# REPORT OF THE AUDIT OF THE BRECKINRIDGE COUNTY SHERIFF

For The Period March 1, 2020 Through December 31, 2020



# MIKE HARMON AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS www.auditor.ky.gov

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# MIKE HARMON AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS

The Honorable Maurice Lucas, Breckinridge County Judge/Executive The Honorable Billy Richardson, Breckinridge County Sheriff Members of the Breckinridge County Fiscal Court

Independent Auditor's Report

## **Report on the Financial Statement**

We have audited the accompanying Statement of Receipts, Disbursements, and Excess Fees - Regulatory Basis of the Sheriff of Breckinridge County, Kentucky, for the period March 1, 2020 through December 31, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statement.

## Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statement

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of this financial statement in accordance with accounting practices prescribed or permitted by the laws of Kentucky to demonstrate compliance with the Commonwealth of Kentucky's regulatory basis of accounting and budget laws. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of a financial statement that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial statement based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the *Audit Guide for County Fee Officials* issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts, Commonwealth of Kentucky. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statement is free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statement. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statement, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statement in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statement.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

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The Honorable Maurice Lucas, Breckinridge County Judge/Executive The Honorable Billy Richardson, Breckinridge County Sheriff Members of the Breckinridge County Fiscal Court

## Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

As described in Note 1 of the financial statement, the financial statement is prepared by the Breckinridge County Sheriff on the basis of the accounting practices prescribed or permitted by the laws of Kentucky to demonstrate compliance with the Commonwealth of Kentucky's regulatory basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The effects on the financial statement of the variances between the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note 1 and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, although not reasonably determinable, are presumed to be material.

## Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

In our opinion, because of the significance of the matter discussed in the Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles paragraph, the financial statement referred to above does not present fairly, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of the Breckinridge County Sheriff, for the period March 1, 2020 through December 31, 2020, or changes in financial position or cash flows thereof for the period then ended.

## **Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting**

In our opinion, the financial statement referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the receipts, disbursements, and excess fees of the Breckinridge County Sheriff for the period March 1, 2020 through December 31, 2020, in accordance with the basis of accounting practices prescribed or permitted by the Commonwealth of Kentucky as described in Note 1.

#### Other Reporting Required by *Government Auditing Standards*

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated July 30, 2021, on our consideration of the Breckinridge County Sheriff's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Breckinridge County Sheriff's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Respectfully submitted,

Mike Harmon Auditor of Public Accounts

July 30, 2021

## BRECKINRIDGE COUNTY BILLY RICHARDSON, SHERIFF <u>STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND EXCESS FEES - REGULATORY BASIS</u>

## For The Period March 1, 2020 Through December 31, 2020

| Receipts   |    |                                   |              |
|--|----|-----------------------------------|--------------|
| Federal Fees for Services - Lake Patrol  |    |                                   | \$<br>24,795 |
| State Grant  |    |                                   | 22,917       |
| State - Kentucky Law Enforcement Foundation Program Fund (KLEFP  | F) |                                   | 43,728       |
| State Fees For Services:<br>Finance and Administration Cabinet<br>Sheriff Security Service<br>Cabinet For Health And Family Services<br>Transporting Fugitives | \$ | 60,291<br>2,889<br>961<br>270     | 64,411       |
| Circuit Court Clerk:<br>Fines and Fees Collected   |    |                                   | 2,144        |
| Fiscal Court   |    |                                   | 73,039       |
| County Clerk - Delinquent Taxes  |    |                                   | 17,270       |
| Commission On Taxes Collected  |    |                                   | 447,060      |
| Fees Collected For Services:<br>Auto Inspections<br>Accident and Police Reports<br>Serving Papers<br>Carry Concealed Deadly Weapon Permits                     |    | 4,796<br>1,982<br>29,547<br>7,440 | 43,765       |
| Other:<br>Add-On Fees<br>Miscellaneous<br>School Resource Officer  |    | 20,651<br>5,182<br>15,000         | 40,833       |
| Interest Earned  |    |                                   | 200          |
| Borrowed Money:<br>State Advancement   |    |                                   | <br>185,000  |
| Total Receipts   |    |                                   | 965,162      |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

