REPORT OF THE AUDIT OF THE ALLEN COUNTY FISCAL COURT

For The Year Ended June 30, 2019



MIKE HARMON AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS

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CERTIFICATION OF COMPLIANCE - LOCAL GOVERNMENT ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE PROGRAM





MIKE HARMON AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS

To the People of Kentucky
The Honorable Andy Beshear, Governor
Holly M. Johnson, Secretary
Finance and Administration Cabinet
The Honorable Dennis Harper, Allen County Judge/Executive
The Honorable Johnny Hobdy, Former Allen County Judge/Executive
Members of the Allen County Fiscal Court

Independent Auditor's Report

Report on the Financial Statement

We have audited the accompanying Statement of Receipts, Disbursements, and Changes in Fund Balances - Regulatory Basis of the Allen County Fiscal Court, for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statement which collectively comprise the Allen County Fiscal Court's financial statement as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statement

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of this financial statement in accordance with accounting practices prescribed or permitted by the Department for Local Government to demonstrate compliance with the Commonwealth of Kentucky's regulatory basis of accounting and budget laws. This includes determining that the regulatory basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statement in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of a financial statement that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on this financial statement based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the *Audit Guide for Fiscal Court Audits* issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts, Commonwealth of Kentucky. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statement is free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statement. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statement, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statement in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statement.



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Auditor's Responsibility (Continued)

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

As described in Note 1 of the financial statement, the financial statement is prepared by the Allen County Fiscal Court on the basis of the accounting practices prescribed or permitted by the Department for Local Government to demonstrate compliance with the Commonwealth of Kentucky's regulatory basis of accounting and budget laws, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The effects on the financial statement of the variances between the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note 1 and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, although not reasonably determinable, are presumed to be material.

Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

In our opinion, because of the significance of the matter discussed in the Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles paragraph, the financial statement referred to above does not present fairly, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of the Allen County Fiscal Court as of June 30, 2019, or changes in financial position or cash flows thereof for the year then ended.

Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting

In our opinion, the financial statement referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the fund balances of the Allen County Fiscal Court as of June 30, 2019, and their respective cash receipts and disbursements, and budgetary results for the year then ended, in accordance with the basis of accounting practices prescribed or permitted by the Department for Local Government described in Note 1.

Other Matters

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statement taken as a whole of the Allen County Fiscal Court. The Budgetary Comparison Schedules (supplementary information) and the Schedule of Capital Assets (other information) are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statement; however, they are required to be presented in accordance with accounting practices prescribed or permitted by the Department for Local Government to demonstrate compliance with the Commonwealth of Kentucky's regulatory basis of accounting and budget laws.

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Members of the Allen County Fiscal Court

Other Matters (Continued)

Supplementary and Other Information (Continued)

The accompanying Budgetary Comparison Schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statement. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statement and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statement or to the financial statement itself, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Budgetary Comparison Schedules are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statement as a whole.

The Schedule of Capital Assets has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statement, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated May 28, 2020, on our consideration of the Allen County Fiscal Court's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Allen County Fiscal Court's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Based on the results of our audit, we present the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses included herein, which discusses the following report finding:

2019-001 The Allen County Detention Center Does Not Have Segregation Of Duties Over The Jail Commissary Fund

Respectfully submitted,

Mike Harmon

Auditor of Public Accounts

ALLEN COUNTY OFFICIALS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2019

Fiscal Court Members:

Johnny Hobdy (July 1, 2018 through December 31, 2018) County Judge/Executive Dennis Harper (January 7, 2019 through June 30, 2019) County Judge/Executive Dennis Harper (July 1, 2018 through January 6, 2019) Magistrate Todd Bransford (January 7, 2019 through June 30, 2019) Magistrate Ron Cook (July 1, 2018 through December 31, 2018) Magistrate Wendell Spears (January 7, 2019 through June 30, 2019) Magistrate Tony Wolfe Magistrate Rickey Cooksey Magistrate Roman Perry, Jr. (July 1, 2018 through December 13, 2018) Magistrate Tim Miller (January 14, 2019 through June 30, 2019) Magistrate

Other Elected Officials:

Hallye Arterburn County Attorney

Larry Piper Jailer

Elaine Williams County Clerk

Todd Calvert Circuit Court Clerk

Jeff Cooke Sheriff

Tracy Oliver Property Valuation Administrator

Darren Davis Coroner

Appointed Personnel:

Jessica Cline County Treasurer
Allison Copas Finance Officer

ALLEN COUNTY STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - REGULATORY BASIS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2019

ALLEN COUNTY STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - REGULATORY BASIS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2019

Budgeted Funds Local Government **Economic** General Jail Assistance Road **Fund Fund Fund Fund** RECEIPTS \$ \$ Taxes 3,357,452 In Lieu Tax Payments 82,414 Excess Fees 85,364 Licenses and Permits 14,876 Intergovernmental 1,511,938 1,794,955 625,736 53,996 Charges for Services 109,405 50,407 Miscellaneous 273,962 30,674 19,266 Interest 1,248 1,370 90 40 Total Receipts 5,436,659 1,826,999 695,499 54,036 **DISBURSEMENTS** General Government 2,031,728 60,000 Protection to Persons and Property 1,254,822 744,677 General Health and Sanitation 153,041 Social Services 56,867 Recreation and Culture 97,232 Roads 1,746,641 Debt Service 20,107 385,659 Administration 1,244,639 154,449 322,227 **Total Disbursements** 4,713,843 1,901,090 1,597,156 60,000 Excess (Deficiency) of Receipts Over Disbursements Before Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses) 722,816 (74,091)(901,657)(5,964)Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses) Financing Obligation Proceeds 45,000 Transfers From Other Funds 325,241 896,000 Transfers To Other Funds (1,106,642)(225, 241)896,000 Total Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses) (736,401)(225,241)Net Change in Fund Balance (299,332)(5,657)(5,964)(13,585)Fund Balance - Beginning 65,214 362,316 733,348 21,483 Fund Balance - Ending 59,557 15,519 348,731 434,016 **Composition of Fund Balance** Bank Balance 436,233 439,394 72,789 \$ 15,519 Less: Outstanding Checks (87,502)(5,378)(13,232)Fund Balance - Ending 348,731 434,016 59,557 15,519

ALLEN COUNTY STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - REGULATORY BASIS For The Year Ended June 30, 2019 (Continued)

