REPORT OF THE AUDIT OF THE BARREN COUNTY FISCAL COURT

For The Year Ended June 30, 2017



MIKE HARMON AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS www.auditor.ky.gov

209 ST. CLAIR STREET FRANKFORT, KY 40601-1817 TELEPHONE (502) 564-5841 FACSIMILE (502) 564-2912

CONTENTS

PAGE

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT	1
BARREN COUNTY OFFICIALS	4
STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES In Fund Balances - Regulatory Basis	6
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT	10
BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES	27
NOTES TO REGULATORY SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES	35
SCHEDULE OF CAPITAL ASSETS	39
NOTES TO REGULATORY SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - SCHEDULE OF CAPITAL ASSETS	40
REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENT PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH <i>GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS</i>	43
APPENDIX A:	
CERTIFICATION OF COMPLIANCE - LOCAL GOVERNMENT ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE PROGRAM	

THIS PAGE LEFT BLANK INTENIONALLY



MIKE HARMON AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS

To the People of Kentucky

The Honorable Matthew G. Bevin, Governor William M. Landrum III, Secretary Finance and Administration Cabinet The Honorable Micheal Hale, Barren County Judge/Executive Members of the Barren County Fiscal Court

Independent Auditor's Report

Report on the Financial Statement

We have audited the accompanying Statement of Receipts, Disbursements, and Changes in Fund Balances - Regulatory Basis of the Barren County Fiscal Court, for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statement which collectively comprise the Barren County Fiscal Court's financial statement as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statement

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of this financial statement in accordance with accounting practices prescribed or permitted by the Department for Local Government to demonstrate compliance with the Commonwealth of Kentucky's regulatory basis of accounting and budget laws. This includes determining that the regulatory basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statement in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of a financial statement that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on this financial statement based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and the *Audit Guide for Fiscal Court Audits* issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts, Commonwealth of Kentucky. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statement is free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statement. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statement, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statement in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statement.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

TELEPHONE 502.564.5841

FACSIMILE 502.564.2912

WWW.AUDITOR.KY.GOV

209 ST. CLAIR STREET FRANKFORT, KY 40601-1817

AN EQUAL OPPORTUNITY EMPLOYER M / F / D

To the People of Kentucky The Honorable Matthew G. Bevin, Governor William M. Landrum III, Secretary Finance and Administration Cabinet The Honorable Micheal Hale, Barren County Judge/Executive Members of the Barren County Fiscal Court

Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

As described in Note 1 of the financial statement, the financial statement is prepared by the Barren County Fiscal Court on the basis of the accounting practices prescribed or permitted by the Department for Local Government to demonstrate compliance with the Commonwealth of Kentucky's regulatory basis of accounting and budget laws, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The effects on the financial statement of the variances between the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note 1 and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, although not reasonably determinable, are presumed to be material.

Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

In our opinion, because of the significance of the matter discussed in the Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles paragraph, the financial statement referred to above does not present fairly, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of the Barren County Fiscal Court as of June 30, 2017, or changes in financial position or cash flows thereof for the year then ended.

Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting

In our opinion, the financial statement referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the fund balances of the Barren County Fiscal Court as of June 30, 2017, and their respective cash receipts and disbursements, and budgetary results for the year then ended, in accordance with the basis of accounting practices prescribed or permitted by the Department for Local Government described in Note 1.

Other Matters

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statement taken as a whole of the Barren County Fiscal Court. The Budgetary Comparison Schedules and the Capital Asset Schedule are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statement; however, they are required to be presented in accordance with accounting practices prescribed or permitted by the Department for Local Government to demonstrate compliance with the Commonwealth of Kentucky's regulatory basis of accounting and budget laws.

The accompanying Budgetary Comparison Schedules and the Capital Asset Schedule are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statement. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statement and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statement or to the financial statement itself, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Budgetary Comparison Schedules and the Capital Asset Schedule are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statement as a whole.

To the People of Kentucky The Honorable Matthew G. Bevin, Governor William M. Landrum III, Secretary Finance and Administration Cabinet The Honorable Micheal Hale, Barren County Judge/Executive Members of the Barren County Fiscal Court

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 27, 2018, on our consideration of the Barren County Fiscal Court's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Barren County Fiscal Court's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Respectfully submitted,

Mike Harmon Auditor of Public Accounts

February 27, 2018

BARREN COUNTY OFFICIALS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2017

Fiscal Court Members:

Micheal Hale	County Judge/Executive
John Benningfield	Magistrate
Trent Riddle	Magistrate
Carl H. Dickerson	Magistrate
Jack London	Magistrate
Gary Gillon	Magistrate
Charles R. Allen	Magistrate
Billy R. Houchens	Magistrate

Other Elected Officials:

Jeff Sharp	County Attorney
Matthew Mutter	Jailer
Joanne London	County Clerk
Krissie Fields	Circuit Court Clerk
Kent Keen	Sheriff
Brad Bailey	Property Valuation Administrator
Tim Gibson	Coroner

Appointed Personnel:

Denise Riddle	County Treasurer
Nancy Houchens	Deputy County Judge/Executive
Sherry Jones	Finance Officer/Fiscal Court Clerk

BARREN COUNTY STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - REGULATORY BASIS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2017

BARREN COUNTY STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - REGULATORY BASIS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2017

				Budgete	d Fu	ınds		
		General Fund		Road Fund		Jail Fund	I	Local overnment Economic ssistance Fund
RECEIPTS								
Taxes	\$	4,495,387	\$		\$		\$	
In Lieu Tax Payments		109,029						
Licenses and Permits		193,162						
Intergovernmental		3,161,643		2,241,900		2,106,952		121,130
Charges for Services						167,677		
Miscellaneous		140,977		14,686		239,049		
Interest		13,781		32,040		2,004		86
Total Receipts		8,113,979		2,288,626		2,515,682		121,216
DISBURSEMENTS								
General Government		3,280,654						
Protection to Persons and Property		949,689				1,884,494		
General Health and Sanitation		761,590				1,001,191		
Social Services		100,682						
Recreation and Culture		624,731						
Roads		021,751		1,881,556				
Debt Service		312,003		1,001,000		8,787		
Capital Projects		512,005				2,175		
Administration		1,391,961		283,969		572,903		
Total Disbursements		7,421,310		2,165,525		2,468,359		
Excess (Deficiency) of Receipts Over Disbursements Before Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)		692,669		123,101		47,323		121,216
Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)								
Lease Proceeds						150,000		
Transfers From Other Funds		813,723		438,015		555,636		
Transfers To Other Funds		(1,281,478)		(628,977)		(663,084)		(121,913)
Total Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)		(467,755)		(190,962)		42,552		(121,913)
Net Change in Fund Balance		224,914		(67,861)		89,875		(697)
Fund Balance - Beginning (Restated)		569,906		2,203,674		54,600		697
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	794,820	\$	2,135,813	\$	144,475	\$	0
Fund Datance - Existing	φ	794,820	φ	2,155,815	φ	144,475	φ	0
Composition of Fund Balance								
Bank Balance	\$	693,617	\$	2,136,771	\$	147,788	\$	
Plus: Deposits In Transit								
Less: Outstanding Checks		(6,709)		(958)		(3,313)		
Cash Drawer								
Investments		107,912						
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	794,820	\$	2,135,813	\$	144,475	\$	0
					-		-	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statement.

