REPORT OF THE AUDIT OF THE ESTILL COUNTY CLERK

For The Year Ended December 31, 2017



MIKE HARMON AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS www.auditor.ky.gov

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MIKE HARMON AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS

The Honorable Kevin Williams, Estill County Judge/Executive The Honorable Sherry Fox, Estill County Clerk Members of the Estill County Fiscal Court

Independent Auditor's Report

Report on the Financial Statement

We have audited the accompanying Statement of Receipts, Disbursements, and Excess Fees - Regulatory Basis of the County Clerk of Estill County, Kentucky, for the year ended December 31, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statement.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statement

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of this financial statement in accordance with accounting practices prescribed or permitted by the laws of Kentucky to demonstrate compliance with the Commonwealth of Kentucky's regulatory basis of accounting and budget laws. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of a financial statement that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on this financial statement based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the *Audit Guide for County Fee Officials* issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts, Commonwealth of Kentucky. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statement is free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statement. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statement, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statement in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statement.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

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The Honorable Kevin Williams, Estill County Judge/Executive The Honorable Sherry Fox, Estill County Clerk Members of the Estill County Fiscal Court

Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

As described in Note 1 of the financial statement, the financial statement is prepared by the Estill County Clerk on the basis of the accounting practices prescribed or permitted by the laws of Kentucky to demonstrate compliance with the Commonwealth of Kentucky's regulatory basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The effects on the financial statement of the variances between the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note 1 and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, although not reasonably determinable, are presumed to be material.

Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

In our opinion, because of the significance of the matter discussed in the Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles paragraph, the financial statement referred to above does not present fairly, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of each fund of the Estill County Clerk, as of December 31, 2017, or changes in financial position or cash flows thereof for the year then ended.

Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting

In our opinion, the financial statement referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the receipts, disbursements, and excess fees of the Estill County Clerk for the year ended December 31, 2017, in accordance with the basis of accounting practices prescribed or permitted by the Commonwealth of Kentucky as described in Note 1.

Other Reporting Required by *Government Auditing Standards*

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated July 17, 2018, on our consideration of the Estill County Clerk's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Estill County Clerk's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Based on the results of our audit, we have presented the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses, included herein, which discusses the following report comment:

2017-001 The Estill County Clerk's Office Lacks Adequate Segregation Of Duties

Respectfully submitted,

Mike Harmon Auditor of Public Accounts

July 17, 2018

ESTILL COUNTY SHERRY FOX, COUNTY CLERK <u>STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND EXCESS FEES - REGULATORY BASIS</u>

For The Year Ended December 31, 2017

Receipts

State Revenue Supplement		\$	66,599
State Fees For Services			5,118
Fiscal Court			4,390
Licenses and Taxes:			
Motor Vehicle-			
Licenses and Transfers	\$ 452,891		
Usage Tax	481,733		
Tangible Personal Property Tax	1,114,106		
Notary Fees	10,135		
Other-	5.027		
Fish and Game Licenses	5,927		
Marriage Licenses	3,337		
Deed Transfer Tax	20,132	2.0	00 541
Delinquent Tax	202,280	Ζ,2	290,541
Fees Collected for Services:			
Recordings-			
Deeds, Easements, and Contracts	9,023		
Real Estate Mortgages	16,505		
Chattel Mortgages and Financing Statements	42,322		
Powers of Attorney	1,132		
Affordable Housing Trust	12,678		
All Other Recordings	12,726		
Charges for Other Services-			
Candidate Filing Fees	1,950		
Copywork	5,616		
Postage	489	1	102,441
Other:			
Child Victim Fund	56		
Lien Release Fees	10,582		
Refunds/Overpayments	12,330		
Misc. Income	9,495		32,463
Interest Earned			234
Total Receipts		2,5	501,786

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

ESTILL COUNTY SHERRY FOX, COUNTY CLERK STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND EXCESS FEES - REGULATORY BASIS For The Year Ended December 31, 2017 (Continued)

