REPORT OF THE AUDIT OF THE BALLARD COUNTY SHERIFF

For The Year Ended December 31, 2016



MIKE HARMON AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS

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MIKE HARMON AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS

The Honorable Todd Cooper, Ballard County Judge/Executive The Honorable Carey Batts, Ballard County Sheriff Members of the Ballard County Fiscal Court

Independent Auditor's Report

Report on the Financial Statement

We have audited the accompanying Statement of Receipts, Disbursements, and Excess Fees - Regulatory Basis of the Sheriff of Ballard County, Kentucky, for the year ended December 31, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statement.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statement

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statement in accordance with accounting practices prescribed or permitted by the laws of Kentucky to demonstrate compliance with the Commonwealth of Kentucky's regulatory basis of accounting and budget laws. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statement that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial statement based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the *Audit Guide for County Fee Officials* issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts, Commonwealth of Kentucky. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statement is free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statement. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statement, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statement in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statement.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.



The Honorable Todd Cooper, Ballard County Judge/Executive The Honorable Carey Batts, Ballard County Sheriff Members of the Ballard County Fiscal Court

Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

As described in Note 1 of the financial statement, the financial statement is prepared by the Ballard County Sheriff on the basis of the accounting practices prescribed or permitted by the laws of Kentucky to demonstrate compliance with the Commonwealth of Kentucky's regulatory basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The effects on the financial statement of the variances between the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note 1 and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, although not reasonably determinable, are presumed to be material.

Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

In our opinion, because of the significance of the matter discussed in the Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles paragraph, the financial statement referred to above does not present fairly, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of each fund of the Ballard County Sheriff, as of December 31, 2016, or changes in financial position or cash flows thereof for the year then ended.

Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting

In our opinion, the financial statement referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the receipts, disbursements, and excess fees of the Ballard County Sheriff for the year ended December 31, 2016, in accordance with the basis of accounting practices prescribed or permitted by the Commonwealth of Kentucky as described in Note 1.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated April 19, 2018, on our consideration of the Ballard County Sheriff's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Based on the results of our audit, we have presented the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses, included herein, which discusses the following report comments:

2016-001 The Ballard County Sheriff's Office Lacks Adequate Segregation Of Duties

2016-002 The Ballard County Sheriff Has Internal Control Deficiencies And Non-Compliances Over Receipts

Respectfully submitted,

Mike Harmon

Auditor of Public Accounts

BALLARD COUNTY CAREY BATTS, SHERIFF STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND EXCESS FEES - REGULATORY BASIS

For The Year Ended December 31, 2016

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Federal Grants			\$ 16,667
State Grant			3,603
State - Kentucky Law Enforcement Foundation Program Fund (KLEFP	F)		34,637
State Fees For Services: Finance and Administration Cabinet Sheriff Security Service Cabinet For Health And Family Services Driving Safe - Hayden	\$	67,470 409 5,411 695	73,985
Circuit Court Clerk:			
Fines and Fees Collected			5,472
Fiscal Court			250,830
County Clerk - Delinquent Taxes			16,802
Commission On Taxes Collected			240,633
Fees Collected For Services: Accident and Police Reports Auto Inspections Barlow/Kevil Carry Concealed Deadly Weapon Permits City of Wickliffe Serving Papers		864 2,580 3,600 3,900 21,600 10,430	42,974
Other: Add-On Fees Miscellaneous		11,297 26,729	38,026
Interest Earned			635
Borrowed Money: State Advancement			120,000
Total Receipts			844,264

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

BALLARD COUNTY

CAREY BATTS, SHERIFF

STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND EXCESS FEES - REGULATORY BASIS

For The Year Ended December 31, 2016

(Continued)