Transfer Station and Recycling Center Fund Special Reserve Fund Properties Corporation Fund Jail Commissary Fund Total Funds \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$2,414 \$85,364 \$16,376 4,983,791 \$16,376 4,983,791 \$759,703 \$19,852 \$114,074 4458,289 \$493,879 \$114,210 9,747,167 \$759,703 \$114,210 9,747,167 \$1,999,499 \$92,172 \$625,295 691 993,778 \$114,210 9,747,167 \$1,999,499 \$92,172 \$56,867 \$87,039 \$184,271 \$1,396,932 \$1,746,641 \$1,396,932 \$1,746,641 \$1,396,932 \$1,746,641 \$1,396,932 \$1,201,242 \$1,201,		Budgete	d Fu	ınds	Unbudgeted Funds					
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\$ 40,389 \$ 500,120 \$ 11,396 \$ 105,024 \$ 1,620,864 (1,258) (107,370)	\$	39,131	\$	500,120	\$	11,396	\$	105,024	\$	1,513,494
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	\$	39,131	\$	500,120	\$	11,396	\$	105,024	\$	1,513,494

INDEX FOR NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENT

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ALLEN COUNTY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT

June 30, 2019

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Reporting Entity

The financial statement of Allen County includes all budgeted and unbudgeted funds under the control of the Allen County Fiscal Court. Budgeted funds included within the reporting entity are those funds presented in the county's approved annual budget and reported on the quarterly reports submitted to the Department for Local Government. Unbudgeted funds may include non-fiduciary financial activities, private purpose trust funds, and internal service funds that are within the county's control. Unbudgeted funds may also include any corporation to act as the fiscal court in the acquisition and financing of any public project which may be undertaken by the fiscal court pursuant to the provisions of Kentucky law and thus accomplish a public purpose of the fiscal court. The unbudgeted funds are not presented in the annual approved budget or in the quarterly reports submitted to the Department for Local Government.

B. Basis of Accounting

The financial statement is presented on a regulatory basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. This basis of accounting involves the reporting of fund balances and the changes therein resulting from cash inflows (cash receipts) and cash outflows (cash disbursements) to meet the financial reporting requirements of the Department for Local Government and the laws of the Commonwealth of Kentucky.

This regulatory basis of accounting differs from GAAP primarily because the financial statement format does not include the GAAP presentations of government-wide and fund financial statements, cash receipts are recognized when received in cash rather than when earned and susceptible to accrual, and cash disbursements are recognized when paid rather than when incurred or subject to accrual.

Generally, except as otherwise provided by law, property taxes are assessed as of January 1, levied (mailed) November 1, due at discount November 30, due at face value December 31, delinquent January 1 following the assessment, and subject to sale ninety days following April 15.

C. Basis of Presentation

Budgeted Funds

The fiscal court reports the following budgeted funds:

General Fund - This is the primary operating fund of the fiscal court. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except where the Department for Local Government requires a separate fund or where management requires that a separate fund be used for some function.

Road Fund - This fund is for road and bridge construction and repair. The primary sources of receipts for this fund are state payments for truck license distribution, municipal road aid, and transportation grants. The Department for Local Government requires the fiscal court to maintain these receipts and disbursements separately from the general fund.

Jail Fund - The primary purpose of this fund is to account for the jail expenses of the county. The primary sources of receipts for this fund are reimbursements from the state and federal governments and transfers from the general fund. The Department for Local Government requires the fiscal court to maintain these receipts and disbursements separately from the general fund.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

C. Basis of Presentation (Continued)

Budgeted Funds (Continued)

Local Government Economic Assistance Fund - The primary purpose of this fund is to account for grants and related disbursements. The primary sources of receipts for this fund are grants from the state and federal governments.

Transfer Station and Recycling Center Fund - The primary purpose of this fund is to account for receipts and disbursements associated with the operation of the transfer station and recycling center.

Special Reserve Fund - The primary purpose of this fund is to accumulate funds for specific projects. The primary source of receipts for this fund is transfers from the General Fund.

Unbudgeted Funds

The fiscal court reports the following unbudgeted funds:

Public Properties Corporation Fund - The purpose of this fund is to account for debt service requirements of the First Mortgage Revenue Bonds, Series 2010. These bonds were issued to build the Allen County Judicial Center. The primary source of receipts for this fund is rental proceeds from the Kentucky Administrative Office of the Courts that meets the debt payment requirements.

Jail Commissary Fund - The commissary operations are authorized pursuant to KRS 441.135. The profits generated from the sale of items are to be used for the benefit and to enhance the well-being of the inmates, or to enhance safety and security within the jail. The jailer is required to maintain accounting records and report annually to the county treasurer the receipts and disbursements of the jail commissary fund.

D. Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted on a regulatory basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board and according to the laws of Kentucky as required by the state local finance officer.

The county judge/executive is required to submit estimated receipts and proposed disbursements to the fiscal court by May 1 of each year. The budget is prepared by fund, function, and activity and is required to be adopted by the fiscal court by July 1.

The fiscal court may change the original budget by transferring appropriations at the activity level; however, the fiscal court may not increase the total budget without approval by the state local finance officer. Disbursements may not exceed budgeted appropriations at the activity level.

The state local finance officer does not require the public properties corporation fund to be budgeted. Bond indentures and other relevant contractual provisions require specific payments to and from this fund annually.

The state local finance officer does not require the jail commissary fund to be budgeted because the fiscal court does not approve the expenses of this fund.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

E. Allen County Elected Officials

Kentucky law provides for election of the officials listed below from the geographic area constituting Allen County. Pursuant to state statute, these officials perform various services for the Commonwealth of Kentucky, its judicial courts, the fiscal court, various cities and special districts within the county, and the board of education. In exercising these responsibilities, however, they are required to comply with state laws. Audits of their financial statements are issued separately and individually and can be obtained from their respective administrative offices. These financial statements are not required to be included in the financial statement of the Allen County Fiscal Court.

- Circuit Court Clerk
- County Attorney
- Property Valuation Administrator
- County Clerk
- County Sheriff

F. Deposits and Investments

The government's fund balance is considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, certificates of deposit, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. The government's fund balance includes cash and cash equivalents and investments.

KRS 66.480 authorizes the county to invest in obligations of the United States and of its agencies and instrumentalities, obligations and contracts for future delivery or purchase of obligations backed by the full faith and credit of the United States, obligations of any corporation of the United States government, bonds or certificates of indebtedness of this state, and certificates of deposit issued by or other interest-bearing accounts of any bank or savings and loan institution which are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or which are collateralized, to the extent uninsured, by any obligation permitted by KRS 41.240(4).

