REPORT OF THE AUDIT OF THE FORMER ADAIR COUNTY SHERIFF'S SETTLEMENT - 2018 TAXES

For The Period April 17, 2018 Through December 31, 2018



MIKE HARMON AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS www.auditor.ky.gov

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MIKE HARMON AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS

To the People of Kentucky The Honorable Andy Beshear, Governor Holly M. Johnson, Secretary Finance and Administration Cabinet The Honorable Gale Cowan, Adair County Judge/Executive The Honorable Harrison Moss, Former Adair County Sheriff The Honorable Josh Brockman, Adair County Sheriff Members of the Adair County Fiscal Court

Independent Auditor's Report

Report on the Financial Statement

We have audited the former Adair County Sheriff's Settlement - 2018 Taxes for the period April 17, 2018 through December 31, 2018 - Regulatory Basis, and the related notes to the financial statement.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statement

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statement in accordance with accounting practices prescribed or permitted by the laws of Kentucky to demonstrate compliance with the Commonwealth of Kentucky's regulatory basis of accounting as described in Note 1. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of a financial statement that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial statement based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the *Audit Guide for Sheriff's Tax Settlements*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts, Commonwealth of Kentucky. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statement is free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statement. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statement, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statement in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statement.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

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Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

As described in Note 1 of the financial statement, the financial statement is prepared by the former Adair County Sheriff on the basis of accounting practices prescribed or permitted by the laws of Kentucky to demonstrate compliance with the Commonwealth of Kentucky's regulatory basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The effects on the financial statement of the variances between the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note 1 and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, although not reasonably determinable, are presumed to be material.

Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

In our opinion, because of the significance of the matter discussed in the Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles paragraph, the financial statement referred to above does not present fairly, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the taxes charged, credited, and paid of the former Adair County Sheriff, for the period April 17, 2018 through December 31, 2018.

Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting

In our opinion, the financial statement referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the taxes charged, credited, and paid for the period April 17, 2018 through December 31, 2018 of the former Adair County Sheriff, in accordance with the basis of accounting practices prescribed or permitted by the Commonwealth of Kentucky as described in Note 1.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 20, 2019, on our consideration of the former Adair County Sheriff's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the former Adair County Sheriff's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

To the People of Kentucky The Honorable Andy Beshear, Governor Holly M. Johnson, Secretary Finance and Administration Cabinet The Honorable Gale Cowan, Adair County Judge/Executive The Honorable Harrison Moss, Former Adair County Sheriff The Honorable Josh Brockman, Adair County Sheriff Members of the Adair County Fiscal Court

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards (Continued)

Based on the results of our audit, we have presented the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses, included herein, which discusses the following report comment:

2018-001 The Former Sheriff Did Not Segregate Accounting Duties

Respectfully submitted,

Mike Harmon Auditor of Public Accounts

September 20, 2019

ADAIR COUNTY HARRISON MOSS, FORMER SHERIFF SHERIFF'S SETTLEMENT - 2018 TAXES

For The Period April 17, 2018 Through December 31, 2018

	Special Taxing						
		County		Districts		School	 State
Charges							
Real Estate	\$	816,884	\$	1,920,612	\$	3,140,075	\$ 706,808
Tangible		65,571		130,012		193,463	128,591
Fire Protection		2,147					
Total Per Sheriff's Official Receipt		884,602		2,050,624		3,333,538	835,399
Other Taxes & Charges							
Court Ordered Increases		55		109		163	507
Franchise Taxes		85,347		178,695		278,015	
Additional Billings		4,065		8,063		12,001	2,387
Bank Franchises		70,169					
Penalties		2		3		5	
Gross Chargeable to Sheriff		1,044,240		2,237,494		3,623,722	838,293
Credits							
Exonerations		5,349		11,607		18,216	4,106
Discounts		14,787		30,878		50,154	12,418
Transferred To Incoming Sheriff:							
Real Estate		77,603		182,046		297,633	66,995
Tangible		2,602		5,159		7,676	4,806
Additional Bills		14		28		41	 80
Total Credits		100,355		229,718		373,720	88,405
Taxes Collected		943,885		2,007,776		3,250,002	749,888
Less: Sheriff's Commissions*		40,115		84,221		129,967	 31,870
Taxes Due Districts		903,770		1,923,555		3,120,035	718,018
Taxes Paid		902,022		1,919,690		3,113,319	716,906
Refunds (Current and Prior Year)		1,493		3,377		5,484	 1,112
Taxes Due Districts (Refund Due Sheriff)	\$	255	\$	488	\$	1,232	\$ 0