Disbursements

Operating Disbursements and Capital Outlay:			
Personnel Services-			
Deputies' Salaries	\$ 398,393		
Contracted Services-			
Vehicle Maintenance and Repairs	18,300		
Materials and Supplies-			
Office Materials and Supplies	72,776		
Uniforms	16,329		
Auto Expense-			
Gasoline	31,428		
Vehicle Expense	82,114		
Other Charges-			
Training	3,353		
Dues	543		
Postage	88		
Transport Prisoners	505		
Miscellaneous	1,455	\$ 625,284	
Debt Service:			
State Advancement		120,000	
Total Disbursements			\$ 745,284
Net Receipts			98,980
Less: Statutory Maximum			71,463
Excess Fees			27,517
Less: Training Incentive Benefit			1,984
Excess Fees Due County for 2016			25,533
Payment to Fiscal Court - January 11, 2017			21,116
Balance Due Fiscal Court at Completion of Audit			\$ 4,417

BALLARD COUNTY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT

December 31, 2016

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Fund Accounting

A fee official uses a fund to report on the results of operations. A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain government functions or activities.

A fee official uses a fund for fees to account for activities for which the government desires periodic determination of the excess of receipts over disbursements to facilitate management control, accountability, and compliance with laws.

B. Basis of Accounting

KRS 64.820 directs the fiscal court to collect any amount, including excess fees, due from the sheriff as determined by the audit. KRS 134.192 requires the sheriff to settle excess fees with the fiscal court at the time he files his annual settlement with the fiscal court on or before September 1 of each year. KRS 64.830 requires an outgoing sheriff to settle excess fees with the fiscal court of his county by March 15 immediately following the expiration of his term of office.

The financial statement has been prepared on a regulatory basis of accounting, which demonstrates compliance with the laws of Kentucky and is a special purpose framework. Under this regulatory basis of accounting, receipts and disbursements are generally recognized when cash is received or disbursed, with the exception of accrual of the following items (not all-inclusive) at December 31 that may be included in the excess fees calculation:

- Interest receivable
- Collection on accounts due from others for 2016 services
- Reimbursements for 2016 activities
- Tax commissions due from December tax collections
- Payments due other governmental entities for payroll
- Payments due vendors for goods or services provided in 2016

The measurement focus of a fee official is upon excess fees. Remittance of excess fees is due to the county treasurer in the subsequent year.

C. Cash and Investments

KRS 66.480 authorizes the sheriff's office to invest in obligations of the United States and of its agencies and instrumentalities, obligations and contracts for future delivery or purchase of obligations backed by the full faith and credit of the United States, obligations of any corporation of the United States government, bonds or certificates of indebtedness of this state, and certificates of deposit issued by or other interest-bearing accounts of any bank or savings and loan institution which are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or which are collateralized, to the extent uninsured, by any obligation permitted by KRS 41.240(4).

Note 2. Employee Retirement System and Other Post-Employment Benefits

The county official and employees have elected to participate, pursuant to KRS 78.530, in the County Employees Retirement System (CERS), which is administered by the Board of Trustees of the Kentucky Retirement Systems (KRS). This is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer, defined benefit pension plan, which covers all eligible full-time employees and provides for retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members. Benefit contributions and provisions are established by statute.

BALLARD COUNTY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT December 31, 2016 (Continued)

Note 2. Employee Retirement System and Other Post-Employment Benefits (Continued)

Nonhazardous

Nonhazardous covered employees are required to contribute five percent of their salary to the plan. Nonhazardous covered employees who begin participation on or after September 1, 2008, are required to contribute six percent of their salary to be allocated as follows: five percent will go to the member's account and one percent will go to the KRS insurance fund.

In accordance with Senate Bill 2, signed by the Governor on April 4, 2013, plan members who began participating on, or after, January 1, 2014, were required to contribute to the Cash Balance Plan. The Cash Balance Plan is known as a hybrid plan because it has characteristics of both a defined benefit plan and a defined contribution plan. Members in the plan contribute a set percentage of their salary each month to their own accounts. Nonhazardous covered employees contribute five percent of their annual creditable compensation. Nonhazardous members also contribute one percent to the health insurance fund which is not credited to the member's account and is not refundable. The employer contribution rate is set annually by the Board based on an actuarial valuation. The employer contributes a set percentage of the member's salary. Each month, when employer contributions are received, an employer pay credit is deposited to the member's account. A member's account is credited with a four percent employer pay credit. The employer pay credit represents a portion of the employer contribution.