G. Long-term Obligations

The fund financial statement recognizes bond interest, as well as bond issuance costs when received or when paid, during the current period. The principal amount of the debt and interest are reported as disbursements. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as disbursements. Debt proceeds are reported as other adjustments to cash.

H. Related Obligations and Jointly Governed Organization

A related organization is an entity for which a primary government is not financially accountable. It does not impose will or have a financial benefit or burden relationship, even if the primary government appoints a voting majority of the related organization's governing board. Based on this criteria, the Allen County Water District is considered a related organization of the Allen County Fiscal Court.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

H. Related Obligations and Jointly Governed Organization (Continued)

A legal entity or other organization that results from a contractual agreement and that is owned, operated, or governed by two or more participants as a separate activity subject to joint control, in which the participants do not retain (a) an ongoing financial interest or (b) an ongoing financial responsibility is a jointly governed organization. Based on this criteria, the following are considered jointly governed organizations of the Allen County Fiscal Court:

Allen County-Scottsville Industrial Development Authority, Inc. Scottsville-Allen County Recreation Board Allen County Ambulance Service Taxing District Scottsville-Allen County Planning Commission

Note 2. Deposits

The fiscal court maintained deposits of public funds with depository institutions insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) as required by KRS 66.480(1)(d). According to KRS 41.240, the depository institution should pledge or provide sufficient collateral which, together with FDIC insurance, equals or exceeds the amount of public funds on deposit at all times. In order to be valid against the FDIC in the event of failure or insolvency of the depository institution, this pledge or provision of collateral should be evidenced by an agreement between the fiscal court and the depository institution, signed by both parties, that is (a) in writing, (b) approved by the board of directors of the depository institution or its loan committee, which approval must be reflected in the minutes of the board or committee, and (c) an official record of the depository institution. These requirements were met.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a depository institution failure, the government's deposits may not be returned. The government does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk, but rather follows the requirements of KRS 66.480(1)(d) and KRS 41.240. As of June 30, 2019, all deposits were covered by FDIC insurance or a properly executed collateral security agreement.

Note 3. Transfers

The table below shows the interfund operating transfers for fiscal year 2019.

	General Fund	Road Fund	Special erve Fund	Tı	Total ransfers In
General Fund	\$	\$ 225,241	\$ 100,000	\$	325,241
Jail Fund	711,000		185,000		896,000
Transfer Station and					
Recycling Center Fund	275,000				275,000
Special Reserve Fund	120,642				120,642
Total Transfers Out	\$ 1,106,642	\$ 225,241	\$ 285,000	\$	1,616,883

Note 3. Transfers (Continued)

Reason for transfers:

To move resources from and to the general fund and other funds, for budgetary purposes, to the funds that will expend them.

Note 4. Agency Trust Funds

Agency trust funds report only those resources held in a trust or custodial capacity for individuals, private organizations, or other governments.

The fiscal court has the following agency trust fund:

Jail Inmate Fund - This fund accounts for funds received from the inmates. The balance in the jail inmate fund as of June 30, 2019, was \$4,573.

Note 5. Long-term Debt

A. Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements

1. General Obligation Refunding Lease, Series 2014

On October 8, 2014, the Allen County Fiscal Court entered into a General Obligation Refunding Lease Agreement, Series 2014, with Huntington Bank for \$1,564,137 to advance refund the First Mortgage Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2004, issued by the Scottsville-Allen County Public Properties Corporation. Principal is payable annually on December 1 and interest is payable semiannually on December 1 and June 1. Interest rate is 2.35%. The maturity date of the lease is December 1, 2020. The lease is secured by the detention facility. In the event of default, the detention facility will be repossessed by the financial institution. As of June 30, 2019, the principal balance was \$555,476. Future principal and interest requirements are:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30	I	Principal	Scheduled Interest		
2020 2021	\$	269,455 286,021	\$	9,888 3,360	
Totals	\$	555,476	\$	13,248	

Note 5. Long-term Debt (Continued)

A. Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements (Continued)

2. KADD 2010 Series B Lease For Remodel CASK Building

On February 2, 2010, the Allen County Fiscal Court entered into a lease by participating in a KADD (Kentucky Area Development Districts) Financing Trust Lease issue in the amount of \$360,000. Principal is payable annually on January 20 beginning January 20, 2011, and interest is payable semiannually on January 20 and July 20 beginning July 20, 2010. The effective interest rate is four percent. The final installment is due on January 20, 2020. The proceeds were disbursed to Community Action of Southern Kentucky (CASK) to acquire, construct, and equip a building to serve low-income families. The fiscal court entered into a sublease with CASK simultaneously with the KADD lease. The sublease term and rental payments are the same as those of the fiscal court's lease with the KADD. The lease is secured by the CASK building. In the event of default, the CASK building will be repossessed by KADD. During fiscal year 2019, CASK paid debt service of \$44,638 on behalf of the Allen County Fiscal Court. Principal outstanding as of June 30, 2019, totaled \$45,000. Future principal and interest requirements are:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30	Scheduled Interest		
June 30	 rincipal		iterest
2020	\$ 45,000	\$	2,737
Totals	\$ 45,000	\$	2,737

3. KACO Lease for Purchase of 2015 Deputy Vehicles

On September 2, 2015, the Allen County Fiscal Court entered into an agreement with Kentucky Association of Counties Leasing Trust (KACoLT). The agreement was for the purchase of three deputy vehicles for the Allen County Sheriff's Department. The principal was \$80,000 at an interest rate of 3.70% for a period of four years, principal and interest payable monthly. The final installment is due on September 20, 2019. The lease is secured by the three deputy vehicles. In the event of default, the three deputy vehicles will be repossessed by KACoLT. Principal outstanding as of June 30, 2019, totaled \$5,288. Future principal and interest requirements are:

Fiscal Year Ending	Scheduled			
June 30	Pı	rincipal	Interest	
2020	\$	5,288	\$	33
Totals	\$	5,288	\$	33

Note 5. Long-term Debt (Continued)

A. Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements (Continued)

4. KACO Lease for Purchase of 2018 Deputy Vehicles

On November 14, 2017, the Allen County Fiscal Court entered into an agreement with Kentucky Association of Counties Leasing Trust (KACoLT). The agreement was for the purchase of three deputy vehicles for the Allen County Sheriff's Department. The principal was \$90,000 at an interest rate of 3.99% for a period of three years, principal and interest payable monthly. The final installment is due on November 20, 2020. The lease is secured by the three deputy vehicles. In the event of default, the three deputy vehicles will be repossessed by KACoLT. Principal outstanding as of June 30, 2019, totaled \$43,636. Future principal and interest requirements are:

