and continues to accrue after the member's retirement.

Tier 2 member benefits are covered by KRS 161.714 with exception of COLA and retiree health benefits after July 2003. Tier 3 members are not covered by the same provisions.

C. Health Insurance Coverage - Tier 2 and Tier 3 - Hazardous

Once members reach a minimum vesting period of 15 years, earn fifteen dollars per month for insurance benefits at retirement for every year of earned service without regard to a maximum dollar amount. This dollar amount is subject to adjustment annually by 1.5 percent. Upon the death of a hazardous employee, the employee's spouse receives ten dollars per month for insurance benefits for each year of the deceased employee's hazardous service. This was established for Tier 2 members during the 2008 Special Legislative Session by House Bill 1. During the 2013 Legislative Session, Senate Bill 2 was enacted, creating Tier 3 benefits for members.

The monthly insurance benefit has been increased annually as a 1.5 percent COLA since July 2003 when the law changed. The annual increase is cumulative and continues to accrue after the member's retirement.

D. Cost of Living Adjustments - Tier 1

The 1996 General Assembly enacted an automatic cost of living adjustment (COLA) provision for all recipients of KRS benefits. During the 2008 Special Session, the General Assembly determined that each July beginning in 2009, retirees who have been receiving a retirement allowance for at least 12 months will receive an automatic COLA of 1.5 percent. The COLA is not a guaranteed benefit. If a retiree has been receiving a benefit for less than 12 months, and a COLA is provided, it will be prorated based on the number of months the recipient has been receiving a benefit.

Note 2. Employee Retirement System and Other Post-Employment Benefits (Continued)

Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) (Continued)

E. Cost of Living Adjustments - Tier 2 and Tier 3

No COLA is given unless authorized by the legislature with specific criteria. To this point, no COLA has been authorized by the legislature for Tier 2 or Tier 3 members.

F. Death Benefit

If a retired member is receiving a monthly benefit based on at least 48 months of service credit, KRS will pay a \$5,000 death benefit payment to the beneficiary designated by the member specifically for this benefit. Members with multiple accounts are entitled to only one death benefit.

KRS Annual Financial Report and Proportionate Share Audit Report

KRS issues a publicly available annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information on CERS. This report may be obtained by writing the Kentucky Retirement Systems, 1260 Louisville Road, Frankfort, KY 40601-6124, or by telephone at (502) 564-4646.

KRS also issues proportionate share audit reports for both total pension liability and other post-employment benefits for CERS determined by actuarial valuation as well as each participating county's proportionate share. Both the Schedules of Employer Allocations and Pension Amounts by Employer and the Schedules of Employer Allocations and Pension Amounts by Employer and the Schedules of Employer Allocations and the related actuarial tables are available online at https://kyret.ky.gov. The complete actuarial valuation report, including all actuarial assumptions and methods, is also available on the website or can be obtained as described in the paragraph above.

Note 3. Deposits

The Fayette County Sheriff maintained deposits of public funds with depository institutions insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) as required by KRS 66.480(1)(d). According to KRS 41.240, the depository institution should pledge or provide sufficient collateral which, together with FDIC insurance, equals or exceeds the amount of public funds on deposit at all times. In order to be valid against the FDIC in the event of failure or insolvency of the depository institution, this pledge or provision of collateral should be evidenced by an agreement between the sheriff and the depository institution, signed by both parties, that is (a) in writing, (b) approved by the board of directors of the depository institution or its loan committee, which approval must be reflected in the minutes of the board or committee, and (c) an official record of the depository institution.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a depository institution failure, the sheriff's deposits may not be returned. The Fayette County Sheriff does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk but rather follows the requirements of KRS 66.480(1)(d) and KRS 41.240. As of December 31, 2018, all deposits were covered by FDIC insurance or a properly executed collateral security agreement.

FAYETTE COUNTY NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2018 (Continued)

Note 4. Grants

A. Taking Action For A Safer Tomorrow

The Fayette County Sheriff's office was awarded a Victims of Crime grant, titled Taking Action For A Safer Tomorrow, for the period October 1, 2017 through September 30, 2018. During 2018, grant funds in the amount of \$126,825 were received for the reimbursement of grant related disbursements.

B. Amanda's Center for Local Resources: A Domestic Violence Intake Center

The Fayette County Sheriff's office was awarded a Violence Against Women Act grant, titled Amanda's Center for Local Resources: A Domestic Violence Intake Center, for the period January 1, 2018 through December 31, 2018. During 2018, grant funds in the amount of \$146,489 were received for the reimbursement of grant related disbursements.

Note 5. Lease Agreements

A. Property

On December 12, 2014, the sheriff renewed a four-year lease agreement with Fortune Business Centre, LLC, for real property located at 1700 Fortune Center Court, Lexington, KY. This agreement requires monthly payments of \$3,990. The beginning balance on January 1, 2018, was \$43,560. Payments of \$43,560 were made during the year, paying the entire balance of the lease.