BARREN COUNTY STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - REGULATORY BASIS For The Year Ended June 30, 2017 (Continued)

		Budget	ed Fu	nds		Unbudgeted Funds				
Dej	RecreationDrugDepartmentForfeitureFundFund			Hiseville Cemetery Fund		ABC Fund		overnment Center 009 Bond Fund		Correction Center 2010/2015 Bond Fund
\$		\$	\$		\$		\$		\$	
						1,400				
										13,041
	14,573			6,575						
	30,253	14,404		1,210						
	159	14 404		1,484		1 400				120
	44,985	14,404		9,269		1,400	. <u> </u>			13,161
		9,595								
				0 601						
	83,000			9,691						
	05,000									
	24,745							260,313		499,165
	17,345	4,000		50						
	125,090	13,595		9,741				260,313		499,165
	(80,105)	809		(472)		1,400		(260,313)		(486,004)
	75,000					22,685		260,313		486,124
	,	(713)				,		,		(119)
	75,000	(713)				22,685		260,313		486,005
	(5,105)	96		(472)		24,085				1
	13,236	964		161,524		,000				1
\$	8,131	\$ 1,060	\$	161,052	\$	24,085	\$	0	\$	1
\$	8,867	\$ 1,487	\$	34,596	\$	24,085	\$		\$	1
	(736)	(427)								
				126,456						
\$	8,131	\$ 1,060	\$	161,052	\$	24,085	\$	0	\$	1

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statement.

BARREN COUNTY STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - REGULATORY BASIS For The Year Ended June 30, 2017 (Continued)

		τ	J nbud	geted Fund	s			
			Glasg	gow/Barren	l			
	I	Public	Cou	nty Public				
	Pre	operties		ibrary		Jail		
		poration		rporation	Co	mmissary		Total
		Fund		Fund		Fund		Funds
RECEIPTS								
Taxes	\$		\$		\$		\$	4,495,387
In Lieu Tax Payments								109,029
Licenses and Permits								194,562
Intergovernmental		251,460		96,175		3,870		7,996,171
Charges for Services								188,825
Miscellaneous						346,470		787,049
Interest		17		7				49,698
Total Receipts		251,477		96,182		350,340		13,820,721
DISBURSEMENTS								
General Government								3,280,654
Protection to Persons and Property								2,843,778
General Health and Sanitation								761,590
Social Services								110,373
Recreation and Culture						279,643		987,374
Roads						279,045		1,881,556
Debt Service		207 000		06 175				
		327,220		96,175				1,528,408
Capital Projects		1 220						2,175
Administration		1,320		06.175		270 (12		2,271,548
Total Disbursements		328,540		96,175		279,643		13,667,456
Excess (Deficiency) of Receipts Over								
Disbursements Before Other								
Adjustments to Cash (Uses)		(77,063)		7		70,697		153,265
Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)								
Bond Proceeds								150,000
Transfers From Other Funds		76,960						2,728,456
Transfers To Other Funds		(16)				(32,156)		(2,728,456)
Total Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)		76,944				(32,156)		150,000
-						<u> </u>		
Net Change in Fund Balance		(119)		7		38,541		303,265
Fund Balance - Beginning (Restated)		93,521		1		141,067		3,239,190
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	93,402	\$	8	\$	179,608	\$	3,542,455
Composition of Fund Balance								
Bank Balance	¢	02 402	\$	8	\$	220,109	\$	2 260 721
Plus: Deposits In Transit	\$	93,402	Ф	0	Ф	1,828	Ф	3,360,731 1,828
Less: Outstanding Checks						(42,379)		(54,522)
Cash Drawer						50		50
Investments								234,368
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	93,402	\$	8	\$	179,608	\$	3,542,455

INDEX FOR NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENT

NOTE 1.	SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES	
NOTE 2.	DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS	
NOTE 3.	TRANSFERS	16
NOTE 4.	LONG-TERM DEBT	16
NOTE 5.	EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM	
NOTE 6.	DEFERRED COMPENSATION	
NOTE 7.	HEALTH REIMBURSEMENT ACCOUNT/FLEXIBLE SPENDING ACCOUNT	
NOTE 8.	INSURANCE	
NOTE 9.	SUBSEQUENT EVENTS	
NOTE 10.	PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT	

BARREN COUNTY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT

June 30, 2017

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Reporting Entity

The financial statement of Barren County includes all budgeted and unbudgeted funds under the control of the Barren County Fiscal Court. Budgeted funds included within the reporting entity are those funds presented in the county's approved annual budget and reported on the quarterly reports submitted to the Department for Local Government. Unbudgeted funds may include non-fiduciary financial activities, private purpose trust funds, and internal service funds that are within the county's control. Unbudgeted funds may also include any corporation to act as the fiscal court in the acquisition and financing of any public project which may be undertaken by the fiscal court pursuant to the provisions of Kentucky law and thus accomplish a public purpose of the fiscal court. The unbudgeted funds are not presented in the annual approved budget or in the quarterly reports submitted to the Department.

The Barren County Library Board would have been included in the reporting entity under accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. However, under the regulatory basis they are no longer are required components of the reporting entity.

B. Basis of Accounting

The financial statement is presented on a regulatory basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. This basis of accounting involves the reporting of fund balances and the changes therein resulting from cash inflows (cash receipts) and cash outflows (cash disbursements) to meet the financial reporting requirements of the Department for Local Government and the laws of the Commonwealth of Kentucky.

This regulatory basis of accounting differs from GAAP primarily because the financial statement format does not include the GAAP presentations of government-wide and fund financial statements, cash receipts are recognized when received in cash rather than when earned and susceptible to accrual, and cash disbursements are recognized when paid rather than when incurred or subject to accrual.

Generally, except as otherwise provided by law, property taxes are assessed as of January 1, levied (mailed) November 1, due at discount November 30, due at face value December 31, delinquent January 1 following the assessment, and subject to sale ninety days following April 15.

C. Basis of Presentation

Budgeted Funds

The fiscal court reports the following budgeted funds:

General Fund - This is the primary operating fund of the fiscal court. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except where the Department for Local Government requires a separate fund or where management requires that a separate fund be used for some function.

Road Fund - This fund is for road and bridge construction and repair. The primary sources of receipts for this fund are state payments for truck license distribution, municipal road aid, and transportation grants. The Department for Local Government requires the fiscal court to maintain these receipts and disbursements separately from the general fund.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

C. Basis of Presentation (Continued)

Budgeted Funds (Continued)

Jail Fund - The primary purpose of this fund is to account for the jail expenses of the county. The primary sources of receipts for this fund are reimbursements from the state and federal governments, payments from other counties for housing prisoners, and transfers from the general fund. The Department for Local Government requires the fiscal court to maintain these receipts and disbursements separately from the general fund.

Local Government Economic Assistance Fund - The primary purpose of this fund is to account for grants and related disbursements. The primary sources of receipts for this fund are grants from the state and federal governments.

Recreation Department Fund - The primary purpose of this fund is to account for the county's little league baseball/softball park system expenses. The primary sources of receipts for this fund are transfers from the general fund and fees charged at various baseball parks.