## **Disbursements**

| Operating Disbursements and Capital Outlay:     |               |            |            |
|---|---------------|------------|------------|
| Personnel Services-                             |               |            |            |
| Deputies' Salaries                              | \$<br>308,631 |            |            |
| Court Security Gross Salaries                   | 73,281        |            |            |
| Other Salaries                                  | 38,102        |            |            |
| Employee Benefits-                              |               |            |            |
| Employer's Share KLEFPF Retirement              | 12,569        |            |            |
| Contracted Services-                            |               |            |            |
| Advertising                                     | 444           |            |            |
| Vehicle Maintenance and Repairs                 | 20,625        |            |            |
| Materials and Supplies-                         |               |            |            |
| Office Materials and Supplies                   | 13,712        |            |            |
| Uniforms  | 7,101         |            |            |
| Auto Expense-                                   |               |            |            |
| Gasoline  | 25,948        |            |            |
| Operating Disbursements and Capital Outlay:     |               |            |            |
| Other Charges-                                  |               |            |            |
| Postage   | 483           |            |            |
| Miscellaneous                                   | 3,947         |            |            |
| Computer/Radio Com. Maint/svc/rpr               | 9,621         |            |            |
| Deputy Training                                 | 1,288         |            |            |
| Transporting Fugitives                          | 9,949         |            |            |
| Capital Outlay-                                 |               |            |            |
| Vehicles  | <br>43,343    | \$ 569,044 |            |
| Debt Service:                                   |               |            |            |
| State Advancement                               |               | 255,000    | _          |
| Total Disbursements                             |               |            | \$ 824,044 |
| Net Receipts                                    |               |            | 141,118    |
| Less: Statutory Maximum                         |               |            | 72,773     |
|   |               |            | 12,115     |
| Excess Fees Due County for 2020                 |               |            | 68,345     |
| Payment to Fiscal Court - March 17, 2021        |               |            | 68,345     |
|   |               |            | <b>•</b>   |
| Balance Due Fiscal Court at Completion of Audit |               |            | \$ 0       |

#### BRECKINRIDGE COUNTY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT

#### December 31, 2020

#### Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

#### A. Fund Accounting

A fee official uses a fund to report on the results of operations. A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain government functions or activities.

A fee official uses a fund for fees to account for activities for which the government desires periodic determination of the excess of receipts over disbursements to facilitate management control, accountability, and compliance with laws.

#### B. Basis of Accounting

KRS 64.820 directs the fiscal court to collect any amount, including excess fees, due from the sheriff as determined by the audit. KRS 134.192 requires the sheriff to settle excess fees with the fiscal court at the time he files his annual settlement with the fiscal court on or before September 1 of each year. KRS 64.830 requires an outgoing sheriff to settle excess fees with the fiscal court of his county by March 15 immediately following the expiration of his term of office.

The financial statement has been prepared on a regulatory basis of accounting, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. This basis demonstrates compliance with the laws of Kentucky and is a special purpose framework. Under this regulatory basis of accounting, receipts and disbursements are generally recognized when cash is received or disbursed, with the exception of accrual of the following items (not all-inclusive) at December 31 that may be included in the excess fees calculation:

- Interest receivable
- Collection on accounts due from others for 2020 services
- Reimbursements for 2020 activities
- Tax commissions due from December tax collections
- Payments due other governmental entities for payroll
- Payments due vendors for goods or services provided in 2020

The measurement focus of a fee official is upon excess fees. Remittance of excess fees is due to the county treasurer in the subsequent year.

#### C. Cash and Investments

KRS 66.480 authorizes the sheriff's office to invest in obligations of the United States and of its agencies and instrumentalities, obligations and contracts for future delivery or purchase of obligations backed by the full faith and credit of the United States, obligations of any corporation of the United States government, bonds or certificates of indebtedness of this state, and certificates of deposit issued by or other interest-bearing accounts of any bank or savings and loan institution which are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or which are collateralized, to the extent uninsured, by any obligation permitted by KRS 41.240(4).

#### Note 2. Employee Retirement System and Other Post-Employment Benefits

The sheriff's office has elected to participate, pursuant to KRS 78.530, in the County Employees Retirement System (CERS), which is administered by the Board of Trustees of the Kentucky Retirement Systems (KRS). This is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer, defined benefit pension plan, which covers all eligible full-time employees and provides for retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members. Benefit contributions and provisions are established by statute.

The sheriff's contribution for calendar year 2018 was \$5,456, calendar year 2019 was \$12,351, and the period March 1, 2020 through December 31, 2020 was \$12,569.

#### Nonhazardous

Nonhazardous covered employees are required to contribute five percent of their salary to the plan. Nonhazardous covered employees who begin participation on or after September 1, 2008, are required to contribute six percent of their salary to be allocated as follows: five percent will go to the member's account and one percent will go to the KRS insurance fund.