* and ** See next page.

ADAIR COUNTY HARRISON MOSS, FORMER SHERIFF SHERIFF'S SETTLEMENT – 2018 TAXES For The Period April 17, 2018 Through December 31, 2018 (Continued)

* Commissions:	
4.25% on	\$ 3,257,718
4% on	\$ 3,693,833

** Special Taxing Districts:	
Library District	\$ 94
Health District	52
Extension District	106
Soil Conservation	25
Ambulance District	127
Hospital District	 84
Due Districts	\$ 488

ADAIR COUNTY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT

December 31, 2018

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Fund Accounting

The sheriff's office tax collection duties are limited to acting as an agent for assessed property owners and taxing districts. A fund is used to account for the collection and distribution of taxes. A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain government functions or activities.

B. Basis of Accounting

The financial statement has been prepared on a regulatory basis of accounting, which demonstrates compliance with the laws of Kentucky and is a special purpose framework. Basis of accounting refers to when charges, credits, and taxes paid are reported in the settlement statement. It relates to the timing of measurements regardless of the measurement focus.

Charges are sources of revenue which are recognized in the tax period in which they become available and measurable. Credits are reductions of revenue which are recognized when there is proper authorization. Taxes paid are uses of revenue which are recognized when distributions are made to the taxing districts and others.

C. Cash and Investments

KRS 66.480 authorizes the sheriff's office to invest in obligations of the United States and of its agencies and instrumentalities, obligations and contracts for future delivery or purchase of obligations backed by the full faith and credit of the United States, obligations of any corporation of the United States government, bonds or certificates of indebtedness of this state, and certificates of deposit issued by or other interest-bearing accounts of any bank or savings and loan institution which are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or which are collateralized, to the extent uninsured, by any obligation permitted by KRS 41.240(4).

D. Preparation of State Settlement

The Kentucky Department of Revenue conducts the settlement relating to taxes collected for the state under the provision of KRS 134.192(2)(a). This is reported as the "State Taxes" column on the financial statement.

Note 2. Deposits

The former Adair County Sheriff maintained deposits of public funds with depository institutions insured by the FDIC as required by KRS 66.480(1)(d). According to KRS 41.240, the depository institution should pledge or provide sufficient collateral which, together with FDIC insurance, equals or exceeds the amount of public funds on deposit at all times. In order to be valid against the FDIC in the event of failure or insolvency of the depository institution, this pledge or provision of collateral should be evidenced by an agreement between the sheriff and the depository institution, signed by both parties, that is (a) in writing, (b) approved by the board of directors of the depository institution or its loan committee, which approval must be reflected in the minutes of the board or committee, and (c) an official record of the depository institution.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a depository institution failure, the sheriff's deposits may not be returned. The former Adair County Sheriff does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk but rather follows the requirements of KRS 66.480(1)(d) and KRS 41.240. As of December 31, 2018, all deposits were covered by FDIC insurance or a properly executed collateral security agreement.

Note 3. Tax Collection Period

A. Property Taxes

The real and personal property tax assessments were levied as of January 1, 2018. 2018 Property taxes were billed to finance governmental services for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. Liens are effective when the tax bills become delinquent. The collection period for these assessments was October 10, 2018 through December 31, 2018.