B. Radio Tower

On May 1, 2015, the sheriff renewed a five-year lease agreement with Vertical Bridge (formerly known as iHeart radio) for a radio tower. This agreement requires monthly payments of \$738 for the first four months, then \$760 for the remaining eight months, which is subject to a 3 percent annual increase each May. The beginning balance on January 1, 2018, was \$18,685. Payments of \$9,032 were made during the year, leaving an ending balance of \$9,653 as of December 31, 2018.

C. Software

On June 25, 2015, the sheriff entered into a lease agreement with Computer Aid International for Property Tax and Franchise Tax Collection and Reporting Software. This agreement requires monthly payments of \$1,000 beginning on September 1 and ending August 31, and is renewable annually. The beginning balance on January 1, 2018, was \$8,000. Payments of \$8,000 were made during the year, leaving a \$0 ending balance. On September 1, 2018, this lease was renewed for \$12,000, Additional payments during the year of \$4,000 were made, leaving an ending balance of \$8,000 as of December 31, 2018.

D. Antenna

On July 16, 2016, the sheriff entered into a lease agreement with Lexington Financial Center, LLC, for placement of an antenna on the roof of the Lexington Financial Center. The lease agreement is for 29 months, ending on December 31, 2018. The agreement requires monthly payments of \$750, with partial months being prorated. The beginning balance as of January 1, 2018, was \$9,000. Payments of \$9,000 were made during the year, paying the entire balance of the lease.

Note 6. Return of Fugitive Account

The sheriff maintains a separate bank account for expenses incurred during the return of fugitives. The sheriff's office incurs expenses for these trips and requests reimbursement from the state. The reimbursements are then deposited into this bank account and the expenses are paid. The beginning balance on January 1, 2018, was \$17,500. There were receipts of \$132,963 and disbursements of \$133,253 leaving a balance of \$17,210 as of December 31, 2018. This amount was returned to the sheriff's fee account as excess fees on September 13, 2019.

Note 7. Asset Forfeiture Account

The sheriff maintains a separate bank account for monies that are seized and forfeited to the sheriff's office by court order. The beginning balance as of January 1, 2018, was \$3,644. During 2018, there were \$44 of receipts and no disbursements, leaving an ending balance of \$3,688 as of December 31, 2018.

Note 8. Sheriff's Sale Account

The sheriff maintains a separate bank account for receipts and disbursements related to sheriff sale items. The sheriff oversees these sales, which are court ordered. All receipts are used to pay the plaintiff in the case, along with advertising and legal fees incurred. The beginning balance as of January 1, 2018, was \$0. There were receipts of \$2,528 and disbursements of \$564, leaving an ending balance of \$1,964 as of December 31, 2018.

Note 9. HB 258 Account

The sheriff maintains a separate bank account for receipts and disbursements related to HB 258 items. HB 258 was authorized by the 2004 General Assembly to provide a means whereby the necessary office expenses of a sheriff or clerk in counties with populations in excess of 70,000 shall include discretionary funds to cover additional expenses related to special training and travel related to homeland security emergencies, academy graduations, retirements, state and national sheriff conventions, and extraordinary office expenses in amount authorized by the approving authority. The sheriff was authorized for \$5,500 for 2018. The sheriff earned \$48 in interest in this account, leaving an ending balance of \$5,548 as of December 31, 2018.

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS* THIS PAGE LEFT BLANK INTENTIONALLY



MIKE HARMON AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS

The Honorable Linda Gorton, Mayor, Lexington-Fayette Urban County Government The Honorable Kathy Witt, Fayette County Sheriff Members of the Lexington-Fayette Urban County Council

> Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance And Other Matters Based On An Audit Of The Financial Statements Performed In Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards*

> > Independent Auditor's Report

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the Statement of Receipts and Disbursements - Regulatory Basis of the Sheriff of Fayette County, Kentucky, the Statement of Receipts, Disbursements, and Fund Balances of the Sheriff's Operating Fund and County Fund with the State Treasurer - Regulatory Basis for the year ended December 31, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated February 4, 2020. The Fayette County Sheriff's financial statements are prepared on a regulatory basis of accounting, which demonstrates compliance with the Commonwealth of Kentucky's regulatory basis of accounting and budget laws, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Fayette County Sheriff's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Fayette County Sheriff's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Fayette County Sheriff's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

209 ST. CLAIR STREET FRANKFORT, KY 40601-1817 Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance And Other Matters Based On An Audit Of The Financial Statements Performed In Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards* (Continued)

Compliance And Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Fayette County Sheriff's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Respectfully submitted,

Mike Harmon Auditor of Public Accounts

February 4, 2020