Benefits fully vest on reaching five years of service for nonhazardous employees. Aspects of benefits for nonhazardous employees include retirement after 27 years of service or age 65. Nonhazardous employees who begin participation on or after September 1, 2008, must meet the rule of 87 (member's age plus years of service credit must equal 87, and the member must be a minimum of 57 years of age) or the member is age 65, with a minimum of 60 months service credit.

The county's contribution rate for nonhazardous employees was 17.06 percent for the first six months and 18.68 percent for the last six months.

Health Insurance Coverage

CERS also provides post-retirement health care coverage as follows:

For members participating prior to July 1, 2003, years of service and respective percentages of the maximum contribution are as follows:

		% Paid by Member through
Years of Service	% Paid by Insurance Fund	Payroll Deduction
20 or more	100%	0%
15-19	75%	25%
10-14	50%	50%
4-9	25%	75%
Less than 4	0%	100%

BALLARD COUNTY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT December 31, 2016 (Continued)

Note 2. Employee Retirement System and Other Post-Employment Benefits (Continued)

As a result of House Bill 290 (2004 General Assembly), medical insurance benefits are calculated differently for members who began participation on or after July 1, 2003. Once members reach a minimum vesting period of ten years, non-hazardous employees whose participation began on or after July 1, 2003, earn ten dollars per month for insurance benefits at retirement for every year of earned service without regard to a maximum dollar amount. This dollar amount is subject to adjustment annually based on the retiree cost of living adjustment, which is updated annually due to changes in the Consumer Price Index.

KRS issues a publicly available annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information on CERS. This report may be obtained by writing the Kentucky Retirement Systems, 1260 Louisville Road, Frankfort, KY 40601-6124, or by telephone at (502) 564-4646.

Note 3. Deposits

The Ballard County Sheriff maintained deposits of public funds with depository institutions insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) as required by KRS 66.480(1)(d). According to KRS 41.240, the depository institution should pledge or provide sufficient collateral which, together with FDIC insurance, equals or exceeds the amount of public funds on deposit at all times. In order to be valid against the FDIC in the event of failure or insolvency of the depository institution, this pledge or provision of collateral should be evidenced by an agreement between the sheriff and the depository institution, signed by both parties, that is (a) in writing, (b) approved by the board of directors of the depository institution or its loan committee, which approval must be reflected in the minutes of the board or committee, and (c) an official record of the depository institution.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a depository institution failure the sheriff's deposits may not be returned. The Ballard County Sheriff does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk but rather follows the requirements of KRS 66.480(1)(d) and KRS 41.240. As of December 31, 2016, all deposits were covered by FDIC insurance or a properly executed collateral security agreement. However, as of November 7, 2016, public funds were exposed to custodial credit risk because the bank did not adequately collateralize the sheriff's deposits in accordance with the security agreement.

• Uncollateralized and Uninsured \$182,386

Note 4. Federal Grant

The Ballard County Sheriff's office received a federal grant from the Department of Justice. The funds were received from the Kentucky State Police for Public Safety in the amount of \$16,667. The Ballard County Sheriff's office complied with the terms of the grant agreement.

Note 5. State Grant

The Ballard County Sheriff's office received two Federal Highway Safety grants from the Department of Justice for July 2015 to June 2016 and July 2016 to June 2017. During 2016 grant funds in the amount of \$3,603 were received. All funds were expended for their intended purpose.

BALLARD COUNTY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT December 31, 2016 (Continued)

Note 6. Federal Drug Fund

The Ballard County Sheriff's office has a drug fund established by an order of the circuit court, which is authorized by KRS Chapter 218A. Receipts result from the forfeiture of money and property awarded in drug cases. The funds are spent for supplies, equipment, vehicle repairs, and drug awareness programs. The balance as of January 1, 2016 was \$3,536. During the calendar year, receipts totaled \$4 and disbursements totaled \$2,419 leaving an ending balance of \$1,121 as of December 31, 2016.