Drug Forfeiture Fund - The primary purpose of this fund is to account for the forfeiture of drug related funds. The primary sources of receipts for this fund are court ordered restitution and court awarded funds from drug related seizures.

Hiseville Cemetery Fund - The primary purpose of this fund is to account for expenses of the Hiseville Cemetery located in the county. The primary sources of receipts for this fund are perpetual care receipts and interest earned on investments.

ABC Fund - The primary purpose of this fund is to account for expenses directly related to the discontinuance of prohibition. The primary source of receipts for this fund is alcohol regulatory fees.

Unbudgeted Funds

The fiscal court reports the following unbudgeted funds:

Government Center 2009 Bond Fund - The primary purpose of this fund is to account for debt service requirements of the general obligation bonds that were issued to fund the construction of the government center.

Correction Center 2010/2015 Bond Fund - The primary purpose of this fund is to account for debt service requirements of the general obligation bonds that were issued to fund the construction of the correction center.

Public Properties Corporation Fund - The primary purpose of this fund is to account for the proceeds and debt service of revenue bonds that were issued to fund construction of the court facility building.

Glasgow/Barren County Public Library Corporation Fund - The primary purpose of this fund is to account for the proceeds and debt service of revenue bonds that were issued to fund construction of the Mary Wood Weldon Memorial Library.

Jail Commissary Fund - The canteen operations are authorized pursuant to KRS 441.135(1). The profits generated from the sale of items are to be used for the benefit and to enhance the well-being of the inmates. KRS 441.135(2) requires the jailer to maintain accounting records and report annually to the county treasurer the receipts and disbursements of the jail commissary fund.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

D. Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted on a regulatory basis of accounting which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board and according to the laws of Kentucky as required by the state local finance officer.

The county judge/executive is required to submit estimated receipts and proposed disbursements to the fiscal court by May 1 of each year. The budget is prepared by fund, function, and activity and is required to be adopted by the fiscal court by July 1.

The fiscal court may change the original budget by transferring appropriations at the activity level; however, the fiscal court may not increase the total budget without approval by the state local finance officer. Disbursements may not exceed budgeted appropriations at the activity level.

The state local finance officer does not require the jail commissary fund to be budgeted because the fiscal court does not approve the expenses of this fund.

The state local finance officer does not require the government center 2009 bond fund, the correction center 2010/2015 bond fund, the Glasgow/Barren County public library corporation fund, and the public properties corporation fund to be budgeted. Bond indentures and other relevant contractual provisions require specific payments to and from these funds annually.

E. Barren County Elected Officials

Kentucky law provides for election of the officials listed below from the geographic area constituting Barren County. Pursuant to state statute, these officials perform various services for the Commonwealth of Kentucky, its judicial courts, the fiscal court, various cities and special districts within the county, and the Board of Education. In exercising these responsibilities, however, they are required to comply with state laws. Audits of their financial statements are issued separately and individually and can be obtained from their respective administrative offices. These financial statements are not required to be included in the financial statement of the Barren County Fiscal Court.

- Circuit Court Clerk
- County Attorney
- Property Valuation Administrator
- County Clerk
- County Sheriff

F. Deposits and Investments

The government's fund balance is considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, certificates of deposit, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. The government's fund balance includes cash and cash equivalents and investments.

KRS 66.480 authorizes the county to invest in obligations of the United States and of its agencies and instrumentalities, obligations and contracts for future delivery or purchase of obligations backed by the full faith and credit of the United States, obligations of any corporation of the United States government, bonds or

BARREN COUNTY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT June 30, 2017 (Continued)

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

F. Deposits and Investments (Continued)

certificates of indebtedness of this state, and certificates of deposit issued by or other interest-bearing accounts of any bank or savings and loan institution which are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or which are collateralized, to the extent uninsured, by any obligation permitted by KRS 41.240(4).

G. Long-term Obligations

The fund financial statement recognizes bond interest, as well as bond issuance costs when received or when paid, during the current period. The principal amount of the debt and interest are reported as disbursements. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as disbursements. Debt proceeds are reported as other adjustments to cash.

Note 2. Deposits and Investments

A. Deposits

The fiscal court maintained deposits of public funds with depository institutions insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) as required by KRS 66.480(1)(d). According to KRS 41.240, the depository institution should pledge or provide sufficient collateral which, together with FDIC insurance, equals or exceeds the amount of public funds on deposit at all times. In order to be valid against the FDIC in the event of failure or insolvency of the depository institution, this pledge or provision of collateral should be evidenced by an agreement between the fiscal court and the depository institution, signed by both parties, that is (a) in writing, (b) approved by the board of directors of the depository institution or its loan committee, which approval must be reflected in the minutes of the board or committee, and (c) an official record of the depository institution. These requirements were met.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a depository institution failure, the government's deposits may not be returned. The government does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk, but rather follows the requirements of KRS 66.480(1)(d) and KRS 41.240. As of June 30, 2017, all deposits were covered by FDIC insurance or a properly executed collateral security agreement.

B. Investments

As of June 30, 2017, the fiscal court had the following investments and maturities:

			Maturities (In Years)									
		Cost		Less							More	
Туре		Basis	Than 1 1-5 6-10		0		Than 10)				
Cash Equivalents U.S. Treasury	\$	110,373	\$	110,373	\$			\$		\$		
Mutual Funds		123,995		123,995								
Total Fund Balance	\$	234,368	\$	234,368	\$		0	\$	0	\$		0

BARREN COUNTY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT June 30, 2017 (Continued)

Note 2. Deposits and Investments (Continued)

B. Investments (Continued)

Custodial Credit Risk is the risk that, in the event of failure of the counterparty, the fiscal court will not able to recover the value of its certificates of deposit, investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The fiscal court's investment policy requires counterparties to provide sufficient collateral or other insurance if any investments or deposits exceed the insurance provided by Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and the Securities Investor Protection Corporation (SIPC). All certificates of deposit and investments must be held by the counterparty in the fiscal court's name. The fiscal court has \$234,368 of investments in securities held by the counterparties' trust departments in the fiscal court's name.

Credit Risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The fiscal court is statutorily limited as to credit ratings, at the time of purchase. KRS 66.480 and the fiscal court's investment policy define the following items as permissible investments:

- 1) Obligations of the United States and of its agencies and instrumentalities.
- 2) Obligations and contracts for future delivery or purchase of obligations backed by the full faith and credit of the United States or a United States government agency.
- 3) Obligations of any corporation of the United States Government.
- 4) Certificates of deposit issued by or other interest-bearing accounts of any bank or savings and loan institution which are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or similar entity or which are collateralized, to the extent uninsured, by any obligations, including surety bonds, permitted by KRS 41.240.
- 5) Uncollateralized certificates of deposit issued by any bank or savings and loan institution rated in one of the three highest categories by nationally recognized rating agency.
- 6) Bankers' acceptances for banks rated in one of the three highest categories by a nationally recognized rating agency.
- 7) Commercial paper rated in the highest category by a nationally recognized rating agency.
- 8) Bonds or certificates of indebtedness of this state and of its agencies and instrumentalities.
- 9) Securities issued by a state or local government, or any instrumentality of agency thereof, in the United States, and rated in one of the three highest categories by a nationally recognized rating agency.
- 10) Shares of mutual funds, each of which shall have the following characteristics:
 - a) The mutual funds shall be an open-end diversified investment company registered under the Federal Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended.
 - b) The management company of the investment company shall have been in operation for at least five years.
 - c) All of the securities in the mutual fund shall be eligible investments pursuant to this section.