B. Franchise Taxes

The franchise tax assessments were levied by the Department of Revenue for various tax years. Franchise taxes are billed to finance governmental services. Liens are effective when the tax bills become delinquent. The collection period for these assessments was June 1, 2018 through December 31, 2018.

Note 4. Interest Income

The former Adair County Sheriff earned \$651 as interest income on 2018 taxes. The former sheriff was in substantial compliance with his statutory responsibilities.

Note 5. Escrow Account

The former sheriff opened a non-interest-bearing account for unrefundable payments in 2018. The former sheriff deposited \$367 from the 2017 tax settlement. These funds were transferred to the incoming sheriff on January 7, 2019.

KRS 393.090 states that if the funds have not been claimed after three years, they are presumed abandoned. Abandoned funds are required to be sent to the Kentucky State Treasurer pursuant to KRS 393.110 and its accompanying regulations.

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENT PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*



MIKE HARMON AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS

The Honorable Gale Cowan, Adair County Judge/Executive The Honorable Harrison Moss, Former Adair County Sheriff The Honorable Josh Brockman, Adair County Sheriff Members of the Adair County Fiscal Court

> Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance And Other Matters Based On An Audit Of The Financial Statement Performed In Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards*

> > Independent Auditor's Report

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the former Adair County Sheriff's Settlement - 2018 Taxes for the period April 17, 2018 through December 31, 2018 - Regulatory Basis and the related notes to the financial statement and have issued our report thereon dated September 20, 2019. The former Adair County Sheriff's financial statement is prepared on a regulatory basis of accounting, which demonstrates compliance with the Commonwealth of Kentucky's regulatory basis of accounting and budget laws, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statement, we considered the former Adair County Sheriff's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statement, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the former Adair County Sheriff's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the former Adair County Sheriff's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statement will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified. We identified a certain deficiency in internal control, which is described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses as item 2018-001 that we consider to be a significant deficiency. Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance And Other Matters Based On An Audit Of The Financial Statement Performed In Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards* (Continued)

Compliance And Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the former Adair County Sheriff's financial statement is free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Respectfully submitted,

Mike Harmon Auditor of Public Accounts

September 20, 2019

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES

ADAIR COUNTY HARRISON MOSS, FORMER SHERIFF SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES

For The Period April 17, 2018 Through December 31, 2018

INTERNAL CONTROL - SIGNIFICANT DEFICIENCY:

2018-001 The Former Sheriff Did Not Segregate Accounting Duties

This is a repeat finding and was included in the prior year audit report as finding 2017-001. The former sheriff's bookkeeper collected payment from customers, assisted with deposits, posted to the receipts ledger, prepared checks, posted to the disbursement ledger, authorized disbursements checks, and prepared monthly and quarterly reports. The former sheriff stated that he or another employee reviewed daily bank deposits, checkout sheets, ledgers, and monthly reports to districts. The former sheriff signed the 'All Bills' monthly report but no other evidence of oversight was found. The sheriff co-signing checks with the bookkeeper is not considered sufficient oversight over disbursements.

The former sheriff determined this deficiency to be the result of a limited budget, which restricted the number of employees he could hire or delegate duties to. Having one individual responsible for all areas of the accounting cycle increases the risk of error, undetected misappropriation of assets, and inaccurate financial reporting.

A proper segregation of duties over the accounting and reporting functions or implementing compensating controls, when necessary because of a limited number of staff, is essential for providing protection from undetected errors. Additionally, proper segregation of duties protects employees in the normal course of performing their daily responsibilities.

We recommend the Adair County Sheriff's office segregate the duties involved in tax collection, writing checks, posting to ledgers, preparing monthly bank reconciliations, and preparing financial reports. If this not feasible, cross checking procedures should be implemented and documented by the individual performing the procedure. For example, the sheriff or an employee other than the person who prepared the monthly report should compare the total collections per report to the total collections per bank records and receipts ledger. This individual should sign the report, the bank statement, and the receipts ledger to show evidence of the review.

Former Sheriff's Response: The official did not respond.