Note 7. State Drug Fund

The Ballard County Sheriff's office maintains a state drug fund. Receipts result from the forfeiture of money and property awarded in state drug cases. The funds are spent for supplies, equipment, vehicle repairs, and drug awareness programs. The balance as of January 1, 2016 was \$2,007. During the calendar year, receipts totaled \$9,372 and disbursements totaled \$756 leaving an ending balance of \$10,623 as of December 31, 2016.

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENT PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS





MIKE HARMON AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS

The Honorable Todd Cooper, Ballard County Judge/Executive The Honorable Carey Batts, Ballard County Sheriff Members of the Ballard County Fiscal Court

> Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance And Other Matters Based On An Audit Of The Financial Statement Performed In Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards*

Independent Auditor's Report

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the Statement of Receipts, Disbursements, and Excess Fees - Regulatory Basis of the Ballard County Sheriff for the year ended December 31, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statement and have issued our report thereon dated April 19, 2018. The Ballard County Sheriff's financial statement is prepared on a regulatory basis of accounting, which demonstrates compliance with the Commonwealth of Kentucky's regulatory basis of accounting and budget laws, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statement, we considered the Ballard County Sheriff's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statement, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Ballard County Sheriff's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Ballard County Sheriff's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses, we identified a certain deficiency in internal control that we consider to be a material weakness and another deficiency that we consider to be a significant deficiency.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statement will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We consider the deficiency described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses as item 2016-001 to be a material weakness.

A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiency described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses as item 2016-002 to be a significant deficiency.







Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance And Other Matters Based On An Audit Of The Financial Statement Performed In Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards* (Continued)

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Ballard County Sheriff's financial statement is free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed an instance of noncompliance or other matters that is required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which is described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses as item 2016-002.

Views of Responsible Official and Planned Corrective Action

The Ballard County Sheriff's views and planned corrective action for the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses. The sheriff's responses were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statement and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Purpose of this Report

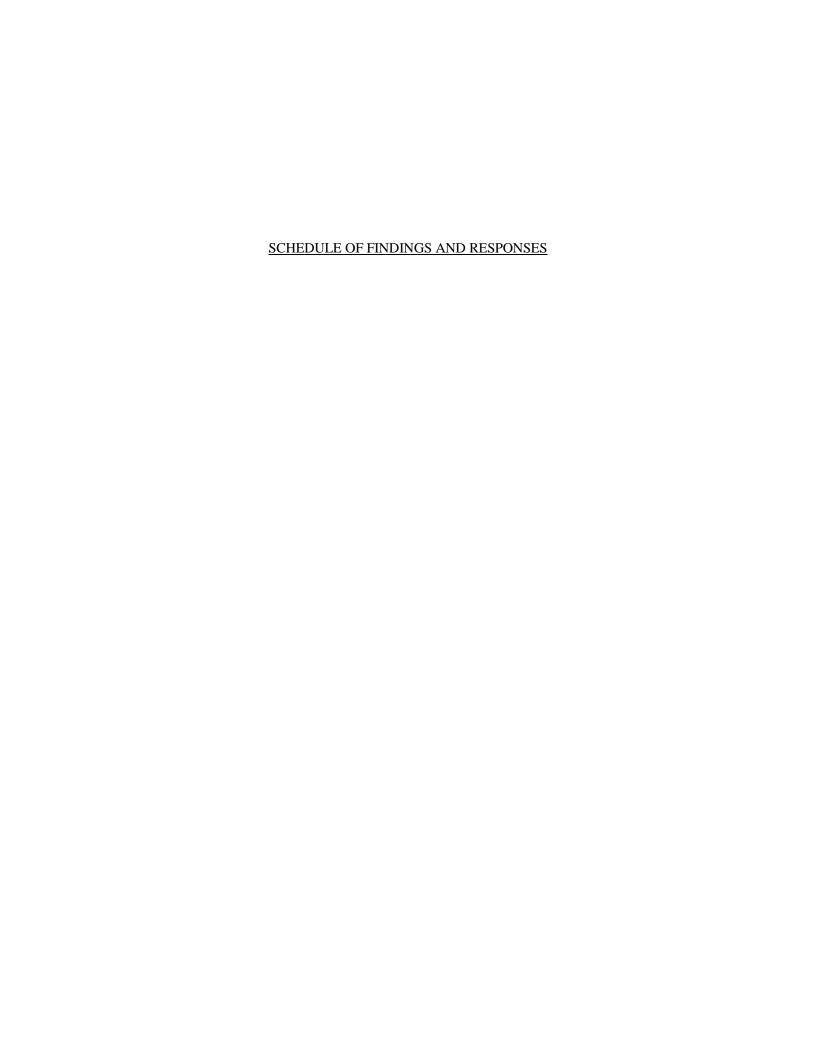
The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Respectfully submitted,