The fiscal court is limited to investing no more than 20 percent in categories 5, 6, 7, 9, and 10 above per state statute and the fiscal court's investment policy. As of June 30, 2017, the fiscal court does not have any investments in these categories.

The fiscal court's rated investments, as of June 30, 2017, and the ratings are presented in the table below. All issuers of the municipal bonds are located in the Commonwealth of Kentucky.

Note 2. Deposits and Investments (Continued)

B. Investments (Continued)

Credit Risk (Continued)

Standard & Poor's/Moody's Credit Ratings												
Туре	AAA/Aa	aa	AA/Aa		А		WR		Unrated/NA		С	ost Basis
Cash Equivalents U.S. Treasury	\$	\$		\$		\$			\$	110,373	\$	110,373
Mutual Funds										123,995		123,995
Total Fund Balance	\$	0 \$	0	\$	0	\$		0	\$	234,368	\$	234,368

Concentration of Credit Risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the fiscal court's investment in a single issuer. U.S. Government securities and investments in mutual funds are excluded from this risk. The fiscal court does not have five percent or more of the fiscal court's investments invested in any single security.

Interest Rate Risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Investments held for longer periods are subject to increased risk of adverse interest rate changes. The fiscal court's policy provides that, to the extent practicable, investments are matched with anticipated cash flows. Investments are diversified to minimize the risk of loss resulting from over-concentration of assets in a specific maturity period, a single issuer, or an individual class of securities. See table above for investments listed by type and duration.

Foreign Currency Risk is the risk that changes in exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment or deposit. The fiscal court's policy historically has been to invest only in securities in U.S. denominations.

BARREN COUNTY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT June 30, 2017 (Continued)

Note 3. Transfers

The table below shows the interfund operating transfers for fiscal year 2017.

									Corr	rection				
					Ι	Drug	Gove	ernment	Ce	enter		Jail		
	General	Road	Jail	LGEA	For	feiture	Cent	er 2009	2010)/2015	Co	mmissary		Total
	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	F	und	Bon	d Fund	Bond	l Fund		Fund	Tra	ansfers In
General Fund	\$	\$628,977	\$100,000	\$ 83,898	\$	713	\$	119	\$	16	\$		\$	813,723
Road Fund	400,000			38,015										438,015
Jail Fund	523,480											32,156		555,636
Recreation Department														
Fund	75,000													75,000
ABC Fund	22,685													22,685
Government Center														
2009 Bond Fund	260,313													260,313
Correction Center														
201/2015 Bond Fund			486,124											486,124
Public Properties														
Corporation Fund			76,960											76,960
Total Transfers Out	\$1,281,478	\$628,977	\$663,084	\$121,913	\$	713	\$	119	\$	16	\$	32,156	\$2	2,728,456

Reason for transfers:

To move resources from and to the general fund and other funds, for budgetary purposes, to the funds that will expend them.

Note 4. Long-term Debt

A. General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2009 - Government Center

On September 23, 2009, the Barren County Fiscal Court issued \$2,300,000 of general obligation refunding bonds, series 2009, to defease the fiscal court's general obligation bonds, series 2000, whose purpose was to finance the construction of the courthouse annex facility (Government Center). The bonds mature serially through May 1, 2020, and require annual principal payments on May 1 starting on May 1, 2010 and semi-annual interest payments at rates ranging from 1 percent to 3.25 percent on May 1 and November 1 of each year. Bonds outstanding as of June 30, 2017, were \$735,000. Future principal and interest requirements are:

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	I	Principal	Scheduled Interest				
2018 2019 2020	\$	235,000 245,000 255,000	\$	23,413 16,128 8,288			
Totals	\$	735,000	\$	47,829			

BARREN COUNTY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT June 30, 2017 (Continued)

Note 4. Long-term Debt (Continued)

B. General Obligation Bonds, Series 2010B-Correction Center

On April 22, 2010, the Barren County Fiscal Court issued \$8,395,000 of taxable general obligation bonds (Build America Bonds), series 2010A. The bonds mature serially through April 1, 2040, and require annual principal payments on April 1 beginning April 1, 2012, and semi-annual interest payments April 1 and October 1 at varying interest rates from 1.6 percent to 5.75 percent. In addition, on April 22, 2010, the Barren County Fiscal Court also issued \$510,000 in taxable general obligation bonds (Recovery Zone Economic Development Bonds), series 2010B. The bonds require one principal payment on April 1, 2040, and semi-annual interest payments on April 1 and October 1 at an interest rate of 6.10 percent. These bonds were issued for the purpose of the acquisition, construction, and equipping of a new Barren County Corrections Center. The fiscal court expected to receive Build America subsidy payments and Recovery Zone interest subsidy payments from the United States Treasury to cover 35 percent to 45 percent, respectively, of the interest payments on the bonds. On April 1, 2015, the series 2010A bonds were refunded by General Obligation Bonds, series 2015 (see note 4 E). Bonds outstanding as of June 30, 2017, were \$510,000, the remaining series 2010B principal. Future principal and interest requirements are:

Fiscal Year Ended			Scheduled		
June 30	P	rincipal		Interest	
2018	\$		\$	31,110	
2019				31,110	
2020				31,110	
2021				31,110	
2022				31,110	
2023-2027				155,550	
2028-2032				155,550	
2033-2037				155,550	
2038-2040		510,000		93,330	
T. (1	¢	510.000	¢	515 500	
Totals	\$	510,000	\$	715,530	

C. Barren County Public Properties Corporation Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2007

On November 14, 2007, the Barren County Public Properties Corporation issued \$4,325,000 of lease refunding revenue bonds, series 2007, for the purpose of paying the costs associated with the refunding and refinancing of the fiscal court's mortgage revenue bonds, series 1998 used to renovate the Barren County Courthouse. The bonds mature through February 1, 2029, and require annual principal payments on February 1 starting on February 1, 2008, and semi-annual interest payments at 3.80 percent on February 1 and August 1 of each year. On November 14, 2007, the Barren County Public Properties Corporation issued \$4,325,000 of lease refunding revenue bonds, series 2007, for the purpose of paying the costs associated with the refunding and refinancing of the fiscal court's mortgage revenue bonds, series 1998 used to renovate the Barren County Courthouse. The bonds mature through February 1, 2029, and require annual principal payments on February 1 starting on February 1, 2029, and require annual principal payments on February 1 starting of the fiscal court's mortgage revenue bonds, series 1998 used to renovate the Barren County Courthouse. The bonds mature through February 1, 2029, and require annual principal payments on February 1 starting on February 1, 2008, and semi-annual interest payments at 3.80 percent on February 1 and August 1 of each year.