In accordance with Senate Bill 2, signed by the Governor on April 4, 2013, plan members who began participating on or after January 1, 2014, were required to contribute to the Cash Balance Plan. The Cash Balance Plan is known as a hybrid plan because it has characteristics of both a defined benefit plan and a defined contribution plan. Members in the plan contribute a set percentage of their salary each month to their own accounts. Nonhazardous covered employees contribute five percent of their annual creditable compensation. Nonhazardous members also contribute one percent to the health insurance fund which is not credited to the member's account and is not refundable. The employer contributes a set percentage of the member's salary. Each month, when employer contributions are received, an employer pay credit is deposited to the member's account. A member's account is credited with a four percent employer pay credit. The employer pay credit represents a portion of the employer contribution.

Benefits fully vest on reaching five years of service for nonhazardous employees. Aspects of benefits for nonhazardous employees include retirement after 27 years of service or age 65. Nonhazardous employees who begin participation on or after September 1, 2008, must meet the rule of 87 (member's age plus years of service credit must equal 87, and the member must be a minimum of 57 years of age) or the member is age 65, with a minimum of 60 months service credit.

The county's contribution rate for nonhazardous employees was 24.06 percent for the period March 1, 2020 through December 31, 2020.

#### <u>Hazardous</u>

Hazardous covered employees are required to contribute eight percent of their salary to the plan. Hazardous covered employees who begin participation on or after September 1, 2008, are required to contribute nine percent of their salary to be allocated as follows: eight percent will go to the member's account and one percent will go to the KRS insurance fund.

Note 2. Employee Retirement System and Other Post-Employment Benefits (Continued)

In accordance with Senate Bill 2, signed by the Governor on April 4, 2013, plan members who began participating on, or after, January 1, 2014, were required to contribute to the Cash Balance Plan. The Cash Balance Plan is known as a hybrid plan because it has characteristics of both a defined benefit plan and a defined contribution plan. Members in the plan contribute a set percentage of their salary each month to their own accounts. Hazardous members contribute eight percent of their annual creditable compensation and one percent to the health insurance fund which is not credited to the member's account and is not refundable. The employer contribution rate is set annually by the Board based on an actuarial valuation. The employer contributes a set percentage of the member's salary. Each month, when employer contributions are received, an employer pay credit is deposited to the member's account. A hazardous member's account is credited with a seven and one-half percent employer pay credit. The employer pay credit represents a portion of the employer contribution.

Aspects of benefits for hazardous employees include retirement after 20 years of service or age 55. For hazardous employees who begin participation on or after September 1, 2008, aspects of benefits include retirement after 25 years of service or the member is age 60, with a minimum of 60 months of service credit.

The county's contribution rate for hazardous employees was 39.58 percent for the period March 1, 2020 through December 31, 2020.

#### Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB)

#### A. <u>Health Insurance Coverage - Tier 1</u>

CERS provides post-retirement health care coverage as follows:

For members participating prior to July 1, 2003, years of service and respective percentages of the maximum contribution are as follows:

| Years of Service | % Paid by Insurance Fund | % Paid by Member through<br>Payroll Deduction |
|------------------|--------------------------|---|
| 20 or more       | 100%                     | 0%  |
| 15-19            | 75%                      | 25%   |
| 10-14            | 50%                      | 50%   |
| 4-9              | 25%                      | 75%   |
| Less than 4      | 0%                       | 100%  |

As a result of House Bill 290 (2004 General Assembly), medical insurance benefits are calculated differently for members who began participation on or after July 1, 2003. Once members reach a minimum vesting period of ten years, non-hazardous employees whose participation began on or after July 1, 2003, earn ten dollars per month for insurance benefits at retirement for every year of earned service without regard to a maximum dollar amount. This dollar amount is subject to adjustment annually based on the retiree cost of living adjustment, which is updated annually due to changes in the Consumer Price Index.

BRECKINRIDGE COUNTY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT December 31, 2020 (Continued)

#### Note 2. Employee Retirement System and Other Post-Employment Benefits (Continued)

#### Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) (Continued)

#### A. <u>Health Insurance Coverage - Tier 1</u> (Continued)

Hazardous employees whose participation began on or after July 1, 2003, earn 15 dollars per month for insurance benefits at retirement for every year of earned service without regard to a maximum dollar amount. Upon the death of a hazardous employee, the employee's spouse receives ten dollars per month for insurance benefits for each year of the deceased employee's hazardous service. This dollar amount is subject to adjustment annually based on the retiree cost of living adjustment, which is updated annually due to changes in the Consumer Price Index.

Benefits are covered under KRS 161.714 with exception of COLA and retiree health benefits after July 2003.