Fiscal Year Ending	Scheduled			
June 30	P	rincipal	Ir	nterest
2020 2021	\$	30,597 13,039	\$	1,183 130
Totals	\$	43,636	\$	1,313

5. KACO Lease for Purchase of Coroner Vehicle

On July 10, 2018, the Allen County Fiscal Court entered into an agreement with Kentucky Association of Counties Leasing Trust (KACoLT). The agreement was for the purchase of a vehicle for the Allen County Coroner. The principal was \$45,000 at an interest rate of 4.28% for a period of four years, principal and interest payable monthly. The final installment is due on July 20, 2022. The lease is secured by the coroner vehicle. In the event of default, the coroner vehicle will be repossessed by KACoLT. Principal outstanding as of June 30, 2019, totaled \$35,374. Future principal and interest requirements are:

Fiscal Year Ending			Sc	heduled
June 30	P	rincipal	<u>I</u> 1	nterest
2020	\$	11,013	\$	1,299
2021		11,448		820
2022		11,900		321
2023		1,013		4
Totals	\$	35,374	\$	2,444

Note 5. Long-term Debt (Continued)

A. Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements (Continued)

6. KACO Lease for Purchase of Body Scanner

On November 1, 2018, the Allen County Fiscal Court entered into an agreement with Kentucky Association of Counties Leasing Trust (KACoLT). The agreement was for the purchase of a body scanner for the Allen County Detention Center. The principal was \$150,000 at an interest rate of 4.65% for a period of five years, principal and interest payable monthly. The Allen County Jailer has agreed to reimburse the fiscal court \$1,400 of the monthly payment from the jail commissary fund. The final installment is due on November 20, 2023. The lease is secured by the body scanner. In the event of default, the body scanner will be repossessed by KACoLT. Principal outstanding as of June 30, 2019, totaled \$134,757. Future principal and interest requirements are:

Fiscal Year Ending				Scheduled		
June 30	F	Principal	Interest			
2020	\$	28,140	\$	6,156		
2021		29,476		4,705		
2022		30,875		3,186		
2023		32,341		1,594		
2024		13,925		176		
Totals	\$	134,757	\$	15,817		

B. Other Debt

1. First Mortgage Revenue Bonds, Series 2010

On July 27, 2010, the Allen County Public Properties Corporation issued \$14,480,000 of first mortgage revenue bonds, series 2010, for the construction of a new judicial center. The 2010 series bonds were issued at various interest rates from one percent to four percent. Principal is payable annually on August 1 and interest is payable semiannually on August 1 and February 1. The final maturity date of the 2010 series bonds is August 1, 2029. On June 25, 2019, the Allen County Public Properties Corporation voted to refinance the 2010 series bonds. See subsequent event note 10 for information about these bonds being called on August 1, 2020, for optional redemption for the bonds due in fiscal year 2022 through fiscal year 2030. A mortgage has been issued secured by the judicial center. In the event of default, the judicial center will be repossessed by the financial institution. The Allen County Public Properties Corporation has entered into an agreement to lease the Allen County Judicial Center to the Administrative Office of the Courts, Commonwealth of Kentucky, for the amount of the bond payments. Total bonds outstanding as of June 30, 2019, totaled \$8,900,000. Future principal and interest requirements are:

Note 5. Long-term Debt (Continued)

B. Other Debt (Continued)

1. First Mortgage Revenue Bonds, Series 2010 (Continued)

Fiscal Year Ending June 30	Principal	Scheduled Interest		
2020	\$ 675,000	\$	314,554	
2021	700,000		292,210	
2022	720,000		269,135	
2023	745,000		244,770	
2024	770,000		218,630	
2025-2029	4,320,000		629,268	
2030	970,000		19,400	
	_		_	
Totals	\$ 8,900,000	\$	1,987,967	

C. Changes In Long-term Debt

Long-term Debt activity for the year ended June 30, 2019, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements Revenue Bonds	\$ 1,002,448 9,555,000	\$ 195,000	\$ 377,917 655,000	\$ 819,531 8,900,000	\$ 279,493 675,000
Total Long-term Debt	\$ 10,557,448	\$ 195,000	\$ 1,032,917	\$ 9,719,531	\$ 954,493

Note 6. Contingencies

The county is involved in multiple lawsuits that arose from the normal course of doing business. While individually they may not be significant, in the aggregate they could negatively impact the county's financial position. Due to the uncertainty of the litigation, a reasonable estimate of the financial impact on the county cannot be made at this time.

Note 7. Employee Retirement System

The fiscal court has elected to participate, pursuant to KRS 78.530, in the County Employees Retirement System (CERS), which is administered by the Board of Trustees of the Kentucky Retirement Systems (KRS). This is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer, defined benefit pension plan, which covers all eligible full-time employees and provides for retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members. Benefit contributions and provisions are established by statute.

The county's contribution for FY 2017 was \$496,159, FY 2018 was \$547,661, and FY 2019 was \$651,071.

Note 7. Employee Retirement System (Continued)

Nonhazardous

Nonhazardous covered employees are required to contribute 5 percent of their salary to the plan. Nonhazardous covered employees who begin participation on or after September 1, 2008, are required to contribute 6 percent of their salary to be allocated as follows: 5 percent will go to the member's account and 1 percent will go to the KRS insurance fund.

In accordance with Senate Bill 2, signed by the Governor on April 4, 2013, plan members who began participating on or after January 1, 2014, were required to contribute to the Cash Balance Plan. The Cash Balance Plan is known as a hybrid plan because it has characteristics of both a defined benefit plan and a defined contribution plan. Members in the plan contribute a set percentage of their salary each month to their own accounts. Nonhazardous covered employees contribute 5 percent of their annual creditable compensation. Nonhazardous members also contribute 1 percent to the health insurance fund which is not credited to the member's account and is not refundable. The employer contribution rate is set annually by the KRS Board of Directors based on an actuarial valuation. The employer contributes a set percentage of the member's salary. Each month, when employer contributions are received, an employer pay credit is deposited to the member's account. A member's account is credited with a 4 percent employer pay credit. The employer pay credit represents a portion of the employer contribution.

Benefits fully vest on reaching five years of service for nonhazardous employees. Aspects of benefits for nonhazardous employees include retirement after 27 years of service or age 65. Nonhazardous employees who begin participation on or after September 1, 2008, must meet the rule of 87 (member's age plus years of service credit must equal 87, and the member must be a minimum of 57 years of age) or the member is age 65, with a minimum of 60 months service credit.