Disbursements

Payments to State:		
Motor Vehicle-		
Licenses and Transfers	\$ 315,828	
Usage Tax	466,045	
Tangible Personal Property Tax	370,672	
Licenses, Taxes, and Fees-		
Fish and Game Licenses	5,706	
Delinquent Tax	17,102	
Legal Process Tax	13,386	
Affordable Housing Trust	 12,678	\$ 1,201,417
Payments to Fiscal Court:		
Tangible Personal Property Tax	76,074	
Delinquent Tax	13,272	
Deed Transfer Tax	 19,125	108,471
Payments to Other Districts:		
Tangible Personal Property Tax	622,178	
Delinquent Tax	 112,273	734,451
Payments to Sheriff		15,578
		,
Payments to County Attorney		27,085
-		
Payments to County Attorney		
Payments to County Attorney Operating Disbursements: Personnel Services-	129,099	
Payments to County Attorney Operating Disbursements:	129,099	
Payments to County Attorney Operating Disbursements: Personnel Services- Deputies' Salaries Employee Benefits-	129,099 9,871	
Payments to County Attorney Operating Disbursements: Personnel Services- Deputies' Salaries Employee Benefits- Employer's Share Social Security		
Payments to County Attorney Operating Disbursements: Personnel Services- Deputies' Salaries Employee Benefits- Employer's Share Social Security Employer's Share Retirement	9,871	
Payments to County Attorney Operating Disbursements: Personnel Services- Deputies' Salaries Employee Benefits- Employer's Share Social Security	9,871 24,459	
Payments to County Attorney Operating Disbursements: Personnel Services- Deputies' Salaries Employee Benefits- Employer's Share Social Security Employer's Share Retirement Employer's Paid Health Insurance Contracted Services-	9,871 24,459 24,063	
Payments to County Attorney Operating Disbursements: Personnel Services- Deputies' Salaries Employee Benefits- Employeer's Share Social Security Employer's Share Retirement Employer's Paid Health Insurance	9,871 24,459	
Payments to County Attorney Operating Disbursements: Personnel Services- Deputies' Salaries Employee Benefits- Employer's Share Social Security Employer's Share Retirement Employer's Paid Health Insurance Contracted Services- Printing and Binding	9,871 24,459 24,063	
Payments to County Attorney Operating Disbursements: Personnel Services- Deputies' Salaries Employee Benefits- Employee's Share Social Security Employer's Share Retirement Employer's Paid Health Insurance Contracted Services- Printing and Binding Materials and Supplies-	9,871 24,459 24,063 36,156	
Payments to County Attorney Operating Disbursements: Personnel Services- Deputies' Salaries Employee Benefits- Employer's Share Social Security Employer's Share Retirement Employer's Paid Health Insurance Contracted Services- Printing and Binding Materials and Supplies- Office Supplies	9,871 24,459 24,063 36,156	
Payments to County Attorney Operating Disbursements: Personnel Services- Deputies' Salaries Employee Benefits- Employer's Share Social Security Employer's Share Retirement Employer's Paid Health Insurance Contracted Services- Printing and Binding Materials and Supplies- Office Supplies Other Charges-	9,871 24,459 24,063 36,156 21,772	
Payments to County Attorney Operating Disbursements: Personnel Services- Deputies' Salaries Employee Benefits- Employer's Share Social Security Employer's Share Retirement Employer's Paid Health Insurance Contracted Services- Printing and Binding Materials and Supplies- Office Supplies Other Charges- Dues	9,871 24,459 24,063 36,156 21,772 2,914	

ESTILL COUNTY SHERRY FOX, COUNTY CLERK STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND EXCESS FEES - REGULATORY BASIS For The Year Ended December 31, 2017 (Continued)

Disbursements (Continued)						
Operating Disbursements: (Continued)						
Refunds	\$	14,907				
Insurance and Bonds		6,045				
Miscellaneous		10,570	\$	284,347		
Total Disbursements					\$2,	371,349
Net Receipts						130,437
Less: Statutory Maximum						85,085
Excess Fees						45,352
Less: Expense Allowance				3,600		
Training Incentive Benefit				4,052		7,652
Excess Fees Due County for 2017						37,700
Payments to Fiscal Court - February 20, 2018				20,000		
March 13, 2018				15,440		35,440
Balance Due Fiscal Court at Completion of Audit					\$	2,260

ESTILL COUNTY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT

December 31, 2017

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Fund Accounting

A fee official uses a fund to report on the results of operations. A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain government functions or activities.

A fee official uses a fund for fees to account for activities for which the government desires periodic determination of the excess of receipts over disbursements to facilitate management control, accountability, and compliance with laws.

B. Basis of Accounting

KRS 64.820 directs the fiscal court to collect any amount, including excess fees, due from the county clerk as determined by the audit. KRS 64.152 requires the county clerk to settle excess fees with the fiscal court by March 15 each year.