Although the fiscal court is obligated to pay the corporation annual rentals in the full amount of the principal and interest requirements of the bonds for each year the lease agreement is renewed, the fiscal court expects to receive payments for the use of the Barren County Courthouse from the Kentucky Judicial Branch, Administrative Office of the Courts (AOC). AOC will pay directly to the trustee a portion of the fiscal court's annual rental in the form of a use allowance. Bonds outstanding as of June 30, 2017, were \$2,465,000. Future principal and interest requirements are:

C. Barren County Public Properties Corporation Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2007 (Continued)

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	 Principal	~	cheduled Interest
2018 2019 2020 2021 2022 2023-2027 2028-2029	\$ 235,000 170,000 170,000 180,000 185,000 1,050,000 475,000	\$	93,670 84,740 78,280 71,820 64,980 212,990 27,170
Totals	\$ 2,465,000	\$	633,650

D. Glasgow/Barren County Public Library Corporation Lease Revenue Bonds, Series 2008

On December 18, 2008, the Glasgow/Barren County Public Library Corporation issued \$1,245,000 of lease revenue bonds for the purpose of paying the costs associated with renovating and equipping the new library building. The bonds mature serially through December 1, 2033, and require annual principal payments on December 1 beginning December 1, 2009, and semi-annual interest payments on June 1 and December 1 at interest rates ranging from 3 percent to 6.25 percent.

Although the fiscal court and the City of Glasgow are obligated to pay the corporation annual rentals of 90 percent and 10 percent, respectively, of the full amount of the principal and interest requirements of the bonds for each year the lease agreement is renewed, the fiscal court and the City of Glasgow expect to receive payments for the use of the Mary Wood Weldon Memorial Library from the Barren County Library Board. The Barren County Library Board will pay directly to the trustee the annual rental of the fiscal court and the City of Glasgow in the form of a use allowance. Bonds outstanding as of June 30, 2017, were \$1,010,000. Future principal and interest requirements are:

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	 Principal	Scheduled Interest			
2018	\$ 35,000	\$	59,425		
2019	40,000		57,550		
2020	40,000		55,400		
2021	40,000		53,100		
2022	45,000		50,656		
2023-2027	270,000		208,813		
2028-2032	360,000		114,344		
2033-2034	 180,000		11,562		
Totals	\$ 1,010,000	\$	610,850		

E. General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2015-Correction Center

On April 15, 2015, the Barren County Public Properties Corporation issued \$7,815,000 of general obligation refunding bonds, series 2015, for the purpose of paying the costs associated with the refunding and refinancing of the fiscal court's general obligation bonds, series 2010A used to construct the Barren County Corrections Center. The bonds mature through April 1, 2039, and require annual principal payments on April 1 starting on April 1, 2016, and semi-annual interest payments between the rates of 1 to 3.375 percent on October 1 and April 1 of each year. Bonds outstanding as of June 30, 2017, were \$7,300,000. Future principal and interest requirements are:

Fiscal Year Ended		Scheduled		
June 30	 Principal		Interest	
2018	\$ 255,000	\$	210,505	
2019	260,000		206,680	
2020	265,000		201,480	
2021	270,000		196,180	
2022	270,000		190,780	
2023-2027	1,465,000		852,450	
2028-2032	1,690,000		622,750	
2033-2037	1,955,000		344,521	
2038-2039	 870,000		44,381	
Totals	\$ 7,300,000	\$	2,869,727	

F. EMS Building (Barren County #10)

On September 22, 2008, the Barren County Fiscal Court entered into a capital lease agreement with the Kentucky Association of Counties Leasing Trust for the construction of an EMS building. The principal was \$500,000 at a variable interest rate for a period of 20 years, with principal and interest paid monthly. The principal outstanding as of June 30, 2017, was \$337,653. Future principal and interest requirements are:

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	F	Principal	Scheduled Interest				
2018	\$	23,090	\$	14,228			
2019		24,244		13,227			
2020		25,455		12,198			
2021		26,726		11,082			
2022		28,062		9,927			
2023-2027		162,791		30,193			
2028-2029		47,285		1,849			
Totals	\$	337,653	\$	92,704			

G. Fire Radio Upgrade (Barren County #11)

On October 1, 2009, the Barren County Fiscal Court entered into a capital lease agreement with the Kentucky Association of Counties Leasing Trust for the purpose of upgrading the fire department's radio system. The principal was \$276,910 at a variable interest rate for a period of 7 years and 7 months, with principal and interest paid monthly. The outstanding principal was paid and the debt was retired during fiscal year ended June 30, 2017.

H. Ballpark Lighting (Barren County #12)

On January 26, 2010, the Barren County Fiscal Court entered into a capital lease agreement with the Kentucky Association of Counties Leasing Trust for the purchase and installation of ballpark lighting. The principal was \$250,000 at a various interest rate for the period of 13 years and 6 months, with principal and interest paid monthly. The principal outstanding as of June 30, 2017, was \$130,405. Future principal and interest requirements are:

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Scheduled Principal Interest					
Julie 30		Interput				
2018	\$	19,270	\$	5,448		
2019		20,075		4,613		
2020		20,914		3,748		
2021		21,787		2,843		
2022		22,698		1,901		
2023-2024		25,661		950		
Totals	\$	130,405	\$	19,503		
1 Otalo	Ψ	150,405	Ψ	17,505		

I. Ambulance and Equipment (Barren County #15)

On September 14, 2011, the Barren County Fiscal Court entered into a capital lease agreement with the Kentucky Association of Counties Leasing Trust for the purchase of an ambulance and equipment for the ambulance district. The principal was \$232,300 at a variable interest rate with principal and interest paid monthly. The outstanding principal was paid and the debt was retired during fiscal year ended June 30, 2017.

J. County Attorney Building

On January 8, 2016, the Barren County Fiscal Court entered into a promissory note agreement with Betty R. Bailey for the purchase of a new county attorney building located at 200 West Main Street. The note is a five year note that bears interest at a rate of 3.5 percent, with a principal balance of \$110,000. The fiscal court has agreed to fixed equal installments of \$22,000 per year due each January 8th for five years, beginning January 8, 2017. The outstanding principal was paid and the debt was retired during fiscal year ended June 30, 2017.

K. Body Scanner (Barren County #18)

On May 24, 2017, the Barren County Fiscal Court entered into a capital lease agreement with the Kentucky Association of Counties Leasing Trust for the purchase of a body scanner for use at the detention center. The principal was \$150,000 at a variable interest rate with principal and interest paid monthly. The principal outstanding as of June 30, 2017, was \$148,523. Future principal and interest requirements are:

Fiscal Year Ended	Scheduled						
June 30	P	rincipal	I	nterest			
2018	\$	19,312	\$	6,022			
2019		20,001		5,177			
2020		20,714		4,300			
2021		21,453		3,393			
2022		22,218		2,454			
2023-2024		44,825		1,953			
Totals	\$	148,523	\$	23,299			

L. Changes In Long-term Debt

Long-term Debt activity for the year ended June 30, 2017, was as follows:

	Beginning			Ending	Due Within
	Balance	Additions	Reductions	Balance	One Year
General Obligation Bonds	\$ 9,030,000	\$	\$ 485,000	\$ 8,545,000	\$ 490,000
Revenue Bonds	3,735,000		260,000	3,475,000	270,000
Financing Obligations	668,648	150,000	202,067	616,581	61,672
Total Long-term Debt	\$ 13,433,648	\$ 150,000	\$ 947,067	\$12,636,581	\$ 821,672

Note 5. Employee Retirement System

The fiscal court has elected to participate, pursuant to KRS 78.530, in the County Employees Retirement System (CERS), which is administered by the Board of Trustees of the Kentucky Retirement Systems (KRS). This is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer, defined benefit pension plan, which covers all eligible full-time employees and provides for retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members. Benefit contributions and provisions are established by statute.