The county's contribution rate for nonhazardous employees was 21.48 percent.

Hazardous

Hazardous covered employees are required to contribute 8 percent of their salary to the plan. Hazardous covered employees who begin participation on or after September 1, 2008, are required to contribute 9 percent of their salary to be allocated as follows: 8 percent will go to the member's account and 1 percent will go to the KRS insurance fund.

In accordance with Senate Bill 2, signed by the Governor on April 4, 2013, plan members who began participating on or after January 1, 2014, were required to contribute to the Cash Balance Plan. The Cash Balance Plan is known as a hybrid plan because it has characteristics of both a defined benefit plan and a defined contribution plan.

Members in the plan contribute a set percentage of their salary each month to their own accounts. Hazardous members contribute 8 percent of their annual creditable compensation and also contribute 1 percent to the health insurance fund which is not credited to the member's account and is not refundable. The employer contribution rate is set annually by the Board of Directors based on an actuarial valuation. The employer contributes a set percentage of the member's salary. Each month, when employer contributions are received, an employer pay credit is deposited to the member's account. A hazardous member's account is credited with a 7.5 percent employer pay credit. The employer pay credit represents a portion of the employer contribution.

Note 7. Employee Retirement System (Continued)

Hazardous (Continued)

Aspects of benefits for hazardous employees include retirement after 20 years of service or age 55. For hazardous employees who begin participation on or after September 1, 2008, aspects of benefits include retirement after 25 years of service or the member is age 60, with a minimum of 60 months of service credit.

The county's contribution rate for hazardous employees was 35.34 percent.

Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB)

A. Health Insurance Coverage - Tier 1

CERS provides post-retirement health care coverage as follows:

For members participating prior to July 1, 2003, years of service and respective percentages of the maximum contribution are as follows:

		% Paid by Member through
Years of Service	% Paid by Insurance Fund	Payroll Deduction
20 or more	100%	0%
15-19	75%	25%
10-14	50%	50%
4-9	25%	75%
Less than 4	0%	100%

As a result of House Bill 290 (2004 General Assembly), medical insurance benefits are calculated differently for members who began participation on or after July 1, 2003. Once members reach a minimum vesting period of ten years, non-hazardous employees whose participation began on or after July 1, 2003, earn ten dollars per month for insurance benefits at retirement for every year of earned service without regard to a maximum dollar amount. This dollar amount is subject to adjustment annually based on the retiree cost of living adjustment, which is updated annually due to changes in the Consumer Price Index.

Hazardous employees whose participation began on or after July 1, 2003, earn 15 dollars per month for insurance benefits at retirement for every year of earned service without regard to a maximum dollar amount. Upon the death of a hazardous employee, the employee's spouse receives ten dollars per month for insurance benefits for each year of the deceased employee's hazardous service. This dollar amount is subject to adjustment annually based on the retiree cost of living adjustment, which is updated annually due to changes in the Consumer Price Index.

Benefits are covered under KRS 161.714 with exception of COLA and retiree health benefits after July 2003.

B. Health Insurance Coverage - Tier 2 and Tier 3 - Nonhazardous

Once members reach a minimum vesting period of 15 years, they earn ten dollars per month for insurance benefits at retirement for every year of earned service without regard to a maximum dollar amount. This dollar amount is subject to adjustment annually by 1.5 percent. This was established for Tier 2 members during the 2008 Special Legislative Session by House Bill 1. During the 2013 Legislative Session, Senate Bill 2 was enacted, creating Tier 3 benefits for members.

Note 7. Employee Retirement System (Continued)

Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) (Continued)

B. Health Insurance Coverage - Tier 2 and Tier 3 - Nonhazardous

The monthly insurance benefit has been increased annually as a 1.5 percent cost of living adjustment (COLA) since July 2003 when the law changed. The annual increase is cumulative and continues to accrue after the member's retirement.

Tier 2 member benefits are covered by KRS 161.714 with exception of COLA and retiree health benefits after July 2003. Tier 3 members are not covered by the same provisions.

C. <u>Health Insurance Coverage - Tier 2 and Tier 3 - Hazardous</u>

Once members reach a minimum vesting period of 15 years, they earn fifteen dollars per month for insurance benefits at retirement for every year of earned service without regard to a maximum dollar amount. This dollar amount is subject to adjustment annually by 1.5 percent. Upon the death of a hazardous employee, the employee's spouse receives ten dollars per month for insurance benefits for each year of the deceased employee's hazardous service. This was established for Tier 2 members during the 2008 Special Legislative Session by House Bill 1. During the 2013 Legislative Session, Senate Bill 2 was enacted, creating Tier 3 benefits for members.

The monthly insurance benefit has been increased annually as a 1.5 percent COLA since July 2003 when the law changed. The annual increase is cumulative and continues to accrue after the member's retirement.

D. Cost of Living Adjustments - Tier 1

The 1996 General Assembly enacted an automatic cost of living adjustment (COLA) provision for all recipients of KRS benefits. During the 2008 Special Session, the General Assembly determined that each July beginning in 2009, retirees who have been receiving a retirement allowance for at least 12 months will receive an automatic COLA of 1.5 percent. The COLA is not a guaranteed benefit. If a retiree has been receiving a benefit for less than 12 months, and a COLA is provided, it will be prorated based on the number of months the recipient has been receiving a benefit.

E. Cost of Living Adjustments - Tier 2 and Tier 3

No COLA is given unless authorized by the legislature with specific criteria. To this point, no COLA has been authorized by the legislature for Tier 2 or Tier 3 members.

F. Death Benefit

If a retired member is receiving a monthly benefit based on at least 48 months of service credit, KRS will pay a \$5,000 death benefit payment to the beneficiary designated by the member specifically for this benefit. Members with multiple accounts are entitled to only one death benefit.

Note 7. Employee Retirement System (Continued)

KRS Annual Financial Report and Proportionate Share Audit Report

KRS issues a publicly available annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information on CERS. This report may be obtained by writing the Kentucky Retirement Systems, 1260 Louisville Road, Frankfort, KY 40601-6124, or by telephone at (502) 564-4646.

KRS also issues proportionate share audit reports for both total pension liability and other post-employment benefits for CERS determined by actuarial valuation as well as each participating county's proportionate share. Both the Schedules of Employer Allocations and Pension Amounts by Employer and the Schedules of Employer Allocations and OPEB Amounts by Employer reports and the related actuarial tables are available online at https://kyret.ky.gov. The complete actuarial valuation report, including all actuarial assumptions and methods, is also available on the website or can be obtained as described in the paragraph above.