## B. Health Insurance Coverage - Tier 2 and Tier 3 - Nonhazardous

Once members reach a minimum vesting period of 15 years, earn ten dollars per month for insurance benefits at retirement for every year of earned service without regard to a maximum dollar amount. This dollar amount is subject to adjustment annually by 1.5 percent. This was established for Tier 2 members during the 2008 Special Legislative Session by House Bill 1. During the 2013 Legislative Session, Senate Bill 2 was enacted, creating Tier 3 benefits for members.

The monthly insurance benefit has been increased annually as a 1.5 percent cost of living adjustment (COLA) since July 2003 when the law changed. The annual increase is cumulative and continues to accrue after the member's retirement.

Tier 2 member benefits are covered by KRS 161.714 with exception of COLA and retiree health benefits after July 2003. Tier 3 members are not covered by the same provisions.

#### C. <u>Health Insurance Coverage - Tier 2 and Tier 3 - Hazardous</u>

Once members reach a minimum vesting period of 15 years, earn fifteen dollars per month for insurance benefits at retirement for every year of earned service without regard to a maximum dollar amount. This dollar amount is subject to adjustment annually by 1.5 percent. Upon the death of a hazardous employee, the employee's spouse receives ten dollars per month for insurance benefits for each year of the deceased employee's hazardous service. This was established for Tier 2 members during the 2008 Special Legislative Session by House Bill 1. During the 2013 Legislative Session, Senate Bill 2 was enacted, creating Tier 3 benefits for members.

The monthly insurance benefit has been increased annually as a 1.5 percent COLA since July 2003 when the law changed. The annual increase is cumulative and continues to accrue after the member's retirement.

#### D. Cost of Living Adjustments - Tier 1

The 1996 General Assembly enacted an automatic cost of living adjustment (COLA) provision for all recipients of KRS benefits. During the 2008 Special Session, the General Assembly determined that each July beginning in 2009, retirees who have been receiving a retirement allowance for at least 12 months will receive an automatic COLA of 1.5 percent. The COLA is not a guaranteed benefit. If a retiree has been receiving a benefit for less than 12 months, and a COLA is provided, it will be prorated based on the number of months the recipient has been receiving a benefit.

#### Note 2. Employee Retirement System and Other Post-Employment Benefits (Continued)

#### Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) (Continued)

#### E. Cost of Living Adjustments - Tier 2 and Tier 3

No COLA is given unless authorized by the legislature with specific criteria. To this point, no COLA has been authorized by the legislature for Tier 2 or Tier 3 members.

## F. Death Benefit

If a retired member is receiving a monthly benefit based on at least 48 months of service credit, KRS will pay a \$5,000 death benefit payment to the beneficiary designated by the member specifically for this benefit. Members with multiple accounts are entitled to only one death benefit.

#### KRS Annual Financial Report and Proportionate Share Audit Report

KRS issues a publicly available annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information on CERS. This report may be obtained by writing the Kentucky Retirement Systems, 1260 Louisville Road, Frankfort, KY 40601-6124, or by telephone at (502) 564-4646.

KRS also issues proportionate share audit reports for both total pension liability and other post-employment benefits for CERS determined by actuarial valuation as well as each participating county's proportionate share. Both the Schedules of Employer Allocations and Pension Amounts by Employer and the Schedules of Employer Allocations and Pension Amounts by Employer and the Schedules of Employer Allocations and the related actuarial tables are available online at <a href="https://kyret.ky.gov">https://kyret.ky.gov</a>. The complete actuarial valuation report, including all actuarial assumptions and methods, is also available on the website or can be obtained as described in the paragraph above.

#### Note 3. Deposits

The Breckinridge County Sheriff maintained deposits of public funds with federally insured banking institutions as required by the Department for Local Government's (DLG) *County Budget Preparation and State Local Finance Officer Policy Manual*. The DLG Manual strongly recommends perfected pledges of securities covering all public funds except direct federal obligations and funds protected by federal insurance. In order to be perfected in the event of failure or insolvency of the depository institution, this pledge or provision of collateral should be evidenced by an agreement between the sheriff and the depository institution, signed by both parties, that is (a) in writing, (b) approved by the board of directors of the depository institution or its loan committee, which approval must be reflected in the minutes of the board or committee, and (c) an official record of the depository institution. These requirements were met.

#### Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a depository institution failure, the sheriff's deposits may not be returned. The Breckinridge County Sheriff does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk, but rather follows the requirements of the DLG *County Budget Preparation and State Local Finance Officer Policy Manual.* As of December 31, 2020, all deposits were covered by FDIC insurance or a properly executed collateral security agreement.