The financial statement has been prepared on a regulatory basis of accounting, which demonstrates compliance with the laws of Kentucky and is a special purpose framework. Under this regulatory basis of accounting, receipts and disbursements are generally recognized when cash is received or disbursed, with the exception of accrual of the following items (not all-inclusive) at December 31 that may be included in the excess fees calculation:

- Interest receivable
- Collection on accounts due from others for 2017 services
- Reimbursements for 2017 activities
- Payments due other governmental entities for December tax and fee collections and payroll
- Payments due vendors for goods or services provided in 2017

The measurement focus of a fee official is upon excess fees. Remittance of excess fees is due to the county treasurer in the subsequent year.

C. Cash and Investments

KRS 66.480 authorizes the county clerk's office to invest in obligations of the United States and of its agencies and instrumentalities, obligations and contracts for future delivery or purchase of obligations backed by the full faith and credit of the United States, obligations of any corporation of the United States government, bonds or certificates of indebtedness of this state, and certificates of deposit issued by or other interest-bearing accounts of any bank or savings and loan institution which are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or which are collateralized, to the extent uninsured, by any obligation permitted by KRS 41.240(4).

Note 2. Employee Retirement System and Other Post-Employment Benefits

The county official and employees have elected to participate, pursuant to KRS 78.530, in the County Employees Retirement System (CERS), which is administered by the Board of Trustees of the Kentucky Retirement Systems (KRS). This is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer, defined benefit pension plan, which covers all eligible full-time employees and provides for retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members. Benefit contributions and provisions are established by statute.

ESTILL COUNTY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT December 31, 2017 (Continued)

Note 2. Employee Retirement System and Other Post-Employment Benefits (Continued)

Nonhazardous covered employees are required to contribute five percent of their salary to the plan. Nonhazardous covered employees who begin participation on or after September 1, 2008, are required to contribute six percent of their salary to be allocated as follows: five percent will go to the member's account and one percent will go to the KRS insurance fund. The county's contribution rate for nonhazardous employees was 18.68 percent for the first six months and 19.18 percent for the last six months.

In accordance with Senate Bill 2, signed by the Governor on April 4, 2013, plan members who began participating on, or after, January 1, 2014, were required to contribute to the Cash Balance Plan. The Cash Balance Plan is known as a hybrid plan because it has characteristics of both a defined benefit plan and a defined contribution plan. Members in the plan contribute a set percentage of their salary each month to their own accounts. Nonhazardous members contribute five percent of their annual creditable compensation and one percent to the health insurance fund which is not credited to the member's account and is not refundable. The employer contribution rate is set annually by the Board based on an actuarial valuation. The employer contributes a set percentage of the member's salary. Each month, when employer contributions are received, an employer pay credit is deposited to the member's account. A nonhazardous member's account is credited with a four percent employer pay credit. The employer pay credit represents a portion of the employer contribution.

The county clerk's contribution for calendar year 2015 was \$21,927, calendar year 2016 was \$23,685, and calendar year 2017 was \$24,459.

Benefits fully vest on reaching five years of service for nonhazardous employees. Aspects of benefits for nonhazardous employees include retirement after 27 years of service or age 65. Nonhazardous employees who begin participation on or after September 1, 2008, must meet the rule of 87 (member's age plus years of service credit must equal 87, and the member must be a minimum of 57 years of age) or the member is age 65, with a minimum of 60 months service credit.

Health Insurance Coverage

CERS also provides post-retirement health care coverage as follows:

For members participating prior to July 1, 2003, years of service and respective percentages of the maximum contribution are as follows:

Years of Service	% paid by Insurance Fund	% Paid by Member through Payroll Deduction
20 or more	100%	0%
15-19	75%	25%
10-14	50%	50%
4-9	25%	75%
Less than 4	0%	100%

As a result of House Bill 290 (2004 General Assembly), medical insurance benefits are calculated differently for members who began participation on or after July 1, 2003. Once members reach a minimum vesting period of ten years, non-hazardous employees whose participation began on or after July 1, 2003, earn ten dollars per month for insurance benefits at retirement for every year of earned service without regard to a maximum dollar amount. This dollar amount is subject to adjustment annually based on the retiree cost of living adjustment, which is updated annually due to changes in the Consumer Price Index.

ESTILL COUNTY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT December 31, 2017 (Continued)

Note 2. Employee Retirement System and Other Post-Employment Benefits (Continued)

KRS issues a publicly available annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information on CERS. This report may be obtained by writing the Kentucky Retirement Systems, 1260 Louisville Road, Frankfort, KY 40601-6124, or by telephone at (502) 564-4646.