The county's contribution for FY 2015 was \$820,485, FY 2016 was \$817,322, and FY 2017 was \$840,383.

Note 5. Employee Retirement System (Continued)

Nonhazardous

Nonhazardous covered employees are required to contribute five percent of their salary to the plan. Nonhazardous covered employees who begin participation on or after September 1, 2008, are required to contribute six percent of their salary to be allocated as follows: five percent will go to the member's account and one percent will go to the KRS insurance fund.

In accordance with Senate Bill 2, signed by the Governor on April 4, 2013, plan members who began participating on or after January 1, 2014, were required to contribute to the Cash Balance Plan. The Cash Balance Plan is known as a hybrid plan because it has characteristics of both a defined benefit plan and a defined contribution plan. Members in the plan contribute a set percentage of their salary each month to their own accounts. Nonhazardous covered employees contribute five percent of their annual creditable compensation. Nonhazardous members also contribute one percent to the health insurance fund which is not credited to the member's account and is not refundable. The employer contributes a set percentage of the member's salary. Each month, when employer contributions are received, an employer pay credit is deposited to the member's account. A member's account is credited with a four percent employer pay credit. The employer pay credit represents a portion of the employer contribution.

Benefits fully vest on reaching five years of service for nonhazardous employees. Aspects of benefits for nonhazardous employees include retirement after 27 years of service or age 65. Nonhazardous employees who begin participation on or after September 1, 2008, must meet the rule of 87 (member's age plus years of service credit must equal 87, and the member must be a minimum of 57 years of age) or the member is age 65, with a minimum of 60 months service credit.

The county's contribution rate for nonhazardous employees was 18.68 percent.

Hazardous

Hazardous covered employees are required to contribute eight percent of their salary to the plan. Hazardous covered employees who begin participation on or after September 1, 2008, are required to contribute nine percent of their salary to be allocated as follows: eight percent will go to the member's account and one percent will go to the KRS insurance fund.

In accordance with Senate Bill 2, signed by the Governor on April 4, 2013, plan members who began participating on or after January 1, 2014, were required to contribute to the Cash Balance Plan. The Cash Balance Plan is known as a hybrid plan because it has characteristics of both a defined benefit plan and a defined contribution plan.

Members in the plan contribute a set percentage of their salary each month to their own accounts. Hazardous members contribute eight percent of their annual creditable compensation and also contribute one percent to the health insurance fund which is not credited to the member's account and is not refundable. The employer contribution rate is set annually by the Board based on an actuarial valuation. The employer contributes a set percentage of the member's salary. Each month, when employer contributions are received, an employer pay credit is deposited to the member's account. A hazardous member's account is credited with a seven and one-half percent employer pay credit. The employer pay credit represents a portion of the employer contribution.

BARREN COUNTY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT June 30, 2017 (Continued)

Note 5. Employee Retirement System (Continued)

Hazardous (Continued)

Aspects of benefits for hazardous employees include retirement after 20 years of service or age 55. For hazardous employees who begin participation on or after September 1, 2008, aspects of benefits include retirement after 25 years of service or the member is age 60, with a minimum of 60 months of service credit.

The county's contribution rate for hazardous employees was 31.06 percent.

Health Insurance Coverage

CERS also provides post-retirement health care coverage as follows:

For members participating prior to July 1, 2003, years of service and respective percentages of the maximum contribution are as follows:

Years of Service	% Paid by Insurance Fund	% Paid by Member through Payroll Deduction
20 or more	100%	0%
15-19	75%	25%
10-14	50%	50%
4-9	25%	75%
Less than 4	0%	100%

As a result of House Bill 290 (2004 General Assembly), medical insurance benefits are calculated differently for members who began participation on or after July 1, 2003. Once members reach a minimum vesting period of ten years, non-hazardous employees whose participation began on or after July 1, 2003, earn ten dollars per month for insurance benefits at retirement for every year of earned service without regard to a maximum dollar amount. This dollar amount is subject to adjustment annually based on the retiree cost of living adjustment, which is updated annually due to changes in the Consumer Price Index.

Hazardous employees whose participation began on or after July 1, 2003, earn 15 dollars per month for insurance benefits at retirement for every year of earned service without regard to a maximum dollar amount. Upon the death of a hazardous employee, the employee's spouse receives ten dollars per month for insurance benefits for each year of the deceased employee's hazardous service. This dollar amount is subject to adjustment annually based on the retiree cost of living adjustment, which is updated annually due to changes in the Consumer Price Index.

KRS issues a publicly available annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information on CERS. This report may be obtained by writing the Kentucky Retirement Systems, 1260 Louisville Road, Frankfort, KY 40601-6124, or by telephone at (502) 564-4646.

KRS also issues a proportionate share audit report that includes the total pension liability for CERS determined by actuarial valuation as well as each participating county's proportionate share. The Schedules of Employer Allocations and Pension Amounts by Employer report and the related actuarial tables are available online at https://kyret.ky.gov/Employers/Resources/Pages/GASB.aspx. The complete actuarial valuation report, including all actuarial assumptions and methods, is also available on the website or can be obtained as described in the paragraph above.

BARREN COUNTY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT June 30, 2017 (Continued)

Note 6. Deferred Compensation

The Barren County Fiscal Court voted to allow all eligible employees to participate in deferred compensation plans administered by the Kentucky Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Authority. The Kentucky Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Authority is authorized under KRS 18A.230 to 18A.275 to provide administration of tax sheltered supplemental retirement plans for all state, public school and university employees, and employees of local political subdivisions that have elected to participate.

These deferred compensation plans permit all full time employees to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency. Participation by eligible employees in the deferred compensation plans is voluntary.

Historical trend information showing the Kentucky Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Authority's progress in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due is presented in the Kentucky Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Authority's annual financial report. This report may be obtained by writing the Kentucky Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Authority at 101 Sea Hero Road, Suite 110, Frankfort, KY 40601-8862, or by telephone at (502) 573-7925.

Note 7. Health Reimbursement Account/Flexible Spending Account

The Barren County Fiscal Court established a flexible spending account on September 11, 1995, to provide employees an additional health benefit. The county has contracted with a third-party administrator to administer the plan. The plan provides a debit card to each eligible employee, providing up to \$2,550 for 2017 to pay for qualified medical expenses. Employees may also contribute additional pre-tax funds through payroll deduction. The balance of the plan is \$3,242.

Note 8. Insurance

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, the Barren County Fiscal Court was a member of the Kentucky Association of Counties' All Lines Fund (KALF). KALF is a self-insurance fund and was organized to obtain lower cost coverage for general liability, property damage, public officials' errors and omissions, public liability, and other damages. The basic nature of a self-insurance program is that of collectively shared risk by its members. If losses incurred for covered claims exceed the resources contributed by the members, the members are responsible for payment of the excess losses.

Note 9. Subsequent Events

On August 23, 2017, the Barren County Public Properties Corporation issued lease revenue refunding bonds of \$2,250,000 to refinance the lease revenue refunding bonds, series 2007, the proceeds of which were used to refinance certain obligation previously issued by the corporation to finance the acquisition, renovation, and equipping of a court facility in the Barren County Courthouse. The principal is payable annually on June 30 and the final payment is due June 30, 2029. Interest is payable semi-annually on February 1 and August 1 of each year at a fixed rate of 4 percent.