Mike Harmon

Auditor of Public Accounts

April 19, 2018





BALLARD COUNTY CAREY BATTS, SHERIFF SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES

For The Year Ended December 31, 2016

FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS:

2016-001 The Ballard County Sheriff's Office Lacks Adequate Segregation Of Duties

The Ballard County Sheriff's office, lacks adequate segregation of duties. This is a repeat finding and was included in the prior year audit report as finding 2015-001. The sheriff's bookkeeper is responsible for accepting money, performing all of the reconciliations, posting to ledgers, preparing checks, and creating reports. Although there were some compensating controls, they were not sufficient to offset the lack of segregation of duties. According to the sheriff, the bookkeeper has so many responsibilities due to the limited size of the office.

A lack of segregation of duties or strong oversight increases the risk that errors or fraud could occur and not be detected. Segregation of duties or the implementation of compensating controls, when limited by the number of staff, is essential for providing protection against the misappropriation of assets and inaccurate financial reporting. Additionally, proper segregation of duties protects employees in the normal course of performing their daily responsibilities.

Good internal controls dictate that certain accounting functions should be performed by several different employees to provide reasonable assurance the financial activity is properly accounted for and accurately reported. In order to achieve a proper segregation of duties, we recommend that the sheriff assign some of the duties to other employees, and if that is not possible the office should implement more compensating controls to offset the lack of segregation of duties.

Sheriff's Response: The Ballard County Sheriff's Office operates on a limited office staff due to limited funds. In the future, my goal will to be employ more office staff if finances allow. In the meantime, I will make an effort to review deposits and monthly reconciliations.

2016-002 The Ballard County Sheriff Has Internal Control Deficiencies Over Receipts And Failed To Batch Receipts And Make Deposits Daily

The Ballard County Sheriff has internal control deficiencies over receipts. The sheriff does not batch receipts daily or make daily deposits. Instead, receipts are batched and deposited weekly. Also, the checkout sheets did not show a breakdown of cash and checks collected. Receipts issued to customers were prepared in duplicate rather than triplicate as required. According to the sheriff, this was due to an incorrect office policy. Receipts were left vulnerable to misappropriation and loss because they were not batched and deposited daily.

The Department for Local Government's (DLG) *County Budget Preparation and State Local Finance Officer Policy Manual*, promulgated by KRS 68.210, requires receipts be kept intact and deposited daily. KRS 64.840 requires manual receipts to be prepared in triplicate. Strong internal controls dictate that receipts should be batched and deposited daily to decrease the risk of misappropriation of funds.

We recommend the sheriff complies with the DLG policy manual and KRS 64.840 and batch receipts daily. The sheriff should also make deposits daily, include a breakdown of checks and cash received on the checkout sheet, and prepare receipts in triplicate.

Sheriff's Response: The Ballard County Sheriff's Office operates on a limited office staff due to limited funds. The office staff is also subject to answering emergency calls, which often leaves only one person in the office, making it difficult to make deposits daily. In the future, our goal will be to employ more office staff.