Note 3. Deposits

The Estill County Clerk maintained deposits of public funds with depository institutions insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) as required by KRS 66.480(1)(d). According to KRS 41.240, the depository institution should pledge or provide sufficient collateral which, together with FDIC insurance, equals or exceeds the amount of public funds on deposit at all times. In order to be valid against the FDIC in the event of failure or insolvency of the depository institution, this pledge or provision of collateral should be evidenced by an agreement between the county clerk and the depository institution, signed by both parties, that is (a) in writing, (b) approved by the board of directors of the depository institution or its loan committee, which approval must be reflected in the minutes of the board or committee, and (c) an official record of the depository institution.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a depository institution failure, the county clerk's deposits may not be returned. The Estill County Clerk does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk but rather follows the requirements of KRS 66.480(1)(d) and KRS 41.240. As of December 31, 2017, all deposits were covered by FDIC insurance or a properly executed collateral security agreement.

Note 4. Grant

The Estill County Clerk's office received a local records microfilming grant from the Kentucky Department for Libraries and Archives in the amount of \$4,910. No funds were expended during the year. The unexpended grant balance was \$4,910 as of December 31, 2017.

Note 5. Lease Agreements

The Estill County Clerk's office was committed to the following lease agreements as of December 31, 2017:

						rincipal Balance
Item	N	Ionthly	Term Of	Ending	Dec	ember 31,
Purchased	Pa	ayment	Agreement	Date		2017
Software	\$	2,750	60 months	May 1, 2018	\$	11,000
Hardware		263	60 months	May 1, 2018		1,052
	\$	3,013			\$	12,052

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENT PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS* THIS PAGE LEFT BLANK INTENTIONALLY



MIKE HARMON AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS

The Honorable Kevin Williams, Estill County Judge/Executive The Honorable Sherry Fox, Estill County Clerk Members of the Estill County Fiscal Court

> Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance And Other Matters Based On An Audit Of The Financial Statement Performed In Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards*

> > Independent Auditor's Report

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the Statement of Receipts, Disbursements, and Excess Fees - Regulatory Basis of the Estill County Clerk for the year ended December 31, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statement and have issued our report thereon dated July 17, 2018. The Estill County Clerk's financial statement is prepared on a regulatory basis of accounting, which demonstrates compliance with the Commonwealth of Kentucky's regulatory basis of accounting and budget laws, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statement, we considered the Estill County Clerk's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statement, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Estill County Clerk's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Estill County Clerk's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses, we identified a certain deficiency in internal control that we consider to be a material weakness.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statement will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We consider the deficiency described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses as item 2017-001 to be a material weakness.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Estill County Clerk's financial statement is free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Views of Responsible Official and Planned Corrective Action

The Estill County Clerk's views and planned corrective action for the finding identified in our audit are described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses. The Estill County Clerk's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statement and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Respectfully submitted,

Mike Harmon Auditor of Public Accounts

July 17, 2018

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES

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ESTILL COUNTY SHERRY FOX, COUNTY CLERK SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES

For The Year Ended December 31, 2017

INTERNAL CONTROL - MATERIAL WEAKNESS:

2017-001 The Estill County Clerk's Office Lacks Adequate Segregation Of Duties

The county clerk's office lacks adequate segregation of duties. This is a repeat comment and was included in the prior year audit report as finding 2016-001. According to the county clerk, due to a small staff size, the responsibilities of receiving, recording, depositing, disbursing, reporting, and reconciling funds are delegated to the same individual. The county clerk prepares all weekly and monthly reports, signs all checks, performs all bookkeeping duties, and prepares all bank reconciliations. Since only one person performs these functions, there is no assurance that financial transactions are accurate, complete, and free of error/misstatement. It increases the risk of undetected fraud and errors.

The functions of receiving, recording, depositing, disbursing, reporting, and reconciling should be separated whenever possible in order to decrease the risk of undetected errors, misstatements, and fraud. If duties cannot be segregated due to a small staff size, the county clerk could implement and document compensating controls to reduce the risk of inadequate segregation of duties. Examples of compensating controls include: another employee comparing daily checkout sheet to receipts ledger and bank deposit, reviewing bank reconciliations for accuracy, reviewing invoices prior to payment, and reviewing all financial reports. The employee should document the review process by initialing reports and supporting documentation. We recommend the county clerk segregate the duties of receiving, recording, depositing, disbursing, reporting, and reconciling funds or implement and document compensating controls to offset this control weakness.

County Clerk's Response: Due to the size of the office and limited staff this is hard to do. I do my best to check and double check all work.