Note 8. Insurance

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, the Allen County Fiscal Court was a member of the Kentucky Association of Counties' All Lines Fund (KALF). KALF is a self-insurance fund and was organized to obtain lower cost coverage for general liability, property damage, public officials' errors and omissions, public liability, and other damages. The basic nature of a self-insurance program is that of collectively shared risk by its members. If losses incurred for covered claims exceed the resources contributed by the members, the members are responsible for payment of the excess losses.

Note 9. Change of Magistrate

Roman Perry, Jr., magistrate for district five of Allen County Fiscal Court, died December 13, 2018. The Kentucky Governor appointed Tim Miller as the new magistrate for district five on January 14, 2019. Then Anthony Thompson was elected magistrate for district five during the general election on November 5, 2019, with his term beginning on January 6, 2020.

Note 10. Subsequent Events

On October 24, 2019, the Allen County Public Properties Corporation (PPC) agreed to sell first mortgage revenue refunding bonds, series 2020, to a bank on May 5, 2020, to refund the outstanding first mortgage revenue bonds, series 2010. On October 29, 2019, the Allen County PPC gave notice that first mortgage revenue bonds, series 2010, outstanding for fiscal year 2022 through fiscal year 2030 in the amount of \$7,525,000 may be called for optional redemption on August 1, 2020. On May 5, 2020, the Allen County PPC issued the first mortgage revenue refunding bonds, series 2020, in the amount of \$7,745,000 to advance refund the series 2010 bonds. The series 2020 bonds mature on July 15, 2029. They also gave notice on May 5, 2020, that the series 2010 bonds would be called for optional redemption on August 1, 2020, and interest will cease accruing on these bonds on August 1, 2020.

Note 11. Related Party Transactions

During fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, the following related party transactions were noted:

- A magistrate works for a trucking service company owned by a family member and during fiscal year 2019 this company received \$10,247 from doing business with the fiscal court.
- A magistrate works for a fire equipment supplier and during fiscal year 2019 this company received \$846 from doing business with the fiscal court.
- The county judge/executive worked for a roofing company while he was magistrate from July 1, 2018 through January 6, 2019, and during this period this company received \$2,878 from doing business with the fiscal court.

Note 12. Conduit Debt

From time to time, the fiscal court has issued bonds to provide financial assistance to Camp Courageous for the acquisition and construction of industrial and commercial facilities deemed to be in the public interest, in accordance with KRS 103.210. This debt may take the form of certain types of limited-obligation revenue bonds, certificates of participation, or similar debt instruments. Although conduit debt obligations bear the Allen County Fiscal Court's name as issuer, the fiscal court has no obligation for such debt beyond the resources provided by a lease or loan with the third party on whose behalf it is issued. Neither the fiscal court nor any political subdivision thereof is obligated in any manner for repayment of the bonds. Accordingly, the bonds are not reported as liabilities in the accompanying financial statement. As of June 30, 2019, conduit debt has been issued but the amount currently outstanding is not reasonably determinable.

Note 13. Tax Abatement

The real property tax was abated by the Allen County Fiscal Court under the authority of Kentucky Economic Development Finance Authority's Kentucky Business Investment Program. J.M. Smucker, LLC (the company) is eligible to receive this tax abatement due to the expansion of its current operation and additional capital expenditures to provide 80 new jobs in the City of Scottsville, Kentucky. The taxes are abated by exempting the increase in value of the real property after the company's expansion from property tax due the fiscal court for a period of five years. After receiving a request from the company, the fiscal court reimburses the applicable portion of the property taxes paid by the company each year to the fiscal court. The company committed to expand the company's current operations at the Scottsville facility with capital expenditures equal to approximately 70 million dollars for building expansion and the purchase of machinery and equipment with a net increase of 80 new Kentucky employees at the facility when completed. As part of the tax abatement agreement in Allen County Ordinance 14-13, the Allen County Fiscal Court committed to exempt the company from county taxation of increase of real property for a period of five years as an inducement to expand their location in the county. For fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, the fiscal court abated real property taxes for tax year 2017 totaling \$13,974.

ALLEN COUNTY BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES Supplementary Information - Regulatory Basis

For The Year Ended June 30, 2019



ALLEN COUNTY BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES Supplementary Information - Regulatory Basis

For The Year Ended June 30, 2019

CEN	JER.	ΔT.	HI.	ND

	Budgete	d Amounts	Actual Amounts, (Budgetary	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Basis)	(Negative)
RECEIPTS		-		
Taxes	\$ 3,125,500	\$ 3,192,580	\$ 3,357,452	\$ 164,872
In Lieu Tax Payments	70,800	70,800	82,414	11,614
Excess Fees	81,769	85,364	85,364	
Licenses and Permits	15,500	15,850	14,876	(974)
Intergovernmental	1,474,850	1,516,520	1,511,938	(4,582)
Charges for Services	96,100	108,323	109,405	1,082
Miscellaneous	266,334	289,099	273,962	(15,137)
Interest	1,000	1,143	1,248	105
Total Receipts	5,131,853	5,279,679	5,436,659	156,980
DISBURSEMENTS				
General Government	2,166,099	2,162,799	2,031,728	131,071
Protection to Persons and Property	689,841	769,618	744,677	24,941
General Health and Sanitation	131,650	166,193	153,041	13,152
Social Services	54,000	61,867	56,867	5,000
Recreation and Culture	109,850	101,261	97,232	4,029
Debt Service	389,409	390,286	385,659	4,627
Administration	1,278,150	1,264,825	1,244,639	20,186
Total Disbursements	4,818,999	4,916,849	4,713,843	203,006
Excess (Deficiency) of Receipts Over				
Disbursements Before Other				
Adjustments to Cash (Uses)	312,854	362,830	722,816	359,986
Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)				
Financing Obligation Proceeds	45,000	45,000	45,000	
Transfers From Other Funds	223,052	223,052	325,241	102,189
Transfers To Other Funds	(842,141)	(842,141)	(1,106,642)	(264,501)
Total Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)	(574,089)	-	(736,401)	(162,312)
Net Change in Fund Balance	(261,235)	(211,259)	(13,585)	197,674
Fund Balance - Beginning	261,235	315,117	362,316	47,199
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 0	\$ 103,858	\$ 348,731	\$ 244,873