Note 10. Prior Period Adjustment

The beginning fund balance reported on the *Statement of Receipts, Disbursements, and Changes in Fund Balances - Regulatory Basis* for the general fund has been restated by \$30,397. The restatement is due to the reconciled balance of the payroll revolving account as of June 30, 2016, being added to the general fund cash balance for financial reporting purposes.

BARREN COUNTY BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES Supplementary Information - Regulatory Basis

For The Year Ended June 30, 2017

THIS PAGE LEFT BLANK INTENTIONALLY

BARREN COUNTY BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES Supplementary Information - Regulatory Basis

For The Year Ended June 30, 2017

	GENERAL FUND							
		Budgeted	ounts Final	Actual Amounts, (Budgetary		Variance with Final Budget Positive		
RECEIPTS		Original		rillai		Basis)		(Negative)
Taxes	\$	4,260,000	\$	4,557,892	\$	4,495,387	\$	(62,505)
In Lieu Tax Payments	Ŷ	96,000	Ψ	104,926	Ψ	109,029	Ψ	4,103
Licenses and Permits		163,500		183,069		193,162		10,093
Intergovernmental		2,919,200		3,095,810		3,161,643		65,833
Miscellaneous		150,900		189,209		140,977		(48,232)
Interest		5,300		12,500		13,781		1,281
Total Receipts		7,594,900		8,143,406		8,113,979		(29,427)
DISBURSEMENTS								
General Government		3,426,874		3,521,816		3,280,654		241,162
Protection to Persons and Property		1,010,571		1,091,435		949,689		141,746
General Health and Sanitation		826,106		839,850		761,590		78,260
Social Services		102,250		111,592		100,682		10,910
Recreation and Culture		627,200		630,137		624,731		5,406
Debt Service		485,450		574,463		312,003		262,460
Administration		1,513,465		1,890,860		1,391,961		498,899
Total Disbursements		7,991,916		8,660,153		7,421,310		1,238,843
Excess (Deficiency) of Receipts Over Disbursements Before Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)		(397,016)		(516,747)		692,669		1,209,416
Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)								
Transfers From Other Funds		341,071		369,774		813,723		443,949
Transfers To Other Funds		(742,941)		(765,626)		(1,281,478)		(515,852)
Total Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)	_	(401,870)		(395,852)		(467,755)		(71,903)
Net Change in Fund Balance		(798,886)		(912,599)		224,914		1,137,513
Fund Balance - Beginning (Restated)		798,886		798,886		569,906		(228,980)
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	0	\$	(113,713)	\$	794,820	\$	908,533

				ROA	D FU	JND		
		Budgeted Original	ounts Final		Actual Amounts, Budgetary Basis)	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
RECEIPTS								
Intergovernmental	\$	1,739,281	\$	2,275,075	\$	2,241,900	\$	(33,175)
Miscellaneous		700		14,152		14,686		534
Interest		12,000		26,000		32,040		6,040
Total Receipts		1,751,981		2,315,227		2,288,626		(26,601)
DISBURSEMENTS								
Roads		2,207,500		2,889,480		1,881,556		1,007,924
Administration		317,700		1,338,460		283,969		1,054,491
Total Disbursements		2,525,200		4,227,940		2,165,525		2,062,415
Excess (Deficiency) of Receipts Over Disbursements Before Other								
Adjustments to Cash (Uses)		(773,219)		(1,912,713)		123,101		2,035,814
Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)								
Transfers From Other Funds				38,015		438,015		400,000
Transfers To Other Funds		(201,071)		(228,977)		(628,977)		(400,000)
Total Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)		(201,071)		(190,962)		(190,962)		
Net Change in Fund Balance		(974,290)		(2,103,675)		(67,861)		2,035,814
Fund Balance - Beginning		974,290		2,203,675		2,203,674		(1)
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	0	\$	100,000	\$	2,135,813	\$	2,035,813

	JAIL FUND								
		Budgeted Original	Am	ounts Final		Actual Amounts, Budgetary Basis)	Variance with Final Budget Positive		
RECEIPTS		Oliginal		1 11/41		Da313)	(Negative)	
Intergovernmental	\$	1,717,600	\$	2,128,631	\$	2,106,952	\$	(21,679)	
Charges for Services	Ŧ	129,000	Ŧ	164,336	Ŧ	167,677	Ŧ	3,341	
Miscellaneous		297,700		377,481		239,049		(138,432)	
Interest		25		1,685		2,004		319	
Total Receipts		2,144,325		2,672,133		2,515,682		(156,451)	
DISBURSEMENTS									
Protection to Persons and Property		1,573,093		2,005,097		1,884,494		120,603	
Debt Service		6,400		8,856		8,787		69	
Capital Projects		500		2,175		2,175			
Administration		660,300		931,573		572,903		358,670	
Total Disbursements		2,240,293		2,947,701		2,468,359		479,342	
Excess (Deficiency) of Receipts Over									
Disbursements Before Other									
Adjustments to Cash (Uses)		(95,968)		(275,568)		47,323		322,891	
Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)									
Lease Proceeds				150,000		150,000			
Transfers From Other Funds		647,093		647,093		555,636		(91,457)	
Transfers To Other Funds		(576,125)		(576,125)		(663,084)		(86,959)	
Total Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)		70,968		220,968		42,552		(178,416)	
Net Change in Fund Balance		(25,000)		(54,600)		89,875		144,475	
Fund Balance - Beginning		25,000		54,600		54,600			
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	0	\$	0	\$	144,475	\$	144,475	

		Budgeted Original	ounts Final	Actual Amounts, (Budgetary Basis)		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
RECEIPTS				1 11141		Dasis)	(1	(egative)
Intergovernmental Interest	\$	140,000	\$	178,015 100	\$	121,130 86	\$	(56,885) (14)
Total Receipts		140,000		178,115		121,216		(56,899)
Excess (Deficiency) of Receipts Over Disbursements Before Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)		140,000		178,115		121,216		(56,899)
Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)								
Transfers To Other Funds		(140,000)		(178,812)		(121,913)		56,899
Total Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)		(140,000)		(178,812)		(121,913)		56,899
Net Change in Fund Balance Fund Balance - Beginning				(697) 697		(697) 697		
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0

LOCAL GOVERNMENT ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE FUND

	RECREATION DEPARTMENT FUND								
	Budgeted Amounts Original Final			Actual Amounts, (Budgetary Basis)		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)			
RECEIPTS									
Charges for Services	\$	6,500	\$	17,572	\$	14,573	\$	(2,999)	
Miscellaneous		29,000		32,107		30,253		(1,854)	
Interest				150		159		9	
Total Receipts		35,500		49,829		44,985		(4,844)	
DISBURSEMENTS									
Recreation and Culture		100,248		109,104		83,000		26,104	
Debt Service		25,300		25,300		24,745		555	
Administration		18,100		24,509		17,345		7,164	
Total Disbursements		143,648		158,913		125,090		33,823	
Excess (Deficiency) of Receipts Over Disbursements Before Other									
Adjustments to Cash (Uses)		(108,148)		(109,084)		(80,105)		28,979	
Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)									
Transfers From Other Funds		95,848		95,848		75,000		(20,848)	
Total Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)		95,848		95,848		75,000		(20,848)	
Net Change in Fund Balance		(12,300)		(13,236)		(5,105)		8,131	
Fund Balance - Beginning		12,300		13,236		13,236			
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	0	\$	0	\$	8,131	\$	8,131	