#### Note 4. State Grant

In December 2009, the Breckinridge County Sheriff's office entered into an agreement with the Kentucky State Police for membership in a drug task force. The agreement renews every two years unless the agreement is terminated by the parties. The sheriff is reimbursed \$25,000 annually for dedicated personnel and equipment assigned to drug task force activities. For the period March 1, 2020 through December 31, 2020, the sheriff's office received grant receipts totaling \$22,917.

Note 5. Federal Fees For Services - Lake Patrol

The Breckinridge County Sheriff's office contracted with the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers to provide patrols around Nolin Lake project grounds from April 30, 2020 through April 30, 2021, with the option to be extended for three subsequent years. The amount received under this contract during 2020 was \$24,795.

Note 6. Short-term Debt

#### Direct Borrowing

- A. The Breckinridge County Sheriff's office borrowed a state advancement of funds in the amount of \$255,000 to defray expenses of the office. On March 1, 2020, the beginning balance of the state advancement was \$70,000. During the period, the sheriff's office received \$185,000 from the program. As of December 31, 2020, the advancement was paid in full.
- B. Changes in Short-term Debt

|                       | Be | eginning |           |         |    |           | En  | ding |
|-----------------------|----|----------|-----------|---------|----|-----------|-----|------|
|                       | E  | Balance  | Additions |         | R  | eductions | Bal | ance |
| State Advancement     | \$ | 70,000   | \$        | 185,000 | \$ | 255,000   | \$  | 0    |
| Total Short-term Debt | \$ | 70,000   | \$        | 185,000 | \$ | 255,000   | \$  | 0    |

#### Note 7. Other Accounts

#### A. Federal Drug Forfeiture Account

The Breckinridge County Sheriff maintains a federal drug forfeiture account. The purpose of the account is to maintain forfeitures resulting from federal drug convictions. The account had a beginning balance of \$1,703 on March 1, 2020. No funds were received or disbursed during the period. As of December 31, 2020, the ending balance of the account was \$1,703.

#### B. State and Local Drug Forfeiture Account

The Breckinridge County Sheriff maintains a state and local drug account. The purpose of the account is to maintain forfeitures resulting from state and local drug convictions. On March 1, 2020, the beginning balance of the account was \$26,500. During the period, receipts totaled \$14,305 and disbursements totaled \$14,977. As of December 31, 2020, the ending balance of the account was \$25,828.

Note 8. Fiduciary Account

A. Escrow Account

The Breckinridge County Sheriff deposited outstanding checks into a non-interest bearing custodial account. When statutorily required, the sheriff will turn over the escrowed funds to the Kentucky State Treasurer as unclaimed property. The escrow account had a beginning balance of \$65 on March 1, 2020. During the period, \$15 was received and there were no disbursements. As of December 31, 2020, the ending balance of the account was \$80.

Note 9. Contingency

The sheriff is involved in a lawsuit. This lawsuit resulted from the search and seizure of the plaintiff's property and plaintiff's subsequent criminal charges on February 27, 2020. Discovery for this lawsuit has not yet commenced and liability is undeterminable. This lawsuit is defensible, however it could negatively impact the sheriff's office financial position. Due to the uncertainty of the litigation, a reasonable estimate of the financial impact on the sheriff's office cannot be made at this time.

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REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENT PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*  THIS PAGE LEFT BLANK INTENTIONALLY



## MIKE HARMON AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS

The Honorable Maurice Lucas, Breckinridge County Judge/Executive The Honorable Billy Richardson, Breckinridge County Sheriff Members of the Breckinridge County Fiscal Court

> Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance And Other Matters Based On An Audit Of The Financial Statement Performed In Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards*

> > Independent Auditor's Report

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the Statement of Receipts, Disbursements, and Excess Fees - Regulatory Basis of the Breckinridge County Sheriff for the period March 1, 2020 through December 31, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statement and have issued our report thereon dated July 30, 2021. The Breckinridge County Sheriff's financial statement is prepared on a regulatory basis of accounting, which demonstrates compliance with the Commonwealth of Kentucky's regulatory basis of accounting and budget laws, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statement, we considered the Breckinridge County Sheriff's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statement, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Breckinridge County Sheriff's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Breckinridge County Sheriff's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statement will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

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Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance And Other Matters Based On An Audit Of The Financial Statement Performed In Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards* (Continued)

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Breckinridge County Sheriff's financial statement is free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statement. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

## **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Respectfully submitted,

Mike Harmon Auditor of Public Accounts

July 30, 2021