	ROAD FUND								
		Budgeted Amounts			Actual Amounts, (Budgetary		Variance with Final Budget Positive		
	Original			Final	Basis)		(Negative)		
RECEIPTS									
Intergovernmental	\$	1,783,995	\$	2,042,611	\$	1,794,955	\$	(247,656)	
Miscellaneous		1,000		18,654		30,674		12,020	
Interest		2,000		2,000		1,370		(630)	
Total Receipts		1,786,995		2,063,265	_	1,826,999		(236,266)	
DISBURSEMENTS									
Roads		2,086,000		2,201,389		1,746,641		454,748	
Administration		209,050		372,172		154,449		217,723	
Total Disbursements		2,295,050		2,573,561		1,901,090		672,471	
Excess (Deficiency) of Receipts Over Disbursements Before Other									
Adjustments to Cash (Uses)		(508,055)		(510,296)		(74,091)		436,205	
Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)									
Transfers To Other Funds		(223,052)		(223,052)		(225,241)		(2,189)	
Total Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)		(223,052)		(223,052)		(225,241)		(2,189)	
Net Change in Fund Balance		(731,107)		(733,348)		(299,332)		434,016	
Fund Balance - Beginning		731,107		733,348		733,348			
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	0	\$	0	\$	434,016	\$	434,016	

	JAIL FUND								
		Budgeted Amounts				Actual Amounts, (Budgetary		riance with all Budget Positive	
RECEIPTS		Original		Final		Basis)	(1	Negative)	
Intergovernmental	\$	625,000	\$	664,978	\$	625,736	\$	(39,242)	
Charges for Services	Ψ	48,000	Ψ	51,549	Ψ	50,407	Ψ	(37,242) $(1,142)$	
Miscellaneous		20,000		25,555		19,266		(6,289)	
Interest		100		100		90		(10)	
Total Receipts		693,100		742,182		695,499		(46,683)	
DISBURSEMENTS									
Protection to Persons and Property		957,586		1,254,826		1,254,822		4	
Debt Service				20,107		20,107			
Administration		350,155		322,228		322,227		1	
Total Disbursements		1,307,741		1,597,161		1,597,156		5	
Excess (Deficiency) of Receipts Over Disbursements Before Other									
Adjustments to Cash (Uses)		(614,641)		(854,979)		(901,657)		(46,678)	
Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)									
Transfers From Other Funds		564,641		564,641		896,000		331,359	
Total Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)		564,641		564,641		896,000		331,359	
Net Change in Fund Balance		(50,000)		(290,338)		(5,657)		284,681	
Fund Balance - Beginning		50,000		65,214		65,214			
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	0	\$	(225,124)	\$	59,557	\$	284,681	

LOCAL GOVERNMENT ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE FUND

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final					Actual mounts, udgetary Basis)	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
RECEIPTS								
Intergovernmental	\$	30,000	\$	43,547	\$	53,996	\$	10,449
Interest		50		50		40		(10)
Total Receipts		30,050		43,597		54,036		10,439
DISBURSEMENTS								
General Government		30,000		60,000		60,000		
Administration		4,050		5,080				5,080
Total Disbursements		34,050		65,080		60,000		5,080
Excess (Deficiency) of Receipts Over Disbursements Before Other								
Adjustments to Cash (Uses)		(4,000)		(21,483)		(5,964)		15,519
Net Change in Fund Balance		(4,000)		(21,483)		(5,964)		15,519
Fund Balance - Beginning		4,000		21,483		21,483		
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	0	\$	0	\$	15,519	\$	15,519

TRANSFER STATION AND RECYCLING CENTER FUND

Budgeted Amounts Original Final			Actual Amounts, Budgetary Basis)	F	uriance with inal Budget Positive Negative)		
RECEIPTS							
Licenses and Permits	\$	1,500	\$	1,500	\$ 1,500	\$	
Intergovernmental		6,000		6,000	4,000		(2,000)
Charges for Services		435,000		490,760	599,891		109,131
Miscellaneous		21,000		21,600	19,852		(1,748)
Interest		100		100	 52		(48)
Total Receipts		463,600		519,960	 625,295		105,335
DISBURSEMENTS							
General Health and Sanitation		645,600		829,133	829,131		2
Administration		95,500		78,230	78,202		28
Total Disbursements		741,100		907,363	907,333		30
Excess (Deficiency) of Receipts Over Disbursements Before Other		(277 500)		(207, 402)	(202.020)		105.265
Adjustments to Cash (Uses)		(277,500)		(387,403)	 (282,038)		105,365
Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)							
Transfers From Other Funds		277,500		277,500	 275,000		(2,500)
Total Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)		277,500		277,500	 275,000		(2,500)
Net Change in Fund Balance				(109,903)	(7,038)		102,865
Fund Balance - Beginning				46,169	 46,169		
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	0	\$	(63,734)	\$ 39,131	\$	102,865

Fund Balance - Ending

	SPECIAL RESERVE FUND								
	Bu	Budgeted Amounts			Actual Amounts, (Budgetary		Variance with Final Budget Positive		
	Origin			Final	Basis)		(N	Vegative)	
RECEIPTS								,	
Interest	\$	500	\$	571	\$	691	\$	120	
Total Receipts		500		571		691		120	
DISBURSEMENTS									
Protection to Persons and Property				(150,000)				(150,000)	
Administration	500	,500		629,358				629,358	
Total Disbursements	500	,500		479,358				479,358	
Excess (Deficiency) of Receipts Over									
Disbursements Before Other									
Adjustments to Cash (Uses)	(500	,000)		(478,787)		691		479,478	
Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)									
Financing Obligation Proceeds				150,000		150,000			
Transfers From Other Funds						120,642		120,642	
Transfers To Other Funds						(285,000)		(285,000)	
Total Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)				150,000		(14,358)		(164,358)	
Net Change in Fund Balance	(500	,000)		(328,787)		(13,667)		315,120	
Fund Balance - Beginning	500	,000		513,787		513,787			

185,000 \$

500,120 \$

315,120

ALLEN COUNTY NOTES TO REGULATORY SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES

June 30, 2019

Note 1. Budgetary Information

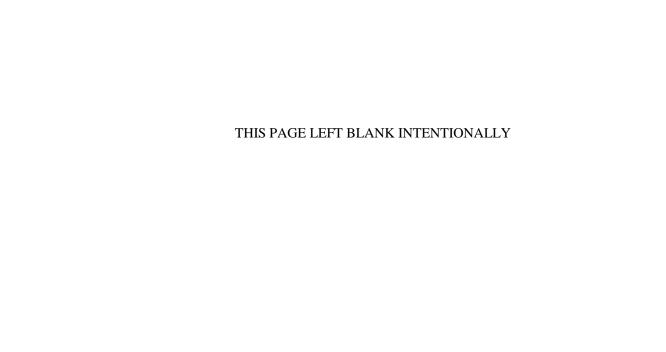
Annual budgets are adopted on a regulatory basis of accounting which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board and according to the laws of Kentucky as required by the state local finance officer.