	DRUG FORFEITURE FUND								
	Budgeted Amounts Original Final			Actual Amounts, (Budgetary		Variance with Final Budget Positive			
				Final	al Basis		(Negative)		
RECEIPTS									
Miscellaneous	\$	1,000	\$	19,735	\$	14,404	\$	(5,331)	
Total Receipts		1,000		19,735		14,404		(5,331)	
DISBURSEMENTS									
Protection to Persons and Property		1,000		10,468		9,595		873	
Administration				9,518		4,000		5,518	
Total Disbursements		1,000		19,986		13,595		6,391	
Excess (Deficiency) of Receipts Over Disbursements Before Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)				(251)		809		1,060	
Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)									
Transfers To Other Funds						(713)		(713)	
Total Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)						(713)		(713)	
Net Change in Fund Balance Fund Balance - Beginning				(251) 964		96 964		347	
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	0	\$	713	\$	1,060	\$	347	

BARREN COUNTY BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES Supplementary Information - Regulatory Basis For The Year Ended June 30, 2017 (Continued)

	HISEVILLE CEMETARY FUND								
		Budgeted Amounts Original Final				Actual Amounts, (Budgetary Basis)		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
RECEIPTS									
Charges for Services	\$	5,500	\$	6,720	\$	6,575	\$	(145)	
Miscellaneous				1,110		1,210		100	
Interest				2,280		1,484		(796)	
Total Receipts		5,500		10,110		9,269		(841)	
DISBURSEMENTS									
Social Services		12,000		14,200		9,691		4,509	
Administration				157,434		50		157,384	
Total Disbursements		12,000		171,634		9,741		161,893	
Excess (Deficiency) of Receipts Over Disbursements Before Other									
Adjustments to Cash (Uses)		(6,500)		(161,524)		(472)		161,052	
Net Change in Fund Balance		(6,500)		(161,524)		(472)		161,052	
Fund Balance - Beginning		6,500		161,524		161,524			
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	0	\$	0	\$	161,052	\$	161,052	

BARREN COUNTY BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES Supplementary Information - Regulatory Basis For The Year Ended June 30, 2017 (Continued)

	ABC FUND							
		Budgeted Amounts			Actual Amounts, (Budgetary		Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	Origin	al		Final	Basis)		(Negative)	
RECEIPTS								
Licenses and Permits	\$		\$	1,400	\$	1,400	\$	
Total Receipts				1,400		1,400		
DISBURSEMENTS								
Administration				24,085				24,085
Total Disbursements				24,085				24,085
Excess (Deficiency) of Receipts Over								
Disbursements Before Other								
Adjustments to Cash (Uses)				(22,685)		1,400		24,085
Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)								
Transfers From Other Funds				22,685		22,685		
Total Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)				22,685		22,685		
				22,005		22,005		
Net Change in Fund Balance						24,085		24,085
Fund Balance - Beginning								
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	0	\$	0	\$	24,085	\$	24,085

BARREN COUNTY NOTES TO REGULATORY SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES

June 30, 2017

Note 1. Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted on a regulatory basis of accounting which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board and according to the laws of Kentucky as required by the state local finance officer.

The county judge/executive is required to submit estimated receipts and proposed disbursements to the fiscal court by May 1 of each year. The budget is prepared by fund, function, and activity and is required to be adopted by the fiscal court by July 1.

The fiscal court may change the original budget by transferring appropriations at the activity level; however, the fiscal court may not increase the total budget without approval by the state local finance officer. Disbursements may not exceed budgeted appropriations at the activity level.

THIS PAGE LEFT BLANK INTENTIONALLY

BARREN COUNTY SCHEDULE OF CAPITAL ASSETS Supplementary Information - Regulatory Basis

For The Year Ended June 30, 2017

THIS PAGE LEFT BLANK INTENTIONALLY

BARREN COUNTY SCHEDULE OF CAPITAL ASSETS Supplementary Information - Regulatory Basis

For The Year Ended June 30, 2017

The fiscal court reports the following Schedule of Capital Assets:

	Beginning Balance	Additions Deletions		Ending Balance	
Land and Land Improvements	\$ 1,265,357	\$	\$	\$ 1,265,357	
Buildings	20,230,385			20,230,385	
Vehicles	1,888,103	319,278	108,254	2,099,127	
Machinery and Equipment	2,358,251	189,195	31,750	2,515,696	
Infrastructure	7,863,854	893,067		8,756,921	
Total Capital Assets	\$ 33,605,950	\$ 1,401,540	\$ 140,004	\$34,867,486	

BARREN COUNTY NOTES TO REGULATORY SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - SCHEDULE OF CAPITAL ASSETS

June 30, 2017

Note 1. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, land improvements, buildings, furniture and office equipment, building improvements, machinery, equipment, and infrastructure assets (roads and bridges) that have a useful life of more than one reporting period based on the government's capitalization policy, are reported as other information. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost when purchased or constructed.

	Capitalization		Useful Life	
	Threshold		(Years)	
Land Improvements	\$	12,500	10-60	
Buildings and Building Improvements	\$	25,000	10-75	
Machinery and Equipment	\$	2,500	3-25	
Vehicles	\$	2,500	3-25	
Infrastructure	\$	20,000	10-50	

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENT PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

THIS PAGE LEFT BLANK INTENIONALLY



MIKE HARMON AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS

The Honorable Micheal Hale, Barren County Judge/Executive Members of the Barren County Fiscal Court

Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance And Other Matters Based On An Audit Of The Financial Statement Performed In Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards*

Independent Auditor's Report

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the Statement of Receipts, Disbursements, and Changes in Fund Balances - Regulatory Basis of the Barren County Fiscal Court for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statement which collectively comprise the Barren County Fiscal Court's financial statement and have issued our report thereon dated February 27, 2018.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statement, we considered the Barren County Fiscal Court's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statement, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Barren County Fiscal Court's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Barren County Fiscal Court's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statement will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

209 ST. CLAIR STREET FRANKFORT, KY 40601-1817 Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance And Other Matters Based On An Audit Of The Financial Statement Performed In Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards* (Continued)

Compliance And Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Barren County Fiscal Court's financial statement is free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Respectfully submitted,

Mike Harmon Auditor of Public Accounts

February 27, 2018

CERTIFICATION OF COMPLIANCE -LOCAL GOVERNMENT ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE PROGRAM

BARREN COUNTY FISCAL COURT

For The Year Ended June 30, 2017

THIS PAGE LEFT BLANK INTENTIONALLY

CERTIFICATION OF COMPLIANCE

LOCAL GOVERNMENT ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE

BARREN COUNTY FISCAL COURT

For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

The Barren County Fiscal Court hereby certifies that assistance received from the Local Government Economic Assistance Program was expended for the purpose intended as dictated by the applicable Kentucky Revised Statutes.

micheal bab

County Judge/Executive

Denise Riddle

County Treasurer