The county judge/executive is required to submit estimated receipts and proposed disbursements to the fiscal court by May 1 of each year. The budget is prepared by fund, function, and activity and is required to be adopted by the fiscal court by July 1.

The fiscal court may change the original budget by transferring appropriations at the activity level; however, the fiscal court may not increase the total budget without approval by the state local finance officer. Disbursements may not exceed budgeted appropriations at the activity level.

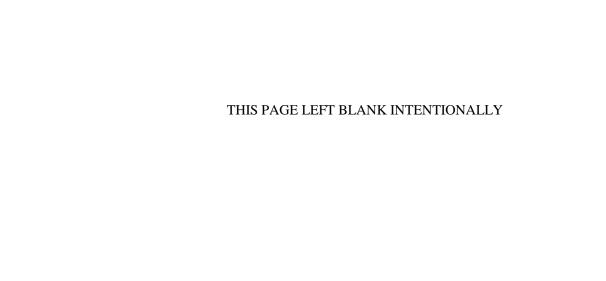
Note 2. Excess of Disbursements Over Appropriations

Special reserve fund protection to person and property exceeded budgeted appropriations by \$150,000.



ALLEN COUNTY SCHEDULE OF CAPITAL ASSETS Other Information - Regulatory Basis

For The Year Ended June 30, 2019



ALLEN COUNTY SCHEDULE OF CAPITAL ASSETS Other Information - Regulatory Basis

For The Year Ended June 30, 2019

The fiscal court reports the following Schedule of Capital Assets:

		Beginning						Ending
	Balance		Additions		Deletions		Balance	
Land and Land Improvements	\$	1,460,174	\$		\$		\$	1,460,174
Buildings and Building Improvements		16,968,529						16,968,529
Equipment		738,015		300,618				1,038,633
Vehicles		1,788,630		47,208		28,359		1,807,479
Infrastructure		23,471,387		1,180,654				24,652,041
Total Capital Assets	\$	44,426,735	\$	1,528,480	\$	28,359	\$	45,926,856

ALLEN COUNTY NOTES TO OTHER INFORMATION - REGULATORY BASIS SCHEDULE OF CAPITAL ASSETS

June 30, 2019

Note 1. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, land improvements, buildings, furniture and office equipment, building improvements, machinery, equipment, and infrastructure assets (roads and bridges) that have a useful life of more than one reporting period based on the government's capitalization policy, are reported as other information. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost when purchased or constructed.

	•	nreshold	Useful Life (Years)		
Land Improvements	\$	12,500	10-60		
Buildings	\$	25,000	10-75		
Building Improvements	\$	25,000	10-25		
Equipment	\$	7,500	3-25		
Vehicles	\$	7,500	3-25		
Infrastructure	\$	20,000	10-50		

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENT PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS





MIKE HARMON AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS

The Honorable Dennis Harper, Allen County Judge/Executive The Honorable Johnny Hobdy, Former Allen County Judge/Executive Members of the Allen County Fiscal Court

> Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance And Other Matters Based On An Audit Of The Financial Statement Performed In Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards*

Independent Auditor's Report

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the Statement of Receipts, Disbursements, and Changes in Fund Balances - Regulatory Basis of the Allen County Fiscal Court for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statement which collectively comprise the Allen County Fiscal Court's financial statement and have issued our report thereon dated May 28, 2020.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statement, we considered the Allen County Fiscal Court's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statement, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Allen County Fiscal Court's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Allen County Fiscal Court's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies, and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses, we identified a certain deficiency in internal control that we consider to be a material weakness.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statement will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We consider the deficiency described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses as item 2019-001 to be a material weakness.



Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance And Other Matters Based On An Audit Of The Financial Statement Performed In Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards* (Continued)

Compliance And Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Allen County Fiscal Court's financial statement is free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Views of Responsible Official and Planned Corrective Action

The Allen County Jailer's views and planned corrective action for the finding identified in our audit are included in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses. The jailer's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statement, and accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Respectfully submitted,

Mike Harmon

Auditor of Public Accounts

May 28, 2020

ALLEN COUNTY SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES

For The Year Ended June 30, 2019



ALLEN COUNTY SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES

For The Year Ended June 30, 2019

INTERNAL CONTROL - MATERIAL WEAKNESS:

2019-001 The Allen County Detention Center Does Not Have Adequate Segregation Of Duties Over The Jail Commissary Fund

The Allen County Detention Center does not have adequate segregation of duties over jail commissary receipts and disbursements. The bookkeepers collect receipts, prepare deposits, prepare daily checkout sheets, prepare monthly reports, posts to the ledgers, reconcile bank statements, and prepare checks. To mitigate this lack of segregation of duties, the jailer has implemented some compensating controls such as having bookkeepers review each other's daily checkout work.

According to the jailer, this lack of segregation of duties is a result of a limited budget, which restricts the number of qualified employees the commissary can hire for accounting functions. Without the proper internal controls the jailer creates the opportunity for misappropriation of assets and inaccurate financing reporting to occur and go unnoticed.

Good internal controls dictate that duties over the various accounting functions such as preparation of deposits, daily checkout sheet process, collection of cash, and preparation of checks and reports be segregated in order to lower the risk of misappropriation of assets and inaccurate financial reporting occurring and going unnoticed.

We recommend the Allen County Detention Center implement segregation of duties over receipts and disbursements of the jail commissary. If the duties cannot be segregated due to a limited number of staff or budget, then the jailer can implement additional compensating controls and document the controls performed.

Views of Responsible Official and Planned Corrective Action:

County Judge/Executive's Response: The official did not provide a response.

County Jailer's Response: No comment.



CERTIFICATION OF COMPLIANCE - LOCAL GOVERNMENT ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE PROGRAM

ALLEN COUNTY FISCAL COURT

For The Year Ended June 30, 2019



CERTIFICATION OF COMPLIANCE

LOCAL GOVERNMENT ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE

ALLEN COUNTY FISCAL COURT

For The Year Ended June 30, 2019

The Allen County Fiscal Court hereby certifies that assistance received from the Local Government Economic Assistance Program was expended for the purpose intended as dictated by the applicable Kentucky Revised Statutes.

County Judge/Executive

County Treasurer